

#### METRO POLICY ADVISORY COMMITTEE

June 24, 2009

Metro Regional Center, Council Chambers

MEMBERS PRESENT AFFILIATION

Tom Brian, Chair Washington Co. Commission

Sam Adams City of Portland

Jody Carson City of West Linn, representing Clackamas Co. Other Cities

Nathalie Darcy Washington Co. Citizen

Dennis Doyle City of Beaverton, representing Washington Co. 2<sup>nd</sup> Largest City

Amanda Fritz City of Portland

Jack Hoffman City of Lake Oswego, representing Clackamas Co. Largest City

Carl Hosticka Metro Council

Dick Jones Clackamas Co. Special Districts Charlotte Lehan, Second Vice Chair Clackamas Co. Commission

Robert Liberty Metro Council

Don McCarthy Multnomah Co. Special Districts

Alice Norris City of Oregon City, representing Clackamas Co. 2<sup>nd</sup> Largest City

Judy ShiprackMultnomah Co. CommissionRick VanBeverenTriMet Board of Directors

Richard Whitman Oregon Dept. of Land Conservation & Development

Jerry Willey City of Hillsboro, representing Washington Co. Other Cities

Rod Park Metro Council

MEMBERS EXCUSED AFFILIATION
Ken Allen Port of Portland

Shane Bemis, Vice Chair City of Gresham, representing the Multnomah Co. 2<sup>nd</sup> Largest City

Pat Campbell City of Vancouver

Richard Burke Washington Co. Special Districts

Richard Kidd City of Forest Grove, representing Washington Co. Other Cities Robert Kindel City of North Plains, City in Washington Co. outside UGB

Wilda Parks Clackamas Co. Citizen Michelle Poyourow Multnomah Co. Citizen

Steve Stuart Clark Co., Washington Commission

Mike Weatherby City of Fairview, representing Multnomah Co. Other Cities

Dilafruz Williams Governing Body of School Districts

<u>ALTERNATES PRESENT</u> <u>AFFILIATION</u>

Shirley Craddick City of Gresham, representing Multnomah Co. 2<sup>nd</sup> Largest City

Ed Gronke Clackamas Co. Citizen

Keith Mays City of Sherwood, representing Washington Co. other Cities

STAFF: Sherry Oeser, Malu Wilkinson, Andy Cotugno, Robin McArthur, Andy Shaw, Kayla Mullis.

# 1. CALL TO ORDER AND DECLARATION OF A QUORUM

Chair Tom Brian declared a quorum and called the meeting to order at 5:16 p.m.

### 2. SELF INTRODUCTIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS

Committee members and audience members introduced themselves.

#### 3. CITIZEN COMMUNICATIONS ON NON-AGENDA ITEMS

There were none.

### 4. <u>CONSENT AGENDA</u>

- Consideration of MPAC Minutes for June 10, 2009
- Proposed Amendments to MPAC Bylaws
- New MTAC Member Nomination

<u>MOTION</u>: Mayor Alice Norris moved, and Councilor Jody Carson seconded, to approve the consent agenda.

ACTION TAKEN: With all in favor, the motion passed.

### 5. <u>COUNCIL UPDATE</u>

Councilor Robert Liberty spoke to the following topics concerning the Metro Council:

- The Construction Excise Tax (CET) has been approved by the council and staff is now working on developing administrative roles.
- Centers and Corridors Re-designation process
- Mayor's Institutes on City Design forum scheduled for July 15<sup>th</sup> at 5:00 p.m. at the White Stag Building in Portland.

#### 6. <u>INFORMATION/ DISCUSSION ITEMS</u>

#### 6.1 2009 Preliminary Residential Urban Growth report: MTAC Comments

Ms. Malu Wilkinson of Metro briefed the committee on the preliminary residential urban growth report (UGR) including comments received from Metro Technical Advisory Committee (MTAC). The timeline of the UGR spans from now until Decembers 2010 and involves several review processes. The current draft UGR reflects changes suggested by MTAC and will set the stage for the policy decisions that will be made in 2010.

MTAC's suggested changes fall under the following topics:

- Changes to MetroScope assumptions, the integrated land use and transportation model that informs refill and development analysis, concerning infrastructure funding and residential incentives in centers;
- Expanding the refill rate to include discussion of policy choices that will effect where in the range Metro will plan for; and
- Conducting additional research on parks and schools land takeouts.

# 6.2 Making the Greatest Place Small Group Discussions on Forecasting, Urban Growth Boundary Considerations and Investments

Councilor Carl Hosticka briefed the committee on the topic discussion sheets that will be used to guide small group discussions. The breakout groups will aim to address the policy implications of moving throughout the range projection when deciding what to plan for. The technical analysis always leaves a range of uncertainty, thus decisions concerning growth plans for the Portland metropolitan region will also be based on policy decisions. If UGB expansions are considered, restrictions or requirements will need to be put into place to guide the location selection process and to ensure use of the land for the intended purposes.

The committee discussed the following topics prior to the small group discussions:

- Implications of making choices when using a range;
- Determining risks and correctability of choices within a range;
- Allowing for more than one opportunity to address the small group discussion points;
- Using today's breakout groups as starting point for UGR discussions;
- Discussing MTAC recommendations in full at a future MPAC meeting;
- Suggestion to look at the infill rate in a historical context;
- Specific state requirements for the UGR
  - o Default assumption is to add land in order to accommodate growth;
- Costs of refill and infill for different areas around the region;
- Measuring success;
- Capacity distribution throughout the region; and
- Focusing on what kind of communities we want to build instead of an exact number within the growth range.

The committee then broke into assigned breakout groups to discuss what information they need to make informed decisions about small group discussion topics. Please see Attachment A for a summary of each group's responses.

The committee will discuss the small group responses at the next meeting on July 8, 2009.

# 6.3 Committee Discussion on Possible MPAC Retreat and Upcoming Meeting Schedules

Chair Tom Brian requested that the committee consider holding a MPAC retreat in late September or early October to discuss in greater detail the policy issues that are being brought forth to the committee. Staff will poll the committee on possible dates for holding the retreat and the committee will finalize a retreat date at a future meeting.

# 7. MPAC MEMBER COMMUNICATIONS

There were none.

#### 8. ADJOURN

Chair Brian adjourned the meeting at 7:06 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Kayla Mullis

**Recording Secretary** 

K. L. Mully

#### ATTACHMENTS TO THE PUBLIC RECORD FOR JUNE 24, 2009

The following have been included as part of the official public record:

| ITEM | DOCUMENT<br>TYPE | DOC<br>DATE | DOCUMENT DESCRIPTION  | DOCUMENT<br>No. |
|------|------------------|-------------|---|-----------------|
|      | Flyer            | N/A         | Mayor Institute on City Design Forum:<br>Transformation by Design- Reinventing Urban<br>Spaces and Places | 062409m-01      |
| 6.1  | Memo             | 6/23/09     | To: MPAC From: Malu Wilkinson Re: MTAC recommendations on the preliminary residential urban growth report | 062409m-02      |
| 6.2  | Handout          | 6/23/09     | MPAC Small Group Discussion Topics  | 062409m-03      |
| 6.2  | Handout          | 6/23/09     | MPAC Assignments to Small Group<br>Discussions  | 062409m-04      |
|      | Periodical       | Summer 09'  | GreenScene- Summer 2009 Issue   | 062409m-05      |

MPAC small group discussions June 24, 2009

# **Topic:** forecasts

#### **Group questions:**

- What are the risks or opportunities of planning for a high or low household forecast?
- Where in the range should we choose to plan? Why?

## **Background:**

This spring, Metro produced a range population and employment forecast for the larger 7-county area (Clackamas, Multnomah, Washington, Clark, Columbia, Skamania, and Yamhill counties). There is a 90 percent chance that growth will fall within the forecast range. A preliminary analysis suggests that about 74 percent of the 7-county area's forecasted jobs and about 62 percent of its forecasted households will need to be accommodated in the Portland Metro UGB. Assuming these capture rates, the total number of households and jobs that are expected within the Metro UGB by the year 2030 is summarized as follows:

| 2030 forecast (Metro region) | Low end of range | High end of range |
|------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Households                   | 730,000          | 805,000           |
| Jobs                         | 975,000          | 1,200,000         |

In making growth management decisions, the Metro Council will need MPAC's advice on what amount of household and job growth to plan for. Given the inherent uncertainty of forecasting 20 years into the future, there is a need for policy deliberation that weighs the risks and opportunities of planning for different points on the range. For instance:

- What are the risks of expanding the UGB too much or too little?
- What are the risks of under or over investing in infrastructure?
- What are the risks of expanding the UGB into areas we can't afford to serve?
- What are the risks of addressing growth by focusing limited resources in existing centers and corridors or in UGB expansion areas?

## **Breakout Group decision:**

- 1. One member felt we should be planning for the high end of the employment forecast and the low end of the household forecast. This is the future that would be best for our citizens, lots of jobs resulting in the most prosperity.
- 2. Another member felt we should be planning for the mid-to-high range for both jobs and households. Land supply for jobs is needed to be competitive in a global marketplace. Land supply for households is needed to provide people with choices.
- 3. Concern was expressed that based upon recent experience, we can't afford to serve future UGB expansions.
- 4. The full group felt that we should see if the compilation of local aspirations will meet our projected demand.
- 5. The group felt that we cannot abandon our downtowns, especially downtown Portland so it is not really a choice to redevelop vs. expand the UGB.
- 6. The group asked for more information on the distribution patterns of past household and employment growth, particularly whether the published capture rates (74% and 62%) are holding in recent years. Concern was expressed that our policies are driving more growth toward neighboring jurisdictions.
- 7. Using a cooking metaphor, it was suggested that you can always add more salt to the recipe to get the right flavor but if you add too much, you can't remove any. We should err on the side of limiting expansion of the UGB because we can always add more.

#### **MPAC Response:**

MPAC small group discussions June 24, 2009

# **Topic:** urban growth boundary considerations

# **Group question:**

What conditions should be met before the region expands the UGB?

### **Background:**

Metro is in the midst of performing its periodic analysis of the UGB's capacity to accommodate the next 20 years of residential and employment growth. Past UGB expansions have demonstrated that land availability on its own does not result in development. If a UGB expansion is ultimately deemed necessary (and urban reserves are in place), MPAC and the Council may want to consider a number of factors, such as:

- What is the status of concept planning?
- Are there commitments to make infrastructure finance available?
- Is governance agreed to?
- Would an expansion support and existing center, industrial or employment area?
- Has there been significant progress in accommodating growth in centers, corridors, industrial, employment, and recent UGB expansion areas?

#### **Breakout Group decision:**

- 1. This group addressed conditions to consider for future UGB expansion assuming a regional decision had been made that expansion is needed.
- 2. Concept Planning should be required before land is brought into the UGB.
- 3. Infrastructure investment requirements and funding commitments should be made before land is brought into the UGB.
- 4. Governance should be agreed to before land is brought into the UGB and the land should be contiguous to the jurisdiction taking governance responsibility.
- 5. There should be agreement to performance goals for the current UGB and we should monitor progress toward these goals.
- We should evaluate the adequacy of the effort local governments are making toward achieving refill goals.
- 7. A question was raised on who has financial responsibility for Concept Planning for these new Urban Reserves.
- 8. Concern was expressed that there is interplay between expansion in one jurisdiction and the impact that has on center development in an adjacent jurisdiction.
- 9. There should be a conscious effort to target resources to the areas where development is desired.

#### **MPAC Response:**

MPAC small group discussions June 24, 2009

# **Topic:** investments in redevelopment and infill (refill)

## **Group questions:**

- What are the risks and opportunities of planning for a high or low rate of redevelopment and infill (refill)?
- What are the risks and opportunities of <u>not</u> pursuing an aggressive redevelopment and infill rate (refill)?
- What would it take to increase future redevelopment and infill (refill) rates?
- What refill rate should we plan for?

#### **Background:**

The estimated cost of building the public and private facilities needed to accommodate growth in jobs and housing in the three-county Portland region through 2035 is \$27-41 billion. Traditional funding sources are expected to cover only about half that amount. Even if the region does not experience this projected growth, \$10 billion is needed just to repair and rebuild our existing infrastructure. All options are expensive—costs cannot be avoided by focusing growth in centers and corridors or by expanding the UGB. Where we choose to spend limited public dollars will determine where growth will occur and the quality of our communities.

In making growth management decisions, MPAC and the Metro Council must determine what portion of future growth is likely to occur through redevelopment and infill (refill). Higher redevelopment and infill (refill) rates reduce the potential need for UGB expansions. Between the years 2000 to 2006, 15 to 35 percent of residential growth occurred through redevelopment and infill (refill average of 27 percent). Scenario modeling indicates that, with current policy direction and investment commitments, future residential redevelopment and infill (refill) rates are likely to be even higher (30 to 33 percent refill) because of increased demand for close-in, mixed-use locations.

Public investments can further increase the amount of redevelopment and infill (refill) that occurs inside the existing UGB. Modeled scenarios suggest redirecting existing public investments to focus more on centers and corridors, accompanied by a tight UGB policy, may result in up to about 45 percent of residential development occurring through redevelopment and infill.

#### **Breakout Group decision:**

- 1. We need clear examples of redevelopment and infill to better understand different density levels and to allay concerns about inappropriate development in neighborhoods.
- 2. Information is needed on where the trends are taking us.
- 3. We need to be clearer about what kind of communities we are creating.
- 4. Concern was expressed that we have lost the MPAC agendas involving sharing of information on local aspirations.
- 5. Information is needed on progress in meeting density targets in Concept Planning areas in order to better understand how much growth can be absorbed.
- 6. One of the consequences of not hitting our refill targets is that we don't realize the ridership targets needed to support HCT investment.
- 7. Another is there is not enough of a household base to support desired businesses.
- 8. Questions were raised on who pays for needed infrastructure.
- 9. Concern was raised about not just letting brownfields just sit un-redeveloped.

#### **MPAC Response:**