Food	Access to Affordable and	Access to Food	1.	Communities have access to health, affordable,		1. Diabetes
	Nutritious Food	Food deserts		and culturally-appropriate foods with institutional		- 1
		Access to Healthy Food		support to properly educate nutrition and cultural		
		<ul> <li>Community farmers markets</li> </ul>		food traditions.		
		Access to Culturally Appropriate Food	2.	The health choice is the easy choice.		
		Access to Affordable Food		•		
		Food education				
		GMO labeling				
		<ul> <li>Nutrition and healthy eating classes</li> </ul>				
Education	Access to and	Outcomes/Attainment	1.	Improving the region's outcomes, quality, and	1.	Adult educational attainment
	Attainment of Quality	Quality of Education		access by closing achievement gaps, dropout	2.	Dropout Rates
	Education	Access to		rates, chronic absenteeism, and access to special	3.	Chronic Absenteeism
		○ Schools		programs.	4.	Access to Special Programs
		<ul> <li>Language immersion</li> </ul>	2.	Kids safely and efficiently get to school and back	5.	Achievement Gaps
		After school programs		home.	6.	Financial Literacy (leaving school
		School clinics	3.	Students are set up for academic success	0.	with financial literacy knowledge)
		Head Start	4.	Students' economic opportunities are not limited	7.	Non-traditional student support
	1	SUN schools		by economic debt.	' '	(childcare)
		3		•	8.	Student debt
Criminal Justice	Community Justice	Do Not Focus on Criminal Aspect			1.	Over representation of
		<ul> <li>Emphasis on rehabilitation and</li> </ul>			l ''	populations of color and low-
		restorative justice				income communities in:
		Community Support Systems				a. Arrests
		Re-entry services				b. Sentencing
		<ul> <li>Know your rights (access to justice)</li> </ul>				c. # in correctional facilities
		Juvenile justice			2.	Recidivism by location
		Immigrant rights			3.	Supportive policies
					0.	a. Ban the Box
					4.	Supportive re-entry services
			1		''	a. Housing
						b. Economic development
					5.	White Collar crimes
					6.	Locations of
					"	a. Targeted enforcement areas
						b. Transit, drug-free zones
	1	1			<u> </u>	Z. Transit, arag-nee zones

# Metro | Agenda

Meeting: Equity strategy advisory committee

Date: Monday, May 19, 2014

3 to 5 p.m. Time:

Place: Metro Regional Center, Room 270

Update on Equity strategy baseline workgroup and public engagement draft plan Purpose:

Outcome(s): Agreement on public engagement goals and audience and community of

representation for Equity Strategy Program

3 p.m. Welcome and agenda review

Betty Dominguez

Adoption of March 17, 2014 minutes

3:05 p.m. **Program updates** 

Pietro Ferrari

3:15 p.m. Equity strategy baseline workgroup update

Duncan Hwang, Jared Franz

3:40 p.m. Public engagement, audience and community of representation

Overview of Equity Baseline Report and timeline and Introduction of the next

phase of project, relational mapping - Pietro Ferrari (10 minutes)

Review communication and engagement goals: Build awareness and regional support from key community leaders from across the region - Cassie Salinas (5 minutes)

Group discussion of community engagement goals for September - December 2014 ALL (15 minutes)

Group breakout sessions - review of key audiences for each phase - ALL (15 minutes)

- Who is missing?
- What are the benefits/risks of engaging these audiences?

Report back – from groups (10-15 minutes)

Consensus of representation of key audiences for each phase

Individuals with	Access for Individuals	Veterans	14 Our varion mosts and associated to the Court of the Co
Disabilities	with Disabilities	<ul> <li>Physical, mental, and emotional health</li> <li>Minimum ADA compliance but we want to do better</li> <li>Transportation</li> <li>Infrastructure</li> <li>Buildings</li> <li>Services</li> </ul>	Our region meets and exceeds all disability     requirements while protecting veterans and those     with medical health challenges, allowing them to     be active members in their communities.     a. This is an unconfirmed draft.
Economy	Fair Access to Employment and Economic Prosperity	<ul> <li>Income</li> <li>Access (Job Training, Family-Wage Jobs)</li> <li>Pay inequity</li> <li>Equitable recruitment, retention, promotion, and hiring</li> <li>Building intergenerational wealth</li> <li>Small business opportunities         <ul> <li>Access to credit</li> <li>Access to loans</li> </ul> </li> <li>Culturally responsive lending terms and conditions</li> <li>Governmental contracting and procurement prioritization</li> </ul>	An economy that provides support for small business, job training for individuals, and provides wages that promote human dignity, prosperity, and wealth accumulation.
Social Services	Access to Social Services	<ul> <li>Meaningful access to social safety net</li> <li>TIF cap on property taxes decrease service funding</li> <li>Narratives</li> <li>Felony impact on social services</li> <li>Transitional support system for parolees</li> <li>Loopholes in Section 8</li> <li>Mobility</li> <li>Amount</li> <li>Shortfalls (needs not being met by services)</li> <li>Public housing and shelters</li> </ul>	

Parks and Natural	Access to Parks and	Access	Communities have equal access to well     1. Proximity to	
Space	Natural Space	Community Gardens	maintained and developed parks and recreation  a. Park entrances	
		Community ownership.	programs, community gardens, and natural b. Community Gardens	
		<ul> <li>Community stewardship for the</li> </ul>		
		development of park development.	- 1	
		l a service part as seleption.	and a sample of the same per s	ark
			facilities	
			i. Futsol, ping pong	j, chess,
			etc.	
Environment	Fair Distribution of	Problems with Strict Fair Share	2. Park quality	
Zirvii Oriiri Orii	Environmental Burdens	Environmental policies/decisions	Environmental mitigation efforts prioritize     Second State       1. Brownfields	
	and Benefits	1	communities (historically and currently)  2. Superfund Sites	
	and Deficing	Balancing environmental justice and environmental concern	disproportionately burdened.  3. Water Quality/Protection	Policies
		environmental concern	Do environmental policies inform and engage     4. Chronic disease:	
			those most impacted by them?  a. Asthma	
			Are environmental policies ameliorating historical,     b. Lead poisoning	
Civia Engagement	Manipoli I		current, and future environmental harms?	
Civic Engagement	Meaningful Engagement	Meaningfully Involved People		
	and Empowered People	Opportunity to influence the outcome		
		Check in with community early		
		and often in process		
		<ul> <li>Provision of technical assistance</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Provision of services such as</li> </ul>		
•		childcare and translation		
		Empowered to Shape Environment		
		Transparency – information sharing and		
		assistance		
		Enforcement of obligations		
		Distribution of where money is spent		
Health Outcomes	Healthy People,	Community Health	1. The economy, environment, and social impacts 1. Asthma rates, diabetes, of	cancer
	Families, and	Family Health	are major determinants of health. We cannot mental health, addiction,	-
	Communities	Individual Health	focus on individual choice. mortality/morbidity rates.	
		Physical, mental, spiritual, and	<ol> <li>Everyone can achieve good health that is</li> <li>Health services provided</li> </ol>	
		emotional health	reasonable for them at a cost that they can afford. culturally appropriate way	
		Health Equity	Canadian appropriate was	·J
		Emphasis on prevention and harm reduction		

Indicator	Indicator Title	Indicator Descriptors	Indicator Descriptions	Possible Data
Category				T GGGINIO Data
Housing	Stable and Accessible High Quality Housing Choices	Stable Housing     Housing Choices     Size/multifamily     Price     Location     Culturally-responsive (i.e. supporting multigenerational families)     Type     Accessible Housing     ADA Compliant     Proximity to transit     Proximity to services     Quality Housing	<ol> <li>High quality housing that is accessible for persons with disabilities and those without a car.</li> <li>Diversity/variety of housing options that ensure mixed income communities so that all households can live near where they work, play, pray, and are not displaced by future investments in housing development.</li> </ol>	Affordable Housing Units     # No Cause Evictions
Transportation	Accessible, Affordable, and Safe Transportation Options	Affordability     Accessible Transit     Reliable     Frequent     ADA compliant     Close to a variety of options for no or low car households     Safe Transportation     Speed limits     Crosswalks     Sidewalks     Appropriate bus stop amenities     Signage     Transportation     Pedestrian     Bike     Transit	<ol> <li>A variety of transportation options for low to no car households that are proximal, ADA compliant, reliable/frequent, and affordable.</li> <li>All transportation options are supported by basic infrastructure and can be safely accessed and used.</li> <li>Our transportation network effectively connects people to where they live, work, play, and pray.</li> </ol>	4. % on time

### **Equity Baseline Retreat**

## Procedure and Next Steps May 15<sup>th</sup>, 2014

#### **Nine Step Process**

Step 1: Identify Indicators for Metro's Six Desired Outcomes.

An indicator is a measure or a set of measures that provide evidence that a certain condition exists or certain results have or have not been achieved. Indicators enable decision-makers to assess progress towards the achievement of intended outputs, outcomes, goals, and objectives.

In order to assess progress toward Metro's Six Desired Outcomes, the Equity Baseline team needed to generate a list of specific indicator categories that could help provide better insight into these larger desired outcomes. Each developed indicator will consist of two parts: 1) 3-5 datasets that provide a well-rounded data approach to the indicator, 2) a narrative that provides historical and qualitative insight to the equity issues that currently and historically plague our region.

Using indicators from various regional and national indicator projects (i.e. Equity Atlas and Greater Portland Pulse) as a starting point, the Equity Baseline team began to deliberate, analyze, and identify the indicator categories that would best assess the overarching six desired outcomes.

The Baseline team identified twelve indicator categories: **Housing, Transportation, Health Outcomes,**Civic Engagement, Community Justice, Economic, Education, Food, Individuals with Disabilities, Parks/
Natural Space, Social Services and Environment.

Step 2: Define Indicator Categories

To ensure that the indicator categories are appropriately measured and that the narrative in the report captures the category's true intent, each one needed to be framed and defined so that there is a clear understanding to the meaning of each.

The Equity Baseline team created specific titles for each indicator, capturing the forward thinking goal of all twelve. The team also added key qualifying words for all indicators as well as definitions for eight of the twelve. See the Proposed Indicators List for the titles, qualifying descriptors, and the definitions of each of the indicators.

Step 3: Determine Relationship between Identified Indicators and the Six Desired Outcomes

After clarifying the meaning of each indicator category, the Equity Baseline team worked to determine where each indicator fit in relation to the six desired outcomes. Highlighting the relationship between the indicators and the six desired outcomes helps us to understand how each indicator will help to measure and assess the overarching desired outcomes.

After determining the relationship between the six desired outcomes and the identified indicators, the Equity Baseline team found that all indicators were connected to at least four of the six desired outcomes. This shows that together, the indentified indicators will work to provide well rounded measures for all six outcomes.

#### Step 4: Create Equity Lens

The Equity Lens is the lens in which all data will be viewed and disaggregated. If the Equity Baseline team identifies "Race and Ethnicity" as one piece of the lens, that would entail that all data measures making up each indicator would have to be analyzed by Race and Ethnicity. For example, let's image that "Dropout Rates" was one of the data measures identified for the Education indicator. According to our Equity Lens, we would have to ensure that "Dropout Rates" are analyzed by Race and Ethnicity. In the case where there isn't data disaggregated by the categories listed in the Equity Lens, then the Equity Baseline team will determine whether that data is still useful as a measure of that specific indicator.

#### The Equity Lens has yet to be developed.

#### Step 5: Develop Data Assessment Tool

The Equity Baseline team has created a scorecard tool that will assist the Data Resource Center (DRC) with identifying potential data measures for each of the twelve indicators. The scorecard tool provides categories which the team has determined as critical to understanding the usability, feasibility, and appropriateness of potential data. The categories range from "Credibility of Data Source" to "Data Collection Will Foster New Partnerships".

By using this scorecard tool, the DRC can get a better understanding of which data would meet specific qualifications.

#### Step 6: Identify Potential Data Measures for Indicators

The DRC will use the scorecard data assessment tool and the indicator definitions to identify potential data for each of the twelve indicators.

#### Step 7: Select Data Measures for Indicators

Once a list of potential data is compiled, the DRC will work with the Equity Baseline team to select the appropriate datasets as well as speak about potential data shortcomings.

#### Step 8: Identify Recommendations

The Equity Baseline team will create a list of recommendations that will assist Metro in using the baseline report to identify their roles and responsibilities in advancing equity across the region.

#### • Step 9: Write Report

The Equity Baseline team will work with Metro's identified report writer and the new equity strategy staff member to write the final baseline report. The report will include historical analysis of the region, an outline of the Equity Lens, and a discussion on the equity baseline process. Additionally, the report will highlight each identified indicator by providing a detailed narrative alongside each of the indicator's data measures. Finally, the report will provide Metro specific recommendations from the baseline team.

#### **Next Steps**

The Equity Baseline team has completed Steps 1, 2, 3, and 5. The team will use the next month to complete Step 4 and 8. The Data Resource Center will use the data scorecard tool and the indicator definitions to complete Step 6. At the next baseline meeting, the group will work to assess the data found in Step 6 and complete Step 7.

# Equity Strategy Program | Communications and engagement plan (Winter 2015) Build awareness and regional support from key community leaders

	December 2014 – February 2015		
Project milestone and goals	Develop relational map Identify Metro's roles and responsibilities relative to the equity baseline		
Communication/ engagement Goals	<ul> <li>Inform key audiences across the region of the purpose of the Equity Strategy Program and findings in the Equity Baseline Report</li> <li>In collaboration with community organizations, involve community members to ensure the Equity Baseline Report is an accurate reflection of the lived experiences of identified disparity across the region</li> <li>In collaboration with community organizations, involve community members to identify community needs in relation to Metro's current and potential roles and responsibilities</li> </ul>		
Key audiences	<ul> <li>Select elected officials and staff</li> <li>Leaders in philanthropy, business and community organizations that serve or represent communities of color, immigrant and refugee communities and low-income communities</li> <li>Community members:         <ul> <li>Communities of color</li> <li>Low income communities</li> <li>Youth</li> <li>Elderly</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

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