# BEFORE THE COUNCIL OF THE METROPOLITAN SERVICE DISTRICT

FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUBMITTING ) TO THE VOTERS QUESTIONS OF CONTRACTING GENERAL ) OBLIGATION BOND INDEBTEDNESS IN ) THE AMOUNT OF \$200 MILLION AND AUTHORIZATION TO PROCEED WITH ) FINANCING, ACQUISITION, DEVELOPMENT, **OPERATIONS** AND MAINTENANCE OF REGIONAL SYSTEM OF GREENSPACES

RESOLUTION NO. 92-1639A

Introduced by Rena Cusma, Executive Officer and Councilor Richard Devlin

WHEREAS, The Metropolitan Service District has taken a leadership role in identifying remaining natural areas in the region and planning for their protection or potential acquisition; and

WHEREAS, Such activities have been and will continue to be coordinated with the affected federal, state, and local governments and citizens in the region; and

WHEREAS, Numerous planning efforts, studies and recommendations have been proposed over the past 90 years to develop a system of interconnected greenspaces for the Portland/Vancouver region; and

WHEREAS, On June 28, 1990, by Resolution No. 90-1261, the Metro Council established a Policy Advisory Committee to assist the Council in coordinating its Natural Areas Planning Program and to develop a regional consensus in the development of a Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, On December 13, 1990, by Resolution No. 90-1344, Metro established a Technical Advisory Committee to assist the

Metro Council in coordinating the Metropolitan Greenspaces Program and Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, On April 29, 1992 a Metropolitan Greesnspaces Master Plan Public Review Draft was released for comment through June 15, 1992; and

WHEREAS, On May 28 1992, by Resolution No. 92-1616 the Metro Council stated its intent to adopt a Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, Between April 29 and June 15, 1992 Metro staff have undertaken an extensive public involvement effort to solicit comments on the Master Plan Public Review Draft including:

- Briefings of the governing bodies of most cities and counties and special parks districts within the Metropolitan Service District Boundary;
- 2. A series of five public workshops throughout the region;
- 3. Numerous meetings of the Metropolitan Greenspaces
  Policy and Technical Advisory Committees;
- 4. Several meetings with the Greenspaces subcommittee of the Metro City Managers organization;
- 5. Briefings for the State Agency Council for Growth
  Issues in the Portland Metropolitan Area, Metro's
  Regional Policy Advisory Committee, and the Metro
  City Planning Directors organization;
- 6. Numerous briefings for civic groups, neighborhood organizations educational and special interest groups.; and

WHEREAS, Significant improvements to the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan have resulted from this review process; and

WHEREAS, The Metro Council adopted the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan by Resolution No. 92-1637; and

WHEREAS, The Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan recommends that Metro seek a regional funding mechanism to assemble, through acquisition and other strategies, and develop a regional greenspaces system and also assume operations and management responsibility for components of the system in cooperation with local governments; and

WHEREAS, On July 2, 1992 the Portland Metropolitan Area Local Government Boundary Commission approved Proposal AF-4 allowing Metro to seek voter approval to acquire, develop, maintain, and operate a system of parks, open space and recreational facilities of metropolitan significance, now, therefore,

#### BE IT RESOLVED,

- 1. That the Council of the Metropolitan Service District hereby submits to the qualified voters of the District the question of contracting a General Obligation bond indebtedness of \$200 million. The bonds shall mature over a period of not more than 30 years.
- 2. That the voters of the District shall in the same measure consider the question of whether Metro may finance the acquisition, development, maintenance and operation of a system of parks, open space, and recreational facilities of metropolitan significance pursuant to ORS 268.312 (1)(c).

- 3. That the measure shall be placed on the ballot for the General election held on the 3rd day of November, 1992.
- 4. That the District shall cause this Resolution and the Ballot Title Attached as Exhibit "A" to be submitted to the Elections Officer, the Tax Supervising and Conservation Commission, and the Secretary of State in a timely manner as required by law.
- 5. That the Executive Officer, pursuant to ORS 251.285 and Metro Code Chapter 2.10, shall transmit this measure, ballot title, an explanatory statement and arguments for or against, if any, to the Secretary of State for inclusion in the State Voters' Pamphlet.

	ADOP	TED	by	the	Council	of	the	Metropolitan	Service
District	this	231	cd	d	ay of	Ju	ly	, 1992.	

Jim Gardner, Presiding Officer

#### EXHIBIT A

#### Bond Measure for Resolution No. 92-1639A

Caption: Bonds to Save Green Spaces and Fund Parks System

Question: Shall Metro acquire green ways, parks, open space, wildlife habitat by issuing two hundred million dollars of general obligation bonds? If the bonds are approved, they will be payable from taxes on property or property ownership that are not subject to the limits of section 11b, Article XI of the Oregon Constitution.

Explanation: Permits Metro to acquire, develop, maintain and operate a regional system of parks, open space and recreation assets. Bonds will mature in 30 years. At least seventy-five percent of bond funds will buy and restore nature parks, trails and green ways. Up to twenty-five percent of bond funds may be used to help parks departments buy and improve local parks. Bond funds will not be used for parks care costs. Estimate of average yearly cost of bonds is 19 1/2 cents per one thousand dollars assessed value.

#### STAFF REPORT

CONSIDERATION OF RESOLUTION NO. 92-1639 FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUBMITTING TO THE VOTERS QUESTIONS OF CONTRACTING A GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED INDEBTEDNESS IN THE AMOUNT OF \$200 MILLION AND THE FINANCING, ACQUISITION, DEVELOPMENT, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF A REGIONAL SYSTEM OF GREENSPACES

Date: June 25, 1992

Presented by: Andy Cotugno

Over the last several years Metro has led a cooperative effort to inventory, analyze, and recommend strategies to protect a significant number of remaining natural areas within the four county metropolitan area. After an inclusive plan development process, and extensive public review, the draft Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan recommends that Metro acquire land and, as appropriate, assume operations and management responsibilities for a regional greenspaces system and recommends that a general obligation bond or other funding source be pursued by the Metro Council to fund acquisition of the greenspaces system and associated capital improvements.

Through adoption of Resolution No. 92-1616 the Council took preliminary steps to implement these recommendations. Resolution No. 92-1616 requests the Portland Metropolitan Area Local Government Boundary Commission to allow Metro to seek voter approval to exercise District authority to "acquire, develop, maintain, and operate a system of parks, open space, and recreational facilities of metropolitan significance" pursuant to ORS 268.312(1)(c). It also requests a tax coordination public hearing before the Multnomah County Tax Supervision and Conservation Commission as required by ORS 294.655 and 1991 SB 1185 prior to the District seeking voter approval of a general obligation bond to assist in financing assembly of a regional greenspaces system.

Resolution No. 92-1639 accomplishes two things:

- 1. It would refer for voter action authorization for the District to exercise its powers pursuant to ORS 268.312(1)(c); and
- 2. It would refer a general obligation bond indebtedness question to finance acquisition and capital improvement of the regional greenspaces system to the voters of the District for the November general election.

The Metropolitan Greenspaces Policy Advisory Committee, established by the Metro Council through Resolution 90-1261, recommends that a \$200 million general obligation bond request be referred for voter approval at the November election. The attached "Metropolitan Greenspaces Program Financial Study" provides a financial analysis of the bond measure and its implications for the District. A recommended ballot title is attached as Exhibit A to Resolution No. 92-1639.

EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

The Executive Officer recommends adoption of Resolution No. 92-1639.

# METROPOLITAN GREENSPACES PROGRAM

# FINANCIAL STUDY METROPOLITAN SERVICE DISTRICT

July 1992

Public Financial Management, Inc. 1300 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 2929 Portland, OR 97201

# METROPOLITAN GREENSPACES PROGRAM

# FINANCIAL STUDY

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### METROPOLITAN GREENSPACES PROGRAM FINANCIAL STUDY METROPOLITAN SERVICE DISTRICT

#### INTRODUCTION

The following report has been prepared by Public Financial Management, Inc. ("PFM") to assist in the process of examining the financial implications of the Metropolitan Services District's ("Metro") Metropolitan Greenspaces Program (the "Program"). The Program is in its early stage, and much of the basic information related to which lands will be most suitable for protection, which portion should be acquired and at what cost, is not yet available. Consequently, the financial results presented in this report are based on preliminary information prepared by Metro staff and on assumptions made by PFM. Nonetheless, this report, and the computer model that accompanies it, are intended to provide a basis for moving ahead with the Program.

In the course of preparing this report, PFM has developed a computer financial model, which it has provided to Metro with the delivery of this report. The model is designed to allow Metro staff to modify assumptions about acquisitions, acquisition costs, timing and sources of financing for initial capital and land acquisitions and ongoing costs. Additionally, the model presents the tax rate impact resulting from several alternative general obligation bond issuances to finance greenspaces capital improvements and land acquisition.

#### GREENSPACES INVENTORY AND VALUATION

According to the inventory and site mapping performed by Metro in 1989, approximately 109,000 acres of the region's land has been identified as existing natural areas in the Oregon component of the Program. Of the total 109,000 of natural area acres, approximately 9,200 are in public ownership. Nearly half of that total is located in Forest Park. It is the remaining acreage of natural areas that provide the pool of lands considered for protection under the Greenspaces Program.

#### Regionally Significant Large Acre Sites

The Greenspaces Master Plan identifies certain large acre sites throughout the region that have been designated as regionally significant open space protection areas. It is assumed that these sites would not require restoration and would be primarily reserves and additions to existing parks and reserves. Use of these areas would be to provide and protect open space and for passive recreational activities, such as hiking, bicycling, backpacking, bird watching, and canoeing.

#### Acreage

Metro staff has prepared preliminary information on the acreage and dollar value of the regionally significant large acre sites and the park inventory that could be included in the Greenspaces Protection Program. The total acreage equals 9,962. Within Multnomah County 3,125 acres have been identified as regionally significant large acre sites. In Washington County 3,140 acres have been identified, and 3,697 acres have been identified in Clackamas County.

#### Value

For financial planning purposes, the cost of the most important regionally significant large acre sites, in today's dollars, has been estimated at the tax-assessed value of the land. Total tax-assessed value of regionally significant large acres sites is estimated at \$173,686,000. PFM believes that tax-assessed value figures offer the best estimate of land values presently available. With the reassessment of land throughout the state that occurred since the passage of Ballot Measure 5, assessed values in the Metro region are assumed to be close to market values. All actual acquisitions would be subject to a specific appraisal which may or may not agree with the tax-assessed value.

The table below lists areas that have been identified as regionally significant large acre sites. The list of large acre sites in the Greenspaces Master Plan is under final review. This list may or may not agree with the Master Plan list.

# METROPOLITAN GREENSPACES LARGE ACRE SITES

	Acres	Value
MULTNOMAH COUNTY		
Boring Lava Domes	750	
Burlington Bottom	250	]
Columbia Shoreline	300	
Fairview Headwaters	150	
Forest Park Inholdings	500	
Heron Lakes	50	]
Island Reserves	500	, ·
Kelly Butte East Slope	25	
Ross Island	50	
Sandy River Gorge	500	
Tryon Creek Linkages	50	
Total - Multnomah County	3,125	\$49,664,000
CLACKAMAS COUNTY		
	250	1
Beaver Lake	, 750	1
Boring Lava Domes	250	1
Canemah Bluffs	12	1
Finley Nature Reserve	50	1
Holcomb Trail Ruts	50	
Island Reserves	25	1
Milwaukee Waterfront	200	ļ.
Mt. Talbert	500	
Newell Creek Canyon	500	1
Pete's Mountain	250	1
Rock/Sieben Creeks	250	1
Scenic Clackamas River	250	1 1
Sentinel Tree	50	1
Tryon Creek Linkages	60	
Tualatin River Access	250	1
Willamette Narrows	3,697	
Total - Clackamas County	3,07	45.7.2.4,
WASHINGTON COUNTY	100	, l
Bull Mountain	150	
Cedar Mill Wetlands/Forest	L	
Cooper Mountain	50	1
Council Creek		· I
Fanno Creek Greenway	10	•
Gales Creek	50	· 1
Hagg Lake	25	
Hedges Creek	10	
McKay/Dairy Creek Confluence	25	
Rock Creek	10	
Rock Creek Wetlands	10	•
Tonquin Geological Area	50	1
Tualatin River Access	2/	
Total - Washington County	3,14	
Total Large Acres Sites	9,9	52 \$173,686,000

#### Notes:

Sites are not listed in priority order.

The acreage associated with each site is an approximation based on the type and characteristics of each site. Actual acreage protected or acquired by the Greenspaces Program may vary substantially from this list.

#### Large Acre Site Priorities

The Greenspaces Master Plan contains criteria that will be used to prioritize sites for acquisition from the Master Plan list during the acquisition phase of the program. Other factors that can influence the timing and order of acquisition include availability, price, and local conditions. Additionally, the funds available for operations and maintenance of lands will affect priorities and how particular lands are ranked.

#### Large Acre Site Capital Improvements

At certain funding levels, it may be desirable to allocate funds to large acre sites for the construction of capital improvements. Improvements could include parking areas, camping areas, restrooms and interpretative centers.

#### **Restoration Site Protection**

Certain priority open space acquisitions would be of sites requiring restoration to former natural area status. These areas are likely to be closer to historically urban areas of the region and may be impacted by former or approximate industrial use.

#### Acreage

The Greenspaces Master Plan identifies several restoration site opportunities. The identified restoration sites total 300 acres, and are entirely located within Multnomah County. The site names and estimated sizes are shown in the table below. These sites are not in order of priority.

RESTORATION SITES	Acres	Value
Four Corners	100	
Johnson Lake	25	
Little Four Corners	25	
North Peninsula	. 50	
Restoration opportunities	100	
Total	. 300	\$15,625,000

#### Value

The cost, in today's dollars, of the most important regional restoration sites has been estimated at the tax-assessed value of the land. Total tax-assessed value of priority restoration sites is estimated at \$15,625,000.

#### Restoration Site Priorities

Priority criteria shown in the Master Plan will be used to prioritize restoration opportunities. Other factors that can influence acquisition include availability, price, and local conditions.

#### Restoration Site Capital Improvements

Capital improvements in the form of clean-up, re-vegetation, excavation, or construction will be required to return restoration sites to a natural state. The allocation of capital improvements for this activity varies according to bond size.

#### **Trail Acquisition**

A significant feature of Greenspaces program activity will involve acquisition of title and right-of-way for lands to create trails and trail corridors. Trail use would include hiking, running, equestrian use, and cycling. In many cases, the Greenspaces funds would be used to add to or complete existing trail corridors. The allocation for this activity varies according to bond size.

Metropolitan Service District Greenspaces Financial Study

#### Acreage

The Greenspaces Master Plan identifies regionally significant trail corridors and areas. The trail areas amount to 1,490 acres located on 245 linear miles.

Value

The value of land associated with trail systems throughout the Metro region have been estimated at a value of \$35,747,000.

Regional Trail Priorities

At this time, a priority schedule associated with particular regional trail acquisitions is under development.

Trails Capital Improvements

All trails for whatever use will require certain capital improvements. High-use urban trails would be paved to enhance cycling use and prevent deterioration from heavy use. Natural and gravel trails would require basic trail maintenance, bridging, and other improvements. The allocation of funds for this activity varies according to bond size.

#### Local Government Share

The Greenspaces Master Plan provides that a portion of Greenspaces general obligation bonds will be allocated to a local government for use on local greenspaces, parks, and recreation priorities. For the purpose of this report, it is assumed that the local government share will be 25% of net bond proceeds (after deducting the costs of issuance). Expenditure of these funds is under local governmental control to the extent that such expenditures conform to legal requirements. The local share funds must be used in conformance with the three general areas cited below.

- Adherence to federal tax laws related to the issuance and expenditure of federally tax-exempt
  bonds and related Metro resolutions and ordinances. As outlined later in the report, the Tax
  Reform Act of 1986 places controls on the expenditure of federally tax-exempt bond funds. Issues
  such as arbitrage rebate requirements and draw-down provisions will require continual tracking of
  the spend-down of bond proceeds and the investment earnings on those proceeds. In addition to
  federal tax law, resolutions and ordinances adopted by Metro pursuant to bond issuance are likely to
  contain provisions stipulating the establishment of special funds and the use of trustees that will
  affect the administration of bond funds.
- 2. Adherence to the stipulations and language included in the ballot measure authorizing Metro to issue the bonds. Metro will be required to ensure that the specific language included in the ballot measure passed by the voters authorizing issuance of the bonds and the subsequent levy for debt service is adhered to in the expenditure of bond proceeds.
- 3. Adherence to restrictions in expenditures associated with Ballot Measure 5. Property tax levies for debt service on voter-approved general obligation bonds are not included in the \$10 governmental rate imposed by Measure 5. There are, however, restrictions imposed by Measure 5 on the uses of general obligation bond proceeds which will need to be adhered to by the local government participating in the local share program.

Because of Metro's requirement to adhere to the requirements above, it would be appropriate to develop intergovernmental agreements for each local government project expenditure. For proper control, it will be necessary for Metro to hold the funds until project expenditures occur. It may be preferable for Metro to administer the program on a reimbursement basis.

As mentioned, the local share program is assumed to be funded by 25% of the net proceeds of the Metro bond issues. The Greenspaces Policy Advisory Committee has recommended that the local share be allocated among the three counties on the basis of assessed market values within Metro boundaries. Each county is expected to develop an allocation between cities and the County and present its allocation scheme to Metro. The allocation to counties assuming a \$200 million bond issue, \$37,000,000 in investment income and \$59,249,000 local share, is shown below.

COUNTIES	Assessed Value	Allocation
Multnomah	\$23,051,325,291	\$29,745,000
Clackamas	8,982,131,950	11,590,000
Washington	13,883,109,527	17,915,000
Total	45,916,566,768	\$59,250,000

#### Other Greenspaces Program Cost Elements

Certain other costs associated with the issuance of general obligation bonds and the subsequent acquisition program have been assumed and are described below.

#### Issuance Costs

These costs include underwriters discount, legal fees, financial advisory fees, printing costs, and related costs of issuance. It is assumed that bond issuance costs will equal 1.25% of total bond proceeds.

#### Cost of Transactions

Acquisition administration will involve a variety of activities including research on property ownership and availability, negotiation with property owners, research on the tax implications of certain property transfers, hazardous materials inspections, engineering studies, title research, and other required technical work. Transaction costs will include the costs of project management staff, legal services, real estate closing costs, and the costs of other required professional services. To the extent that seller represented realtor costs are included in the purchase of land, it is assumed for the purposes of this report that those costs would be included in the land price.

On the basis of information gathered by Metro from other open space program operators, it is assumed that these costs will range from 10% to 12% of the cost of acquiring land.

#### **Total Value and Resource Allocation**

The total value of the Greenspaces Program is shown below. As shown, it is estimated that a bond size of approximately \$462 million would be needed to fund the entire program. The costs presented in the table below assume that the acquisition phase of the Program takes place over five years and that the value of land is inflated over that time. The table also assumes interest earnings of approximately \$92 million, which are directed to each of the Program uses on the basis of an allocation scheme discussed below.

	BOND SIZE	TOTAL PROG	TAM
Source	98		
	Bond Proceeds	· ·	\$462,620,000
	Interest Earnings		92,098,000
	TOTAL SOURCES		554,718,000
Uses			Allocation
	Costs of issuance	1.25%	\$5,782,750
	Remaining sources		548,935,250
	Local government share	25.00%	137,233,813
	Regional share	75.00%	411,701,438
	**	%Regional Share	
	Transaction costs	12.00%	49,404,173
	Large acre acquisition	60.00%	247,020,863
ĺ	Large acre capital improvement	5.00%	20,585,072
	Restoration acquisition	4.00%	16,468,058
	Restoration capital improvement	3.00%	12,351,043
	Trails acquisition	11.00%	45,287,158
	Trails capital Improvement	5.00%	20,585,072
	TOTAL USES		554,718,000
L			

It is assumed that full funding for the entire Program will not be immediately available. Consequently, the uses of Program financial resources will be partially dependent on the magnitude of resources available. For the purposes of this report, a system has been developed that allocates resources to program categories according to bond size. As shown in the table on the next page, these allocations favor land acquisition over capital improvements. Under larger bond size alternatives, the relative allocation to capital improvements increases.

In is important to note that investment earnings during Program implementation are expected to play an important role in Program implementation. Investment earnings will act to reduce the impact of inflation on Program costs as acquisitions and other expenditures occur over time.

On the basis of on financial analysis by Metro staff and PFM, it appears that full funding of the Program would require a bond issue of approximately \$462 million. Therefore, the following table presents the maximum issue size as well as smaller bond issue sizes.

Sourcest		BOND SIZE	TOTAL PROGRAM	W	\$250 Million		\$200 Million		\$150 Million		nollim oaks	
Part Proceeds   State 200000   State 0   Sta	Sourc											
Total sources   Total source		Bond Proceeds		\$462,620,000		\$250,000,000		\$200,000,000		\$150,000,000		\$100,000,000
TOTAL SOURCES         Allocation         Allo		Interest Earnings	-	92,098,000		46,000,000		37,000,000	_	27,000,000	-	18,000,000
Allocation         Allocat		TOTAL SOURCES		554,718,000		296,000,000		237,000,000		177,000,000		118,000,000
1.25%   \$5,782,780   1.25%   \$3,125,000   1.25%   \$2,500,000   1.25%   \$1,875,000   \$1,875,000	Uses	•		Allocation		Allocation	·	Allocation		Allocation		Allocation
11, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13		Costs of issuance	1.25%	\$5,782,7	. 1.25%					\$1,875,000		\$1,250,000
Section   Sect		Remaining sources		548,935,250		292,875,000		234,500,000		175,125,000		116,750,000
Hegional Share   Hegi		Local government share	25.00%	137,233,813	25.00%					43,781,250		29,187,500
%Regional Share         \$12.00%         \$15.00%         \$15.761,250         \$12.00%         \$15.761,250         \$12.00%         \$15.761,250         \$17.00%         \$17.14%         \$17.44%<		Regional share	75.00%	411,701,438	75.00%					131,343,750	•	87,562,500
12.00%         49,404,173         12.00%         26,358,750         12.00%         21,105,000         12.00%         15,761,250         12.00%         15,761,250         12.00%         12.00%         12.00%         15,761,250         12.00%<	_		%Regional Share		%Regional Share		%Regional Share		%Regional Share		%Regional Share	
60.00%         247,020,863         62.07%         136,340,634         64.53%         113,492,138         68.54%         90,023,006         71,74%         6           5.00%         20,585,072         4.00%         8,786,250         3.00%         5,276,250         2.00%         2,626,875         1.13%           4.00%         16,488,058         4.43%         9,730,772         4.47%         7,861,613         4.46%         5,867,931         4.48%           3.00%         12,351,043         2.50%         5,491,406         2.00%         3,517,500         10.00%         1,313,438         0.60%           11.00%         45,287,158         11.00%         8,786,250         3.00%         5,276,250         2.00%         2,626,875         8.49%           5.00%         20,585,072         4.00%         8,786,250         3.00%         5,276,250         2.00%         2,626,875         1.50%           5.00%         20,585,072         4.00%         8,786,250         3.00%         5,276,250         2.00%         2,626,875         1.50%           5.54,718,000         554,718,000         177,000,000         177,000,000         177,000,000         171		Transaction costs	12.00%	49,404,1	12.00%				Ť	15,761,250	-	10,507,500
5.00%         2.0556,072         4.03%         8,786,250         3.00%         5,276,250         2.00%         2,626,875         1.19%           4.00%         16,488,058         4,43%         9,730,772         4,47%         7,861,613         4,46%         5,857,931         4,48%           3.00%         12,351,043         2.50%         5,491,406         2.00%         3,517,500         10.00%         1,313,436         0.60%           11.00%         45,287,158         11.00%         24,162,188         11.00%         5,276,250         2.00%         2,626,875         1.50%           5.00%         20,585,072         4.00%         8,786,250         3.00%         5,276,250         2.00%         2,626,875         1.50%           554,718,000         236,000,000         236,000,000         237,000,000         177,000,000         177,000,000         11		Large acre acquisition	%00:09	247,020,863	62.07%					90,023,006		62,817,338
4.00%         16,488,058         4.43%         9,730,772         4.47%         7,861,613         4.46%         5,857,931         4.48%           3.00%         12,351,043         2.50%         5,491,406         2.00%         3,517,500         1.00%         1,313,438         0.60%           11.00%         45,287,158         11.00%         24,162,188         11.00%         5,276,250         2.00%         2,626,875         1.50%           5.00%         20,585,072         4.00%         8,786,250         3.00%         5,276,250         2.00%         2,626,875         1.50%           554,718,000         236,000,000         236,000,000         237,000,000         177,000,000         177,000,000		Large acre capital improvement	5.00%	20,585,072	4.00%	8,786,250				2,626,875		1,041,994
3.00%         12,351,043         2.50%         5,491,406         2.00%         3,517,500         1,00%         1,313,4316         0.60%           11.00%         45,287,158         11.00%         24,162,188         11.00%         19,346,250         10.00%         13,134,375         8.49%           5.00%         20,585,072         4.00%         8,786,250         3.00%         5,276,250         2.00%         2,626,875         1.50%           554,718,000         236,000,000         236,000,000         237,000,000         177,000,000         177,000,000         111		Restoration acquisition	4.00%	16,468,058	4.43%					5,857,931		3,922,800
11.00%         45,287,158         11.00%         24,162,188         11.00%         19,346,250         10.00%         13,134,375         8.49%           5.00%         20,585,072         4.00%         8,786,250         3.00%         5,276,250         2.00%         2,626,875         1.50%           554,718,000         256,718,000         296,000,000         237,000,000         177,000,000         177,000,000	_	Restoration capital improvement	3.00%	12,351,043	2.50%	5,491,406				1,313,438		525,375
5.00%     20,585,072     4.00%     8,788,250     3.00%     5,276,250     2.00%     2,626,875     1.50%       554,718,000     2354,718,000     237,000,000     237,000,000     177,000,000     1		Trails acquisition	11.00%	45,287,1	11.00%	24,162,188				13,134,375		7,434,056
554,718,000 177,000,000 296,000,000 237,000,000 177,000,000		Trails capital improvement	5.00%	20,585,072	4.00%	8,786,250		11		2,626,875		1,313,438
		TOTAL USES		554,718,000		296,000,000	-	237,000,000		177,000,000		118,000,000

#### FINANCING PLAN

#### Means of Land Acquisition and Acquisition Management

In the course of acquiring lands for the Program, it is likely that Metro will utilize various means to secure the rights to land. This will include outright purchase of the title to land, as well as methods that do not include land ownership, but insure preservation of the character of the land as open space.

#### Outright Land Purchases Through Professional Realtors

It is assumed that certain open space areas would be purchased by Metro directly through its own efforts. There is likely to be a major role for the services of outside professional services that possess expertise in land acquisition programs such as that envisioned. The advantages of using outside professional services is threefold: 1) such individuals have the skills and knowledge in the land acquisition process; 2) outside professionals have a sense of the real estate market and access to current information on land availability; and 3) Metro can employ the services of these individuals under contract. These services are paid for through the land acquisition process, and are therefore a cost of the Program that can be paid through general obligation bond proceeds.

In order to avoid confusion among the professional service providers, Metro may find it beneficial to contract with particular outside professionals to represent Metro, either on an hourly basis or a contingent fee basis. In either case, the nature of compensation between Metro and the contract professionals will be clearly specified in advance of the Program commencing. Establishing relationships with particular outside professionals will help avoid confusion in the real estate community and clearly establish Metro's objectives and procedures for land acquisition.

#### Purchase Through a Non-Profit Land Preservation Organization

An increasingly important means for acquiring land for the public benefit is through non-profit land preservation organizations. There are currently approximately 900 such organizations in the United States that have been involved in the protection of approximately 2.7 million acres of land. Although most of these organizations are small and community-based, there are a handful with a national focus. These include the Trust for Public Land, the Nature Conservancy, the Conservation Fund and the American Farmland Trust. In the course of this project PFM and Metro staff have met with representatives of the Trust for Public Land ("TPL") to determine the possible role for the Trust within the Program.

TPL and other similar organizations are able to secure land at below market rates as a result of the favorable tax benefits that accrue to land sellers. If managed effectively, these organizations operating on behalf of Metro could function as adjunct staff, identifying attractive land acquisition opportunities and working directly with property owners on particular land acquisitions.

When a property appropriate for the Program has been identified for acquisition, a land preservation organization, if it were involved, would initiate negotiations with the landowner. An independent appraisal on the property would be obtained at this point in the process and the results reviewed by Metro staff. If, through the course of negotiations the land clearly fits within the cost and functional parameters of the Program, the organization would proceed with the acquisition at a price not to exceed the market value established by the appraisal. After the acquisition of the land, Metro would purchase the land from the organization at a price not to exceed the appraised value. The costs of the organization (appraisals, legal and environmental costs, staff time, closing costs, etc.) would be included in Metro's acquisition cost of the land. In other words, the land preservation organization will recoup its costs in the spread between the price paid to the landowner and the cost to Metro. Even after including the costs of the transaction and fee to the land trust, it may be possible for Metro to acquire land at below market rates through this process as a result of the tax benefits to the landowner from selling at a price below market. Once again, in no case would Metro be required to purchase the land at a price in excess of the appraised value. Since the land preservation organization's transactions costs would be included in the purchase price paid by Metro, use of such an organization would reduce the expenditures by Metro associated with acquisition administration.

The advantages of working with a land preservation organization include the expertise that these organizations have developed in acquiring lands for public benefit. For example, TPL has acquired over 500 thousand acres valued at nearly \$600 million, in the United States. The approach developed by land preservation organizations over the years could benefit the Program, particularly in its early phases. Metro staff could benefit from training by organization employees in the tax advantages of selling at below market rates to public agencies, the techniques for identifying and approaching landowners, and legal elements of land transfer. It may also be worthwhile to develop a relationship with one or more land preservation organizations because some landowners simply may not wish to deal directly with government, for whatever reason. In such cases, a land preservation organization can essentially act as an intermediary that handles the land purchase, then turns the land over to Metro at a price not to exceed the appraised value.

#### Conservation Easements

In some cases, Metro may be able to accomplish the goals of preserving land as greenspace without having to acquire title to the land. For example, a conservation easement can be obtained as a result of an agreement between a landowner and a public entity (in this case, either Metro or a land trust) that limits the development rights on the property. The easement itself attaches to the deed on the land and defines the future uses of the land in perpetuity. The landowner continues to own the land, but the development restrictions placed on the property are recorded on the deed to the land. Conservation easements may either be donated or sold by the landowner. In the case of sale of the easement, the cost could be a small fraction of the cost of outright purchase.

Financial benefits to the landowner offering a conservation easement are twofold: 1) the Internal Revenue Service recognizes that the transfer of development rights reduces the value of the land asset, and the value of that reduction can be written off on the landowners federal income taxes; 2) the value of the land has been reduced as a result of the easement and will be recorded as such for local property taxation purposes. Since the easement operates in perpetuity, the value of the land has been permanently reduced since possible uses have been restricted.

Conservation easements are an effective means of retaining property as a scenic backdrop. In such a case, public access may be limited to the protected property, but the natural qualities of the land will not be compromised by future development. Conservation easements can be drafted, however, to allow for public access through use of a trail easement or other mechanism set forth in the legal documents establishing the easement. The conditions established under a conservation easement are as broad as the parties to the agreement wish to make them.

#### Donations and Bequests

It is possible that Metro could be the recipient of open space land acquired through donations or bequests. Either Metro or a Greenspaces nonprofit foundation could accept donations and bequests and include such land in the open space system. Financial donations or bequests could also be used for acquisition or maintenance of the system depending on the terms of the gift.

#### Program Schedule

Since the Program may ultimately involve acquiring or protecting more than 10,000 acres, it is reasonable to expect that the acquisition process will require several years to implement. Identifying regionally significant greenspace land, initiating negotiations with landowners, coming to terms and obtaining the land will take time for each individual parcel.

It is assumed that the actual acquisition process will follow approval of a ballot measure authorizing Metro to finance the Program through issuance of general obligation bonds. The vote is scheduled for November, 1992. Until then, existing Metro staff will focus on the preliminary planning efforts and estimating the ultimate size and schedule for the Program. As discussed in this report, additional Metro staff required specifically for the acquisition of land will not be hired until after voter approval.

#### **Bond Issuance Schedule and Sizing**

In performing its financial analysis, PFM has assumed that the costs associated with acquisition of Program land will be financed with general obligation bonds. General obligation debt is not a means of paying for on-going operating costs. It is, however, appropriate for paying for capital improvements and land acquisition.

Metro has the authority (under ORS 268.520 (1)) to issue general obligation bonds supported by property taxes. The limit on the amount of general obligation bonds that may be outstanding is 10% of the true cash value of all taxable property in the District. Based on the assessed value of Metro for fiscal year 1992 (\$45,916,555,768) Metro is authorized, subject to voter approval, to issue up to \$4,591,655,577 in general obligation debt. The credit market limit is much lower than this and depends on the overall property tax burden to the property owners within Metro.

Assuming 4% inflation in assessed value over two years and a 30-year level debt service bond issue at 7.0%, a levy of .1623 cents per \$1,000 of assessed value would produce \$1,000,000 in bond issue principal. This means, for example, that a \$100,000,000 bond issue would require a levy of approximately \$.1623 per \$1,000 of assessed value. For a \$100,000 house, a \$100,000,000 bond issue would result in an annual addition to property taxes of approximately \$16.23.

It is assumed for the purposes of this analysis that Metro will issue bonds for the full amount authorized soon after a successful ballot measure. Interest earnings over time on bond proceeds will ensure that Metro maintains purchasing power consistent with inflationary increases in land value.

It is assumed that thirty year bonds would be issued at 7.0% interest.

The table below shows relevant financial information for five different bond sizing alternatives.

Bond Issue	Interest Income	Total Sources	Maximum Annual	Initial Tax	Average Tax
Amount		•	Debt Service(1)	Levy/\$1,000(2)	Levy/ \$1,000(3)
\$462,000,000	\$92,000,000	\$554,000,000	\$37,231,000	\$0.7497	\$0.4490
\$250,000,000	\$46,000,000	\$296,000,000	\$20,146,000	\$0.4057	\$0.2432
\$200,000,000	\$37,000,000	\$237,000,000	\$16,117,000	\$0.3254	\$0.1945
\$150,000,000	\$27,000,000	\$177,000,000	\$12,088,000	\$0.2434	\$0.1459
\$100,000,000	\$18,000,000	\$118,000,000	\$8,058,000	\$0.1623	\$0.0972

- (1) Maximum annual debt service over 30 year life of bonds.
- (2) Tax levy in first year after issuance, assumed to be 1994. First year levy reflects two years of growth in Metro's assessed value at 4% annually.
- (3) Average levy over life of bonds. Assuming \$45,916,555,768 as the total assessed value for the Metropolitan Service District and 4% annual growth in assessed value.

On the basis of this analysis, to maximize funds available for Program objectives, it is recommended that Metro issue most of the bonds in a lump sum. This approach will enhance investment earnings on the Program's bond proceeds, and those investment earnings will be applied to Program acquisitions and capital. In effect, investment earnings will act as a means of maintaining the purchasing power of the Program as inflation grows over time.

#### Impact of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 on Program Land Acquisitions

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 had profound impacts on the ability of local government's to issue tax-exempt debt for a variety of purposes. In general, the Act made it more difficult for governments to retain the tax-exempt status on debt if the ultimate use of the proceeds of that debt substantially benefitted private individuals or entities. It is possible that circumstances may arise in the course of the Program that will require careful examination in light of the Act.

For example, assume Metro identified a 50 acre parcel of land, half of which was well-suited for inclusion in the Program. Therefore, only 25 acres of the 50 would be suitable for acquisition through the Program. There are likely to be cases when the landowner will only be willing to sell the parcel in total. In such a case, Metro will own land that will not be well-suited for the Greenspaces Program (for example, large tracts of farm land) but may be attractive for other uses, like development. Under the Act, the tax-exempt status of the bonds issued for Program land acquisition would be endangered if Metro were to acquire land using tax-exempt proceeds then turn around and sell some of that land to private interests. The Act also affects the use of concessionaires and private operations that may take place on the publicly acquired land. The following is a brief description of some of the key elements of the Act.

The Act established two primary types of bonds for tax purposes: governmental purpose and private activity. If bonds are governmental purpose, then there are few restrictions and they are fully tax-exempt. If the bonds are private activity, then only certain types of bonds may be tax-exempt (for example, land acquisitions related to a qualified redevelopment activities fall into this category) and these are subject to many further restrictions or provisions (for example, the Alternative Minimum Tax "AMT").

To retain the governmental purpose classification necessary to finance using tax-exempt bonds there are several hurdles.

- \* Ownership: The facility or asset must be governmentally owned.
- \* Operation: The facility or asset must be governmentally operated or operated under a management contract (including with non-profit organizations) which conforms to the federal definition of a "qualified management contract."
- \* Use Test and the Debt Service Payment Test: There are two tests to determine governmental purpose, if the two conditions listed above are satisfied. If either of the following two tests indicate a "governmental purpose", then the bonds will be governmental purpose bonds. Note that only one of the following two tests need to be satisfied in order to achieve governmental purpose status.
- Use of the Facility ("Use" Test): The primary users must be the general public. If one organization has preferential treatment which exceeds 10% of the facility's use (legal counsel can provide full detail on the calculation of the 10% use), or if preferential treatment of private users exceeds 10% in combination, then there is private use and the bonds are no longer governmental purpose unless the following test is met:
- Debt Service Payment Source ("Security Interest" or "Private Payment" Test): This test is met if the source of payment for the bonds does not derive from private users by greater than 10% (the formula is more complicated, but this is a useful simplification.) Indeed, some users are restricted to 5% and the total 10% limit is cumulative for all private users. In the case of the Program, since the bonds would be repaid through property taxes, Metro would not have a problem meeting the security test.

#### Concession/Parking Options

If the government owns the concession stand or parking facility and uses a qualified management contract with a private operator, the stand or garage does not count toward the 10 percent limitation. The parking garage must make its spaces generally available; there can be no assigned spaces to outside users. Parking must be operated on a first-come, first-served basis and only month-to-month contracts will be allowed.

If a private entity owns and operates the concession stand, any bonds issued for construction or acquisition of the facility or asset would be governmental purpose if the aggregated private use (concession stands plus any other private use) do not exceed 10% use or payment on debt service.

#### Qualified Management Contracts

The Tax Act specifically allows the private operation of certain functions at governmentally-owned facilities financed with tax-exempt bonds. Those functions include the operation of cafeterias, lounges, food service, and parking areas. In order to issue tax-exempt debt for a governmentally-owned asset that will be operated by a private entity, the contract with that private entity needs to meet each of the following conditions.

- 1) The term of the management contract cannot exceed 5 years (including renewal options).
- 2) The governmental unit owning the facility may terminate the contract without cause and without penalty at the end of three years.
- 3) Fees provided to the private facility manager may not be based on a share of the profits of the asset.
- 4) At least 50% of the fees provided to the private facility manager must be on a fixed fee basis.

#### Impact on Timing and Structure of Bond Issues

Earlier in the report PFM describes the benefits of a lump sum bond issue. This approach may not be advisable if there is a likelihood that some portion of the bonds will not qualify as governmental purpose debt. A worst case scenario would emerge if the bonds were issued in one lump sum and ultimately a portion of that debt were used for non-qualified purposes. This could result in the entire issue being declared subject to federal income taxes by the Internal Revenue Service and massive financial losses to the holders of Metro's bonds. In order to prevent this situation, a phased bonding program in which bonds were issued for particular (and potentially taxable of private activity) land acquisitions may be more appropriate. The issue of tax-exemption and Program timing will need to be examined further with Metro's bond counsel.

#### **Property Tax Limitation Measure**

On November 6, 1990, Oregon voters approved Ballot Measure 5, (now Article XI, Section 11b, of the Oregon Constitution), which imposes a 1.5% limitation on property taxes as well.

Beginning fiscal year July 1, 1991, taxes imposed on property are separated into two categories: one category dedicates property tax revenues raised to fund the state's public school systems defined as "educational services, including support services, provided by some unit of government, at any level from pre-kindergarten through post-graduate training"; and one which "dedicates revenues raised to fund government operations (e.g., cities, counties, special districts, metropolitan service districts) other than school systems."

Beginning in fiscal year 1991-92, property taxes for non-school government operations are limited to \$10.00 per \$1000 of Real Market Value (RMV). All local governments which levy a property tax will be required to share the \$10 per \$1000 of RMV limitation on each property.

#### Exemptions from Property Tax Limits

Sections 11b (3a) and (3b) of Ballot Measure 5 specifically exempt taxes imposed to pay principal of and interest on bonded indebtedness provided bonds are: 1) authorized by a specific provision of the Oregon Constitution, or 2) are approved by the voters of a government unit and offered as general obligations for "capital construction or improvements." Capital construction and improvements are not defined in the measure itself, but are defined in the recently approved legislation.

Ballot Measure 5 defines exempt local improvements to be capital construction projects which:

- "provides a special benefit only to specific properties or rectifies a problem caused by specific properties;" and
- "the costs of which are assessed against those properties in a single assessment upon completion of the project;" and
- "for which the payment of the assessment ... may be spread over a period of at least ten years."

#### Recently Approved Legislation

The 1991 Oregon Legislative Assembly adjourned on June 30, 1991, having spent much of the session addressing Ballot Measure 5. The key bill addressing the statutory implementation of Ballot Measure 5 is HB 2550, which was approved by the Legislature and signed into law by the Governor on June 30. The law took effect September 29, 1991.

 House Bill 2550 - Prescribes the overall tax assessment, administration and collection methods and procedures to conform to the tax limitations and requirements of Ballot Measure 5. Defines key terms including "Real Market Value," "Exempt Bonded Indebtedness," "Capital Construction" and Capital Improvements."

Section 210 (14c) exempts general obligation indebtedness issued after November 6, 1990 which is voter approved and used for capital construction or improvements.

Section 210 (17-19) defines capital construction and improvements to include all activities related to the construction, modification, replacement, repair, remodeling and renovation of structures which have a useful life of over one year; the acquisition of land, or legal interest in land, in conjunction with the capital construction of a structure; the acquisition and installation of machinery, equipment, furnishings and equipment which have a life of over one year; and activities related to capital construction such as planning, design, studies, permits, and acquisition of financing. Structures are defined as any temporary or permanent building or improvement to real property of any kind which is constructed on or attached to real property, whether above, on or beneath the surface.

#### **Evaluation of Credit Impact from Greenspaces Program**

The credit markets and bond rating agencies recognize that governmental issuers have a finite capacity to issue debt supported by the wealth of the community. This is termed a jurisdiction's debt capacity. In the course of the report PFM has performed a preliminary evaluation of Metro's capacity to issue general obligation debt in the magnitude envisioned.

The following table compares Metro's current and prospective debt position to national medians of debt capacity compiled by Moody's Investors Service. The table identifies two measures of debt capacity: debt per capita and debt as a percent of market value of taxable property. These two measures have been calculated based on Metro's present debt position (including all tax-supported debt issued by underlying jurisdictions), as well as based on the assumption that additional debt, ranging from \$150 million to \$250 million, is issued.

_							Mod	ody's		
	Metr	opolitan S	ervice Dis	trict			Med	lians		
	Current	Current Plus	Current Plus	Current Plus	С	ities Over 500,0	00	Cou	nties Over 1,000	0,000
	_Direct Debt	\$150 Million	\$200 Million	\$250 Million	Low	Median	High	Low	Median	High
Debt Per Capita	\$554	\$677	\$718	\$759	\$647	\$1,169	\$4,245	\$479	\$1,069	\$2,073
Debt as a % of AV	1.47%	1.79%	1.90%	201%	1.50%	4.00%	12.50%	0.70%	2.50%	5.70%

In the case of both measures of debt capacity, Metro is well below the national medians, even when assuming an additional \$250 million in debt. For debt per capita, Metro would face a debt per capita level of \$759, compared to a level of \$1,169 for cities with populations of more than 500,000 and \$1,069 for counties with populations greater than 1,000,000. With respect to debt as a percent of market value of taxable property, at the maximum Program financing level this ratio reaches 2.01%, compared to median city and county ratios of 4.00% and 2.50%, respectively. Consequently, by virtue of its large population and assessed value base, Metro appears to have extensive capacity for issuance of property tax-supported debt. Nonetheless, a Program of the magnitude envisioned will require close contact and communication about Metro's credit position with representatives of the rating agencies and investment community.

#### Impact on the Property Tax Collections of Local Governments

One of the impacts of the Program will be the removal of large tracts of property from the property tax rolls. This will affect all of the municipalities collecting property taxes. PFM has, based on preliminary information, prepared an estimate of the assessed value of regionally significant land within the three metropolitan Portland counties. The table below presents that estimate.

County	FY 1992 Tax Assessed Value	Program Land	Percent of Total
Clackamas County	\$12,429,965,230	\$51,168,000	0.41%
Multnomah County	23,326,062,673	65,289,000	0.28%
Washington County	15,014,277,579	72,854,000	0.49%

The percent of assessed value of potential Program land to total assessed value based on current value and acquisitions projected ranges from .28% for Multnomah County to .49% for Washington County. To the extent that property tax rates in affected areas are below \$10 per thousand, revenues will not be lost, but the rate to taxable properties would be slightly higher, as some land is taken off the property tax rolls. Analysis exists, however, indicating that protection of open space areas can have a positive influence on property values in close proximity to protected areas. This would lessen the effect of removing open space areas from property tax rolls.

#### GREENSPACES OPERATION PROGRAM

#### **Cost of Operations**

The Program involves much more than simply issuing general obligation bonds. In fact, the acquisition phase is just the first step in a long-term process of Program management. As indicated, there are two key elements to the financing of the Program. One, the acquisition and capital improvements component, has been discussed above. The second is the cost of ongoing operation and maintenance of the acquired lands and the costs of Metro staff designated to manage the land. As mentioned above, general obligation bonds can be legally used for land acquisition, but not for operations and maintenance.

In order to estimate operations and maintenance costs, Metro staff and PFM have surveyed other open space districts around the country. On the basis of the information received in the survey, the following schedule of annual costs on a cost per acre basis (with the exception of trails, which are presented on a cost per linear mile basis) has been developed. Basic maintenance costs assume that the land would be purchased and developed for passive, if any, recreational use. Estimates of annual maintenance for a landscaped park are as high as \$2,400 per acre.

Alternatively, if a funding source is not identified for the Greenspaces operations (see discussion under section -- Revenue Sources for On-Going Operating and Capital Needs) it may be necessary to "land bank" acquisitions and develop the sites for use at a future date while relying on volunteer efforts from "friends groups" to make land available for limited use. It is assumed, under the land banking scenario that the annual operating cost per acre for all acquisition categories would be \$35. The projected costs under the limited maintenance and land banking scenarios are shown in the table below and illustrated in the graph on the following page.

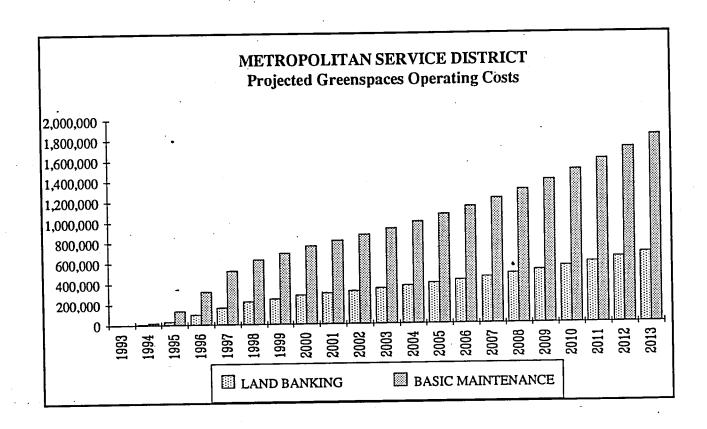
The computer model developed by PFM uses information on per acre operating costs to forecast future operating costs. At this point, cost estimates related to both capital and operating costs are based on preliminary information. As updated cost information is obtained, the model can be updated to reflect that new information.

	<b>Basic Maintenance Costs</b>	<b>Land Banking Costs</b>
Access Points	\$120 per acre, per year	\$35 per acre, per year
Addition	\$50 per acre, per year	\$35 per acre, per year
Reserve	\$50 per acre, per year	\$35 per acre, per year
Restoration	\$175 per acre, per year	\$35 per acre, per year
Trails	\$1,500 per linear mile, per year	\$35 per mile, per year

As previously, it is assumed that land acquisition will take place over several years. PFM has randomly assigned an acquisition schedule to the list of priority regionally significant sites identified in the Greenspaces Master Plan to simulate the acquisition of open space inventory that would be under Metro's ownership and responsibility. It is assumed for the purpose of this analysis that \$200 million in general obligation bonds are issued. By applying the per acre cost of maintenance shown above to the acquisition schedule, we have developed an estimate of annual costs for the program through FY 1999-2000.

These estimates of operating costs do not include amounts for on-going fire and safety protection. It is assumed for this analysis that this protection would be provided by local jurisdictions with augmentation by Metro, as necessary, for special circumstance situations.

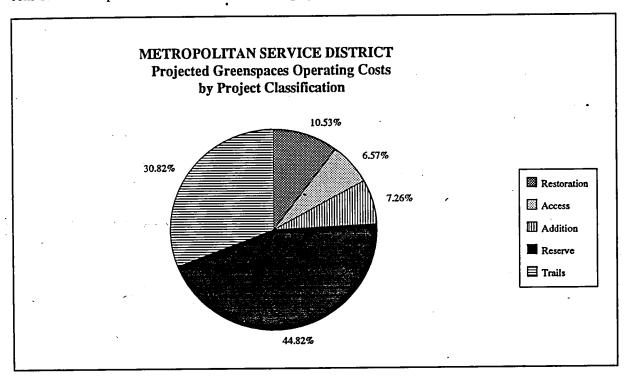
·	BASIC MAINTENANCE								
	Restoration	Addition	Reserve	Access	Trails	Total	Total		
FY 1993-94	19,000	0	0	0	0	19,000	4,000		
FY 1994-95	35,000	7,000	21,000	1,000	71,000	135,000	29,000		
FY 1995-96	48,000	32,000	90,000	1,000	151,000	322,000	99,000		
FY 1996-97	52,000	39,000	160,000	32,000	241,000	524,000	165,000		
FY 1997-98	55,000	42,000	236,000	39,000	258,000	630,000	223,000		
FY 1998-99	59,000	45,000	269,000	41,000	276,000	690,000	250,000		
FY 1999- 2000	63,000	48,000	316,000	45,000	296,000	768,000	282,000		



	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
LAND BANKING	4,000	29,000	99,000	165,000	223,000	250,000	282,000	301,000	322,000	345,000
BASIC MAINTENANCE	19,000	135,000	322,000	524,000	630,000	690,000	759,000	812,000	869,000	929.000

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
LAND BANKING	369,000	395,000	422,000	452,000	484,000	518,000	554,000	593,000	634,000	678,000
BASIC MAINTENANCE	994,000	1,064,000	1,139,000	1,218,000	1,304,000	1,395,000	1,492,000	1,597,000	1,709,000	1,828,000

The following graph presents the breakdown of basic maintenance operating costs by the categories identified above. As the graph shows, nearly one-half of the operating costs associated with the acquired land being considered for acquisition falls into the reserve category, and almost one-third are associated with trails.



#### Revenue Sources for On-Going Operating and Capital Needs

As stated, the Greenspaces protection program requires care that continues beyond the acquisition stage. The funding of operational protection of the land must be a comprehensive approach that considers all available resources including internally-generated revenue, public funds, volunteer services and fund raising efforts. An examination of potential resources in each of these areas follows below.

It is critical to emphasize that the projections of operating costs are based on an assumption that the land acquired for greenspaces will not require high maintenance. In most cases, it is assumed that the land acquired will be essentially left as is, and consequently operating costs and will be low. Therefore, the revenue sources identified to meet the ongoing needs will not have to be extensive revenue producers. Below is a list of possible revenue ideas under study, including several promising internally-generated sources.

#### User Fees and Internally-Generated Revenue

#### Greenspace Parking Permit

Since the magnitude of operating costs for the Program are likely to be relatively low, Metro can focus on revenue generating mechanisms that lack large scale revenue capacity. A revenue source that has been used by both the states of Oregon and Washington is a permit charge on vehicles that park within a designated open space area. In the Portland Metro region, the Department of Fish and Wildlife requires cars that park on Sauvie Island to obtain a permit, either for one day or for the year. This program was started in March 1990 and produces approximately \$120,000 annually. In 1992 the Department projects selling approximately 25,000 daily permits at \$2.50 and 6,000 annual permits for \$10.00. Compliance levels among visitors to the island ranges from approximately 40% on hot summer weekends to 85% during hunting and fishing season. Presumably, individuals that use the island frequently (hunters and fishermen) are more likely to be familiar with the parking permit program and have an annual permit. Compliance with the permit program is enforced by the state police, but collections from violators

go to the court system and not the Department.

Another example of a parking program is provided by the Oregon State Motor Vehicles Division Sno-Park program. The program requires that cars parking in the Oregon national forests and other recreational areas during parts of the year display a Sno-Park pass. The price of a daily pass is \$2.00 and an annual pass costs \$9.00. The program is susceptible to the skiing conditions on Mount Hood (the major site for revenue generation), but revenue production over the past nine years has ranged from \$577,012 in 1985-86 to \$751,393 in 1988-89. The number of annual passes sold in 1990-91 was 55,426 (\$498,834) and daily passes equaled 84,462 (\$168,924).

The Sno-Park program and the parking permit program on Sauvie Island provide examples of revenue generating mechanisms that could be employed by Metro in its Greenspaces Program. In both cases, these programs generate relatively modest revenues, but the magnitude of revenues expected to be needed to operate the Program are modest. Such a parking program also has the attraction that the most direct beneficiaries of the Program bear the costs of operations.

#### Day Use Fees and/or Camping Fees

The public could be charged for the use of the Program lands, either through annual memberships or on a daily basis. Fees could apply either to daytime use or for overnight camping. Initiation of this kind of program, however, would need to be considered in terms of the potential liability costs facing Metro. Charging for use of the Program lands would result in Metro assuming a greater duty to protect user from potential hazards on the lands than is the case if no charges are levied. This increase in potential liability might argue against any "fee for use" revenue scheme.

#### Concessions

Providing facilities for food, drink and gift concessions at Program sites could generate revenues, although it could cause two problems. One is related to the tax implications, as described above. Operators of concessions would either have to be public employees or work under a qualified management contract. Second, providing concessions at greenspace locations might run counter to the intent of the Program, which to provide the public with access to unspoiled natural areas. Concession facilities would likely generate garbage at the Program sites and diminish the natural qualities of the land.

#### Public Funds

The following is a brief discussion of potential public funds to finance operations and maintenance of the Program. It is important to again note that based on the projected operating costs, the level of collections would need to be very modest. Alternatively, the tax revenues could be levied at a rate that would allow application to more than one program. Other governments that operate open-space programs rely on a variety of tax revenue sources including property tax levies and real estate related taxes such as those outlined below.

#### Real Estate Taxes

When possible, equity and fairness considerations argue for a rational connection between the requirement for public funding and the industry or activity subject to taxation. The relationship between real estate growth and the need to preserve and protect open spaces is significant. The greater demand there is on the development of open land, the greater the need for government to step in and ensure adequate protection of open space to preserve the balance between economic development and quality of life for the region's residents. It is logical, therefore, to consider certain taxes on real estate transactions as a resource for Greenspace protection.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFER TAX - A Metro real estate transfer tax would place a charge on any real estate transactions taking place within Metro. Washington County is the only governmental unit in the State of Oregon that currently levies a real estate transfer tax. The tax in Washington County was imposed in 1974 and is levied at a rate of .1%, or \$1 per \$1,000 of the sale price of property. In fiscal year 1990 the tax produced \$1.56 million, indicating that a total of \$1.56 billion worth of real estate subject to the tax was transferred. The tax does not apply to transactions with a value of less than \$14,000. The Oregon State Legislature has prohibited the imposition of new real estate transfer taxes (or, in Washington County's case, increase in the existing tax) until January 1, 1994. Metro does not have the authority to levy this tax.

BUILDING PERMIT CHARGE OR SQUARE FOOT ON NEW CONSTRUCTION CHARGE - This tax source would involve a charge on the value of new construction levied at the time that the building permit was filed. The charge could either be based on the value of the permit or on the number of square feet of the building. The attraction to this kind of charge is its direct relationship to the growth pressures that are being exerted in the Metro region, and the consequent necessity for protecting existing greenspaces while they remain. Currently, Metro does not have the authority to levy this tax.

LAND CORNER PRESERVATION FEE - Current state law allows for counties to establish a fee which is to be used to pay the expenses incurred by the county surveyor in the establishment and maintenance of corners of government surveys. This fee is currently levied by each county on transfers of property, or the recording of various documents with the county clerk's office. Currently, Washington County charges \$8 as its fee, Clackamas County charges \$5 as its fee, and Multnomah County charges \$3 as its fee. The Program is necessary because of the explosive growth in the region. This fee is directly related to growth in the region, and is, therefore, a fair means of paying greenspaces operating and maintenance budget. Currently, Metro does not have the authority to levy this tax.

In order to enact this fee, legislative authority would have to be given in order to use the funds for the greenspaces program. Additionally, it would be most beneficial to the program if the total fee were \$15, \$10 of which should be given to the counties for current applications and the maintenance of their respective greenspaces, while \$5 could be given to Metro for its greenspaces. This fee would generate approximately \$1.8 million for the counties while generating about \$900,000 for Metro.

OTHER REAL ESTATE TAXES - Other real estate taxes might include a real property gains tax on sales of property above certain threshold levels, a so-called "mansion tax" on sale or building of residences above a certain threshold level, a mortgage tax on mortgage debt, anti-speculation taxes on property that is re-sold within a few years of its original purchase, and a title insurance surcharge.

#### Other Public Funds

VEHICLE RENTAL CHARGE - Multnomah County currently collects a 10% excise tax on vehicle rentals. In fiscal year 1991 that tax generated almost \$5 million in revenues for the County's general fund. In Metro's case, a vehicle rental charge tax would apply region-wide. In order to capture the main source of vehicle rental revenue, that originating from the Portland International Airport, a Metro tax would have to be applied on top of the current Multnomah County charge. Estimates of a region-wide 15% tax have ranged from \$11.1 million to \$17.1, including the portion currently collected by Multnomah County. Currently, Metro does not have the authority to levy this tax.

GREEN FEES - Certain jurisdiction use or have given consideration to using taxes and fees on certain activities, products or services related to encouraging sound environmental practices, dubbed "Green Fees." These include excise taxes on beer and wine, inclusion of wine and liquor bottles in current bottle deposit programs, container taxes, and tire sale fees among others.

#### Use of Volunteers and Other Donated or Free Services

Virtually all open space programs throughout the United States make extensive use of volunteers and "Friends" groups to provide maintenance and programming services. Jurisdictions similar in size to Metro report the use of 200-225 volunteers per year to perform services ranging from general clean-up to education and docent activities. The City of Portland Parks and Recreation Department, open space division reports receiving 12,000 hours of donated labor per year.

In addition, most open space programs make use of correctional inmate programs (alternative community service workers) to perform clean up and maintenance services at very low cost. Additionally, it is possible to arrange for summer youth cleanup and maintenance crews funded through the Job Training and Partnership Act, a federally-funded summer jobs program. The City of Portland Parks and Recreation Program received 4,000 hours in services from this source last summer.

#### **Fund Raising Activities**

Although it is inappropriate to rely exclusively on donations as a means to pay annual operating cost, possibilities exist to augment operating resources through fund raising activities, memberships to a greenspaces organization or friends groups affiliated with Metro, "adopt an acre" programs, auctions, and other fund raising activities. Proceeds of these earning could be used to build a greenspaces endowment for use in additional acquisition and capital improvements. An endowment would also be managed to return interest income each year that could be used for operation of Metro's open space areas. Since the projected operating and maintenance costs are relatively modest for the first several years of the Program, this time could be used to build up an endowment that could produce significant interest earnings by the time substantial operating costs are encountered.

#### **Greenspaces Program Staffing**

Greenspaces activities are likely to require three staff groups: Planning; Acquisition, and Operations.

#### **Planning**

Metro currently supports 5.5 FTE to perform planning services for the Metropolitan Greenspaces program as follows: 1.0 FTE Regional Planning Supervisor, 2.0 FTE Senior Regional Planners, 1.0 FTE Associate Regional Planner, 1.0 FTE Program Assistant, and 0.5 FTE Secretary. To date, this staff have provided the majority of the staff support for this program, including an analysis of the area's open space land, Greenspace government coordination, Greenspaces education, community liaison, Greenspaces demonstration grants, and project management. It is assumed that most of this work would continue after a successful ballot measure and issuance of general obligation bonds.

The Planning staff would undertake the following activities on an ongoing basis: further definition of areas targeted for Greenspaces acquisition, large site management plan development, trail design, coordination of governmental cooperators and the community constituency, Greenspaces education, and the Greenspaces Master Plan updating, Currently this staff is supported by Metro excise tax and a grant from US Department of Fish and Wildlife. The grant funds are projected to be used by October 1994 and the availability of grant funds after that date is unknown. It is assumed for this analysis that excise tax would be used to support the activities of the grantfunded staff after grant funds are utilized and continue to be used to support the activities of other Greenspaces planning staff. A proposal to continue the Greenspaces Demonstration Grant program with bond proceeds is also under consideration. It is estimated that personal services, materials and services and capital outlay for the Planning staff group would be budgeted at approximately \$500,000 in FY 1993-94 the first full year of Greenspaces program operation.

#### Acquisition

Additional staff would be required to manage the open space acquisition and local government share programs. Recommendations are pending regarding staff that may be necessary to conduct research on available land,

Metropolitan Service District Greenspaces Financial Study

negotiate with land owners, perform the various due diligence activities associated with purchasing land, including hazardous waste reports, engineering studies, and other required technical work. It is likely that there will be a role for outside professionals to provide purchased services for items such as real estate brokerage and property title services. In addition, internal central service staff will provide legal and financial support. It is assumed that the costs of acquisition management, including project management staff, required technical work on selected sites, and property closing costs will total 10% to 12% of the costs of acquired land.

The staff positions listed below represent the minimum staff necessary to provide project management for the acquisition program.

Management Analyst Supervisor. This staff person would manage division activities of open space acquisition and implementation of the local share program, as well as managing the contracts related to land acquisition. A background in project management would be a prerequisite for this individual.

Senior Management Analyst

This position would involve examining proposed land acquisitions, work with real estate professionals and representatives from land trust organizations and assist in identifying and negotiating opportunities for trail right-of-ways and conservation easements. This position would be responsible for managing information related to property acquisition including closing documents, technical reports, and other required information. This position would be responsible for managing the local government share program, including negotiation of intergovernmental agreements.

Associate Management Analyst

This position would work closely with real estate consultants to ensure that program objectives are being followed. A primary activity for the Associate Management Analyst would be to monitor local government share agreements.

Secretary

This position would provide clerical support for the unit, maintain project files, and coordinate unit communications.

It is assumed that this staff would start with 4.0 FTE soon after the general obligation bonds are issued and expand by 1.0 FTE Associate Management Analyst in the second or third year of operation. On the basis of an assumed \$200 million bond issue, total costs for this staff, outside professional services, and other related costs would average approximately \$3 million annually over a five-year period. The cost for the acquisition staff and activity is definable as a project cost and, therefore, eligible and appropriate for financing out of general obligation bond proceeds.

#### **Operations**

Operation staff would be involved in the maintenance and operation of the open space areas acquired by Metro. As noted previously, it is assumed for the purposes of this analysis that land would be primarily held in its natural state with very little, if any, development. The budget for staff, materials and services, and capital outlays would conform, in total, with the annual costs projected for operations. As shown previously, these costs to range from \$135,000 in FY 1994-95 to \$524,000 in FY 1996-97. Future research must be done to determine the ultimate staffing configuration.

Financial support for operations activities is still under study. As discussed, a variety of alternatives including non-tax and tax resources are under consideration.

Metropolitan Service District Greenspaces Financial Study

#### Interpretive/Education Programs

Full implementation of the Metropolitan Greenspaces Program would include management of interpretive and educational programs designed to enhance and encourage the public's use and enjoyment of the greenspaces system. Regional open space system managers have demonstrated that active participation and involvement of the public in open space areas will discourage inappropriate use of the areas.

Because this type of activity is discretionary in nature, no estimate of the associated funding requirements have been provided. The development of a funding plan for interpretive and educational programs, however, should ultimately be considered in the context of overall funding of Program operations.

#### **Summary**

The preceding report and the computer model that accompanies it have been prepared to assist Metro in the formation of a funding and financing strategy for the Greenspaces Program. This report is intended to supplement information produced by the computer model as basic information about the Program size, timing, and composition evolves and is refined.

PFM believes that the initial stages of the Program will be an iterative process. Therefore, this report and the accompanying computer model will be modified as the needs of Metro evolve.

RESOLUTION NO. 92-1639A, SUBMITTING TO THE VOTERS QUESTIONS OF APPROVING A \$200 MILLION GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND AND AUTHORIZING THE DISTRICT TO ACQUIRE, DEVELOP, OPERATE AND MAINTAIN A REGIONAL SYSTEM OF GREENSPACES

Date: July 20, 1992 Presented By: Councilor Devlin

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION: At it's July 16, 1992 meeting the Committee voted unanimously to recommend Council approval of Resolution No. 92-1639 as amended. All Committee members were present and voting.

COMMITTEE DISCUSSION/ISSUES: Andy Cotugno, Planning Director, and Chris Scherer, Financial Planning Manager, presented the Staff Report. They presented summary information from the Greenspaces Financial Study (see Attachment 1 to this report) which indicates that approximately \$555 million is needed to implement the Greenspaces Master Plan and the Greenspaces Policy Advisory Committee is recommending a General Obligation Bond Measure of \$200 million dollars. The Greenspaces Bond Issue proceeds would be split 75% for the regional system and 25% allocated to local park providers for any park and recreation capital expenditure. In regard to operation and maintenance costs estimates were provided for a "basic maintenance" level and a "land banking" level. The Plan provides for the "land banking" level of maintenance to be provided with existing District resources and the "basic maintenance" to be provided following the acquisition of additional operating funds.

In response to questions from Council Staff, Mr. Cotugno stated that the uses of the funds for regional system purposes shown on page two of the Summary Financial Information (Attachment 1) are for illustration only. The Greenspaces Master Plan does not specify in that level of detail the policies for the use of the funds. A more detailed expenditure plan will be brought to the Council either in the form of annual budget requests or some other form for review and approval. He pointed out that the Ballot Title incorporated in this resolution does commit the District to pass on to local park providers up to 25% of the funds for local park capital expenditures.

A public hearing was held on Resolution No. 92-1639 and eleven persons appeared in support of the resolution. The name, address and affiliation of persons appearing before the Committee on this matter are included in Attachment 2 to this Report.

Mr. Cotugno presented amendments to Resolution No. 92-1639 which are included in the engrossed A-Draft. (See Attachment 3 to this Committee Report). The Committee accepted the proposed amendments with the understanding that General Counsel will review the proposed Ballot Title to assure that it enables the District to assume the regional park function as stated in ORS. Any changes are to be reviewed by Councilor Devlin prior to the Council meeting.

# Greenspaces Financial Study Summary Information Finance Committee Presentation

July 16, 1992

# **Valuation of Greenspaces Inventory**

Sources		,
Bond proceeds		\$462,620,000
Interest earnings		92,098,000
Total sources		\$554,718,000
·		
Uses		
Costs of bond issuance	1.25% of bonds	\$5,783,000
Remaining sources	•	548,935,000
Local government share	25.00%	137,234,000
Regional Share	75.00%	411,701,000
	% Regional Share	•
Transaction costs	12.00%	\$49,404,000
Large acre acquisition	60.00%	247,021,000
Large acre capital improvement	5.00%	20,585,000
Restoration acquisition	4.00%	16,468,000
Restoration capital improvement	3.00%	12,351,000
Trails acquisition	11.00%	45,287,000
Trails capital improvements	5.00%	20,585,000
Total uses		\$554,718,000

# Allocation of \$200,000,000 Greenspaces Bond Issue

Sources		· · · · ·
Bond proceeds		\$200,000,000
Interest earnings		37,000,000
Total sources	· -	\$237,000,000
Uses		
Costs of bond issuance	1.25% of bonds	\$2,500,000
Remaining sources		\$234,500,000
Local government share	25.00%	58,625,000
Regional Share	75.00%	175,875,000
	% Regional Share	
Transaction costs	12.00%	21,105,000
Large acre acquisition	64.53%	113,492,000
Large acre capital improvement	3.00%	5,276,000
Restoration acquisition	4.47%	7,862,000
Restoration capital improvement	2.00%	3,518,000
Trails acquisition	11.00%	19,346,000
Trails capital improvements	5.00%	5,276,000
Total uses		\$237,000,000

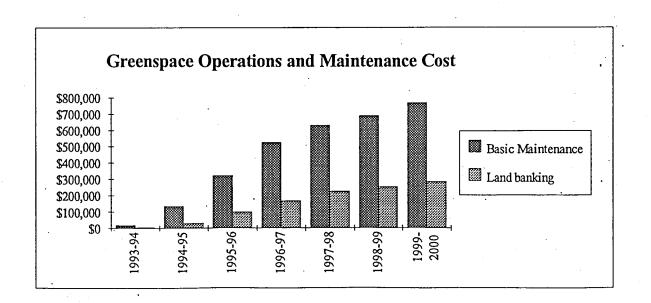
# Cost of Greenspaces Operations and Maintenance

#### **Estimated Unit Cost**

	Basic Maintenance	Land banking
Access points	\$120 per acre, per year	\$35 per acre, per year
Reserve/Addition	\$50 per acre, per year	\$35 per acre, per year
Restoration	\$175 per acre, per year	\$35 per acre, per year
Trails	\$1,500 per linear mile, per year	\$35 per acre, per year

#### **Estimated Annual Cost**

	Basic Maintenance	Land banking
FY 1993-94	\$19,000	\$4,000
FY 1994-95	135,000	29,000
FY 1995-96	322,000	99,000
FY 1996-97	524,000	165,000
FY 1997-98	630,000	. 223,000
FY 1998-99	690,000	250,000
FY 1999-2000	768,000	282,000



#### ATTACHMENT 2

(Fin. Comm. Rpt/Res 92-1639A)

#### FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETING - July 16, 1992

# PUBLIC HEARING TESTIMONY GREENSPACES PROGRAM

#### NAME/ADDRESS

#### REPRESENTING

Bob Akers 1038 S.E. 224th Gresham, OR

President, 40 Mile Loop (an organization supporting systems in Portland, trail the Metropolitan area and the state of Oregon); Past President, Friends of Powell Butte Nature Park; Past People President, for Committee in Gresham; Member, Gresham City Council Park Advisory Board

Marty McCall 5858 S.W. Riveridge Ln. #5 Portland, OR 97201 Trust for Public Land (a 20 year old national land conservation organization)

Marguerite Nabeta 525 Trade St. S.E. Salem, OR

Oregon State Parks and Recreation

Jean M. Ridings 21510 N.E. Bluelake Rd. Troutdale, OR 97060

Member, Multnomah County Parks Advisory Committee Read letter into record from: Vivian Starbuck, Member, Multnomah County Parks Advisory Committee

Michael C. Houck 5151 N.W. Cornell Rd. Portland, OR 97210 Audobon Society or Portland; Member, Metro Policy Advisory Committee; Member, Metro Technical Advisory Committee

John Sherman 1912 N.W. Aspen Portland, OR 97210 President, Friends of Forest Park

Carol Pinegar 2535 N.E. 13th Portland, OR 97212

Teacher, (Science - Middle School), Portland Public Schools

Clifton L. Powell 11820 S.E. Foster Pl. Portland, OR 97266 Member, Friends of Johnson Creek; Member, Johnson Creek Corridor Committee Finance Committee Meeting July 16, 1992 Public Testimony Page 2

Linda Robinson 1115 N.E. 135th Ave. Portland, OR 97230

Paul Gleason 7638 S.W. 36th Portland, OR 97219-1631

Jim Sjulin 1120 S.W. 5th #1302 Portland, OR 97204 Director, F.A.U.N.A. (Friends and Advocates of Urban Natural Areas)

Secretary-Treasurer, Pacific Wonderland, (an environmental educuation corporation); Nurse, Outdoor School

Supervisor, Natural Resources Program, Bureau of Parks and Recreation, City of Portland

## **METRO**

Memorandum

Planning Department 2000 S.W. First Avenue Portland, OR 97201-5398 (503) 221-1646

ATTACHMENT 3
(Fin. Comm. Rpt/Res 92-1639A)

DATE:

July 16, 1992

TO:

Council Finance Committee

FROM:

Andy Cotugno

SUB:

Resolution No. 92-1639A

Based on discussions with the Office of General Counsel and Metro Bond Counsel, revisions to Resolution No. 92-1639 are recommended. Resolution 92-1639A is attached incorporating the following changes:

- 1. Adding an action no. 5 on the last page prior to the Presiding Officer's signature block requesting that the Executive Officer submit the necessary materials for including the ballot measure in the State Voters' Pamphlet; and
- 2. Substituting the Recommended Bond Measure for the Sample Bond Measure attached as Exhibit A to Resolution No. 92-1639. Changes in wording between the "Recommended" and "Sample" Bond measures are indicated by overstriking (deletions) and shading (additions).

## **EXECUTIVE OFFICERS RECOMMENDATION**

The Executive Officer Recommends adoption of Resolution No. 92-1639A

Amended at 7/23/92 Council— Sel New & xhibit A

## Recommended Bond Measure

Caption: "Bonds to Save Green Spaces and Fund Parks System"

Question: "Shall Metro sell two hundred million dollars of general obligation bonds for green-ways, parks, open space and recreation facilities. If the bonds are approved, they will be payable from taxes on property or property ownership that are not subject to the limits of section 11b, Article XI of the Oregon Constitution."

Explanation Summary Statement: "Bond will permit Metro to acquire, save, and improve green spaces, parks, and recreation assets. Bonds will mature in thirty years. At least Seventy-Five percent of bond funds will go to buy, and restore nature parks, trails, and green-ways. Up to twenty-five percent of bond funds may be used to help parks departments to buy and improve local parks. Bond funds will not be used for parks maintenance costs. Estimate of mean yearly cost of bonds is 19 1/2 cents per one thousand dollars of assessed value."

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# BEFORE THE COUNCIL OF THE METROPOLITAN SERVICE DISTRICT

FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUBMITTING TO THE VOTERS QUESTIONS OF CONTRACTING A GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND INDEBTEDNESS IN THE AMOUNT OF \$200 MILLION AND AUTHORIZATION TO PROCEED WITH THE FINANCING, ACQUISITION, DEVELOPMENT, OPERATIONS, AND MAINTENANCE OF A REGIONAL SYSTEM OF GREENSPACES

RESOLUTION NO. 92-1639

Introduced By Executive Officer Rena Cusma and Councilor Richard Devlin

WHEREAS, The Metropolitan Service District has taken a leadership role in identifying remaining natural areas in the region and planning for their protection or potential acquisition; and

WHEREAS, Such activities have been and will continue to be coordinated with the affected federal, state, and local governments and citizens in the region; and

WHEREAS, Numerous planning efforts, studies and recommendations have been proposed over the past 90 years to develop a system of interconnected greenspaces for the Portland/Vancouver region; and

WHEREAS, On June 28, 1990, by Resolution No. 90-1261, the Metro Council established a Policy Advisory Committee to assist the Council in coordinating its Natural Areas Planning Program and to develop a regional consensus in the development of a Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, On December 13, 1990, by Resolution No. 90-1344, Metro established a Technical Advisory Committee to assist the Metro Council in coordinating the Metropolitan Greenspaces Program

and Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, On April 29, 1992 a Metropolitan Greesnspaces
Master Plan Public Review Draft was released for comment through
June 15, 1992; and

WHEREAS, On May 28 1992, by Resolution No. 92-1616 the Metro Council stated its intent to adopt a Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, Between April 29 and June 15, 1992 Metro staff have undertaken an extensive public involvement effort to solicit comments on the Master Plan Public Review Draft including:

- Briefings of the governing bodies of most cities and counties and special parks districts within the Metropolitan Service District Boundary;
- 2. A series of five public workshops throughout the region;
- 3. Numerous meetings of the Metropolitan Greenspaces
  Policy and Technical Advisory Committees;
- 4. Several meetings with the Greenspaces subcommittee of the Metro City Managers organization;
- 5. Briefings for the State Agency Council for Growth Issues in the Portland Metropolitan Area, Metro's Regional Policy Advisory Committee, and the Metro City Planning Directors organization;
- 6. Numerous briefings for civic groups, neighborhood organizations educational and special interest groups.; and

WHEREAS, Significant improvements to the Metropolitan

Greenspaces Master Plan have resulted from this review process; and WHEREAS, The Metro Council adopted the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan by Resolution No. 92-1637; and

WHEREAS, The Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan recommends that Metro seek a regional funding mechanism to assemble, through acquisition and other strategies, and develop a regional greenspaces system and also assume operations and management responsibility for components of the system in cooperation with local governments; and

WHEREAS, On July 2, 1992 the Portland Metropolitan Area Local Government Boundary Commission approved Proposal AF-4 allowing Metro to seek voter approval to acquire, develop, maintain, and operate a system of parks, open space and recreational facilities of metropolitan significance, now, therefore,

### BE IT RESOLVED,

- 1. That the Council of the Metropolitan Service District hereby submits to the qualified voters of the District the question of contracting a General Obligation bond indebtedness of \$200 million. The bonds shall mature over a period of not more than 30 years.
- 2. That the voters of the District shall in the same measure consider the question of whether Metro may finance the acquisition, development, maintenance and operation of a system of parks, open space, and recreational facilities of metropolitan significance pursuant to ORS 268.312 (1)(c).
  - 3. That the measure shall be placed on the ballot for

the General election held on the 3rd day of November, 1992.

·	4.	That	the I	Dist	rict sha	ll ca	use t	his	Resolution	and	the
Ballot 1	litle	Atta	ched	as	Exhibit	"A"	to	be	submitted	to	the
Election	s Offi	.cer,	the T	ax S	Supervisi	ng a	nd Co	nser	vation Com	niss	ion,
and the	Secret	ary	of St	ate	in a tim	nely	manne	er a	s required	by	law.
	ADOI	PTED	by t	he	Council	of	the	Met	ropolitan	Ser	vice
District	this			_ da	ay of				, 1992.		
·											
					Tim	Card	nor	Pro	aiding Off	iaar	

## **EXHIBIT A**

## Sample Bond Measure

Caption: "Acquire Land to Develop Regional Natural Areas/Park System"

Question: "Shall District acquire, develop, maintain, operate regional system of parks, open spaces, recreational facilities, issue \$200 million General Obligation bonds? If the bonds are approved, they will be payable from taxes on property or property ownership that are not subject to the limits of section 11b, Article XI of the Oregon Constitution."

Summary Statement: "Metro seeks voter approval for \$200 million in general obligation bonds to buy land, improve, pay related costs for a regional system of natural areas, parks, trails and greenways for wildlife and people. After costs to sell bonds, local governments shall spend up to 25 percent of net proceeds for local park, recreation system needs. Metro shall spend at least 75 percent of proceeds to buy and develop large acre sites, land to restore, and trails. These funds shall not operate or maintain these lands."

# BEFORE THE COUNCIL OF THE METROPOLITAN SERVICE DISTRICT

FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUBMITTING TO )
THE VOTERS QUESTIONS OF CONTRACTING)
A GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND INDEBTED-)
NESS IN THE AMOUNT OF \$200 MILLION )
AND AUTHORIZATION TO PROCEED WITH )
THE FINANCING, ACQUISITION, )
DEVELOPMENT, OPERATIONS AND )
MAINTENANCE OF A REGIONAL SYSTEM )
OF GREENSPACES

RESOLUTION NO. 92-1639A

Introduced by Executive Officer Rena Cusma and Councilor Richard Devlin

WHEREAS, The Metropolitan Service District has taken a leadership role in identifying remaining natural areas in the region and planning for their protection or potential acquisition; and

WHEREAS, Such activities have been and will continue to be coordinated with the affected federal, state, and local governments and citizens in the region; and

WHEREAS, Numerous planning efforts, studies and recommendations have been proposed over the past 90 years to develop a system of interconnected greenspaces for the Portland/Vancouver region; and

WHEREAS, On June 28, 1990, by Resolution No. 90-1261, the Metro Council established a Policy Advisory Committee to assist the Council in coordinating its Natural Areas Planning Program and to develop a regional consensus in the development of a Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, On December 13, 1990, by Resolution No. 90-1344, Metro established a Technical Advisory Committee to assist the Metro Council in coordinating the Metropolitan Greenspaces Program and Master Plan; and WHEREAS, On April 29, 1992 a Metropolitan Greesnspaces
Master Plan Public Review Draft was released for comment through
June 15, 1992; and

WHEREAS, On May 28 1992, by Resolution No. 92-1616 the Metro Council stated its intent to adopt a Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, Between April 29 and June 15, 1992 Metro staff have undertaken an extensive public involvement effort to solicit comments on the Master Plan Public Review Draft including:

- Briefings of the governing bodies of most cities and counties and special parks districts within the Metropolitan Service District Boundary;
- 2. A series of five public workshops throughout the region;
- 3. Numerous meetings of the Metropolitan Greenspaces
  Policy and Technical Advisory Committees;
- 4. Several meetings with the Greenspaces subcommittee of the Metro City Managers organization;
- 5. Briefings for the State Agency Council for Growth
  Issues in the Portland Metropolitan Area, Metro's
  Regional Policy Advisory Committee, and the Metro
  City Planning Directors organization;
- 6. Numerous briefings for civic groups, neighborhood organizations educational and special interest groups; and

WHEREAS, Significant improvements to the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan have resulted from this review process; and

WHEREAS, The Metro Council adopted the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan by Resolution No. 92-1637; and

WHEREAS, The Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan recommends that Metro seek a regional funding mechanism to assemble, through acquisition and other strategies, and develop a regional greenspaces system and also assume operations and management responsibility for components of the system in cooperation with local governments; and

WHEREAS, On July 2, 1992 the Portland Metropolitan Area Local Government Boundary Commission approved Proposal AF-4 allowing Metro to seek voter approval to acquire, develop, maintain, and operate a system of parks, open space and recreational facilities of metropolitan significance, now, therefore,

## BE IT RESOLVED,

- 1. That the Council of the Metropolitan Service
  District hereby submits to the qualified voters of the District
  the question of contracting a General Obligation bond
  indebtedness of \$200 million. The bonds shall mature over a
  period of not more than 30 years.
- 2. That the voters of the District shall in the same measure consider the question of whether Metro may finance the acquisition, development, maintenance and operation of a system

of parks, open space, and recreational facilities of metropolitan significance pursuant to ORS 268.312 (1)(c).

- 3. That the measure shall be placed on the ballot for the General election held on the 3rd day of November 1992.
- 4. That the District shall cause this Resolution and the Ballot Title Attached as Exhibit "A" to be submitted to the Elections Officer, the Tax Supervising and Conservation Commission, and the Secretary of State in a timely manner as required by law.
- 5. That the Executive Officer, pursuant to ORS 251.285 and Metro Code Chapter 2.10, shall transmit this measure, ballot title, an explanatory statement and arguments for or against, if any, to the Secretary of State for inclusion in the State Voters' Pamphlet.

,	ADOPTED	by	the	Cour	ncil	of	the	Met	tropo	olitar	Service	
District	this			đay	of _			-		1992		
					Jin	n Ga	rdne	er,	Pres	iding	Officer	•

PL/srs res&ord\r921639

#### EXHIBIT A

## Recommended Sample Bond Measure

<u>Caption</u>: "Bonds to Save Green Spaces and Fund Parks System Acquire Land to Develop Regional Natural Areas/Parks

System"

Ouestion: "Shall Metro sell two hundred million dollars of general obligation bonds for green-ways, parks, open space and recreation facilities." Shall district acquire, develop, maintain, operate regional system of parks, open spaces, recreational facilities, issue \$200 million General Obligation bonds? If the bonds are approved, they will be payable from taxes on property or property ownership that are not subject to the limits of section 11b, Article XI of the Oregon Constitution."

"Bond will permit Metro to Explanation\_Summary\_Statement: acquire, save, and improve green spaces, parks, and recreation assets. Bonds will mature in thirty years. At least Seventy-Five percent of bond funds will go to buy, and restore nature parks, trails, and green-ways. Up to twenty-five percent of bond funds may be used to help parks departments to buy and improve local parks. Bond funds will not be used for parks maintenance costs. Estimate of mean yearly cost of bonds is 19 1/2 cents per one thousand dollars of assessed value. Metro-seeks-voter approval for \$200 million in general obligation-bonds-to-buy land, improve, pay related costs for a regional system of natural areas, parks, trails and greenways for wildlife and people. After costs to sell bonds, local governments shall-spend up to 25 percent of net proceeds for local park, recreation system needs. Metro shall spend at least 75 percent of proceeds to buy and-develop-large-acre-sites, land to restore and trails. These funds shall not operate or maintain these lands."

PL/srs s:\pd\grnspc\r921639 07/16/92

# BEFORE THE COUNCIL OF THE METROPOLITAN SERVICE DISTRICT

FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUBMITTING ) TO THE VOTERS QUESTIONS CONTRACTING GENERAL ) Α OBLIGATION BOND INDEBTEDNESS IN ) THE AMOUNT OF \$200 MILLION AND AUTHORIZATION TO PROCEED WITH THE FINANCING, ACQUISITION, DEVELOPMENT, **OPERATIONS** AND MAINTENANCE OF Α REGIONAL SYSTEM OF GREENSPACES

RESOLUTION NO. 92-1639A

Introduced by Rena Cusma, Executive Officer and Councilor Richard Devlin

WHEREAS, The Metropolitan Service District has taken a leadership role in identifying remaining natural areas in the region and planning for their protection or potential acquisition; and

WHEREAS, Such activities have been and will continue to be coordinated with the affected federal, state, and local governments and citizens in the region; and

WHEREAS, Numerous planning efforts, studies and recommendations have been proposed over the past 90 years to develop a system of interconnected greenspaces for the Portland/Vancouver region; and

WHEREAS, On June 28, 1990, by Resolution No. 90-1261, the Metro Council established a Policy Advisory Committee to assist the Council in coordinating its Natural Areas Planning Program and to develop a regional consensus in the development of a Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, On December 13, 1990, by Resolution No. 90-1344, Metro established a Technical Advisory Committee to assist the

Metro Council in coordinating the Metropolitan Greenspaces Program and Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, On April 29, 1992 a Metropolitan Greesnspaces Master Plan Public Review Draft was released for comment through June 15, 1992; and

WHEREAS, On May 28 1992, by Resolution No. 92-1616 the Metro Council stated its intent to adopt a Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, Between April 29 and June 15, 1992 Metro staff have undertaken an extensive public involvement effort to solicit comments on the Master Plan Public Review Draft including:

- Briefings of the governing bodies of most cities and counties and special parks districts within the Metropolitan Service District Boundary;
- 2. A series of five public workshops throughout the region;
- 3. Numerous meetings of the Metropolitan Greenspaces
  Policy and Technical Advisory Committees;
- 4. Several meetings with the Greenspaces subcommittee of the Metro City Managers organization;
- 5. Briefings for the State Agency Council for Growth
  Issues in the Portland Metropolitan Area, Metro's
  Regional Policy Advisory Committee, and the Metro
  City Planning Directors organization;
- 6. Numerous briefings for civic groups, neighborhood organizations educational and special interest groups.; and

WHEREAS, Significant improvements to the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan have resulted from this review process; and

WHEREAS, The Metro Council adopted the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan by Resolution No. 92-1637; and

WHEREAS, The Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan recommends that Metro seek a regional funding mechanism to assemble, through acquisition and other strategies, and develop a regional greenspaces system and also assume operations and management responsibility for components of the system in cooperation with local governments; and

WHEREAS, On July 2, 1992 the Portland Metropolitan Area Local Government Boundary Commission approved Proposal AF-4 allowing Metro to seek voter approval to acquire, develop, maintain, and operate a system of parks, open space and recreational facilities of metropolitan significance, now, therefore,

### BE IT RESOLVED,

- 1. That the Council of the Metropolitan Service District hereby submits to the qualified voters of the District the question of contracting a General Obligation bond indebtedness of \$200 million. The bonds shall mature over a period of not more than 30 years.
- 2. That the voters of the District shall in the same measure consider the question of whether Metro may finance the acquisition, development, maintenance and operation of a system of parks, open space, and recreational facilities of metropolitan significance pursuant to ORS 268.312 (1)(c).

- 3. That the measure shall be placed on the ballot for the General election held on the 3rd day of November, 1992.
- 4. That the District shall cause this Resolution and the Ballot Title Attached as Exhibit "A" to be submitted to the Elections Officer, the Tax Supervising and Conservation Commission, and the Secretary of State in a timely manner as required by law.
- 5. That the Executive Officer, pursuant to ORS 251.285 and Metro Code Chapter 2.10, shall transmit this measure, ballot title, an explanatory statement and arguments for or against, if any, to the Secretary of State for inclusion in the State Voters' Pamphlet.

	11201112 21	one council of one	. Hecroporreum	DCTATCC
District	this	day of	, 1992.	
•		Jim Gardner, Pre	siding Officer	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Attest:	•	,		
Clerk of	the Council			

## EXHIBIT A

## Recommended Sample Bond Measure

<u>Caption:</u> "Bonds to Save Green Spaces and Fund Parks System Acquire

Land to Develop Regional Natural Areas/Parks System"

Question: "Shall Metro sell two hundred million dollars of general obligation bonds for green-ways, parks, open space and recreation facilities. Shall district acquire, develop, maintain, operate regional system of parks, open spaces, recreational facilities, issue \$200 million General Obligation bonds? If the bonds are approved, they will be payable from taxes on property or property ownership that are not subject to the limits of section 11b, Article XI of the Oregon Constitution."

Explanation-Summary Statement: "Bond will permit Metro to acquire, save, and improve green spaces, parks, and recreation assets. Bonds will mature in thirty years. At least Seventy-Five percent of bond funds will go to buy, and restore nature parks, trails, and green-ways. Up to twenty-five percent of bond funds may be used to help parks departments to buy and improve local parks. Bond funds will not be used for parks maintenance costs. Estimate of mean yearly cost of bonds is 19 1/2 cents per one thousand dollars of assessed value. - Metro seeks voter approval for \$200 million in general obligation bonds to buy land, improve, pay related costs for a regional system of natural areas, parks, trails and greenways for wildlife and people. After costs to sell bonds, local governments shall spend-up to 25-percent of net proceeds for local park, recreation system needs. Metro shall spend at least 75 percent of proceeds to buy and develop large acre-sites, land to restore-and trails. These funds-shall not operate-or maintain <del>these-lands.</del>"

mgs\FIN\R92-1639A.AMD

## **METRO**

# Memorandum

Planning Department 2000 S.W. First Avenue Portland, OR 97201-5398 (503) 221-1646

DATE:

July 16, 1992

TO:

Council Finance Committee

FROM:

Andy Cotugno

SUB:

Resolution No. 92-1639A

Based on discussions with the Office of General Counsel and Metro Bond Counsel, revisions to Resolution No. 92-1639 are recommended. Resolution 92-1639A is attached incorporating the following changes:

- 1. Adding an action no. 5 on the last page prior to the Presiding Officer's signature block requesting that the Executive Officer submit the necessary materials for including the ballot measure in the State Voters' Pamphlet; and
- 2. Substituting the Recommended Bond Measure for the Sample Bond Measure attached as Exhibit A to Resolution No. 92-1639. Changes in wording between the "Recommended" and "Sample" Bond measures are indicated by overstriking (deletions) and shading (additions).

### **EXECUTIVE OFFICERS RECOMMENDATION**

The Executive Officer Recommends adoption of Resolution No. 92-1639A



## METRO

2000 SW First Avenue Portland, OR 97201-5398 (503) 221-1646 Fax 241-7417

RECEIVED

JUL 24 1992

METRO SERVICE DISTRICT

July 23, 1992

Executive Officer Rena Cusma

Metro Council

Jim Gardner Presiding Officer District 3

Judy Wyers Deputy Presiding Officer District 8

Susan McLain District 1

Lawrence Bauer District 2

Richard Devlin District 4

Edward P. Gronke District 5

George Van Bergen

District 6
Ruth McFarland

District 7
Tanya Collier

District 9
Roger Buchanan
District 10

Ed Washington District 11

Sandi Hansen District 12 The Honorable Rena Cusma Executive Officer Metropolitan Service District 2000 S.W. First Avenue Portland, OR 97201-5398 The Honorable Jim Gardner Presiding Officer Metropolitan Service District 2000 S.W. First Avenue Portland, OR 97201-5398

Dear Executive Officer and Presiding Officer:

Re: Explanatory Statement for Measure Referred to Voters Pursuant to Resolution No. 92-1639A (Green Spaces Bonds)

Enclosed for filing pursuant to Metro Code Section 2.10.050 is an Explanatory Statement for publication in the state Voters' Pamphlet for the above-referenced measure.

Yours very truly,

Daniel B. Cooper General Counsel

gl 1595

**Enclosure** 

## State Voters' Pamphlet Statement

If approved by the voters, this \$200 million general obligation bond measure will allow Metro, together with local parks providers, to begin implementing the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan. This Plan provides for acquiring, developing, maintaining and operating a system of natural areas, trails and greenways to be shared by people and wildlife, now and in the future.

The Greenspaces Plan was developed in a cooperative effort. Numerous citizens' groups, business and community leaders, and representatives of the 24 cities, three counties, and two special parks districts in metropolitan Clackamas, Multnomah and Washington counties spent over three years putting together the Plan.

Only about 8 percent of our important urban natural resources are currently protected as greenspaces, leaving nearly 92 percent available for some sort of development. The bond measure is important to protect natural areas in a greenspaces system, preserving wildlife habitat and open spaces for animals, plants and people.

The Greenspaces Plan identifies 57 areas, distributed throughout the tri-county region, where important ecological resources and open spaces should be protected. The measure should make it possible to acquire over 7,000 acres of privately-owned land for natural areas and trail rights-of-way. This would increase protected greenspaces' by over 75 percent. Included among the areas are the following:

- o Forty-Mile Loop Trail
- o Willamette Greenway
- o Forest Park
- o Columbia River shoreline habitats
- o Volcanic Buttes in the Gresham/Boring/Sunnyside vicinity
- o Sandy and Clackamas River scenic areas
- o Jackson Bottom and Tualatin River access points
- o other areas nominated by citizens and local governments, including greenspaces restoration projects in heavily urbanized communities.

The Greenspaces Plan should be consulted for a complete listing of these important areas. The specific land parcels to be assembled for the system would be determined by opportunities and factors in each location.

The general obligation bond is estimated to increase the property tax rate by a maximum of 32.5 cents per \$1,000 of property value in the first year. For a \$100,000 home, this is an increase of \$32.50. However, the rate will decline steadily as total assessed value increases. The tax rate is estimated to drop to a low of 10.41 cents per \$1,000 the last year. The average annual rate over the 30-year life of the bond issue is estimated to be 19.45 cents per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Up to 25 percent of the bond proceeds will be distributed to local governments that are providing park services. These funds will be available for locally-determined land acquisition and capital improvements for park and recreation facilities. At least 75 percent of the bond proceeds will be used by Metro to protect and improve resources identified in the Master Plan. No portion of the bond funds will be used for operations and maintenance.

Voter approval of this measure provides the funds and the legal authority for Metro to acquire and protect areas identified in the Greenspaces Plan.



## **METRO**

2000 SW First Avenue Portland, OR 97201-5398 (503) 221-1646 Fax 241-7417

#### HAND DELIVERED

July 24, 1992

Ms. Vicki K. Ervin
Elections Director
Multnomah County Elections
1040 S.E. Morrison Street
Portland, OR 97214

Dear Ms. Ervin:

Re: Metro Greenspaces Ballot Measure Explanatory Statement (Resolution No. 92-1639A)

Enclosed please find an explanatory statement for the state Voters' Pamphlet that has been prepared by Metro's General Counsel pursuant to ORS 251.285 and Metro Code Chapter 2.10. A copy of the Code section is attached (see 2.10.050(b)).

Please cause a notice of the filing of this statement to be published on a joint basis with the required notice of filing of the ballot title. Please send the bill to this Office.

Please provide this Office with a copy of the certificate of publication.

Yours very truly,

Richard Engstrom,

**Deputy Executive Officer** 

dr 1465

**Enclosures** 

Executive Officer Rena Cusma

Metro Council

Jim Gardner Presiding Officer District 3

Judy Wyers Deputy Presiding Officer District 8

Susan McLain District 1

Lawrence Bauer District 2

Richard Devlin District 4

Edward P. Gronke District 5

George Van Bergen District 6

Ruth McFarland District 7

Tanya Collier District 9

Roger Buchanan District 10

Ed Washington District 11 Sandi Hansen

District 12

#### CHAPTER 2.10

#### VOTERS' PAMPHLET

#### SECTIONS:

2.10.010	State Voter's Pamphlet
2.10.020	Definitions
2.10.030	District Measures Included in the Pamphlet
2.10.040	Preparation and Judicial Review of Ballot Titles
2.10.050	Preparation and Judicial Review of Explanatory
	Statements
2.10.060	Arguments Support and Opposing Measures
2.10.070	Filing of Material with the Secretary of State

2.10.010 State Voters' Pamphlet: The Metropolitan Service District believes it to be in the interest of the electors of the District that ballot titles, explanatory statements and arguments relating to District measures be included in the state Voters' Pamphlet, as authorized by ORS 254.285 and provided for in Sections 2.10.010 through 2.10.070 of this Chapter.

(Ordinance No. 90-330A)

## 2.10.020 Definitions: As used in this Chapter:

- (a) "Committee Director" has the meaning given that term in ORS 260.005.
- (b) "Court" means the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Multnomah.
- (c) "Filing Officer" means the director of the Multnomah County Division of Elections.
- (d) "Measure" has the meaning given that term in ORS 251.005.
- (e) "Political Committee" has the meaning given that term in ORS 260.005.
- (f) "Voters' Pamphlet" means the state Voters" Pamphlet published pursuant to ORS Chapter 251.

(Ordinance No. 90-330A)

2.10.030 District Measures Included in the Pamphlet: A District measure shall qualify for inclusion in the Voters' Pamphlet under the provisions of ORS 251.285 and Sections 2.10.010 through 2.10.070 of this Chapter if:

- (a) The measure is submitted to the electors at an election for which a Voters' Pamphlet is printed;
- (b) All procedures set forth in Sections 2.10.010 through 2.10.070 of this Chapter relating to the preparation of the ballot title and explanatory statement for the measure, including review by the Court, have been completed on or before the 75th day prior to the date of the election at which the measure is to be submitted to the electors; and
- (c) In the case of a measure proposed by initiative or referendum petition:
  - (1) The Filing Officer certifies that the petition has sufficient qualified signatures to require submission of the measure to the electors; and
  - (2) Such certification is filed with the Executive Officer on or before the 90th day preceding the election at which the measure is to be submitted to the electors.

(Ordinance No. 90-330A)

## 2.10.040 Preparation and Judicial Review of Ballot Titles:

- (a) A ballot title for a measure proposed by initiative or referendum petition shall be prepared as provided in ORS 255.145. A ballot title for a measure refereed to the electors by the District shall be prepared by the District.
- (b) Judicial review of any ballot title for a District measure shall be as provided in ORS 255.155.

(Ordinance No. 90-330A)

)

# 2.10.050 Preparation and Judicial Review of Explanatory Statements:

(a) Explanatory statements for all District measures shall be prepared by General Counsel and shall be filed with the Executive Officer. An explanatory statement shall be an impartial, simple and understandable statement of 500 words or less, explaining the measure and its effect. The explanatory statement for a measure referred by the District shall be filed with the Executive Officer and the Council at the same time as the ordinances or resolutions referring the measure is acted upon by the Council. The explanatory statement for a measure proposed by initiative or referendum petition shall be filed with the Executive Officer not later than the seventh business day after the petition is submitted to the Filing Officer for signature verification.

- (b) Upon receipt of an explanatory statement, the Executive Officer shall publish in the next available edition of a newspaper of general circulation in the District a notice of receipt of the statement including notice that an elector may file a petition for review of the statement not later than the date referred to in subsection (c) of this section. The Executive Officer and the Filing Officer may jointly publish notice of the explanatory statement and ballot title for a measure in the same publication.
- (c) Any elector dissatisfied with an explanatory statement for a District measure may petition the Court stating the reasons why the statement does not meet the requirements of subsection (a) of this section. The petition shall be filed not later than the seventh business day after the statement is filed with the Executive Officer. An elector filing a petition with the Court shall also file a copy of the petition with the Executive Officer not later than the end of the next business day following the date the petition is filed with the Court. The Court shall review the statement and measure, hear arguments, if any, and certify to the Executive Officer a statement for the measure which meets the requirement of subsection (a) of this section. Review by the Court shall be first and final.

(Ordinance No. 90-330A)

## 2.10.060 Arguments Supporting and Opposing Measures:

- (a) Arguments in support of or opposition to a measure which is subject to this Chapter may be filed with the Executive Officer not later than the 75th day prior to the date of the election at which the measure is to be submitted to the electors by:
  - (1) Any person who tenders a filing fee in the amount of \$300 and submits a statement on such form as the Executive Officer may prescribe or provide, which:
    - (A) Identifies the name of the person who submitted the argument;
    - (B) Identifies the name of the organization the person represents, if any;
    - (C) Indicates whether the argument supports or opposes the measure; and
    - (D) Indicates who authorized publication of the argument.

- (2) A person who files a petition for the inclusion of the argument in the Voters" Pamphlet which contains the signatures of not less than 1,000 electors of the District. Before the argument is filed with the Executive Officer, the signatures on the petition shall be verified by the Filing Officer. Prior to the circulation of a petition under this paragraph, a prospective petition shall be filed with the Executive Officer, on such form as the Executive Officer may prescribe or provide, which:
  - (A) Sets forth the text of the proposed argument;
  - (B) Identifies the name of the person who submitted the argument;
  - (C) Indicates the name of the organization the person represents, if any;
  - (D) Indicates whether the argument supports or opposes the measure; and
  - (E) Indicates who authorized publication of the argument.
- (b) Arguments shall be typewritten and shall be prepared for printing on 29.7 square inches of the Voters' Pamphlet.

(Ordinance No. 90-330A)

2.10.070 Filing of Material with the Secretary of State: The Executive Officer shall file all measures, ballot titles, explanatory statements and arguments that meet the requirements of this Chapter with the Secretary of State and the Clerk of the Council not later than the 70th day prior to the date of the election for which a Voters' Pamphlet will be printed.

(Ordinance No. 90-330A)



## **METRO**

2000 SW First Avenue Portland, OR 97201-5398 (503) 221-1646 Fax 241-7417

## HAND DELIVERED

July 24, 1992

Ms. Vicki K. Ervin
Elections Director
Multnomah County Elections
1040 S.E. Morrison Street
Portland, OR 97214

Dear Ms. Ervin:

Re: Metro Greenspaces Ballot Measure Resolution No. 92-1639A

Enclosed please find the following documents necessary to file a bond measure for the General Election on November 3, 1992:

- 1. Metropolitan Service District Resolution No. 92-1639A adopted by the Metro Council on July 23, 1992, which establishes the ballot title for the general obligation bond measure election; and
- 2. Exhibit "A" to the above Resolution.

If you have any questions, please call me or Don Carlson, Council Administrator.

Yours very truly,

Paulette Allen,

Clerk of the Council

feuletted. Com

dr 1467

**Enclosures** 

Executive Officer Rena Cusma

Metro Council

Jim Gardner Presiding Officer District 3

Judy Wyers Deputy Presiding Officer District 8

Susan McLain District 1

Lawrence Bauer District 2

Richard Devlin District 4

Edward P. Gronke District 5

George Van Bergen District 6

Ruth McFarland District 7

Tanya Collier District 9 Roger Buchanan

District 10 Ed Washington

District 11

Sandi Hansen District 12

E CERTIFICATION OF the Council Thereof

# BEFORE THE COUNCIL OF THE METROPOLITAN SERVICE DISTRICT

FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUBMITTING ) THE VOTERS OUESTIONS CONTRACTING Α GENERAL ) OBLIGATION BOND INDEBTEDNESS IN ) THE AMOUNT OF \$200 MILLION AND ) AUTHORIZATION TO PROCEED WITH THE FINANCING, ACQUISITION, DEVELOPMENT, **OPERATIONS** AND MAINTENANCE OF Α REGIONAL SYSTEM OF GREENSPACES

RESOLUTION NO. 92-1639A

Introduced by Rena Cusma, Executive Officer and Councilor Richard Devlin

WHEREAS, The Metropolitan Service District has taken a leadership role in identifying remaining natural areas in the region and planning for their protection or potential acquisition; and

WHEREAS, Such activities have been and will continue to be coordinated with the affected federal, state, and local governments and citizens in the region; and

WHEREAS, Numerous planning efforts, studies and recommendations have been proposed over the past 90 years to develop a system of interconnected greenspaces for the Portland/Vancouver region; and

WHEREAS, On June 28, 1990, by Resolution No. 90-1261, the Metro Council established a Policy Advisory Committee to assist the Council in coordinating its Natural Areas Planning Program and to develop a regional consensus in the development of a Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, On December 13, 1990, by Resolution No. 90-1344, Metro established a Technical Advisory Committee to assist the

Metro Council in coordinating the Metropolitan Greenspaces Program and Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, On April 29, 1992 a Metropolitan Greesnspaces Master Plan Public Review Draft was released for comment through June 15, 1992; and

WHEREAS, On May 28 1992, by Resolution No. 92-1616 the Metro Council stated its intent to adopt a Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, Between April 29 and June 15, 1992 Metro staff have undertaken an extensive public involvement effort to solicit comments on the Master Plan Public Review Draft including:

- Briefings of the governing bodies of most cities and counties and special parks districts within the Metropolitan Service District Boundary;
- 2. A series of five public workshops throughout the region;
- 3. Numerous meetings of the Metropolitan Greenspaces
  Policy and Technical Advisory Committees;
- 4. Several meetings with the Greenspaces subcommittee of the Metro City Managers organization;
- 5. Briefings for the State Agency Council for Growth Issues in the Portland Metropolitan Area, Metro's Regional Policy Advisory Committee, and the Metro City Planning Directors organization;
- 6. Numerous briefings for civic groups, neighborhood organizations educational and special interest groups.; and

WHEREAS, Significant improvements to the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan have resulted from this review process; and WHEREAS, The Metro Council adopted the Metropolitan

Greenspaces Master Plan by Resolution No. 92-1637; and

WHEREAS, The Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan recommends that Metro seek a regional funding mechanism to assemble, through acquisition and other strategies, and develop a regional greenspaces system and also assume operations and management responsibility for components of the system in cooperation with local governments; and

WHEREAS, On July 2, 1992 the Portland Metropolitan Area Local Government Boundary Commission approved Proposal AF-4 allowing Metro to seek voter approval to acquire, develop, maintain, and operate a system of parks, open space and recreational facilities of metropolitan significance, now, therefore,

## BE IT RESOLVED,

- 1. That the Council of the Metropolitan Service District hereby submits to the qualified voters of the District the question of contracting a General Obligation bond indebtedness of \$200 million. The bonds shall mature over a period of not more than 30 years.
- 2. That the voters of the District shall in the same measure consider the question of whether Metro may finance the acquisition, development, maintenance and operation of a system of parks, open space, and recreational facilities of metropolitan significance pursuant to ORS 268.312 (1)(c).

- 3. That the measure shall be placed on the ballot for the General election held on the 3rd day of November, 1992.
- 4. That the District shall cause this Resolution and the Ballot Title Attached as Exhibit "A" to be submitted to the Elections Officer, the Tax Supervising and Conservation Commission, and the Secretary of State in a timely manner as required by law.
- 5. That the Executive Officer, pursuant to ORS 251.285 and Metro Code Chapter 2.10, shall transmit this measure, ballot title, an explanatory statement and arguments for or against, if any, to the Secretary of State for inclusion in the State Voters' Pamphlet.

·	ADOI	PTED	by	the	Council	of	the	Metropolitan	Service
District	this	231	cd	d	ay of	Ju.	ly	, 1992.	

Jim/Gardner, Presiding Officer

## EXHIBIT A

## Bond Measure for Resolution No. 92-1639A

Caption: Bonds to Save Green Spaces and Fund Parks System

Question: Shall Metro acquire green ways, parks, open space, wildlife habitat by issuing two hundred million dollars of general obligation bonds? If the bonds are approved, they will be payable from taxes on property or property ownership that are not subject to the limits of section 11b, Article XI of the Oregon Constitution.

Explanation: Permits Metro to acquire, develop, maintain and operate a regional system of parks, open space and recreation assets. Bonds will mature in 30 years. At least seventy-five percent of bond funds will buy and restore nature parks, trails and green ways. Up to twenty-five percent of bond funds may be used to help parks departments buy and improve local parks. Bond funds will not be used for parks care costs. Estimate of average yearly cost of bonds is 19 1/2 cents per one thousand dollars assessed value.



## **METRO**

# Memorandum

2000 S.W. First Avenue Portland, OR 97201-5398 503/221-1646

Date:

July 22, 1992

To:

Metro Council

From:

Daniel B. Cooper, General Counsel

Regarding:

**GREENSPACES BALLOT MEASURE** 

Our file: 7.§1.K

The attached version of the Greenspaces Ballot Measure is the result of consultation with bond counsel to arrange the Recommended Bond Measure from the Finance Committee to pass the statutory Flesch test for readability. The only significant word changes are the following: (1) "recreation facilities" in the Question is changed to "wildlife habitat," (2) the statutory language for Metro's new function is pulled together in the first sentence of the Explanation, and (3) "parks maintenance costs" in the Explanation is now "parks care costs." I recommend amendment of Resolution 92-1639A by substituting the attached Exhibit A.

DBC/LS/dr

Attachment

### EXHIBIT A

Caption: Bonds to save green spaces and fund parks system.

Question: Shall Metro acquire green ways, parks, open space, wildlife habitat by issuing two hundred million dollars of general obligation bonds? If the bonds are approved, they will be payable from taxes on property or property ownership that are not subject to the limits of section 11b, Article XI of the Oregon Constitution.

Explanation: Permits Metro to acquire, develop, maintain and operate a regional system of parks, open space and recreation assets. Bonds will mature in thirty years. At least seventy-five percent of bond funds will buy and restore nature parks, trails and green ways. Up to twenty-five percent of bond funds may be used to help parks departments buy and improve local parks. Bond funds will not be used for parks care costs. Estimate of average yearly cost of bonds is 19 1/2 cents per one thousand dollars assessed value.

1461



July 21, 1992

Jim Gardner, Councilor Metropolitan Service District 2000 S.W. 1st Avenue Portland, OR 97201

Dear Mr. Gardner:

Portland General Electric Company encourages Metro Council approval and implementation of the "Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan." Urban natural areas play an important part in defining the region's quality of life which in turn contributes to a healthy economy. The Master Plan provides a sound, comprehensive approach to regional greenspace acquisition and management.

I would only point out two areas of concern. First, the proposed west side trail designated as "Powerline Trail" will be difficult to establish. Public use of transmission corridors pose several significant issues including safety, health, liability, and adjacent property trespass concerns. In addition, many powerline corridors are not owned by the utility, but are established by a limited-use easement with private landowners.

Second, in the event Metro considers acquisition of a greenspace through condemnation procedures, the process should be conducted in the context of other land use processes. That is, the Greenspaces Master Plan should not be implemented independent of other land use plans, but coordinated with them.

Metro is to be commended for its leadership in this unprecedented, cooperative effort to establish a "...regional system of natural areas, open space, trails, and greenways, for wildlife and people." Approval of the master plan will help bring the region closer to a liveable future.

Sincerely

Ron Klein

PGE Environmental Affairs Coordinator

c: Richard Devlin



JULY 15, 1992 RICHARD DEVLIN TO: MIKE HOUCK METRO

RE: GREENSPACES

AM CLRIOUS TO KNOW IF THIS INCLUDES PGE RIGHT OF WAY PROPERTY NO. OF SETLLICON BRINGE ALENG THE RIVER AND JUST BELOW CARS PARK (DIRECTLY NIN OF SELLUTION RIPERFRONT PACK)? PHE APPEARS TO HAVE NO WEREST WIT AND IT HAS BECOMS A HAVEN FOR DEERLICTS, DOCUMES, AND HOMELESS Camps, INSTEAD OF THE CASE OF THE LAST Close la UFRAM REPROSES M COULD BE. BEACH /s CONSTANTY LITTERED W/ EMITTY BEER CAN'S AND HOMAN LIASTE, MAKING ITLESS THAN CONDUCIVE TO DOG -WALKING, SUNBARHING IN HEREN WATCHING-WE KIM SELLICOD IS THE PORR RELAMONSER OF ,4903 S.E. UMATIND, PRIEND, OR. 972024 ,4903 S.E. UMATIND, PRIEND, OR. 972024 THIS CITY, BUT WE this, HOPES. MARIXHICON MX18S

Eric Engstrom 1747 SE 47th Portland, OR. 97215

Richard Devlin, Chair Metro Transportation & Planning Committee Metro 2000 SW First Ave. Portland, OR. 97201

Dear Mr. Devlin,

As a resident of Southeast Portland, and a member of the Audubon society, I would like to record my support for the Greenspaces Master Plan. Projected growth in the Portland area demands a region-wide effort to preserve some open spaces and natural areas before they are all gone. Such action is critical if our quality of life in Portland is to be maintained.

The many local governments in the region cannot coordinate such a plan with out Metro's region-wide perspective. Metro's role in the Greenspaces Program should be coordinated with Metro's other efforts in Transportation and planning for the urban growth boundary. Good regional inter-disciplinary planning and coordinated action will result in more efficient government services.

As someone who uses public transit as my major mode of transportation, I am especially concerned that adequate natural areas are protected within the Metro area. I would like to note that if getting more people to use public transportation is a Metro goal, then Metro must help insure that potential recreational areas within the Metro region (and thus accessible by bus) don't all get turned into housing developments.

sincerely,

Eric Engstrom



## **METRO**

## Memorandum

2000 S.W. First Avenue Portland, OR 97201-5398 503/221-1646

Council 7/23/92 6.2

Date:

July 22, 1992

To:

Metro Council

From:

Daniel B. Cooper, General Counsel

Regarding:

**GREENSPACES BALLOT MEASURE** 

Our file: 7.§1.K

The attached version of the Greenspaces Ballot Measure is the result of consultation with bond counsel to arrange the Recommended Bond Measure from the Finance Committee to pass the statutory Flesch test for readability. The only significant word changes are the following: (1) "recreation facilities" in the Question is changed to "wildlife habitat," (2) the statutory language for Metro's new function is pulled together in the first sentence of the Explanation, and (3) "parks maintenance costs" in the Explanation is now "parks care costs." I recommend amendment of Resolution 92-1639A by substituting the attached Exhibit A.

DBC/LS/dr

1462

Attachment

#### EXHIBIT A

Caption: Bonds to save green spaces and fund parks system.

<u>Question</u>: Shall Metro acquire green ways, parks, open space, wildlife habitat by issuing two hundred million dollars of general obligation bonds? If the bonds are approved, they will be payable from taxes on property or property ownership that are not subject to the limits of section 11b, Article XI of the Oregon Constitution.

<u>Explanation</u>: Permits Metro to acquire, develop, maintain and operate a regional system of parks, open space and recreation assets. Bonds will mature in thirty years. At least seventy-five percent of bond funds will buy and restore nature parks, trails and green ways. Up to twenty-five percent of bond funds may be used to help parks departments buy and improve local parks. Bond funds will not be used for parks care costs. Estimate of average yearly cost of bonds is 19 1/2 cents per one thousand dollars assessed value.



## MULTNOMAH COUNTY OREGON

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES PARKS SERVICES DIVISION 1620 S.E. 190TH AVE. PORTLAND, OREGON 97233 (503) 248-5050 BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

GLADYS McCOY • CHAIR OF THE BOARD PAULINE ANDERSON • DISTRICT 1 COMMISSIONER

GARY HANSEN • DISTRICT 2 COMMISSIONER

RICK BAUMAN • DISTRICT 3 COMMISSIONER SHARRON KELLEY • DISTRICT 4 COMMISSIONER

July 23, 1992

Metro Council 2000 SW First Ave. Portland, OR 97201-5398

RE: Testimony Favoring Adoption of the "Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan"

Dear Councilors:

Thank you for this opportunity to present testimony regarding the Greenspaces Master Plan. On behalf of Multnomah County, I am pleased to convey our whole-hearted support.

As you know, the document before you is the product of nearly three years of work involving many of the jurisdictions within your district boundaries as well as a substantial number of state and federal agencies, nonprofit organizations, natural resource professionals, and concerned citizens.

Involvement of numerous stakeholders has contributed to the development of a plan which is comprehensive in nature, scientifically sound and responsive to the needs and desires of our regional community.

During the last twenty years, the population of the tri-county area increased by approximately 34%. Each of us has witnessed the impacts of this growth on open space, fish, wildlife and recreational resources. Few, if any, would argue that the impacts have been beneficial for the resources or our quality of life.

Without question, population will continue to grow, probably at a rate more vigorous than the last twenty years. The choice we face is simple: act now to acquire and protect natural areas or sacrifice a major element in the formula that makes this region a unique and attractive place to live, work and recreate—the opportunity for daily contact with nature.

Like most jurisdictions in the region, Multnomah County has been preoccupied with reacting to the problems associated with growth such as law enforcement. transportation, and social services. This preoccupation, coupled with growing financial constraints, has limited our ability to be proactive in the area of open space acquisition and protection. Consequently, we have looked to Metro to address this important need. The Greenspaces Plan is a meaningful first step.

It is our hope that you will enthusiastically endorse this plan tonight and then embark on an aggressive effort to educate the citizens of the region about the benefits and costs associated with implementation.

As was the case with the formulation of the Greenspaces Master Plan, Metro can count on Multnomah County's full cooperation, support and assistance in transforming plan concepts into reality.

Again, thank you for the opportunity to share our views.

Sincerely,

Sharron Kelley

Sharren

Commissioner

Charles Ciecko, Director Parks Services Division

CC:emg

4919p

## The Wetlands Conservancy

July 17, 1992

Mr. Richard Devlin METRO Councilor 2000 SW. First Avenue Portland, OR 97201-5398

Dear Richard,

SUBJECT: GREENSPACES PROGRAM

In my July 14, 1992, testimony before the Transportation Committee, I stressed that the Greenspaces Program was not a "taking" situation, and that we sought to deal only with willing sellers. I, unfortunately, made this point very strongly because that is the way I feel, but I was wrong since the Master Plan does say that condemnation might be used as a last resort (Tim Ramis' testimony that followed mine).

I voted with the others unanimously at the last Policy Advisory Committee (PAC) meeting approving the Master Plan, but I have always felt that condemnation or any absolute regulatory control of potential greenspaces purchases that might incite a "takings" claim should not be part of this program.

We need to move the Greenspaces Program forward with an absolute minimum of contention or opposition. Even a perceived "taking" of someone's land or the apparent use of the condemnation process, can be just enough of a detraction to the process and basic purpose of the plan, to cause it to loose favor in the eyes of enough voters to cause a loss in November.

We cannot take this chance. I urge you and the METRO Council and legal staff to find some way to purge the condemnation process from the Master Plan. I am truly sorry that I did not make more of this issue with the PAC. I did bring it up at one time, but then seemed to drop it. Too bad, because I firmly believe that we should only be dealing with willing sellers if we are going to have and retain region-wide support.

I hope some changes can be made.

Sincerely,

Jack Broome

JBroome:bl

## O'DONNELL, RAMIS, CREW & CORRIGAN

ATTORNEYS AT LAW
BALLOW & WRIGHT BUILDING
1727 N.W. Hoyt Street
Portland, Oregon 97209

TELEPHONE: (503) 222-4402 FAX: (503) 243-2944

DATE:

July 23, 1992

TO:

The Honorable Jim Gardner, Presiding Officer Counselors of the Metropolitan Service District

FROM:

James M. Coleman

RE:

Suggested Amendments to Greenspaces Masterplan

I represent the Peterkort family who own the land on which the Westside Light Rail Sunset Transit Center is located. On behalf of the Peterkorts, I provide the following suggested amendments which will address the concerns the Peterkorts have expressed consistently through their past participation in this process, and the request made by Jack Broome of the Wetlands Conservancy in his July 17 letter.

On page 72, amend policy No. 2.25 to read:

"Make funding decisions consistent with the priorities of the Greenspaces Masterplan, acquisition, and capital improvements plans. Funds for acquisition under this masterplan may be used (1) to acquire land set aside to satisfy Goal 5 in local comprehensive plans and (2) to purchase identified land from willing sellers. Funds shall not be used to purchase land from unwilling sellers unless the local comprehensive plan already calls for the preservation of land in order to satisfy Goal 5.

JMC:bjd jmc\memo\greensp.me2

## **METRO**

# Greenspaces

Planning Department 2000 S.W. First Avenue Portland, OR 97201-5398 (503) 221-1646

DATE:

July 23, 1992

TO:

Metro Executive Officer and Council

FROM:

Greenspaces Planning Team

SUB:

Letters of Comment on the Greenspaces Master Plan and Bond Measure

Referral

#### Attached are written comments received from:

- 1. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
- 2. Oregon Parks and Recreation Department
- 3. Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife
- 4. Clackamas County
- 5. North Clackamas Parks & Recreation District
- 6. City of Lake Oswego
- 7. Wilsonville City Councilor
- 8. Friends of Goal 5
- 9. Jack Broome, The Wetlands Conservancy
- 10. Leeanne MacColl

**Attachments** 

H:July 23,92.mh



## **United States Department of the Interior**

#### FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Portland Field Station 2600 S.E. 98th Avenue, Suite 100 Portland, Oregon 97266

July 22, 1992

METRO Council 2000 S.W. First Avenue Portland, Oregon 97201

Dear Councilors:

Participating with Metro staff in the development of the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan has been a privilege as well as an exciting opportunity for the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. The Metropolitan Greenspaces Plan illustrates a sensitivity to local development concerns as well as a commitment to biological diversity through habitat protection and restoration. The Service fully endorses adoption of the Master Plan!

Metro and participating local governments have a unique opportunity to manage natural systems from an ecosystems perspective and create a model for stewardship. By adopting a metropolitan-wide protection plan you can simplify the development process. By acquiring remnant greenspaces you can insure a sustained quality of life for area residents. By implementing environmentally sensitive and biologically sound growth and development standards, you actively participate in the maintenance of native plant and animal communities.

The Portland metropolitan region provides the setting and the opportunity to preserve habitat values for a diverse assemblage of species which depend on wetlands, riparian corridors, agricultural "edges", and Douglas fir forests. Site-specific consideration of unique habitats areas, such as the Heron Lakes and Ross Island rookeries, will insure the continued presence of a "visible" species that gives Portland its unique identity and "sense of place" for residents and visitors.

The Service recognizes the efforts taken by Metro staff to integrate ecological and economic considerations into the local development process. We commend project participants for developing an exceptional visionary document that integrates ecological, economic, and social considerations for the management of remaining natural areas within the region.

The Fish and Wildlife Service fully supports jurisdictional corroboration in protection and restoration of natural areas throughout Oregon. To achieve a national net gain in fish and wildlife populations and retain the functions of the systems which support them, a cooperative and coordinated effort by local, State, and Federal agencies, private landowners, and non-governmental organizations will be required. The Service encourages the Metro Council to adopt the Metropolitan Greenspaces Plan and to support the interim protection

of natural habitat sites until they are acquired or until specific development standards are adopted to adequately protect those which will inevitably be developed.

Sincerely,

Ol V. Felanon Russell D. Peterson Field Supervisor

PW:jc/metropln



July 21, 1992



DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND

WILDLIFE

Richard Devlin, Chair Metropolitan Service District 2000 SW 1st Ave. Portland, Oregon 97201

Dear Mr. Devlin:

The Department of Fish & Wildlife would like to offer its' support for Metro's Master Planning effort and the Greenspaces program. We have just begun a program called Naturescaping which compliments the goals set forth in Greenspaces. Basically, Naturescaping means landscaping property to attract wildlife. Through classes offered by department volunteers, we will encourage people to preserve, enhance and create wildlife habitat in their backyards. It is designed to educate and inform citizens about the consequences of habitat loss, and give them an opportunity to create their own wildlife oasis - to help rewilderness the city.

Goals for Greenspaces and Naturescaping are very closely aligned. They are both for wildlife and people, instill a daily sense of stewardship, occur within our living and working spaces, enhance habitat that remains, incorporate native plants, identify backyards that provide a link to the larger system, involve restoration efforts in neighborhoods that have been intensely urbanized, and promote and encourage citizen awareness and involvement in active habitat stewardship.

We look forward to coordinating with your efforts and making Greenspaces information and programs available to all participants in our Naturescaping program.

Yours truly,

Barbara Hutchison Public Affairs, Director



PARKS AND

RECREATION

DEPARTMENT

- DATE:

July 10, 1992

TO:

Ann Squier

Senior Policy Advisor

FROM:

Marquerite Nabeta

Outdoor Recreation Planner

SUBJECT:

Metropolitan Greenspaces Program

Master Plan Adoption

After several years of incredible citizen participation and hard work, METRO staff has completed the draft master plan for this program. Doug Cottam, Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife and I have been participating as members of the policy advisory committee for the program. Other state agency participants on additional committees include: Jack Wiles, Region 1 parks supervisor and Pete Bond, state Trails Coordinator.

The final hearing for adoption of the plan is July 23, 1992. Mel Huie from METRO staff and I feel that it would be very beneficial to either have you or another representative testify or provide a letter of support for the program from the Governor's office at that hearing. Please contact Mel at 220-1186 to arrange for a time certain to present at the hearing or make other suitable arrangements.

This is a tremendous project that has the potential to assist the jurisdictions in the METRO area to meet the need for an adequate resource base of Greenspaces in the future. It has been a challenge for METRO to bring so many jurisdictions together for this common cause.

Call me at 378-6378 if you have any questions.

c: Steve Brutscher Mel Huie



# BEFORE THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

OF CLACKAMAS COUNTY, STATE OF OREGON

In the Matter of Approving the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan

RESOLUTION NO.: 92 -Page 1 of 1

WHEREAS, it is recognized that greenspaces contribute to the livability of Clackamas County, as the County and Portland Metropolitan Region grow existing greenspaces are increasingly threatened with development, and protection of greenspaces would enhance the quality of life for existing and future residents of Clackamas County and the Portland Metropolitan Region; and

WHEREAS, County Commissioners and staff, Metro, local service providers, community organizations and the public have for approximately three years jointly sought to develop a plan to protect greenspaces to help ensure the future livability of our community; and

WHEREAS the Technical Advisory Committee and Political Advisory Committee, both made up of representatives from various sectors of the community, as well as other advisory committees, have advised Metro staff on an ongoing basis with regard to the contents of the plan and have recommended a master plan which provides a vision shared by many and provides an appropriate planning context; and

WHEREAS a draft of this master plan has been presented to all cooperating jurisdictions, a number of property owners, businesses, and community organizations, and their comments and concerns have been incorporated as appropriate;

NOW, THEREFORE IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED AND ORDERED that Clackamas County Board of Commissioners accepts and approves the Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan as a guide for further policy action, and recommends it, together with the public review record, to the Metro Council for their approval and further action.

DATED this 17th day of July, 1992

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Darlene Hoole

Ed Lindquist, Commissioned





JUDIE HAMMERSTAD CHAIR

COMMISSIONER

ED LINDQUIST

MICHAEL F. SWANSON

July 17, 1992

The Honorable Jim Gardner
Presiding Officer of the Metro Council
METRO
2000 SW First Avenue
Portland, OR 97201-5398

#### Dear Councilor Gardner:

The "Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan" presents an exciting vision for the future of the region. We encourage the Metro Council to approve the "Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan" at their meeting on July 23, 1992. The protection of greenspaces is vital to the livability of our community.

We are pleased to have assisted in the development of such a worthwhile plan and look forward to continued participation in the Greenspaces Program. We share the enthusiasm of the cities in the County regarding both the regional plan and the method for distribution of funds to local service providers. We look forward to working together with Metro and other cooperators to implement the Greenspaces vision to help ensure a healthy and livable community of which we are proud.

Commendation is deserved for all who have participated in development of the plan, including Metro staff, local jurisdictions and the public. The revised plan, recommended by the Greenspaces Political Advisory Committee on July 18th, reflects the foresight, stewardship and cooperation of all involved in the process of developing the plan.

We will share the plan with the public in Clackamas County and encourage citizens to be informed of the contents of the plan and vote in November.

Sincerely,

Chairperson, Clackamas County Board of Commissioners

Board of Directors, North Clackamas Parks and Recreation District

DARLENE HOOLEY

Clackamas County Board of Commissioners

o Hammestad

Board of Directors, North Clackamas Parks and Recreation District

ED LINDQUIST

Clackamas County Board of Commissioners

Board of Directors, North Clackamas Parks and Recreation District

c: Richard Devlin, Metro
Pat Lee, Metro
Mel Huie, Metro

Roger Brown, North Clackamas Parks and Recreation District Dan Zinzer, Clackamas County Parks

grnsp/support17/92



July 23, 1992

Mr. Mel Huie METRO. 2000 SW First Avenue Portland, OR 97201-5398

#### Dear Mel:

Since I will be unable to be in attendance at the METRO council meeting on July 23, I want to go on record for the Regional Parks Advisory Board of the North Clackamas Parks and Recreation District our full support for the Greenspaces Program.

The Board believes that this is a unique opportunity to make a substantial commitment toward continuing and enhancing the quality of life for the people who live in the METRO area. If we are successful in this effort, we will assure our citizens that our community will continue to be a desirable place in which to live and work.

It has been a pleasure to work with you and the staff of METRO in the development of the Greenspaces Program. You can count on our Park District for support as we work cooperatively with Clackamas County Parks and the cities within Clackamas County in the provision of information that will enable voters to make an informed choice for the protection of green spaces and enhancement of our quality of life in the November election.

Sincerely,

Roger K. Brown

Director

RKB:js

Dan Zinzer, Clackamas County Parks

Board of County Commissioners, Clackamas County



DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

July 9, 1992

Mel Huie
METRO Greenspaces Program
2000 SW First Avenue
Portland, OR 97201-5398

Dear Mel:

RE: City of Lake Oswego's Participation in Allocation of Local Share of Greenspaces Bond Revenue

Please find enclosed a signed and notarized copy of Resolution 92-30 that affirms the City's participation as per the formula worked out with Clackamas County and the other County jurisdictions.

If you have any questions or if I can be of further service, please do not hesitate to call me at 697-7421.

Best Regards,

Ron Bunch, AICP Senior Planner

pc: Dan Zinzer, Clackamas County Parks Administrator

file

#### **RESOLUTION 92–30**

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LAKE OSWEGO SUPPORTING THE PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION OF LOCAL GREENSPACES FUNDS IF THE METRO BOND MEASURE IS SUCCESSFUL IN NOVEMBER, 1992.

WHEREAS, the City of Lake Oswego and Clackamas County and other Clackamas County cities are desirous of obtaining funding for open space acquisition; and

WHEREAS, it is necessary for the City and Clackamas County and other Clackamas County cities to agree on a distribution formula;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the City Council of the City of Lake Oswego that:

Section 1. The City of Lake Oswego supports the proposed distribution of local greenspaces funds as outlined in Attachment A, attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and incorporated herein by reference.

Considered and enacted by the City Council of the City of Lake Oswego at a regular meeting held on the 7th day of July, 1992.

AYES:

M. ANDERSON, HOLSTEIN, MARCOTTE, SCHLENKER, D. ANDERSON, PUSKAS

NOES:

NONE

EXCUSED: CHRISMAN...

ABSTAIN: NONE

Alice L. Schlenker

Mayor

ATTEST:

Kristi Hitchcock

City Recorder

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Jeffrey & Gondit

City Attorney

[Ron92.1]<corres>R92-30

I, Kristi Hitchcock, recorder of the City of Lake Oewego do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original thereof in the files of

the recorder's office of the City of Lake Oswego.

City Recorder



#### Department of Transportation & Development

#### ATTACHMENT "A"

WINSTON KURTH EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

RICHARD DOPP DIRECTOR OPENATIONS & ADMINISTRATION

> TOM VANDERZANDEN DIRECTOR PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

#### MEMORANDUM

TO:

Ron Bunch, City of Lake Oswego Ron Parch, City of Gladstone Ken Worcester, City West Linn

Don Robertson, City of Milwaukie

Roger Brown, North Clackamas Park & Recreation District

Verne Scholtz, City of Happy Valley Kate Daschell, City of Oregon City Pam Emmons, City of Wilsonville

FROM:

Dan Zinzer, Park Administrator

Clackamas County Parks

DATE:

June 24, 1992

SUBJECT:

Distribution agreements from June 24, 1992 Meeting

In our meeting of June 24, 1992, it was agreed that we would recommend the following positions to our respective elected officials.

- 1. Participating Cities and the County should develop the formula for local distribution of Greenspaces funds if the bond measure is successful in November 1992.
- 2. Population and assessed value should be considered equally in the distribution formula.
- The County's population and assessed value distribution will not include the areas served by participating cities or the North Clackamas Park and Recreation District.
- The most recent figures from the 1991-92 assessment rolls, and the 1991 P.S.U. population count will be a fair basis for determining the distribution.
- 5. Distribution for those Cities included in more than one county will be based on the population and assessed value that lies within Clackamas County.

I have attached a spread sheet based on these conclusions. Please share this information with the appropriate parties. We need to contact Metro with our local distribution formula by July 6, 1992. Written resolutions can follow later in July.

Thank you all for the cooperative spirit in our discussions. I feel this distribution formula not only shows that we are able to work together but truly represents a fair distribution for all of the citizens who will be participating in the Greenspaces Program.

#### POPULATION BASED ON 1991 P.S.U. CERTIFIED POPULATION ESTIMATES ASSESSED VALUE IS ACTUAL FOR CURRENT TAX YEAR TOTAL COUNTY ALLOCATION OF \$10,851,500.00 (1)

JURISDICITON	POPULATION	PERCENT	DISTRIBUTION POP. 50%	ASSESSED VALUE ***********	PERCENT	DISTRIBUTION A.V. 50%	TOTAL	PERCENT
CPRD LADSTONE APPY VALLEY AKE OSWEGO LLWAUKIE REGON CITY	57,197 10,420 1,650 29,254 19,450 16,760	21.29% 3.88% 0.61% 10.89% 7.24% 6.24%	\$1,155,106 \$210,434 \$33,322 \$590,791 \$392,797 \$338,472	2,414,064,580 282,636,530 93,423,600 2,015,674,100 792,690,070 528,260,190	20.07% 2.35% 0.78% 16.76% 6.59% 4.39%	\$127,506 \$42,146 \$909,334 \$357,607	\$2,244,166 \$337,940 \$75,468 \$1,500,125 \$750,404 \$576,787	
IVERGROVE ST LINN LISONVILLE JALATIN KILAND LACKAMAS COUNTY DIAL	267 17,160 8,755 2,025 710 105,017 268,665		\$5,392 \$346,550 \$176,809 \$40,895 \$14,339 \$2,120,842 \$5,425,750	12,067,330 821,833,470 648,011,500 125,837,140 44,926,480 4,247,560,990 12,026,985,980	0.10% 6.83% 5.39% 1.05% 0.37% 35.32%	\$5,444 \$370,755 \$292,338 \$56,769 \$20,268 \$1,916,208 \$5,425,750	\$10,836 \$717,305 \$469,147 \$97,664 \$34,606 \$4,037,050 \$10,851,500	0.10% 6.61% 4.32% 0.90% 0.32% 37.20%

<sup>&#</sup>x27;(1) \$10,851,500.00 is an estimated allocation based on a region distribution using 50% population and 50% assessed value for the urban portion of Clackamas County

<sup>(2)</sup> Does not include any incorporated Cities (3) Actual total population including Cities outside the U.G.B. is 288,700

DATE:

JULY 23, 1992

TO:

THE METRO COUNCIL

FROM:

CHARLOTTE LEHAN

WILSONVILLE CITY COUNCILOR

RE:

METRO GREENSPACES PROGRAM

My name is Charlotte Lehan. I reside at 29786 SW Lehan Court in Wilsonville. I am a City Councilor with the City of Wilsonville and I am one of the founders of an advocacy group called Friends of Goal Five. LCDC Goal #5 is the statewide land use planning goal protecting natural areas and open spaces. Since I cannot attend the hearing tonight to testify, I am writing to enter my support of the Metro Greenspaces program and to stress the importance of a regional cooperative approach to open space planning.

As a member of Friends of Goal Five, I am well aware of the environmental benefits of a regional plan. Sensitive habitats, especially streams and watersheds don't always stay neatly within political boundaries. The functioning of a whole habitat system may depend on critical areas which lie in a different jurisdiction. In addition, a system of wildlife corridors is important to allow daily and seasonal movement of everything from deer to salamanders. Without a regional plan to protect these corridors, wildlife are forced into isolated pockets which can result in decreased genetic diversity and increased vulnerability.

As a City Councilor, I am also aware of the political realities which make a regional Greenspaces program important. Smaller communities, don't always have the expertise to identify and manage particular habitats which may have truly unique features important to the whole region. Secondly, important natural areas are not evenly distributed. One city may have a large percentage of land with significant wetlands, for instance, where another city may have relatively little. Thus, the burden of acquisition and protection may be too great for some smaller jurisdictions, even though the benefit may be region wide.

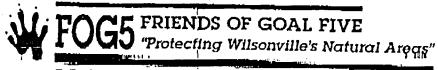
P.O. Box 128 Wilsonville, Oregon 97070 Phone 503/682-0620 Fax 503/638-1702

Finally, there is the "Quality of Life" issue which we as Cities, Counties, the tourist industry, and the business community promote in the interest of economic development. The standard Chamber of Commerce promotional video rarely advertises convenient streets, strip malls, and parking lots. Instead it shows parks, open space, viewpoints, trees, natural features, and people enjoying them. Unfortunately, once the "Quality of Life" video is produced we are often less than vigilant in protecting those very features which we base much of our regional pride, reputation, and economy upon. Without that vigilance now, most of our opportunities for greenspace protection may disappear by the turn of the century.

Last year the Wilsonville City Council passed Resolution #830 in unanimous support of a regional Greenspaces program. I encourage Metro to continue to play a leading role in support of a Greenspaces program the whole region can be proud of - now, and for the many generations who follow.

Sincerely,

Charlotte Lehan



P.O. Box 128 Wilsonville, Oregon 97070

To: Metro Council

July 23,1992

Regarding: Metro Greenspaces

Metro Greenspace's program to protect open spaces is on the right track. If accomplished it will add a dimension to the Metro area that will insure for generations to come wild and beautiful lands. These areas will be accessable for people to enjoy nature in our own "backyard".

Protection of habitat is great for all animals and plants but it is also great for Portland. Please help us build on our environmental reputation by supporting Metro Greenspaces.

Sincerely,

Steven C. Benson, Chairman

### The Wetlands Conservancy

July 17, 1992

Mr. Richard Devlin METRO Councilor 2000 SW. First Avenue Portland, OR 97201-5398

Dear Richard,

SUBJECT: GREENSPACES PROGRAM

In my July 14, 1992, testimony before the Transportation Committee, I stressed that the Greenspaces Program was not a "taking" situation, and that we sought to deal only with willing sellers. I, unfortunately, made this point very strongly because that is the way I feel, but I was wrong since the Master Plan does say that condemnation might be used as a last resort (Tim Ramis' testimony that followed mine).

I voted with the others unanimously at the last Policy Advisory Committee (PAC) meeting approving the Master Plan, but I have always felt that condemnation or any absolute regulatory control of potential greenspaces purchases that might incite a "takings" claim should not be part of this program.

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We cannot take this chance. I urge you and the METRO Council and legal staff to find some way to purge the condemnation process from the Master Plan. I am truly sorry that I did not make more of this issue with the PAC. I did bring it up at one time, but then seemed to drop it. Too bad, because I firmly believe that we should only be dealing with willing sellers if we are going to have and retain region-wide support.

I hope some changes can be made.

Sincerely,

Jack Broome

JBroome:bl

Leeanne 4. Macou 2620 S.W. Georgian Place Portland Ofe. 97201

To The metro Council Re. Metropolitan Greenspace Bond Measure

I would like to lend my voice of support to The many others who have Expressed their desire to see The remaining large areas of open space acquired and protected for the hopefully many generations To tollow.

as Tony Hiss printed out so well in his book The Experience of place, "The hearth of individual people is departed on Their Environment ... and our health and well being are affected by what

we can Experience inplace!

Pari quhai majes our metropolitai aria 50 Open space, the proximity of washing trails park, opportunities for families to share a day in the park, and to just got away from the noises of the city.

On as tony Hirs might say - to restore our stressed

We have The chance now to protect this our psyches lifestyle- and me musi lock down the road and try to visualize what the metropolitam area

Returning a portion of the bond proceeds to The local park and recreation systems is a good idea and will had a loud surrent for systems is a good idea. and will help lend support hom other jurisdictions.

Its a bold idea and will take a great

doal of convincing The average voier that the Extra tax burden will return rewards just in Excess of the cost. Bregon leads the nation, in schang areas such as environmental protection, housing and snergy conservation. Why hat a protection of snergy conservation. protection of our birreplacable natural areas?



## CITY OF PORTLAND BUREAU OF PARKS AND RECREATION



1120 S.W. 5TH, ROOM 1302 PORTLAND, OREGON 97204-1933 (503) 796-5193

MIKE LINDBERG, Commissioner

CHARLES JORDAN, Director

July 23, 1992

TO:

Rena Cusma, Metro Executive Officer, and

Members of the Metro Council

FROM:

Charles Jordan, Director

City of Portland

Bureau of Parks and Recreation

RE:

Metro Greenspaces

The planning is complete, it's time to act. The Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan provides the region with an inspiring vision of the region's future. With its comprehensive program for protecting greenspaces in the Portland-Vancouver region, the Master Plan responds to the frightening reality that an additional 500,000 people will join us in the next 30 years.

You have our support as you adopt the Master Plan. I am proud to say that we have been a partner with you in its development. The Master Plan is comparable to the Olmsted report of 1903, for like the Olmsted report, it is forward thinking. It is the blueprint that now challenges us to live up to the potential offered by our beautiful landscape. It is our chance to earn the thanks of those people who follow us and live in this region 30, 50 and 100 years from now.

You also have our support for the proposed \$200,000,000 greenspaces bond measure. We recognize that this is a major investment to ask our citizens to make. But we believe that the citizens of our region will respond with their approval. They know that now is the time to ensure the future of greenspaces. We are comfortable with the local share formula. We pledge to be an active partner with Metro Greenspaces and intend to use the majority of this amount to meet local greenspace needs.

Thanks to Metro and to all the local jurisdictions who have worked cooperatively on this Plan. Over the course of the last two years we have worked well together. We have gotten

to know one another and we have had candid discussions about the direction we should take. We have even begun to think as a region, considering what is best for all of us, not just our individual agencies.

Thanks to the citizens who have participated in the process. We have learned that our citizens have passionate feelings about their open spaces and natural landscapes. And through the site nomination process, we have discovered greenspaces large and small that enrich the lives of people as well as provide habitat for fish and wildlife.

We look forward to continuing our work as a partner within the Metro Greenspaces Program. We must succeed in this effort and we congratulate you for your leadership.

## PORTLAND, OREGON

OFFICE OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS

Mike Lindberg, Commissioner 1220 S.W. Fifth Ave. Portland, OR 97204 (503) 823-4145

July 23, 1992

METRO Councilors 2000 S.W. First Avenue Portland, Oregon 97201

Dear Councilors:

As the Portland City Commissioner in charge of the Bureau of Parks and Recreation, and as one involved and active in the development of the Metropolitan Greenspaces program since its inception, I request your support for the following:

adoption of the Greenspaces Masterplan;

referral of the General Obligation Bond to the voters in the fall; and

. continuing efforts to identify operation and maintenance funds for this Greenspaces program.

The Portland City Council has repeatedly expressed its support for the Greenspaces program. In May 1990, the Council passed a resolution supporting the Greenspaces planning effort and its regional approach. This spring, the Council conducted an informal review of the draft masterplan and, again, enthusiastically endorsed the effort and the need to take steps now to preserve our remaining natural area systems. The City has also demonstrated its support by providing staffing and financial resources to the Greenspaces program for the past three years.

Under METRO's guidance, we have succeeded as a region in working cooperatively in identifying our valuable natural area systems. And even more importantly, we have crafted a plan and strategy to protect and preserve these systems.

This has been an exemplary process where jurisdictions throughout the region have come together along with citizens, friends groups, and resource agencies. You have before you a consensus document which deserves your serious attention. I honestly believe that we will not have another chance to save the Greenspaces which we have come to rely on and take for granted.

Many people refer to the stewardship and the legacy left to us by the 1903 Portland Park Board in adopting the Olmsted Brothers Report. It outlined a system of parkways, boulevards, and parks for the City. Their foresight has given us Forest Park, Terwilliger Blvd., Mt. Tabor, Powell Butte, etc. METRO Councilors July 23, 1992 Page Two

I myself like to refer back to the cultural wisdom of our Native American people who hold a deep respect for this earth and its interrelationships. Their wisdom and stewardship lies in not concentrating on themselves or their generation, but in thinking of the continuing generations of their families, their grandchildren, and those yet to be born.

We must do the same. Please adopt this Greenspaces Masterplan and refer the General Obligation Bond measure to the voters.

Sincerely,

MIKE LINDBERG

Commissioner

Office of Public Affairs

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