#### BEFORE THE METRO COUNCIL

FOR THE PURPOSE OF APPROVING THE FY 1995 UNIFIED WORK PROGRAM

RESOLUTION NO. 94-1916

Introduced by Councilor Rod Monroe

WHEREAS, The Unified Work Program describes all federally-funded transportation planning activities for the Portland-Vancouver metropolitan area to be conducted in FY 1995; and

WHEREAS, The FY 1995 Unified Work Program indicates federal funding sources for transportation planning activities carried out by Metro, Regional Transportation Council, Oregon Department of Transportation, Tri-Met and the local jurisdictions; and

WHEREAS, Approval of the FY 1995 Unified Work Program is required to receive federal transportation planning funds; and

WHEREAS, The FY 1995 Unified Work Program is consistent with the proposed Metro budget submitted to the Tax Supervisory and Conservation Commission; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED,

That the Metro Council hereby declares:

- 1. That the FY 1995 Unified Work Program is approved.
- 2. That an additional \$70,000 of Regional STP funds is allocated.
- 3. That it is recognized that full funding for this work program has not been secured which could result in amendment, reduction or elimination of some work elements or funding through alternate sources. These changes will be reviewed by TPAC, JPACT and the Metro Council.
- 4. That the FY 1995 Unified Work Program is consistent with the continuing, cooperative and comprehensive planning process and is given positive Intergovernmental Project Review action.
- 5. That Metro's Executive Officer is authorized to apply for, accept and execute grants and agreements specified in the Unified Work Program.

ADOPTED by the Metro Council this 24thay of March , 1994.

Judy Wyers) Presiding Officer

# FY 1994-95 Unified Work Program

# **DRAFT 2**

Transportation Planning in the Portland-Vancouver Metropolitan Area

Metro

Southwest Washington Regional Transportation Council Oregon Department of Transportation

February 28, 1994

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Washington Portion (see following page)

#### **Portland Metro Area**

#### FY 1994-95

# **Unified Work Program**

#### Overview

#### Introduction

Metro is the metropolitan planning organization (MPO) designated for the Oregon portion of the Portland-Vancouver urbanized area. It is required to meet the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (ISTEA) "Transportation Management" areas and the Land Conservation and Development Commission (LCDC) Transportation Planning Rule (TPR) requirements for MPO areas. In combination, these requirements call for development of a multi-modal transportation system plan, integrated with land use decisions and plans for the region, with an emphasis on development of a multi-modal transportation system which reduces reliance on the single-occupant automobile and consistent with realistic financial constraints.

The Unified Work Program (UWP) includes, primarily, the transportation planning activities of Metro and other area governments with reference to land use planning activities.

# **Decision-making Process**

Metro is governed by a directly elected Council in accordance with a voter approved Charter. The Council is comprised of 13 districts, reducing to seven effective January 1, 1995. The agency is administered under the direction of an executive officer, elected by voters district-wide.

Metro uses a decision-making structure which provides state, regional and local governments the opportunity to participate in the transportation and land use decision of the organization. The two key committees are the Joint Policy Advisory Committee on Transportation (JPACT) and the Metro Policy Advisory Committee (MPAC). These committees are comprised of key elected and appointed officials and receive technical advise from the Transportation Policy Advisory Committee (TPAC) and the Metro Technical Advisory Committee (MTAC).

JPACT - This committee is comprised of Metro Councilors (three), local elected officials (nine, including two from Clark County, Washington) and appointed officials from the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT), Tri-Met, the Port of Portland, the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) and the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT). All transportation-related actions (including federal MPO actions) are recommended by JPACT to the Metro Council. The Metro Council can approve the recommendations or refer it back to JPACT with a specific concern for reconsideration. Final approval of each item, therefore, requires the concurrence of both bodies.

MPAC - This committee was established by the Metro Charter to provide a vehicle for local government involvement in Metro's planning activities. It includes local elected officials (11),

appointed officials representing special district (three), citizens (three), Metro Councilors (two with non-voting status), Clark County, Washington (two with non-voting status) and an appointed official from the State of Oregon (with non-voting status). Under the Metro Charter, this Committee has responsibility for recommending to the Metro Council adoption of or amendment to any element of the Charter required Regional Framework Plan (RFP). The RFP must address the following topics:

- transportation
- urban growth boundary
- urban reserves
- · open space and parks
- water supply
- housing densities
- urban design
- · coordination with Clark County, Washington
- · other issues of regional significance

In accordance with this requirement, the transportation plan developed to meet ISTEA, Rule 12 and Charter requirements will require a recommendation from both MPAC and JPACT. This will ensure proper integration of transportation with land use and environmental concerns.

TPAC - This is a committee comprised of technical staff from the same jurisdictions as JPACT plus six citizens. It develops recommendations to JPACT on all transportation-related matters. It has standing committees for the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) and Transportation Demand Management (TDM).

MTAC - This is a committee comprised of technical staff from the same jurisdictions as MPAC to develop recommendations to MPAC on land use-related matters.

#### Planning Priorities Facing the Portland Region

ISTEA, the Clean Air Act Amendment (CAAA), Rule 12 and the Metro Charter, in combination, have created a policy direction for the region to update land use and transportation plans on an integrated basis and define, adopt and implement a multi-modal transportation system. Major land use planning efforts underway include:

- Completion of the Region 2040 Project to establish basic directions on urban form to serve as the basis for the upcoming revision to the RTP; this is in part in response to a Rule 12 requirement to consider land use alternatives to transportation improvements.
- Adoption of local development ordinances to incorporate into private developments bike and pedestrian facilities and improved building placement and orientation to facilitate access to the site by bikes, pedestrians and transit riders.
- · Changes to land use plans to maximize development response to light rail transit (LRT).

These policy directives also emphasize development of a multi-modal transportation system. Major efforts in this area include:

- Initiation of alternative mode projects through the new Congestion Mitigation/Air Quality (CMAQ) and Transportation Enhancement Programs.
- Allocation of regional and state Surface Transportation Program (STP) funds to ensure completion of the Hillsboro extension of the Westside Project.
- Initiation of the South/North Project to define the next high capacity transit (HCT) project after the Westside Project to Hillsboro.
- Establishment of a \$36 million alternative mode account for inclusion in the update to the ODOT Six-Year Improvement Program (despite a cut of \$136 million of highway projects in this update).

Finally, these policy directives point toward efforts to reduce vehicle travel and vehicle emissions, in particular:

- The state requirement to reduce vehicle miles traveled (VMT) per capita by 20 percent over the next 30 years.
- Upcoming maintenance plans for ozone and carbon monoxide with establishment of emissions budgets to ensure future air quality violations do not develop.
- Completion of a regional TDM study to define policy directions for reducing demand for inclusion in the RTP.
- Consideration of a congestion pricing pilot project.

In order to implement these transportation needs, finance remains a significant priority. This is particularly critical with the rejection of a transportation finance measure by the 1993 Oregon Legislature. Major efforts underway include:

- Development of a proposal for 1995 Oregon Legislature.
- Consideration of Metro vehicle registration fee.
- Inclusion of financial constraint in the TIP and RTP (leading to recent cuts in the ODOT Six-Year Improvement Program).
- Development of a Finance Package for the South/North HCT Project.

A number of transportation issues remain unresolved and are being studied on a corridor or sub-area basis to determine appropriate actions for inclusion in the RTP. The following major studies are underway or upcoming:

- Western Bypass Study
- Sunrise Corridor Study
- Mt. Hood Parkway Study
- Eastbank Freeway/Central Eastside Study
- South/North HCT Study

Several of the above issues are of interstate significance, chief among them adoption of land use plans under the Washington Growth Management Act, completion of the South/North HCT Study and meeting and maintaining air quality standards in the Bi-State Air Quality Maintenance Area.

#### REGIONAL\_TRANSPORTATION PLAN

#### **PROGRAM DESCRIPTION**

The adopted Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) provides the region with a comprehensive policy and investment blueprint for an effective long range transportation system. To ensure that the RTP adequately reflects: 1) current demographic, travel demand, economic conditions and trends; and 2) federal, state and regional, policy, regulations and legislation, ongoing maintenance of the RTP database and timely updates to the plan are necessary.

The RTP was adopted in 1982, and updated in 1983 and 1989. The RTP fulfills federal planning requirements intended to ensure coordinated and logical urban transportation systems prior to the disbursement of federal funds. The RTP also fulfills state planning requirements for a regional functional transportation system plan in the Portland area.

The RTP was last revised in 1992. The revision was necessary in order to position projects for federal funding and to incorporate policy direction as specified in recent state and federal regulation and legislation, including the state Rule 12, the CAAA of 1990 and the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1991.

Also, in late 1991, the ISTEA was adopted and requires the development of a long-range multi-modal system plan consistent with 15 broad planning factors. The factors require a fiscally constrained plan which addresses all modes of travel and the movement of both freight and people. These aspects of the ISTEA are similar to those included in the new Oregon Transportation Plan (OTP). The OTP is the state's response to Rule 12. Provisions for consistency between the RTP and OTP are contained in Rule 12 and the OTP.

### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

The FY 1993-94 focus was to initiate major planning efforts to update the RTP in response to both ISTEA and Rule 12. A detailed scope of work was developed and approved through the study's project management and public involvement structure. A substantial portion of the FY 1993-94 work program involved Region 2040 related efforts. Alternative transportation systems and evaluation criteria were developed in conjunction with the four Region 2040 growth concepts.

Coordination with local governments was also initiated. Each jurisdiction must submit a transportation system plan (TSP) consistent with the Metro RTP. Consequently, Metro must plan concurrently with local governments to ensure that consistency.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

# Work Program for FY 1994-95

Next year's program will focus on two activities: 1) Completion of the ISTEA mandated update by October 1994; and 2) Completing an update consistent with Rule 12 requirements

by May 1995. These activities directly relate to Transportation Division goals to maintain and update regional transportation policy and planning. The long-range system planning requirements for ISTEA and Rule 12 are generally complimentary. As a result, the work program has been adjusted to reflect a single process with two milestones for submittal: a federal plan to Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)/Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and a state plan to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD)/ODOT.

The ISTEA Update will focus on addressing 15 planning factors contained in the act. In addition to freight movement considerations, ISTEA requires the plan to address "overall social, economic, energy and environmental effects of transportation decisions" and other common transportation planning elements related to travel forecasting, capital needs and costs.

Both ISTEA and Rule 12 require updates to RTP elements related to the evaluation of the adequacy of current and alternative scenarios to meet forecast needs; and to the identification of amendments to the RTP required in the areas of transportation policy, regional transportation system elements, improvements to the systems (10- and 20-year needs), financing shortfalls, coordination, implementation and consistency with other plans, programs and outstanding issues.

#### Specifically, the ISTEA Update will:

- · Address the 15 MPO planning factors.
- · Identify a "fiscally constrained" network.
- Conduct a conformity analysis on the constrained system consistent with the CAAA of 1990.
- · Identify RTP level major investment analysis areas.

The final RTP Update consistent with Rule 12 will be carried out consistent with the recommended Region 2040/RFP growth option. The Update will coordinate, comply or be sensitive to these additional activities:

- The requirements of ISTEA and Rule 12 for the development of multi-modal policies, plans and programs.
- ISTEA requirements for the development of a "turn-key" financial analysis software package suitable for ongoing operation and maintenance by Metro staff.
- ODOT's Multi-Modal OTP.
- ODOT's plan for multi-modal corridor studies intended to identify improvements on key urban arterials.
- Changes to local jurisdictional and agency transportation plans, programs and policies.
- ISTEA required management systems and major investment analyses.

#### Other RTP related activities include:

 Maintain and update the RTP database consistent with changes in the population and employment forecasts, travel demand projections, cost and revenue estimates, and amendments to local comprehensive plans.

- Assist ODOT, Multnomah, Clackamas and Washington Counties in evaluating consistency of the I-84/US 26 Connector (Mt. Hood Parkway), Sunrise Corridor and the Tualatin-Hillsboro Corridor (Western Bypass) with land use goals and transportation objectives.
- Pursue federal funding opportunities as available under ISTEA, including a congestion pricing pilot project, as appropriate.
- Continue to assist ODOT, DLCD and the region in the transportation planning, project development and implementation, and decision-making consistent with state Rule 12.
- Assist ODOT and DLCD in administration, implementation and monitoring of their transportation and growth management program as approved by the 1993 legislature.
- Participate as a representative from Metro to various planning or engineering technical advisory committees involved with refinement and implementation of regionally significant actions related to the RTP or development of local TSP's.
- Assist Tri-Met in establishing program and policies to ensure private enterprise participation in planning and provision of mass transit service.
- Support the findings of the Suburban Transit Study which calls for contracted service to serve developing areas, continue to identify transit markets and types of service areas appropriate for implementation by the private sector.
- · Incorporation of fiscal constraint into the RFP.
- · Adoption of 2015 population/employment forecasts through the Region 2040 Project.
- Definition of TDM measures to meet a 20 percent reduction in VMT per capita.

#### **Products**

The major product for next year will be the completion of the concurrent ISTEA/Rule 12 Update. This includes both a fiscal and air quality conformity analyses which complies with ISTEA and CAAA. ISTEA requirements will be complete in October 1994; Rule 12 requirements in May 1995.

<b>EXPENDITURES</b>		<u>REVENUES</u>	
Personal Services	\$264,749	FY 95 ODOT/PL	\$125,000
(FTE 4.275)		FY 95 Sec 8	77,824
Transfers	95,310	FY 95 ODOT Match/	
Contingency	2,257	Metro/STP	19,076
Materials & Services	22,380	FY 95 ODOT/STP	50,000
Computer	32,804	FY 93 ODOT	·
Total	\$417,500	Supplemental Gas Tax	5,000
•		FY 93 Metro/STP	4,743
		Tri-Met	120,000
	•	Metro ·	15,857
•		Total	\$417,500

#### TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The TIP serves as a regional policy document describing which projects will be given priority, and is prepared in response to USDOT regulations. The regulations direct that a program of highway and transit projects using federal funds is to be developed annually under the direction of the MPO and is to set forth cost estimates for an annual element year or years. The report is to be endorsed by JPACT and the Metro Council and submitted to ODOT, the FHWA and the FTA. The TIP includes cooperatively developed projects defined by cities and counties and incorporates major regional actions such as Tri-Met's Transit Development Plan (TDP). The regionally adopted TIP is then submitted to ODOT for incorporation in the state TIP. The entire state TIP is then submitted for federal review and approval.

The CAAA of 1990 and the ISTEA of 1991 included substantial revisions for TIP development and review. The TIP must conform with the CAAA by not worsening air quality when compared to a base year of 1990 or to a no-build forecast year. ISTEA has resulted in a number of funding program revisions which require revised programming procedures for both states and MPOs. Roles and responsibilities have also changed. As a result of ISTEA, substantial regional and public discussion and coordination has occurred and will occur to define responsibilities and identify priorities.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

The focus of the current year has been on development of a biennial TIP which responds to ISTEA/CAAA directives:

- Historical documentation of federal transportation appropriations for submittal to our Congressional Delegation.
- TIP Report published and distributed to city recorders, public works directors, members of TPAC.
- · Conformity of the TIP with CAAA of 1990 requirements.
- Staff participation in ISTEA discussion, training and information sessions, including participation in workshops and conferences; updates to TPAC and JPACT.
- Development of procedures and projects for inclusion of new ISTEA funding programs and priorities within TIP, including STP, Transportation Enhancement and CMAQ Programs.
- Identification of regional transportation priorities for consideration in the ODOT 1995-1998
   TIP for those funds controlled by the state for use within the region. A four-month process was established to develop JPACT/Metro Council priorities for highway program reductions and for alternative mode program additions.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

The major focus of next year's program is to revise TIP development procedures; initiate a TIP development process; and provide ongoing maintenance and monitoring of TIP activities including:

- ISTEA/CAAA Compliance. Finalize TIP procedures response to ISTEA guidelines for metropolitan planning, including public involvement procedures. Also, finalize conformity procedures consistent with CAAA conformity regulations (January 1995).
- In coordination with ODOT, the TIP Subcommittee and the public, revise JPACT/Metro Council multi-modal objectives and criteria for TIP project and program prioritization. The objectives and criteria should further enhance and reflect ISTEA, Rule 12 and recent planning activities.
- In coordination with ODOT, the TIP Subcommittee and the public, initiate an 18-month TIP Update process beginning January 1995. The process would identify and prioritize projects or programs of regional significance for federal and state funding over the Federal Fiscal Years 1997-1999. Funding sources, project costs and schedules would be determined and reviewed through local and regional public involvement processes. Formal public hearings, adoption, and CAAA conformity determinations would be conducted in FY 1995-96.
- Ongoing Maintenance. Provide ODOT and local jurisdictions essential funding information to better schedule project implementation activities. Metro will monitor past and current funding allocations, schedules, cost and management of cost overruns and underruns. Metro will produce quarterly reports documenting funding authorizations, obligations and reserves by funding category and jurisdiction.
- Annual Report. Annual update of the TIP to reflect current costs, schedules, priorities and funding action approved throughout the year.
- Amendments. Process periodic amendments to the TIP, including conformity determinations, as necessary.
- Provide comprehensive public involvement activities for FY 1997-99 TIP. Additional activities include a TIP CAC and improved public responsiveness.
- Define and adopt procedures for project selection to reflect financial constraint after adoption of TIP. Include procedures in the intergovernmental agreement with ODOT.
- Define procedures and requirements for "Major Investment Analysis" requirements of ISTEA.

<u>EXPENDITURES</u>		<u>REVENUES</u>	
Personal Services	\$148,759	FY 95 ODOT/PL	\$ 30,000
(FTE 2.495)		FY 95 ODOT/STP	40,000
Transfers	53,553	FY 95 Sec 8	30,000
Contingency	899	FY 95 Tri-Met	40,000
Materials & Services	3,480	Metro	71,000
Computer	<u>4,309</u>	Total	\$211,000
Total	\$211,000	•	

#### **URBAN ARTERIAL FUND**

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

In 1989, the Council and JPACT adopted a comprehensive financing strategy for LRT, expanded transit operations, major highway corridors and urban arterials. This overall strategy for implementing the RTP included pursuing a local option vehicle registration fee for roadway (arterial) improvements. A general program structure and initial identification of candidate projects for inclusion in the Urban Arterial Program was developed. A number of issues, including the emphasis on supporting the comprehensive funding package at the 1993 legislative session, delayed taking a finalized proposal to the public for a vote. The 1993 legislative transportation funding package was not approved.

Local and regional officials have indicated continued support for both the overall comprehensive funding strategy and the urban arterial element. However, new issues such as how to integrate the Urban Arterial Program with a comprehensive regional funding strategy and possible 1995 legislative funding initiative are now being addressed.

# **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

Following the 1993 legislative session, Metro began a review of the Arterial Fund Proposal with local agencies and other interested groups to determine the feasibility of referring a funding measure to the public in 1994.

The current work is focused on several critical technical products and benchmark decisions including:

- The development of a refined road program of key improvements and estimated costs. This work includes the involvement of the public, local jurisdictions and transportation agencies to select a list of priority road and other improvements for inclusion in the program. A broader definition of eligible improvements has evolved, including consideration of all constitutionally acceptable uses of dedicated road funds that benefit pedestrian, bike and transit riders.
- The development of a financial plan needed to implement the proposed program. This work includes an analysis of a regional gas tax as well as a local option vehicle registration fee as a revenue source for the program. The analysis will also assist in the scheduling of improvements in the proposed Road Program.
- The conduct of public survey(s). This work is to assist in developing the projects in the program and for public information purposes.
- Benchmark decision to proceed (or not) with a road funding program in 1994 or to integrate the Road Program into a larger transportation funding measure. Based on survey results, local agency and other public involvement, a benchmark decision to proceed or not proceed by local agencies and the Metro Council will be required by mid-1994.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

If the benchmark decision is made to proceed with a road funding or comprehensive funding measure in November 1994, the focus of the program will be to continually survey the public and work with interested parties to refine the proposed road improvement program element and prepare for the election.

Metro and local agencies will be responsible for developing and providing accurate information to interested groups and individuals on the program prior to any election.

Procedures for revenue collection would be developed with the State of Oregon Division of Motor Vehicles. A Metro/local agency inter-governmental agreement on program administration will be finalized for Metro Council and local government action. Metro, through JPACT and the Metro Council, would be responsible for ongoing administration and distribution of the fund, assuming a ballot measure is approved.

<u>EXPENDITURES</u>		<u>REVENUES</u>	
Personal Services (FTE 0.62)	\$ 35,602	Arterial Fund STP* ODOT Match on	\$139,530
Transfers	12,817	Arterial Fund STP	7,985
Contingency	927	Metro	<u>28,485</u>
Materials & Services	124,500	Total	\$176,000
Computer	<u>2,154</u>		
Total	\$176,000		·

<sup>\*</sup>Full funding in FY 1993 included \$350,000 of FY 94 Metro STP as included in the 3/93 ODOT agreement.

# **CONGESTION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The ISTEA of 1991 requires that a series of six management systems be developed statewide and for metropolitan areas, including one for congestion. Management systems are intended to provide up-to-date and consistent information to guide transportation planning and programming decision making. The systems are to improve the efficiency of, and protect the investment in, the nation's existing and future transportation infrastructure. Management systems, while not the end product, will be considered by the ODOT, Metro and local jurisdictions in the development and prioritization of transportation needs through the planning process. The Congestion Management System (CMS) will be designed to monitor and analyze the magnitude of congestion on the multi-modal transportation system and to plan and implement actions that reduce congestion, improve air quality and enhance the performance of the transportation system to the level desired. ISTEA further directs that federal funds may not be programmed for projects which significantly increase single occupant vehicle capacity unless the project is from an approved CMS.

All work activities will be coordinated with and through ODOT. Local jurisdictions and Tri-Met will also participate in development of the CMS. Activity prior to FY 1993-94 was limited to overview and discussion relating to the development of federal rules and guidelines regarding the CMS.

#### RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

The focus of the current year's activities is to develop a scope of work based on the final Federal Rule on Management Systems. The scope of work will be used to:

- Develop interim CMS for application to significant single-occupant-vehicle projects in the period prior to implementation of a full CMS.
- Work with FHWA, ODOT, jurisdictions to develop a CMS strategy consistent with the Final ISTEA regulations on management systems.
- · Coordinate with Regional Transportation Council on Clark County CMS.
- · Develop an intergovernmental agreement and Scope of Work with ODOT.
- Develop consultant scope of services and contract; develop RFP; review proposals; and hire consultant.
- Establish public involvement structure consistent with ISTEA planning requirements emphasizing broad based and timely participation.
- Identify the primary and secondary CMS corridors and areas.

### **OBJECTIVES**

# Work Program for FY 1994-95

- Develop congestion performance measures for identified modes; further refine corridors; identify necessary CMS related data; develop an implementation scope of work to USDOT (October 1994).
- Collect and analyze appropriate multi-modal, traffic and congestion related data; initiate findings into RTP Update process (January 1995).
- · Identify appropriate congestion management strategies and an evaluation methodology for congested corridors or areas (May 1995).
- Develop draft CMS for review and adoption; submittal of final to USDOT. Include CMS implementation plan (July 1995/October 1996).

# **Products**

<ul> <li>Performance Measures; corridors; scope</li> </ul>	July 1994
· Data Collection	January 1995
· Draft Strategies	May 1993
· Draft CMS	July 1994
· Final CMS	October 1996 (next fiscal year)

A comprehensive public involvement process will precede action by JPACT/Metro Council and the Oregon Transportation Commission.

<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	•	<u>REVENUES</u>	
Personal Services	\$107,093	FY 95 ODOT/PL	\$ 43,000
(FTE 1.71)	•	FY 95 Metro/STP	89,864
Transfers	38,553	FY 93 ODOT	
Contingency	336	Supplemental Gas Tax*	17,500
Materials & Services	36,400	FY 93 ODOT Supplemental	
Computer	<u>8,618</u>	Metro/STP*	16,602
Total	\$191,000	Metro	24,034
	•	Total	\$191,000

<sup>\*</sup>Full funding in FY 1993 included \$50,000 Metro STP and \$40,000 ODOT Gas Tax; carryover into FY 1995 includes \$17,500 ODOT Gas Tax and \$16,602 Metro STP (full funding in 3/93 ODOT agreement).

# INTERMODAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The ISTEA of 1991 requires the development of six management system plans: Congestion, Public Transit, Intermodal, Safety, Pavement and Bridge. Management systems are intended to provide up-to-date and consistent information to guide transportation planning and programming decision making. The Intermodal Management System (IMS) will provide the basis for interconnected intra-state, inter-state and international freight, and passenger systems and intermodal facilities. The IMS will ensure the efficient, safe and convenient movement of people and goods, and improves coordination in planning and implementing air, water, and the various land-based transportation facilities and systems.

A completed IMS will include: 1) an inventory of intermodal facilities and systems; 2) incorporation of IMS strategies and actions into the OTP, the RTP and the TIP; and 3) a fully integrated implementation plan.

All work activities will be coordinated with and through ODOT and the Port of Portland as specified in an intergovernmental agreement. Tri-Met and local jurisdictions will participate in the development of the IMS as well.

Activity prior to FY 1993-94 was limited to overview and discussion relating to the development of federal rules and guidelines regarding the IMS.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

Last year's activities were to develop a scope of work based on the final Federal Rule on Management Systems. The scope of work was used to:

- Develop an intergovernmental agreement with the Port of Portland for project assistance.
   The Port of Portland is acting as the lead IMS agency in the Portland area, in conjunction with Metro and ODOT.
- Develop public outreach activities, including formation of intermodal and goods movement Task Force.
- Develop consultant scope of services and contract; develop RFP; review proposals; and hire consultant for phase one scoping and system definition activities.
- As part of second phase consultant activities, refine system elements, inventory intermodal facilities and develop intermodal performance measures.
- In conjunction with the Region 2040 Study, analyze long-term commodity flows relative to land use and transportation alternatives.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

- Completing second phase consultant activities and work with the Port and ODOT to finalize IMS efficiency measures and performance standards; initiate data collection and monitoring activities; and define additional IMS activities, agency roles, responsibilities and methods for incorporation information into the planning process (October 1994).
- Initiate development of strategies and actions for improving intermodal efficiencies and develop final implementation strategy (May 1995).
- · Work with ODOT on development of Intermodal Plan (ongoing).

# **Products**

•	Establish efficiency measures and performance standards	October 1994
•	Collect data and establish monitoring system	October 1994
•	Initiate implementation	January 1995
•	Incorporate IMS into RTP	May 1995

Consistent with ISTEA, the IMS process includes a broad range of public involvement activities prior to review and adoption through JPACT/Metro Council and, ultimately, the Oregon Transportation Commission. Public participation includes a multi-interest regional CAC for overall planning consistency and policy development, and a intermodal sub-group to provide a freight and passenger expertise.

•	REVENUES *	•
\$17,501	FY 95 Metro STP FY 93 ODOT Supplemental	\$22,767
6,301	Gas Tax	35,000
798	FY 93 ODOT Supplemental	
71,400	Metro/STP	33,203
<u>_</u> 0 .	Metro	5,030
\$96,000	Total	\$96,000
	6,301 798 71,400 <u>0</u>	\$17,501 FY 95 Metro STP FY 93 ODOT Supplemental 6,301 Gas Tax 798 FY 93 ODOT Supplemental 71,400 Metro/STP

<sup>\*</sup>Second year of two-year program which included \$150,0000 of FY 94 Metro STP (33c) and \$125,000 of ODOT Gas Tax as described in the 3/93 ODOT agreement.

#### PUBLIC TRANSIT MANAGEMENT PLAN

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The ISTEA of 1991 required the development of six management plans: Congestion, Public Transit, Intermodal, Safety, Pavement and Bridge. Management systems are intended to provide up-to-date and consistent information to guide transportation planning and programming decision making. The purpose of the Public Transit Management System (PTMS) is to provide a basis for maintaining and improving transit operations and performance. This will require an examination of the efficiency and performance of the existing system and facilities. It will also require development and implementation of a plan to respond to existing and projected deficiencies. This program develops and begins implementation of a PTMS consistent with ISTEA management system deadlines through October 1995.

The PTMS will be coordinated with and through Tri-Met and ODOT as specified in an intergovernmental agreement. The process and products will be incorporated into the RTP, Tri-Met Strategic Plan and supporting documents, the OTP and TIP.

Activity prior to FY 1993-94 was limited to overview and discussion relating to the development of federal rules and guidelines regarding management systems and metropolitan planning.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

FY 1993-94 activities were to develop a scope of work based on the final Federal Rule on management systems. The scope of work was used to:

- Develop an intergovernmental agreement and scope of work with Tri-Met and ODOT.
- Develop consultant scope of services, as necessary; develop contract; develop RFP; review proposals and hire consultant.
- · Inventory and define public transit facilities and systems.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

- Develop criteria for evaluating the efficiency of the transit system (e.g., vehicle hours of delay or miles per employee, road calls per vehicle mile, maintenance cost per mile, etc.) as well as for evaluating performance of system as it relates to users (e.g., passengers per vehicle mile or hour, transit travel time as a percentage of auto time, crowding levels during peak periods, etc.).
- Collect data and develop a monitoring system.
- Develop strategies and identify actions to improve transit system.
- Develop implementation plan for services and adoption by all affected parties including the USDOT.

# **Products**

Develop and define criteria and evaluation system

Submit workplan and schedule to USDOT

Develop data collection procedures

July 1994

October 1994

December 1994

Conduct initial evaluation of facilities and system March 1995

Develop draft findings report/begin final PTMS July 1995

Study products will be reviewed by a study technical advisory group which will report to TPAC. Final recommendations will require JPACT/Metro Council adoption, submittal to ODOT and FHWA/FTA.

EXPENDITURES*		REVENUES*	•
Personal Services (FTE 0.0)	\$ 0	FY 93 ODOT Metro/STP (3/93) Metro	\$12,000 <u>1,000</u>
Transfers	0	Total	\$13,000
Contingency	0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Materials & Services	13,000		
Pass-Through to Tri-Met	0		
Computer	0		
Total	\$13,000		

<sup>\*</sup>This is the second year of a two-year \$39,000 study which included \$25,000 of Metro STP funds (3/93 ODOT agreement 33c funds).

#### **WILLAMETTE CROSSING STUDY**

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

In conjunction with the structural need to replace the Sellwood Bridge, this study examines the need for additional multi-modal Willamette River crossing capacity south from the Ross Island Bridge to I-205. This project is a first phase system-level analysis intended to determine whether a new bridge, a reconstructed Sellwood Bridge, additional capacity to the Ross Island Bridge, or any combination of the three should be incorporated into the RTP. The study will identify a number of reasonable alternatives which can then proceed to Alternatives Analysis (AA)/Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS). This work program will be coordinated with the South/North AA and ODOT's I-405 Reconnaissance and Highway 43 Metropolitan Area Corridor studies.

The study was recommended in 1990 as a second phase to the Southeast Corridor Study. That study resulted in transportation system management improvements to east-west arterials and collectors between McLoughlin Boulevard and I-205.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

# Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

The project was initiated during the third quarter of FY 1993-94. The start was delayed until new Federal ISTEA planning regulations were released; to allow for a better understanding of land use alternatives available under Region 2040; and to better coordinate with the HCT and ODOT studies identified above. Major FY 1993-94 products included the development of a detailed scope of work and background report defining study issues, problems, objectives and assumptions for analysis; and an inventory of existing study area information (traffic counts, accident rates, etc.). Another major product in FY 1993-94 was the development of the study evaluation methodology. ISTEA requires that the methodology be multi-modal and evaluate relevant social, economic and environmental factors. A travel forecasting model and network is also being developed. Public involvement and project oversight structures were also created.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

Next year's program will focus on system-level alternatives development and analysis. Final recommendations for this first-phase will be finalized early in FY 1995-96, with the detailed AA/DEIS phase to follow. Major steps for FY 1994-95 include:

- Identify modal capacity deficiencies for the existing bridge crossings (Ross Island and Sellwood).
- Evaluate the performance of McLoughlin Boulevard from the Ross Island Bridge to Highway 212 and Macadam/Highway 43 north and south of the Sellwood Bridge as well as I-5 between the Ross Island and Sellwood bridges.

- Identify capacity deficiencies on the arterial system west of the Sellwood Bridge including the Terwilliger Extension and the Macadam/I-5 access.
- · Identify and evaluate transit alternatives (consistent with South/North AA) which maximize transit usage for cross river trips.
- · Identify alternative Willamette River bridge crossings, options for upgrading or replacing existing bridges, and feasible locations of new bridge alternatives.
- Measure the ability of the RTP highway system (No Build) to accommodate projected (forecast) traffic demand.
- Determine the impacts of increased bridge capacity on:
  - The need for other system improvements on both sides of the river to make the proposed alternatives work.
  - The ability of the alternative to solve problems identified in the RTP problem assessment and scope of work.
  - O The operation of the arterial, transit, bicycle, pedestrian and freight systems.
  - The need for improvements to the RTP systems for arterials, transit, bicycles, pedestrians and freight.
- · Determine the neighborhood traffic impacts of the bridge and system alternatives.
- Evaluate the ability of TDM measures and transit alternatives to minimize the need for increased river crossing capacity.
- · Coordinate with studies of transportation needs of the new development in the South Waterfront area.
- Identify the significant social, economic and environmental impacts and costs for each of the proposed alternatives.
- · Work with jurisdictions and the public to gain consensus on a preferred set alternatives.
- Integrate study recommendations into the RTP, the OTP and local transportation plans, as necessary.

The study is a carryover project and will not impact the relative funding or staffing level of the department or section.

#### **Products**

- Study Evaluation and Candidate System-Level Alternatives Report (August 1994).
- · Forecast Year Conditions (No Build) Report (October 1994).
- Preliminary System-Level Alternative Analysis Results Report (May 1995).

<u>EXPENDITURES</u>		REVENUES	
Personal Services (FTE 2.665)	\$161,023	FY 95 ODOT/STP	\$ 95,500
Transfers	E7 000	FY 95 Metro/STP	100,436
	57,968	Metro	<u>37,064</u>
Contingency	1,712	Total	\$233,000
Materials & Services	2,480		•
Computer	<u> </u>		
Total	\$233,000	•	

#### TRANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

In cooperation with DEQ, ODOT and Tri-Met, Metro is acting as the lead agency in the analysis of alternative TDM techniques applicable in the Portland region. The objectives of TDM are to reduce VMT in the region, thereby reducing the demand for transportation capital expenditures, improving air quality and neighborhood livability, and reducing energy consumption. The need for comprehensive regional TDM strategies was recognized in 1991 in response to state Rule 12 goals related to per capita VMT and parking space reductions and auto occupancy rate increases. The need for a TDM strategy is also outlined in the Federal ISTEA which calls for measures to reduce reliance on the single occupant automobile. Adopted TDM strategies are in part being evaluated in conjunction with Region 2040 and will be incorporated into the RTP and, as appropriate, local transportation system plans.

TDM strategies have historically been included in the RTP. This study is updating those strategies and techniques. The TDM study represents a second "phase" to recent TDM-related activities. The first phase, completed in early 1993, evaluated air quality related TDM strategies in conjunction with the Governor's Task Force on Motor Vehicle Emissions in the Portland Area. The Task Force recommended a number of strategies for consideration by the 1993 legislature. Again, the strategies as adopted by the legislature focused only on air quality. Additional study and analysis is required to develop a comprehensive TDM program.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

The program has focused on three major activities:

- Finalizing Governor's Task Force activities. A complete technical appendix which documents procedures used for the Task Force was completed. Coordination with DEQ on legislative activities also occurred.
- Initiation of the TDM study including scope of work activities; identification of regional issues and objectives; completion of literature search to identify broad TDM measures, both innovative and traditional, and both regulatory and market-based; research and development of TDM measures and an evaluation methodology; travel forecasting model adjustments and development of base and forecast networks; the initiation of the alternatives analysis portion of the study; and evaluation through Region 2040/RTP activities.
- Re-submittal to the FHWA of a two-phased grant for a Congestion Pricing Pilot Demonstration Project in response to ISTEA.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

# Work Program for FY 1994-95

Next year's program will focus on completion of the TDM study. Specific activities include:

- · Finalize alternatives development; evaluation methodology; model adjustments (July 1994).
- · Complete AA phase of the study (August 1994).
- Prepare a Recommendations Report describing the study alternatives, the results of the analysis, and a recommended comprehensive strategy for demand management programs in the Portland region (December 1994).
- · Adoption of recommendations for inclusion in RTP and TIP, as appropriate (May 1994).
- Initiate work with local jurisdictions, transportation agencies and major employers to implement and monitor the demand management programs and strategies. Define roles and responsibilities and develop specific projects and programs. Review and monitor "state of the art" TDM strategies for further consideration for use in the Portland region.

The FY 1994-95 work program represents a transition from TDM study to TDM application and implementation. The activities are consistent with department and RTP objectives to provide for non-single occupant vehicle transportation and mobility opportunities. Those objectives are also implicit within ISTEA and the state Rule 12. The FY 1994-95 work program will may be amended to a program element for congestion pricing if the region is awarded funding under the FHWA Congestion Pricing Pilot Program.

EXPENDITURES		REVENUES	
Personal Services	\$53,602	.11000001/12	\$16,140
(FTE 0.895)		FY 95 Sec 8	8,000
Transfers	<b>19,296</b> .	DEQ Emission Reduction	42,600
Contingency	102	Metro	6,260
Materials & Services	0	Total	\$73,000
Computer	0		
Total	\$73,000		•

#### **AIR QUALITY PROGRAM**

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The air quality program directly responds to the CAAA of 1990. The Act identifies a schedule of requirements which varies by attainment or degree of non-attainment status. The Portland area is designated as marginal non-attainment for ozone and moderate non-attainment for carbon monoxide (CO). The goal of this program is to identify strategies to achieve and maintain the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for health, environmental and economic reasons. With completion of long-term CO and ozone maintenance plans, the goal will be achieved.

In cooperation with DEQ, Metro has updated current year estimates and future year forecasts of emissions to determine whether standards for CO and ozone as established by the CAAA can be achieved by the mandatory deadlines and maintained thereafter. In accordance with federal law, the standard for ozone (hydrocarbon emissions) was to be met by November 1993 and for CO by November 1995. With no ozone violations in 1993, the region has met the standard and can now begin development of a maintenance plan. With completion of the maintenance plan, the region can apply for attainment.

#### Recent activities include:

- Updates to current hydrocarbon and CO emission inventories as submitted to USDOT and EPA in November 1992.
- · With DEQ, development of a CO contingency plan for the region.
- In conjunction with Metro's demand management study, and as the lead agency in the region responsible for addressing transportation emission sources, Metro provided air quality planning support to the Governor's Portland Area Task Force on Motor Vehicle Emissions in 1992 and worked with DEQ on resulting air quality issues at the 1993 Legislature.
- Participation in Portland's Central City Transportation Management Plan process, which in part develops the CO standard for downtown parking.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

Prior focus was on coordinating with DEQ in developing a scope of work for the ozone SIP Update for the purpose of developing a maintenance plan for submittal to EPA/USDOT; initiating the SIP Update; developing methods to incorporate CAAA final conformity regulations into RTP/TIP planning procedures; and initiating the application of those procedures. This work program is proceeding as scheduled. The major changes reflect the sequential and various requirements contained within the CAAA.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

Next year's program will focus on completing activities initiated in FY 1992-93. Included are the following activities:

- Completion of the ozone SIP Update "contingency plan" (November 1994). Metro is the lead agency for the update of the transportation element of the ozone SIP. Metro's first responsibility will be to develop an "attainment contingency plan." This plan will identify short-term air quality Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) which can be implemented in the event the region violates the NAAQS following the attainment deadline and prior to having an approved maintenance plan. The attainment contingency will require analysis, regional adoption and submittal to EPA/USDOT.
- Development of Ozone Maintenance Plan (May 1995). Metro, with DEQ, will prepare an ozone maintenance plan also for submittal to EPA/USDOT. The Maintenance Plan will show how the region will stay in attainment for a period of at least 10 years. The plan must include both base and contingency strategies and must be based on the latest travel and emission forecasts. The plan must also establish an emissions budget for CAAA conformity purposes. The Portland Area Maintenance Plan will be based on the recommendations of the 1993 Legislative actions on air quality and on follow-up measures prepared as part of Metro's TDM Study and the RTP Update.

Next year's activities are specific program objectives to meet CAAA and ISTEA requirements and improve Portland area air quality.

	<u>REVENUES</u>	•
\$32,081 11,549 2,061 0	DEQ Emission Reduction Metro Total	\$48,000 <u>2,000</u> \$50,000
<u>4,309</u>		•
\$50,000		
	11,549 2,061 0 <u>4,309</u>	\$32,081 DEQ Emission Reduction Metro 11,549 Total 2,061 0 4,309

# MANAGEMENT PLAN COORDINATION

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The ISTEA of 1991 required the development of six management plans: Congestion, Public Transit, Intermodal, Safety, Pavement and Bridge. Management systems are intended to provide up-to-date and consistent information to guide ongoing transportation planning and programming decision making. ISTEA requires that states coordinate with MPOs on the development of management systems in metropolitan areas. In the Portland area, Metro is the lead agency for development of the CMS; is working with the Port and ODOT to develop the IMS; and is working with Tri-Met and ODOT to develop the PTMS. Metro's role for bridge, safety and pavement is to coordinate between ODOT and local jurisdictions.

Three deadlines apply: 1) by October 1994, a scope of work defining implementation methods, and roles and responsibilities for maintaining and implementing each management system must be submitted; 2) by October 1995, performance measures, systems definitions and data requirements must be identified; and 3) by October 1996, each management system must be fully operational and implemented. The CMS for the Portland area must be fully operational by October 1995 given the region's air quality non-attainment status.

In addition to procedural coordination, ISTEA requires that the various management systems also coordinate information and planning/programming decision making where appropriate. This program is intended to provide that coordination.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

# Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

The program focused on coordination with USDOT, ODOT, Tri-Met and local jurisdictions to define scopes of work, roles and responsibilities for development of each management system. USDOT regulations for management systems were evaluated and information distributed to interested parties. A public involvement process related to the management systems was developed.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

The major activities for next year include:

- Continue work toward meeting the October 1994 and October 1995 deadlines for each management system.
- · Coordinate regional discussions on management system consistency.
- Coordinate discussions regarding actions for incorporation into the RTP.
- Continue discussions with USDOT and ODOT regarding future actions, submittals and interpretation of regulations.
- Provide coordination between ODOT and local jurisdictions for development of the safety,
   bridge and pavement management systems. Activities involve identification of systems

and performance measures, consistency in data and collection methods, and identification of strategies resulting from the management system.

· Coordinate discussions regarding actions for incorporation into the RTP.

# **EXPENDITURES**

# **REVENUES**

• •			
Personal Services	\$14,937	FY 95 ODOT/PL	\$ 3,600
(FTE 0.24)		Metro	<u> 17,400</u>
Transfers	5,377	Total ·	\$21,000
Contingency	686		•
Materials & Services	0	•	•
Computer	0		
Total	\$21,000		

#### TRANSIT STATION AREA PLANNING

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

This program, which repeats a similar program conducted along the Banfield MAX line in the early 1980's, is designed to replan the areas within one-half mile of the transit stations on the Westside MAX line under construction. The purpose is to create an environment that allows development density and design that is supportive of the region's investment in light rail transit. The 1980 Transit Station Area Planning (TSAP) was a joint project between Metro, Tri-Met, Portland, Gresham and Multnomah County.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

The program began in FY 1993-94. Activities included project organization and budgeting, development of a work plan, development and implementation of interim station area planning ordinances, sponsoring the Regional Design Images for Beaverton and Orenco, developing a public involvement program, and beginning the technical work involved in addressing local planning changes.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

The proposed second year work program is a continuation of the work began in the first year. Policies that will result in mixed, transit supportive uses that maximize the ridership potential of the Westside MAX Project. The second year will be the adoption phase of the policies and plan changes developed in the first phase. The plan changes proposed will be coordinated with the Region 2040 decision adopted in July 1994. Policies will be developed for adoption by the Council as part of the RFP that are coordinated with the local government plans for the area. First year funding in the amount of \$200,000 is expected to be carried over in to FY 1994-95. New funding of one-third each is proposed from ODOT, Tri-Met and Metro STP; the same as first year funding.

<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	•	REVENUES	٠
Personal Services	\$ 96,137	FY 95 Metro/STP	\$ 333,334
(FTE 1.47)		FY 95 ODOT/STP	333,333
Transfers	34,609	FY 95 Tri-Met Contract	333,333
Contingency	166,856	Tri-Met TSAP Contract	200,000
Materials & Services	900,000	Total	\$1,200,000
Computer	<u>2,398</u>		
Total	\$1,200,000		

#### REGIONAL HIGH CAPACITY TRANSIT SYSTEM STUDY

# **PROGRAM DESCRIPTION**

The purpose of the Regional High Capacity Transit (RHCT) Study is to prepare a description of the region's plan for a long-term HCT system that could be utilized in developing and implementing a local, state and federal financing plan for the South/North Transit Corridor and further HCT corridors.

The RHCT System Study began in FY 1992-93 with the initiation of the I-205/Milwaukie and I-5/I-205 Portland/Vancouver Preliminary AA.

The RHCT System Study was developed in order to refine the adopted HCT system as described within the RTP and to develop an implementation strategy for that system. This strategy was intended to develop estimates of costs, travel demand and benefits associated with the components of a regional HCT system. Second, the program was developed to assist in the development of a local, state and federal financing plan for the South/North Transit Corridor and further HCT corridors. Third, the RHCT System Study was to narrow the range of alternatives within the Portland Central Business District (CBD) that will be advanced into the South/North Transit Corridor AA.

The goal is to prepare an implementation plan for the HCT system within the adopted RTP. Objectives: 1) prepare corridor and system-wide cost estimates; 2) prepare corridor and system-wide travel demand estimates; 3) prepare estimates of benefits associated with a regional HCT system; and 4) narrow the range of Portland CBD alignment alternatives that will advance into the South/North AA/DEIS.

Preliminary costs and travel demand forecasts for the corridors and system-wide have been prepared. The study will also respond to information or products needed by the region as a financing plan for the South/North Transit Corridor Study. Included within these products could be coordination with the development of a system plan that may be presented to Clark County voters in compliance with the State of Washington HCT Development legislation.

Progress continues on review and refinement of prepared cost, travel demand and benefit estimates. The Portland CBD alternatives have been narrowed and incorporated into the scope of the South/North Transit Corridor Study.

# **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

The focus of the RHCT Program has been to develop and screen alignment alternatives within the Portland CBD to advance into the South North AA and DEIS. Initial study and analysis of the alternative alignments has emphasized engineering and design constraints, land use and development policies, costs and travel patterns within the Portland CBD. The screening of alternatives is an ongoing process. Major actions are taken in conjunction with the South/North scoping process, the Tier I action leading to evaluation of surface and tunnel

options and the refinement of design options the actions are necessary to complete the detailed Definition of Alternatives Report in late 1994.

A second focus of RHCT Program was development, refinement and analysis of alternative RHCT systems. This analysis is coordinated with the South/North AA/DEIS for two purposes: 1) to ensure that design, cost and alternative selection actions take into account future system expansion; and 2) that the developing funding analysis and plan for South/North AA/DEIS consider long-term system development objectives.

# **OBJECTIVES**

# Work Program for FY 1994-95

The focus of the RHCT System Study within FY 1994-95 will be to conclude the RHCT work plan. This will include three primary work elements:

- To conclude travel demand, cost and benefits forecasts for the regional system, both based upon the Adopted RTP and the emerging land use and transportation plan within 2040.
- To develop long-range HCT System Plan projections to be used within the South/North Transit Corridor Study to help design alternatives for future expansion and integration with future HCT facilities, and to provide additional long-term evaluation criteria to be used in the selection of a locally preferred alternative.
- To provide a long-term system implementation plan, including a short-term financial and implementation plan for the South/North Transit Corridor Study. This will include the development of support material and information that may be required to present a system plan and financial plan to Clark County, in compliance with the State of Washington's HCT Development legislation.

#### Products

RHCT System Plan

	REVENUES	
\$ 61,818	Tri-Met RHCT Contract	\$ 25,217
	C-TRAN HCT Match	36,096
22,254	Portland HCT Match	24,961
6,714	Metro	41,726
23,800	Total	\$128,000
13,414	•	
\$128,000		
	22,254 6,714 23,800 <u>13,414</u>	\$ 61,818 Tri-Met RHCT Contract C-TRAN HCT Match Portland HCT Match 6,714 Metro 23,800 Total 13,414

#### SOUTH/NORTH CORRIDOR STUDY

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The South/North Transit Corridor Study is to select an LPA for the corridor from a handful of promising mode, alignment and terminus alternatives. If the LPA is a build alternative, then it will advance into PE and the preparation of a FEIS, Final Design and Construction. The Study is a federal AA and structured in two tiers. Tier I will select a preferred HCT mode, identify the study termini and narrow the range of alignment alternatives and design options. The preferred mode (along with the No-Build and Transportation System Management Alternatives), study termini and narrowed alignments will advance into Tier II and the DEIS. Tier II will prepare the environmental analysis to be used in preparing the DEIS and in making the LPA and State of Oregon land use decisions. Both the Tier I screening and the Tier II LPA decision will be made by Metro Council and the C-TRAN Board of Directors, with recommendations from the project Steering Group, Citizens Advisory Committee and participating jurisdictions. Metro Council will make the State of Oregon land use decision, and the C-TRAN Board of Directors will make any decision relating to the State of Washington Environmental Protection Act (SEPA).

The South/North Transit Corridor AA was initiated following the conclusion of the I-205/ Milwaukie and the I-5/I-205 Portland/Vancouver Preliminary Alternatives Analyses in May 1993. Within the Metro Joint Resolution No. 93-1784, the Milwaukie Corridor and the I-5 North Corridor were selected to be combined into the single South/North Corridor as the region's priority for HCT following the Westside extension of light rail to downtown Hillsboro.

The South/North Transit Corridor AA/DEIS program was developed as the next step (second) in the FTA's Five-Step planning process for major transit facilities. The AA and the DEIS must be completed consistent with federal regulations for the project to advance into PE, Final Design and Construction, and for the project to qualify for federal funding.

The goal of the Study is to select an LPA by September 1995, and if the LPA is a build alternative, to advance the corridor into PE. Program objectives are to implement an on-going public involvement program, prepare detailed transportation impacts analysis on the alternatives, prepare detailed environmental analysis on the alternative, prepare a definition of the alternatives, including conceptual engineering, prepare and publish a DEIS, and implement a corridor-wide decision-making process leading to selection of an LPA.

Revenue sources for the study were secured through grant requests and intergovernmental agreements. The FTA approved the initiation of AA and published notification of their intent to publish a DEIS for the South/North Corridor. The definition of the alternatives for Tier I analysis was completed and analysis on those alternatives was initiated.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

Focus of the South/North Corridor AA in FY 1993-94 was to secure funding for the project, receive FTA authorization to initiate the program, define the alternatives to be evaluated within Tier I, prepare the analysis on the alternatives, and initiate the Tier I screening process with the selection of a preferred HCT mode, study termini and one or two alignment alternatives and design options within each segment which will advance into the DEIS.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

# Work Program for FY 1994-95

The focus of the South/North AA in FY 1994-95 will be conclusion of the Tier I screening process and initiation of the environmental and transportation analysis of the alternatives selected. The analysis will be documented results reports and summarized a DEIS. Following publication of the DEIS, the locally preferred alternative selection process will be initiated with selection of the LPA in early FY 1995-96.

The activities that will be the focus of FY 1994-95 are consistent and required steps in the process that leads to the selection of the locally preferred alternative.

#### **Products**

- · on-going public involvement program
- definition of Alternatives Reports and Conceptual Engineering
- transportation analysis documented in Results Reports
- environmental analysis documented in Results Reports
- costing and financial analysis documented in Results Reports
- · DEIS

93/94			
Expenditures			
Personal Services	\$557,113		
Transfers .	\$176,734		
Contingency	\$110,977		
M&S			
Supplies/PS Contracts	\$208,514		
Pass-through	\$1,419,874		
Computer	\$26,922		
Total	\$2,500,134		

93/94	•		
Revenues			
Oregon Local/Xfer from GF	. \$50,100		
I-205/Milwaukie Pre-AA	\$400,000		
I-205Milwaukie Local Match	\$46,000		
E-4 McLoughlin	\$801,614		
E-4 1-205	\$661,331		
State of Washington/C-TRAN	\$26,052		
ODOT	\$515,037		
Total	\$2,500,134		

94/95 Expenditures		
\$367,063		
\$24,762		
•		
\$1,188,250		
\$1,540,000		
\$10,304		
\$4,150,000		

. 94/95			
Revenues			
Oregon Local	\$11,512		
I-205/Milwaukie Pre-AA	\$0		
I-205Milwaukie Local Match	. \$0		
E-4 McLoughlin	\$134,489		
E-4 1-205	\$677,490		
State of Washington/C-TRAN	\$2,254,728		
ODOT	\$1,071,781		
Total	\$4,150,000		

95/96	• •		
Expenditures			
Personal Services	\$379,325		
Transfers	\$130,825		
Contingency	\$32,656		
M&S	\$0		
Supplies/PS Contracts	\$336,029		
Pass-through	\$712,076		
Computer	\$8,956		
Total	\$1,599,866		

95/96			
Revenues			
Oregon Local	\$4,438		
I-205/Milwaukie Pre-AA	\$0		
I-205Milwaukie Local Match	\$0		
E-4 McLoughlin	\$51,847		
E-4 I-205	\$261,179		
State of Washington/C-TRAN	\$869,220		
ODOT	\$413,182		
Total	\$1,599,866		

Total			
Expenditure			
Personal Services	\$1,956,059		
Transfers_	\$674,622		
Contingency	\$168,395		
M&S	. \$0		
Supplies/PS Contracts	\$1,732,793		
Pass-through	\$3,671,950		
Computer	\$46,182		
Total	\$8,250,000		

<b>Total</b> 95/96		
Oregon Local	\$66,050	
I-205/Milwaukie Pre-AA	\$400,000	
I-205Milwaukie Local Match	\$46,000	
E-4 McLoughlin	\$987,950	
E-4 I-205	\$1,600,000	
State of Washington/C-TRAN	\$3,150,000	
ODOT	\$2,000,000	
Total	\$8,250,000	

#### DATA RESOURCE DATABASE -- FORECASTS, MODELING, GIS & DATABASE MAINTENANCE

### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Data Resource Center is a cooperative data gathering and research program. The Center eliminates the need for costly duplication of its functions by individual governments and businesses. Databases are maintained annually for small areas (e.g., census tracts) on population, households, construction, employment and earnings. Key census items are monitored and updated between decennial U.S. censuses. Long range forecasts of population, housing and employment are made on a four-year cycle. These data are being integrated into Metro's geographic information system, RLIS.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

- Population, Housing and Employment Programs: The U.S. Census Bureau's decennial census is updated annually for census tract geography for key items such as number of persons, housing units, person age and income. In addition, information not covered by the U.S. Census, employment at the work place, is geocoded to census tract. Population and housing data are derived primarily from building permit information. Building permits will continue to be collected on a monthly basis, using the services of an independent contractor. Over the years, this has proven to be the least costly and most efficient means of obtaining this information.
- Population and Housing Detail: The procedures described above provide data only on the overall <u>level</u> of population, housing and employment. In addition, Metro's transportation model requires information on detailed <u>characteristics</u> of these data as well, such as household income and age distributions, vehicle ownership, etc. In its current state of design, the Regional Waste Flow Model will require similar detail on data characteristics in the future. These data are also in high demand by public users, and their inclusion in the Data Resource Center's (DRC) Market Profiles is a primary reason for the success of this program. Each year a random sample household survey is conducted and used for revising the population and housing detail.
- Forecasts: Periodically updated forecasts are required of Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) by the federal government prior to allocation of transportation funds. Metro's long-range Regional Forecast (20-year) provides this foundation for the RTP. During FY 1993-94 the Regional Forecast was revised and included a 50-year horizon. This forecast is playing a central role in Metro's Region 2040 urban growth management project. The forecast is also used by local governments and businesses for medium- and long-term planning. It is the only local source of small area forecast data for this region.

The final product of previous forecast rounds has been a projection of small-area data for the region, published in an attractive book format. The forecasts being developed this fiscal year involve orders of sophistication and complexity which were neither needed nor possible in previous forecast rounds. The formal integration of Metro's Urban Growth Boundary (UGB)-related planning with long-range transportation planning will require

consideration of normative effects. Different scenarios will be evaluated. The completion of RLIS provides more detail and precision on land supply and constraints.

- At the start of FY 1992-93 DRC staff began preparation for the long-range forecasting effort itself, to begin during fall 1992. These preparations include database development and calibration of econometric tools for forecasting and allocation of population, housing and employment. The immediate uses for these tools are to provide contextual information and quantitative tools for the participants in the long-run forecasting program. If maintained, these efforts will have significant spin-off effects, including the ability to provide better data for the current ridership elements of the transportation model, detailed data for the Regional Waste Flow Model, the ability to make short-run forecasts outside (but consistent with) the long-run forecast program, and allow the DRC to satisfy the numerous requests received from member jurisdictions and the public regarding short-run trends.
- RLIS Database Maintenance: The challenge this fiscal year has been to update the extensive information in RLIS with land development having occurred during the two-year period while the database was under development. Continued effort will be put into sharing database maintenance responsibilities with local governments. Several jurisdictions have procured GIS this fiscal year, offering further opportunities for mutual agreements.
- TIGER Map Maintenance: Metro's E-TIGER map has been adopted for use by the new Portland/Multnomah County 911 system. We expect this to be a trend as other emergency managers upgrade their system and move from tabular data bases to geo-based systems.
- GRID Model: This has been the most useful addition to RLIS this year. It has made possible the interactive urban growth scenario building by converting complex polygon coverages into overlying ¼-acre grid cells. A menu interface was developed for direct hands-on use by the 2040 planning staff. In addition, the socioeconomic data such as population and employment has been "grided," enabling easy transfer of data to any geography. For example traffic zones or Metro Council districts.
- Topography: Elevation data from the U. S. Geological Survey has been added to RLIS.
   This supports a variety of planning functions, including 3-D modeling and visualization.
- Management & Coordination: The focus of administration and management of the DRC has been in adapting the newly developed GIS tools to Metro project needs and in coordination with member jurisdictions for service provision and to foster sharing of database maintenance responsibilities.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

Annual monitoring of population growth and land development is essential information for regional planning and for operation of the transportation and solid waste models.

• Population and Housing Detail: The annual household survey is used as the basis for updating demographic and housing detail for items such as age, income and rent.

• Forecasts: The regional forecast (four counties) will be revised according to the urban form selected through the Region 2040 process. This revised forecast will be allocated to census tract using the Real Estate Location Model (RELM) and local government input. This model is being developed and calibrated this fiscal year in conjunction with the 2040 project. It is supporting the year 2015 forecast effort plus offering the ability to develop multiple land use scenarios for the Region 2040 project.

<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	•	<u>REVENUES</u>	
Personal Services	\$493,636	FY 95 ODOT/PL	\$ 65,537
(FTE 8.66)	•	FY 95 ODOT/STP	17,500
Transfers	177,709	FY 95 Sec 8	28,088
Contingency	15,055	Tri-Met	17,500
Materials & Services	127,180	Metro	587,375
Computer	95,920	Sales	<u> 199,000</u>
Capital	<u>5,500</u>	Total	\$915,000
Total	\$915,000		

#### DATA RESOURCE RLIS/SUPPORT SERVICES

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Services and products are provided to Metro staff and Metro's member governments using RLIS and the socio-economic databases. The socio-economic databases are a principal source for staff providing research services tailored to specific end user needs. Requests range from preprinted reports to study area demographic profiles to geographic analysis using RLIS. A substantial portion of staff resources are devoted to providing such services to Metro departments and member jurisdictions. Each year a technical assistance budget allocates a specific amount of staff and computer resource to each of the user groups.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

Support to Metro departments, member governments and the public is growing in response to new products and capabilities. Following is a listing of the FY 1993-94 technical assistance budget for each of the user groups.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

Next year's need for RLIS services from Metro departments is expected to increase substantially due to several large projects. These added projects are 2040 Phase II (this more-technical phase adds 0.5 FTE over Phase I), the earthquake preparedness grant from Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), a suite of transportation surveys and HCT station area planning for the Westside.

One FTE is eliminated from technical support services in the base budget. Most of the reduced assistance will effect local jurisdictions, including Tri-Met, the Port of Portland, and ODOT. In addition, local jurisdictions will be billed for 50 percent of the costs of providing those services that remaining DRC staff will provide them.

Next year's need for RLIS services from Metro departments is expected to increase substantially due to several large projects. Some of these projects are the continuation of Region 2040, the Future Vision Project, the earthquake preparedness grant from FEMA, a suite of transportation surveys, South/North LRT, LRT station area planning for the Westside, and integration of RLIS with the transportation model using the Grid module.

## Major Projects by User Group FY 1994-95

<u>User Group</u>	<u>Project</u>		FTE Estimate
Planning Department UGM Section	2040 Phase II Earthquake Pr Water Resource		1.0 .5
Transportation Section	Travel Surveys Pedestrian Fac EMME/2 Interi North/South A LRT Station A	s ctors face AA	.2 .4 .2 .2 .3 .5
Parks & Greenspaces Department	Natural Areas		.3
Solid Waste Department	Miscellaneous	Project Support	5
Public Affairs Department	Recycling Info	ormation Center Response System	.125
Council Office	Miscellaneous	Project Support	.1
Tri-Met	Westside Trip Planning	Project	.1 .2
ODOT	Miscellaneous	Project Support	.125
Cities and Counties	Miscellaneous	Project Support	.75
Public Access and Sales	Products and	Service	2.5
	Total		8.4
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>		REVENUES	
Personal Services (FTE 1.2) Transfers Contingency Materials & Services Computer Total	\$ 66,200 23,832 2,028 15,000 71,940 \$179,000	FY 95 ODOT/PL FY 95 Sec 8 Metro Total	\$ 40,337 17,288 <u>121,375</u> \$179,000

#### TRAVEL FORECASTING MODEL REFINEMENT

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The purpose of the Model Refinement Program is twofold: 1) to enhance the travel demand forecasting models, as necessary, in order to maintain their accuracy; and 2) to maintain upto-date short- and long-range travel forecasts which reflect changes in land use assumptions, projected highway and transit investments, and socio-economic conditions.

The profile of the travel demand forecasting process is continually increasing. It has a significant role in estimating VMT (TPR) and air pollution (CAAA).

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

This program is on-going. Each year, various elements are scheduled to achieve the objectives of the program. The most notable activity last year was implementation of the link-based air quality emission programs.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

- Continue the on-going effort to investigate the travel characteristics at special trip generator locations. The current travel demand model identifies several land use types that receive special treatment. Shopping centers, the Zoo, colleges and universities are all given special trip attraction rates. In addition, special peak hour factors are applied to the PIA and Swan Island areas.
- Update the computer simulation networks and trip tables to include a 1994 base- and longrange forecast.
- Adapt the model code to changing needs and conditions.
- Take advantage of software enhancements to produce a higher degree of data sharing between the EMME/2 and Arc/Info packages. Initial linkages need to be established and efficient programming mechanisms defined.
- · Update software such as ALOGIT and Arcinfo for the Sun computer.

EXPENDITURES		REVENUES	
Personal Services (FTE 0.405)	\$21,524	FY 95 ODOT/PL FY 95 Sec 8	\$59,250 15,800
Transfers	7,749	Metro	9,950
Contingency	865	Total	<u>- 9,930</u> \$85,000
Materials & Services	1,000		700,000
Computer	<u>53,862</u>		
Total	\$85,000		

#### TRAVEL FORECASTING TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM MONITORING

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The purpose of this program is to establish an inventory of transportation related data. Established in 1989, the data from this program is updated on a regular basis. The information is useful to Metro, the jurisdictions, developers and consultants in monitoring travel trends and in project planning. With the advent of the ISTEA, the CAAA and the TPR, this program becomes essential in monitoring the transportation system performance.

#### RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

Each year data is gathered so that the state of the transportation system can be defined and evaluated. Information regarding travel costs, traffic counts, transit patronage and other data has been collected and summarized. Last year several documents were produced which summarize information: *Transportation System Monitoring Activities - 1994, System Performance Characteristics*, and *Regional Travel Patterns*. A quarterly mailing of charts illustrating trends in regional travel indicators has been initiated.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

Monitor and summarize trends in transit fares, auto operating costs, parking costs, auto usage, truck counts and transit ridership. These are important data items to track in trend analysis. A report documenting the findings will be prepared (*Transportation System Monitoring Activities - 1995*).

An important element of the program is the implementation of an enhanced regional count program. This effort requires \$130,000 of outside money to obtain data not available from ODOT and the local jurisdictions. The program ensures that 1) detailed truck data will be collected, 2) sufficient locations will be identified to provide a more reliable basis for VMT estimation, and 3) more stringent and consistent quality control measures will be applied to the counting procedures.

Performance characteristics of the transportation system will be summarized using results from computer simulation. A report documenting the vehicle-miles traveled, vehicle-hours of delay, road miles of congestion, emission data and other measures will be prepared (*System Performance Characteristics - 1995*).

The travel patterns of the region will be summarized using results from computer simulation. A report documenting the trip distribution movements (i.e., origin and estimation patterns) and mode split relationships (i.e., number of pedestrian and bicycle trips, transit trips and auto trips) will be prepared (*Regional Travel Patterns - 1995*).

The regular distribution of charts illustrating the trends of the regional travel indicators to interested parties will continue.

<b>EXPENDITURES</b>		<u>REVENUES</u>	
Personal Services (FTE 1.154)	\$ 64,068	FY 95 ODOT/PL FY 95 Metro/STP	\$ 29,242 21,145
Transfers	23,064	Other Federal Grants	130,000
Contingency	1,068	Metro	40,613
Materials & Services	132,800	Total	\$221,000
Computer	0	•	
Total	\$221,000		

## TRAVEL FORECASTING FHWA LAND USE & TRANSPORTATION MODEL-LINKING SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

#### **PROGRAM DESCRIPTION**

This program is intended to investigate the importance of feedback loops to destination choice, mode choice and land use allocation impacts in the modeling process, as the infrastructure and regional growth are changed. The intention is to determine when such modeling complexity is warranted.

#### RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

This program is ongoing from FY 1992-93 as a special research grant from FHWA.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

To exercise the model through each of the levels of feedback for scenarios of growth combined with the provision/non-provision of infrastructure. To prepare a detailed report of the analysis of the size effects and a detailed evaluation of cost effectiveness of these procedures. The majority of funds received by Metro for this project are passed through to the contractor.

EXPENDITURES	•	<u>REVENUES</u>	
Personal Services (FTE 0.165)	\$12,156	FY ODOT FHWA LAN002 Total	\$22,000 \$22,000
Transfers	4,376		•
Contingency	468		
Materials & Services	5,000	•	
Computer	0	•	•
Total	\$22,000		•

#### TRAVEL FORECASTING 1000 FRIENDS OF OREGON (LUTRAO)

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Provide travel and integrated land use forecasts to investigate the possible secondary air quality and UGB impacts of a Western Bypass freeway project and its alternatives.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

Ongoing from FY 1992-93 with a special research grant from FHWA.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

To complete a national study aimed at exploring the quantitative relationships between highway building and land use impacts on a project scale. The majority of funds received by Metro for this project are passed through to the contractor.

#### **Product**

· A report for national distribution, detailing the relationships and impacts.

EXPENDITURES		<u>REVENUES</u>	
Personal Services (FTE 0.295)	\$17,035	FHWA Demo Grant LAN 001 Total	<u>\$75,500</u> \$75,500
Transfers	6,132		
Contingency	2,333	•	·
Materials & Services	50,000		·,
Computer	<u> </u>		
Total	\$75,500	• .	

#### TRAVEL FORECASTING SURVEYS & RESEARCH

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The purpose of the program is to develop new models for transportation policy and investment analysis, this is mainly in response to the needs of the ISTEA, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and various environmental interests. Actions will be taken to improve the models used for estimating household travel as well as freight movement.

Questions relating to such things as the secondary (land use) impacts of transportation investments, behavioral response to increases in road pricing, fuel pricing, congestion pricing and pollution pricing — in both the short— and long-term, effects cannot be answered adequately with existing household travel models. Current models may show response to some of these variables, but the response is usually limited to mode shifts and is probably wrong. The thrust of this model development will be to clearly analyze the travel time-activity time-cost trade-offs over the day (not on an unlinked trip basis), to bring in the effects of exogenous factors such as lifestyle and life-cycle of the household and to include both intermediate (household vehicle transactions) and long-term (household location decisions) effects of these policy changes. This is a multi-year program with most of the first phase taking about two years. The first phase will consist of the development of the core of the new models, with applications being possible that, while not answering all our questions, will be fundamentally better than the current trip-based, four-step process.

The Port of Portland has developed a model which estimates the type of commodity flows one could expect given certain economic assumptions. The model focuses on estimating the quantity of goods that would use Port facilities for a given horizon year. It does not attempt to define the goods carrier nor the route used in the product distribution. During FY 1994-95, Metro will initiate research efforts to develop a goods carrier model. The two-year project will develop a model which will estimate: 1) the type of carrier required for the commodity (e.g., 2-3 axle trucks, tractor trailers, etc.), 2) how many units are required to deliver the commodity, and 3) define a likely path that would be used during transport. The model would have a regional focus, not just for Port facilities. In coordination with the IMS work plan, this project will be carried out in concert with SWRTC. After funding levels are established, a detailed work scope will be developed between the two agencies.

The intention of the elements described above is to create the basis for ongoing model improvements for the next 5-10 years. This process will be heuristic, model structure will be developed through the learning during the data analysis. The objective always being, to answer the questions that are now being asked.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

This program started with the design and fielding of household travel behavior, transit onboard and other surveys in the spring of 1994. These surveys (currently under development) are being specifically designed to provide the data needed for this model building program.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

ODOT supplemental funds in the amount of \$120,000 are being carried over from FY 1993-94. These funds will be used for post survey processing (trip end digitizing), stated preference surveys and the consultant oversight panel. An additional \$300,000 in federal funds (not yet secured) is being earmarked for: 1) a second wave panel survey (approximately 2,000 households), and 2) development of a new disaggregate household location model.

Household activity data will be obtained in the spring 1994 surveys. The analysis of the data begins in FY 1994-95. Staffing level will be 3.755 FTE. Areas of investigation are listed below.

- · Complete the geocoding of the survey activity locations.
- · Attach the alternative travel mode impedances to the trip-legs.
- Assemble the travel pattern into trip chains.
- Develop a household life-cycle and income classification based on a specific search for behavioral differences.
- Carry out an in-depth analysis of time-budget v. cost v. money budget analysis aimed at elucidating regularities/irregularities in activity and travel time budgets.
- Develop a modeling paradigm to exploit whatever trade-off information is available to address the travel and activity space trade-offs.
- · Specify and estimate a disagregate household location model.
- · Specify and develop a socio-demographic household type forecasting model.
- Develop an activity-mobility model that predicts the probability of complex chaining and the probability of activities in the chain.
- Specify the individual models needed with this modeling paradigm.
- Define additional surveys needed (panel and stated preference) to answer questions that the original cross-sectional cannot.

Staffing level for the initial year of activities related to the development of the goods carrier model will be 0.67 FTE. The primary work elements will include:

- · Develop detailed project work scope.
- · Identify data needs that may require a survey instrument.
- · Identify areas where the expertise of a consultant may be required. If necessary, the consultant will be used in FY 1995-96.
- Begin literature search to determine current practices and techniques that could be useful in this study.
- Consult with regional freight carriers to identify useful data that may have already been collected.
- Obtain current data providing truck classification information. Analyze truck classification data obtained through the Regional Count Program (see Model Refinement section for a description of the count program).
- Develop an intermediate freight model that is deemed acceptable until the final model is established.

It is important to note that other long-term work elements have been identified and are urgently needed. However, the tasks cannot begin until the completion of the household activity analysis. The ISTEA requirements (by USDOT), the CAAA (from EPA), and the TPR (from DLCD) lead to analysis in the following areas:

- VMT measurement (monitoring)
- transit use monitoring
- parking supply and price monitoring
- analysis of demand reduction policies with consideration of cost and equity effects (e.g., behavioral response to congestion pricing, fuel pricing, road pricing, parking supply restrictions and parking pricing)
- the evaluation of the effects of transportation supply on land use and the location of housing and jobs
- the quantification of the effects of improved pedestrian environment and mixed use on travel demand
- the quantification of the effects of bicycle paths/space on travel behavior
- inclusion of traveler response to congestion, lifestyle changes and time budgets that include trip chaining and reduction in the propensity to use transit

The above tasks will take at least three and one-half to five years to complete depending on the staffing level. The longer the delay in addressing the issues, the higher the likelihood of loss of model credibility. The model will not be able to address the pressing policy issues.

EXPENDITURES		REVENUES	
Personal Services (FTE 4.425)	\$265,423	FY 95 STP ODOT FY 95 PL/ODOT	\$ 70,000 207,375
Transfers	95,912	FY 95 Metro/STP	30,095
Contingency	5,502	FY 94 STP ODOT	
Materials & Services	420,000	Supplemental Gas Tax	120,000
Computer	<u>30,163</u>	Tri-Met	29,200
Total	\$817,000	Other	300,000
		Metro	60,330
•		Total	\$817,000

#### TRAVEL FORECASTING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

#### **PROGRAM DESCRIPTION**

The purpose of this program is to provide technical assistance to ODOT, Tri-Met, the Port of Portland, and the cities and counties using Metro travel forecasts in local transportation studies and project design.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

This program is an on-going one. Service is provided on demand and varies by request.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

Provide assistance as requested by client. Assistance is provided in terms of: 1) staff support to obtain data and/or evaluate a particular transportation problem; 2) computer usage; and 3) training to jurisdictional staff. Assistance to the jurisdiction is based on a budget allocation. The Base program level to local governments is predicated on <u>no</u> use of PL or Section 8 funds and the local match for STP funds will be provided by the users. The following table summarizes the Technical Assistance budget:

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	STP & ODOT  Match	Fee for <u>Service</u>	<u>Metro</u>	<u>Total</u>
Portland	\$13,215		\$ 4,785	\$ 18,000
Multnomah County	6,608	. •	10,392	17,000
Washington County	13,215		6,785	20,000
Clackamas County	13,215		4,785	18,000
Gresham	6,608		5,892	12,500
Port of Portland			5,800	5,800
Tri-Met		\$18,300		18,300
ODOT	•	22,000		22,000
Clark County		4,500		4,500
RTC	•	6,000		6,000
Solid Waste		3,700		3,700
Sales		· · ·		5,000
Total	\$52,861	\$54,500	\$38,439	\$145,800

## **EXPENDITURES**

## **REVENUES**

Personal Services		60 771	EV OF Motor (CTD)	
	Ÿ	62,771	FY 95 Metro/STP/	
(FTE 1.27)			ODOT Match	\$ 52,861
Transfers		22,599	FY 95 ODOT/STP	22,000
Contingency		14,286	FY 95 Tri-Met Contract	18,300
Materials & Services		900	Fee for Service	<u>52,639</u>
Computer		45,244	Total	\$145,800
Total	\$	145.800		

## MANAGEMENT AND COORDINATION

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Provide for overall ongoing department management, including budget, UWP, contracts, grants, personnel and activities required by the TPAC, JPACT and the Metro Council.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

Ensure compliance with all federal requirements for receipt of grants and maintain "certification" of the region for continued receipt of transit and highway construction funds and provide documentation to the FHWA and FTA of such activity.

Provide support to JPACT, MPAC, TPAC and subcommittees to ensure coordination between state, regional and local transportation, plans and priorities.

Provide department management, including personnel matters, management of expenditures for materials, services and capital, contract compliance and departmental work programs. Particular products and activities are as follows:

- FY 95 UWP
- Management of department budget, staff time and products
- Required documentation to FHWA and FTA, such as quarterly narrative and financial reports
- Monthly progress reports to the TPAC
- · Minutes, agendas and documentation
- · Execution and monitoring of various pass-through agreements
- Interdepartmental coordination
- Periodic review with FHWA and FTA on UWP progress
- Revised cooperative agreements with ODOT, Tri-Met, RTC and DEQ

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

Continue ongoing elements of department management and coordination.

#### **Products**

- Budget Adoption (June); UWP Adoption (April)
- Grant Approvals (June and December)
- Contract Approvals (as needed)
- Federal Certification (tri-annual)

- Progress Reports for Council and Federal Agencies (quarterly)
  Cooperative Agreements

EXPENDITURES		<u>REVENUES</u>		•
Personal Services (FTE 3.35) Transfers Contingency Materials & Services	\$192,716 69,378 7,361 67,545	FY 95 ODOT/PL FY 95 Sec 8 Metro Total		\$ 68,000 40,000 234,000 \$342,000
Capital	5,000	,	•	
Computer	0			
Total	\$342,000	· .		•

#### PORTLAND REGIONAL RAIL'PROGRAM

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Regional Rail Program was created by the City of Portland, Office of Transportation, to enable the City and its citizens to look at issues which will affect the ultimate configuration of the metropolitan area's light rail system. The Regional Rail Program conducts studies of specific alignment alternatives in the proposed corridors and the development potential in the station areas. The program also provides public information about light rail so that an informed and active constituency can be formed in the Portland region.

In the Portland metropolitan region, Tri-Met is responsible for operating the bus and light rail system. metro is responsible for coordinating the development of the transportation system. The Regional Rail Program is assisting these agencies with planning for light rail system for two reasons: 1) Tri-Met and Metro are currently focusing on the development of the Westside Light Rail project and the North/South Transit Corridor Study; and 2) all proposed future alignments travel through and will have substantial influence on the future development of the City.

The Regional Rail Program provides support for citizen light rail corridor committees. These committees look into four basic issues: alignment, land use impacts, funding and system advocacy. They identify issues in their corridors which they wish to address in the coming months and years. The committees also identify interested citizens and businesses who have a stake in future light rail planning. In general they discuss how light rail can assist in meeting their neighborhood and district objectives.

As part of public information efforts, the Regional Rail Program gives presentations in people's homes, at brown bag lunches and to organizations and associations. This is an attempt to inform as many area residents as possible about the Regional Rail Program and its benefits to the region.

Building a light rail system is one way residents of the region can address tomorrow's growth, congestion and air quality problems. In order to see this system become a reality in the next 20 years, a long-range vision must be articulated. The regional Rail Program is one attempt to instigate a public discussion which will lead to a coherent, realizable vision.

#### RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

During 1993, the Program's technical staff supported the Regional High Capacity Program at Metro as the region focused developing methodologies and guidelines for evaluating and screening HCT alternatives. This process will lead to the selection of promising alternatives which can the be considered in the AA.

In addition to assisting with regional corridor studies, staff resources were expended to collaborate on the definition of the future regional HCT system plan.

Substantial work was undertaken to further define potential alignments in the downtown. This work was coordinated with the Central City Transportation Management Plan currently under preparation by the City's Transportation Planning staff.

The Program's outreach staff continued a wide-ranging citizen involvement program that emphasized the 10 reasons why we need light rail. It is important to the future of the City that our citizens understand the benefits of HCT as expressed in the following list:

- reduce congestion
- create cost savings
- · strengthen neighborhood livability
- protect air quality
- conserve energy
- · assist growth management strategies
- attract economic development
- · preserve and protect nearby rural areas
- connect regional attractors
- · maintain a strong central city

The outreach program concentrated on three different forums to delivery this message. Assisted in the outreach program conducted by Metro as part of the Pre AA work. Assisted the City's Bureau of Planning with the Livable City Project and the Visual Preference Survey. Hosted third annual Regional Rail Summit to focus citizen attention on the benefits of high capacity transit.

The goal of the Program is to promote a widely held vision of a regional rail system that will be a reality in 20 to 25 years. This system will serve the major subcenters in the Metro area with high quality mass transit.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

The City is currently in the midst of the budget setting process for the coming year. Plans are to continue the current level of support for Metro's HCT planning process in the technical studies portion of the program. The outreach staff will continue to operate at current levels for at least another year with the focus on the fourth Regional Rail Summit a year from now.

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#### **ODOT PLANNING ASSISTANCE**

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Major accomplishments for FY 1995 by the Metro region include supporting Metro and other agencies in the RTP Update. Major assistance will also be given to the local plan updates and completing corridor studies. Work activities will include:

#### FY 1995 SPR Program

- 1. Perform corridor studies on state facilities.
- 2. Develop interim access management classifications for state highways in the metropolitan regional in coordination with local jurisdictions.
- 3. Implement next phases of regional freeway management strategy, including upgrade of operating center.
- 4. Support RTP Update, including subarea analysis (Willamette River Bridge Crossing and Northwest Subarea Study).
- 5. Support development of regional demand management program, including transportation system monitoring and travel behavior programs.
- 6. Support Metro transportation/land use integration efforts, i.e., 2040, Transportation Planning Administrative Rule.
- 7. Ensure the OTP, Oregon Benchmarks, Transportation Planning Administrative Rule and corridor planning are integrated into the RTP and local planning efforts, etc.
- 8. Support RHCT studies.
- 9. Participate in development of state and regional ISTEA management systems.
- 10. Participate in regional air quality planning.
- 11. Perform local land use development and traffic impact reviews.
- 12. Coordinate with Tri-Met to identify transit-supportive capital improvements on the state highway system.
- 13. Coordinate Metro and state TIP development and ISTEA implementation.
- 14. Continue jurisdictional highway rationalization, highway functional classification study and identification of NHS.
- 15. Participate in Congestion Pricing pilot project and complete ODOT Congestion Pricing analysis.

- 16. Participate in analysis of regional and state truck movements.
- 17. Administer the Transportation/Growth Management Program and coordinate program with regional and statewide activities.
- 18. Participate in Westside Station Area Planning.
- 19. Undertake policy and technical coordination with Metro, TPAC, JPACT, Multnomah, Clackamas and Washington Counties, Intergovernmental Resource Center (State of Washington) and city governments in the development of land use and transportation plans, and subarea studies.

EXPENDITURES		REVENUES	
Personal Services Materials & Services Total	\$330,000 0 \$330,000	SPR/ODOT Total	<u>\$330,000</u> \$330,000

#### TRI-MET PUBLIC TRANSIT FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Tri-Met has a capital planning and budgeting process in place that we believe already fulfills the new PTMS requirement under ISTEA. Tri-Met adopted this approach to capital planning and budgeting in 1990. The Tri-Met capital planning and budgeting process fulfills the "PTMS General Requirements," the "PTMS Components" and the "PTMS Compliance Schedule." During FY 1994-95 Tri-Met will work with the state to help them fulfill the requirements of the PTMS compliance schedule. These communications have already begun.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

Activity until December 1993 was limited to overview and discussion relating to the development of Federal rules and guidelines regarding the PTMS. The FY 1993-94 work program was subject to publication of the final regulations. When the regulations came out in December 1993, it became apparent that Tri-Met's present capital planning and budgeting process already fulfills the new PTMS requirements. In terms of relation to previous work, Tri-Met's PTMS or capital planning and budgeting process is related to the following regional and/or internal documents: the TIP, TDP, Annual Service Plan, Tri-Met Service Standards, the Capital Improvement Program, the Capital Planning Assessment, the Capital Plan Staff Manual, the Tri-Met budget and the OTP.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

- Attend FTA/FHWA outreach meetings on recently released transportation regulations.
- Help ODOT fulfill the requirements of the PTMS compliance schedule.
- Forward materials to ODOT on Tri-Met PTMS.

#### Responsibilities

Lead responsibility is with Tri-Met Finance, with assistance from Tri-Met Service Planning, and all other departments at Tri-Met.

#### **Duration**

The Tri-Met budget is adopted in April each year. The Capital Improvement Plan is updated annually.

#### **Budget**

Tri-Met general funds. Tri-Met does not have a PTMS program budget.

#### **FIVE-YEAR TRANSIT DEVELOPMENT PLAN**

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The TDP will define actions necessary to implement Tri-Met policies and the Strategic Mission and Goals (see previous description of the Strategic Plan). The TDP will develop three five-year scenarios for transit development. They are:

- Committed Plan
- Recommended Core Plan
- Recommended Strategic Plan

These scenarios are based on Tri-Met's established service standards, financial and capital policies and the Strategic Plan. The primary difference between them will be the level of service and the number of different services Tri-Met will be able to offer with available new revenues.

#### **RELATION TO PREVIOUS WORK**

#### Work Program Prior to FY 1994-95

The Strategic Mission and Goals adopted by the Board in March 1993 provides the framework for the TDP. The following documents have been completed preparatory to the development of the TDP:

- Interim TDP for FY 1994-99
- Strategic Mission and Goals Statement
- Multi-modal Annual Service Plan
- Financial Issues Report #1
- Strategic Plan
- Capital Improvement Plan

What remains to be done is a final TDP which fully incorporates Strategic Plan objectives.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### Work Program for FY 1994-95

#### The TDP will:

- Provide a Guideline for Transit Services. The heart of the TDP is a description of the recommended five-year service plan. Also described is an implementation program that is keyed to financial resources, need for service and regional priorities.
- Identify Capital Improvement Requirements. Based on the recommended service plan and Tri-Met's capital replacement requirements, a list of capital improvements will be presented, with a description, year of purchase or construction, and costs. This information will be input to the regional TIP.

- Identify Fiscal Restraints and Financial Requirements. Five-year financial forecasts and a five-year financial plan will be presented.
- · Meet Federal Requirements.
- Communicate with the Public. The TDP will provide a forum for communication with the
  public on "Transit for the 90's" in this region. The meetings and hearings associated with
  the TDP should stimulate public interest and input pm transit needs and potential services
  in the context of a comprehensive transit improvement program for the next five years.
- Develop a Human Resources Plan and a Service Quality Plan.

#### **Products**

- · Interim TDP Completed.
- · TDP adopted by Board Spring 1995.

#### Responsibilities

Lead responsibility is with Manager, Service Planning; Manager, Financial Planning; Director, Strategic Planning; Director, Public Affairs; and Project Coordinator.

#### **Duration**

Annual or Biannual

#### <u>Budget</u>

Tri-Met general funds. Tri-Met does not have a TDP program budget.

## OTHER STUDIES OF REGIONAL SIGNIFICANCE

## Congestion Mitigation/Air Quality Program (CMAQ)

The CMAQ Program for the Portland area includes a number of planning study/implementation efforts. The planning activities include the following studies:

Project Description and Lead Agency	Federal <u>Share</u>	Total <u>Project Cost</u>
Willamette Bridge Access Study - Study to recommend improvements to the Willamette River bridges to enhance access by bicyclists, pedestrians and disabled persons. Specific projects (to be funded in Round 2) could include reconstruction of bridgeheads to provide sidewalks and bike lanes and construction of wheelchair/bicycle ramps from the bridges to the street system. (Multnomah County)	\$80,000	\$100,000
Pedestrian to Transit: Phases I & II - Study and design of capital improvements to the public right-of-way to enhance pedestrian access to transit facilities. Construction would be funded in Round 2. (City of Portland, Department of Transportation)	\$160,000	\$200,000
Neighborhood Rideshare Program - Neighborhood-based rideshare matching service to increase rideshare participation and to test the ability of a neighborhood to organize around transportation needs of residents. (City of Portland, Department of Transportation)	\$71,780	\$80,000
Regional/City TMA - Joint private/public regional transportation management organization to reduce single-occupant vehicle work trips. (City of Portland, Department of Transportation)	\$897,250	\$1,000,000
Project - Phase I would focus on the identification, evaluation and prioritization of viable major transit corridors and those locations within these corridors that would benefit most from enhanced pedestrian-transit connections (i.e., sidewalks, raised medians). Phase II would involve project implementation at three priority sites identified in Phase I. (Washington County)	\$200,000	\$250,000
Regional Rideshare Program - Funding to allow Tri-Met to continue administration of the Regional Rideshare	\$536,556	\$598,000

Program which is aimed at increasing shared ride modes, improving air quality and reducing VMT. (Tri-Met)

Pedestrian/Bike Access Study for MAX - Study to	\$64,000	\$80,000
evaluate the existing and planned physical and social	•	
environment of the suburban MAX light rail station		•
areas including pedestrian/bicycle access and circulation		
near MAX stations. Construction phase to be funded in		
Round 2. (City of Gresham)		

Public Education - Creation of a permanent public education campaign to increase public awareness and knowledge of air quality problems and mitigation/control measures. (Oregon Department of Environmental Quality)

Totals \$2,458,211 \$2,808,000

#### Transportation/Growth Management

The 1993 Oregon Legislature approved funding for a joint ODOT/DLCD Transportation and Growth Management (TGM) Program. The TGM is supported in part with STP funds. The program is to support local and regional planning efforts for:

- implementation of the state TPR;
- . evaluating land use alternatives in the transportation planning process; and
- . developing urban growth management programs.

The grant program totals \$2.052 million for ODOT's Region I, which includes the Metro MPO area. Elements of the TGM Program within the Metro area will be subject to approval by JPACT/Metro Council.

#### I-5/Eastbank Freeway

The Portland City Council has recommended that the I-5/Water Avenue project (southbound on-ramp) not proceed. In its place, the Council has requested that southbound I-5 local circulation and access alternatives be explored through a comprehensive study and analysis. The scope and funding of that effort are still to be developed. As a result, the UWP may be amended to reflect any federal funding of the study and the RTP may be amended to reflect results of the study. The study could cost up to \$1 million.

#### Central City Streetcar

The Portland City Council approved the Central City Streetcar alignment from Willamette Park to Northwest Portland through downtown on southwest 10th and 11th Avenues in January 1994. The funding for the alignment selection process has been all local money. The next step in the project is to proceed with design engineering with the primary focus on that part of the alignment from Portland State University north. That work is funded by a Special Purpose

\$500,000

\$448,625

grant from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and by local matching funds from Portland, with a total budget of \$1.8 million.

#### Ozone SIP

DEQ is pursuing adoption of two Administrative Rules to implement transportation control measures for the Ozone State Implementation Plan: establishment of region-wide maximum parking ratios for new development and establishment of an employee committee options program (ECO) to reduce single-occupant travel to work. These programs were directed by the 1993 Oregon Legislature in response to recommendations of the Governor's Task Force on Motor Vehicle Emissions.

## FY 95 UNIFIED WORK PROGRAM FUNDING SUMMARY

95uwp 2/14//94 Base Funding

•							-				CARRY	OVER				*****					
	,	95 33C Metro STP	95 Sec 8		95 Lel TriMet	DEQ	HCT Cryove Contracts	Arterial Fund33C MetroSTP	\$/N AA/DEIS CTRAN/ODO	94 S/N AA/DEIS 299021	94 S/N AA/DEIS 299022	94 ODOT SuppGTX 7/93			ODOT Cryvi/Mtch Metro STP	TriMet Cryovr Contracts	FHWA 1000Fnds land0001	FHWA LAN0002 FY93	95 SPR	Local Match	TOTAI
_	•	۷																			
METRO																					
RTP Update/Refinement	125,000	•	77,824	50,000	120,000					•			4,487	5,000	19,332					40,357	442,0
Trans Improvement Prog	30,000		30,000	40,000	40,000			٠,												20,500	160.5
Urban Arterial Fund					-			139,082							7,959					7,959	155,0
Congestion Mgmt Prog	43,000	85,000											15,703	17,500	5,763					18,034	185,0
Intermodal Mgmt System		21,535										٠.	31,406	35,000	3,030					3,029	94,0
Public Mgmt System													12,000							1,000	13.0
Willamette Crossing		95,000		95,500					<del></del>				<del> </del>		5,436					25,064	221,0
Trans Demand Mgmt	16,140		8,000			42,600														4,260	71.0
Air Quality		•				48,000	•														48,0
Management Plan Coord	3,600							<u> </u>	<del></del>											400	4.0
Station Area Ping		333,334		333,333	333,333											200,000					1,200,0
Regional HCT System							61,057		\$							25,217		•		41,726	128,0
South/North AA/DEIS				• •					2,656,000	498,000	996,000									0	4,150,00
Data, Growth Monitoring	105,874		45,376	17,500	17,500				_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,											585,450	771,70
Travel Model Refinement(2)	88,492	20,000	15,800	- •							•				1,145	•				138,563	264,0
FHWA Mdl Sensitivity		-						<del> </del>										22,000		200,000	22,0
1000 Friends			•														75,500	,			75.50
Survey & Research	207,375	28,465			29,200							120,000			1,630		,,,,,,,			354,830	741,50
Technical Assistance		50,000		22,000	18,300	<del></del>									2,861		<u>-</u>	-		27,874	121.03
Coordination & Mgmt	68,000	,	40,000												2,002					206,128	314,12
	,		,											•				•		200,120	314,12
Metro Subtotal	687,481	633,334	217,000	558,333	558,333	90,600	61,057	139,082	2,656,000	498,000	996,000	120,000	63,596	57,500	47,156	225,217	75,500	22,000	. 0	1,475,174	9,181,36
	(1)								(3)						(4)						
ODOT PLANNING ASSISTA									• • •						• • •	•		•	330,000		330,00
	····						,	· ·				-				•					
GRAND TOTAL	687.481	633,334	. 217.000	558,333	558,333	90,600	61,057	139,082	· 2,656,000	498,000	996,000	120,000	63,596	57,500	47,156	225,217	75,500	22.000		1,475,174	9,511,30
DIVILID TOTAL	007,401	4000	. 217,000	220,233	230,233	30,000	01,037	107,002	2,030,000	770,000	330,000	120,000	טוניקנט	21200	41,130	. 443,411	13,000	22,000	330,000	1,5/3,1/4	A'2 I 1'36
1: PL/ODOT is \$687,481				2:Include	s System M	lonitorin;	g &	3: Comprise	d of \$1,079,000	Oregon Sta	te					•					
					*	•	•	- · .													

comprised of \$616,876.70 (89.73%) fed share, \$70,604.30 (10.27%) ODOT.

Model Refinement

Lottery funds and \$1,577,000 Washington State DOT funds

4. Consists of \$36,244 of fy95 match, \$2952 of fy93 match & \$7959 of arterial fund match

## SOUTHWEST WASHINGTON REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL FY95 UNIFIED PLANNING WORK PROGRAM

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## SOUTHWEST WASHINGTON REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL EY95 UNIFIED PLANNING WORK PROGRAM

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#### INTRODUCTION: FISCAL YEAR 1995 UNIFIED PLANNING WORK PROGRAM

#### **PURPOSE OF UPWP**

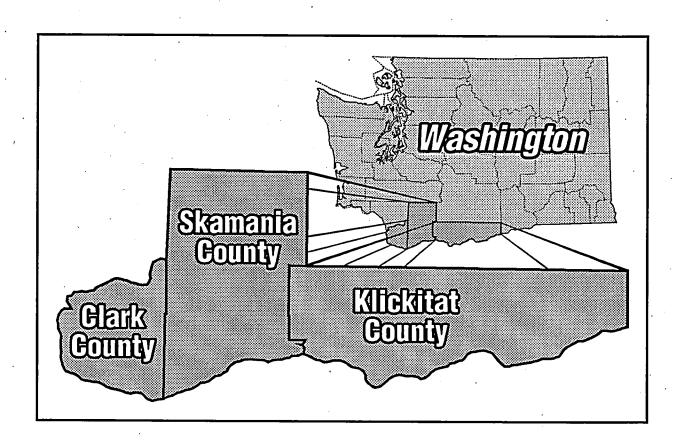
The Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) is prepared annually by the Southwest Washington Regional Transportation Council (RTC), as designated Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for the Clark County urban area. In 1990, the state Growth Management Act (GMA) authorized the creation of Regional Transportation Planning Organizations (RTPOs) and RTC was designated by local governments as the RTPO for the three-county area of Clark, Skamania and Klickitat. All regional transportation planning work activities proposed by the MPO/RTPO, as well as Washington State Department of Transportation and local agencies are included in the UPWP. The UPWP details the technical activities to be completed as a part of the continuing transportation planning process. The financial year covered in the UPWP runs from July 1, 1994 through June 30, 1995.

The planning activities described are related to several modes of transportation, including activities which are considered significant to the Regional Transportation Plan and Metropolitan Transportation Plan. The UPWP focuses on the transportation work tasks which are priorities to Federal or state transportation agencies, and those tasks considered necessary by local elected officials. The FY95 UPWP includes the continuation of transportation planning activities to meet requirements established in the 1991 Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (ISTEA). The MPO/RTPO UPWP was developed in conjunction with the FY95 transportation planning program to be undertaken by WSDOT District Four. The UPWP provides a summary of local, state, and Federal funding sources to support transportation planning efforts.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

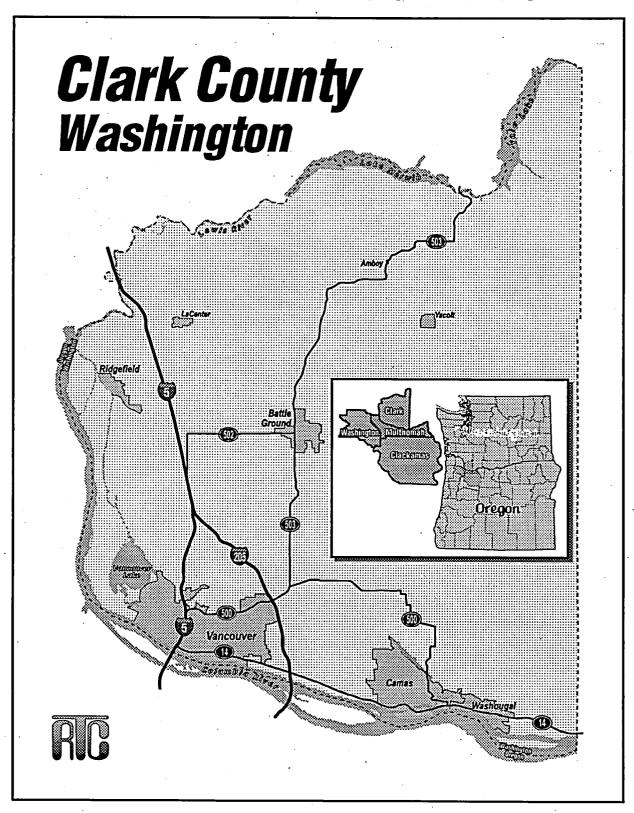
The UPWP describes the transportation planning activities and funding sources required to meet the major transportation policy issues of the upcoming year. It reflects the regional transportation problems and projects to be addressed during the next fiscal biennium. Throughout the year, the UPWP serves as the guide for planners, citizens, and elected officials to track transportation planning activities. It also provides local and state agencies in the Portland/Vancouver Metropolitan Area and RTPO region with a useful basis for improving regional coordination.

# SOUTHWEST WASHINGTON REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL (RTC) Map Showing Extent of Regional Transportation Planning Organization (RTPO) Region



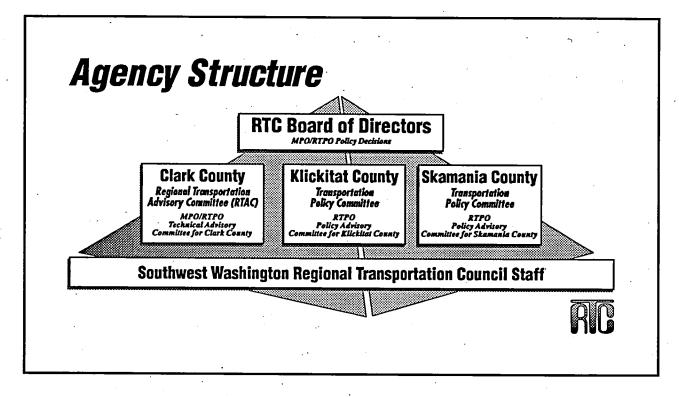
## SOUTHWEST WASHINGTON REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL (RTC)

Map Showing Extent of Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) Region



## SOUTHWEST WASHINGTON REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL (RTC)

**Agency Structure** 



RTC: TABLE OF ORGANIZATION					
Position	Duties				
Transportation Director	Overall MPO/RTPO Planning Activities, Coordination, and Management				
Sr. Transportation Planner	MTP, UPWP, GMA				
Sr. Transportation Planner	TIP, Project Programming, RTPO in Skamania and Klickitat Counties				
Sr. Transportation Planner	HCT, Bi-State, Air Quality, Management Systems				
Sr. Transportation Planner	HCT, Regional Travel Forecasting Model				
Sr. Technical Transportation Planner	Regional Travel Forecasting Model				
Sr. Technical Transportation Planner	Computer Systems, GIS, Cartography				
Administrative Staff: 3 Positions	General administrative and accounting duties				

### PARTICIPANTS, COORDINATION, AND FUNDING SOURCES

Consistent with the 1990 State Growth Management Act legislation, the Regional Transportation Council (RTC) Board of Directors has been established to deal with transportation policy issues in the three-county RTPO region. Transportation Policy Committees for Skamania and Klickitat Counties are in place and a Regional Transportation Advisory Committee (RTAC) for Clark County. (Refer to Agency Structure graphic, Page iv).

#### A. Clark County

The primary transportation planning participants in Clark County include the following: the Regional Transportation Council, C-TRAN, Washington State Department of Transportation, Clark County, the cities of Vancouver, Camas, Washougal, Ridgefield, and Battle Ground, the towns of Yacolt and La Center, the ports of Vancouver, Camas-Washougal, and Ridgefield, and two federal agencies, the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). In addition, the Department of Ecology (DOE) is involved in the transportation program as it relates to the development of the State Implementation Plan for carbon monoxide and ozone. As the designated MPO for the Clark County Urban Area, RTC annually develops the transportation planning work program and endorses the work program for the entire metropolitan area. RTC is also responsible for the development and endorsement of the Regional Transportation Plan, Metropolitan Transportation Plan, the Transportation Improvement Program, and other regional transportation studies, operational and near-term transit planning. The Transit Development Plan serves as the planning document that provides the guidelines for improving transit service over a five year period. C-TRAN is in the process of updating the Transit Development Program 1992-1997. The Transit Development Program 1994-1999 should be completed early in 1994 and will guide transit development from 1994 through to 1999. WSDOT is also responsible for preparing a state-wide, multi-modal transportation plan and several modal system plans.

WSDOT, the Community Development and Public Works Departments of Clark County and Departments of Preservation and Development and Public Works of the City of Vancouver conduct project planning for the highway and street systems related to their respective jurisdictions.

The coordination of planning includes local and state officials in both Oregon and Washington. Coordination occurs at the staff level through involvement on advisory committees (RTC's RTAC and Metro's TPAC). Mechanisms for local, regional, and state coordination are spelled out formally in a series of Memoranda of Agreement. These memoranda are intended to assist and complement the transportation planning process:

- 1. The organizational and procedural arrangement for coordinating activities such as procedures for joint reviews of projected activities and policies, information exchange, etc.
- 2. Cooperative arrangements for sharing planning resources (funds, personnel, facilities, and services).
- 3. Agreed upon base data, statistics, and projections (social, economic, demographic) on the basis of which planning in the area will proceed.

The agreements will be formally reviewed and published as Memoranda of Understanding between RTC and the State, operators of publicly owned transit services, air quality agencies and with Metro, the MPO for the Oregon portion of the Portland-Vancouver metropolitan area. The Memoranda will be drawn up and signed prior to July 1, 1994.

#### Issues of Interstate Significance

Both RTC and METRO have recognized that bi-state travel is an important part of the Portland-Vancouver regional transportation system and it is in the best interest of the region to keep this part of the system functioning properly. Currently, several locations on the I-5 and I-205 north corridors are at or near capacity with long traffic delays occurring frequently. The need to resolve increasing traffic congestion levels and to identify long term solutions continues to be a priority issue. Throughout FY95 the study of High Capacity Transit in the I-5 corridor continues to be the major issue of interstate significance.

#### **RTC Board of Directors**

Clark County
Clark County
Clark County
Clark County
Clark County
Clark County
Commissioner Busse Nutley
Commissioner David Sturdevant (Vice-President)
City of Vancouver
Councilman Royce Pollard (President)

City of Vancouver
City of Vancouver
Cities East
Cities North
Ports
C-TRAN

Councilman Royce Pollard (President)
John Fischbach (City Manager)
Mayor Dean Dossett (Camas)
Mayor Tevis Laspa (Ridgefield)
Commissioner Bob Moser (Vancouver)
Leslie White (Executive Director)

WSDOT Gerald Smith (District 4 Administrator)
ODOT Bruce Warner (Region 1 Manager)

Metro Councilor Rod Monroe

Skamania County Commissioner Melissa Carlson-Price

Klickitat County Commissioner Sverre Bakke

#### **Regional Transportation Advisory Committee Members**

WSDOT District 4 Allan McDonald Clark County Public Works John Bartels

Clark County Planning Craig Greenleaf
City of Vancouver, Public Works Thayer Rorabaugh

City of Vancouver, Community Development
City of Washougal

Darin Atteberry
Mike Conway

City of Washougal Mike Conway
City of Camas Gary Stockhoff
City of Battle Ground Dean Hergesheimer

City of Ridgefield Bob Wallace

C-TRAN Pat Bonin
Port of Vancouver Bernie Bills
ODOT Dennis Mitchell
Metro Mike Hoglund

Regional Transportation Council Dean Lookingbill

## B. Skamania County

The Skamania County Transportation Policy Committee was established in 1990 to oversee and coordinate transportation planning activities in the RTPO Skamania region.

#### **Skamania County Transportation Policy Committee**

Skamania County City of Stevenson WSDOT, District 4 Port of Skamania Commissioner Melissa Carlson-Price Ann Jermann, City Council Member Gerry Smith, District Administrator Bill Rompa, Manager

#### C. Klickitat County

The Klickitat County Transportation Policy Committee was established in 1990 to oversee and coordinate transportation planning activities in the RTPO Klickitat region.

#### Klickitat County Transportation Policy Committee

Klickitat County
City of White Salmon
WSDOT, District 4
Port of Klickitat

Commissioner Sverre Bakke Mamie Gaddis, City Council Member Gerry Smith, District Administrator Kathleen McCuistion, Port Commissioner

#### I. REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLANNING PROGRAM

#### Introduction

The Regional Transportation Planning Program encompasses MPO/RTPO planning activities including (A) Metropolitan Transportation Plan, (B) Transportation Improvement Program, (C) Congestion Management System, (D) South/North Transit Corridor Alternatives Analysis/Draft EIS, (E) Skamania County RTPO, (F) Klickitat County RTPO, (G) Clark County/RTC Rural Arterial Study, (H) Vancouver Amtrak Station Study, and (I) I-205/NE 18th Street Interchange Feasibility Study. This region's 1994/5 regional transportation planning program will focus on implementing the transportation requirements of the State's Growth Management Program, the federal Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 and the Federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

All the RTPO planning activities will be incorporated into a <u>Regional Transportation Plan</u> to include regional transportation policies, goals, data, and transportation needs in Clark, Skamania and Klickitat counties. The RTP is the principal transportation planning document. Its goals, objectives, and policies help to guide the work of agencies throughout the RTPO region that are involved in transportation planning and programming of projects.

Federal transportation funding for individual projects within the MPO is dependent upon their consistency with the Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP); the regional Transportation Plan for the Clark County metropolitan region. During FY95 the full MTP will be completed and adopted to meet GMA and ISTEA requirements. The Plan for Clark County will cover a county-wide-area, the area encompassed by the Metropolitan Area Boundary, and work will proceed on incorporating the fifteen transportation planning factors described in ISTEA into the regional planning program. Work will be carried out to incorporate an enhanced financial plan element into the Plan. Clean Air Act requirements will be met by the MTP.

ISTEA requires that the MPO, in cooperation with the state and affected transit operators, develop a <u>Transportation Improvement Program</u> which must include a priority list of projects and project segments for the next 3 years, together with a realistic financial plan. Projects included are those proposed for federal highway and transit funding. The 1995-1997 TIP will be analyzed for conformity with the federal Clean Air Act.

ISTEA designates regions of over 200,000 population as Transportation Management Areas (TMAs). Clark County, as a part of the Portland-Vancouver region, has been designated as a TMA. Within the TMA the MPO, in consultation with the state, selects projects for Surface Transportation, Congestion Mitigation/Air Quality and Federal Transit Programs. Under ISTEA, TMAs must have a Congestion Management System in place, to include both travel demand reduction and operation management strategies. National Highway System, Bridge and Interstate Maintenance Program projects are to be selected by the State, in cooperation with the MPO. In FY95 RTC will focus on development and possible implementation of the Traffic Congestion Management System required by ISTEA, as well as collaborate with WSDOT on development of the Public Transportation Facilities and Intermodal Transportation Systems. RTC will also cooperate with WSDOT on development of the Highway Pavement, Bridges, and Highway Safety management systems.

MPO planning program activities during FY95 will include significant regional transportation planning projects. Work on the <u>South/North Transit Corridor Alternatives Analysis/Draft EIS</u> will continue during FY95. The <u>Clark County/RTC Rural Arterial Study</u> will be completed during the

summer of 1994. The <u>Vancouver Amtrak Station Study</u>, currently underway, may result in a project to design and construct site and facility improvements. RTC would be involved in the project's design phase. A study of major significance in Clark County will be the <u>I-205/NE 18th Street Interchange Feasibility Study</u> which will include assessment of the need for an interchange in the vicinity or alternative transportation strategies. The study will focus on issues concerning transportation system needs within the sub-area, freeway access, transit accessibility and land use impacts.

RTPO program activities for Klickitat and Skamania Counties are described in the <u>Skamania County RTPO</u> and <u>Klickitat County RTPO</u> work elements.

## A. <u>Metropolitan Transportation Plan</u>

During FY94 an Interim Regional Transportation Plan was adopted to serve as a placeholder until a full Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP) was developed. The Metropolitan Transportation Plan serves as the regional Transportation Plan (RTP) for the Clark County metropolitan region. The Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP) work element will include (i) adoption of a fully updated MTP, (ii) consideration of the environment during MTP development in accordance with the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) and National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), (iii) continuing MTP development and (iv) system monitoring and performance analysis activities.

#### Work Element Objectives

#### (i) Plan Adoption

1. Adoption of a full Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP) which will comply with GMA and ISTEA and be consistent with state, local and regional plans. The Plan will be adopted by December 18, 1994 to meet ISTEA requirements and will be updated regularly to reflect changing trends, conditions, or regulations and future study results. The Plan for Clark County will cover a county-wide-area, the area encompassed by the Metropolitan Area Boundary and will cover a 20-year planning horizon.

To comply with state standards the MTP will include the following components:

- a. Regional transportation goals and policies. Level of service standards will be established and used to identify deficient transportation facilities and services.
- b. Regional development strategy. Existing and proposed land uses defined on local comprehensive land use plans will be used to determine the regional development strategy and will serve as a basis for transportation planning.
- c. Identification of regional transportation needs. An inventory of existing regional transportation facilities and services, identification of current deficiencies and forecast of future travel demand will be carried out. This will address all transportation modes; highway, transit, air, rail, water-borne, bicycling and pedestrian and will address mobility of both people and goods.
- d. Development of financial plan for necessary transportation system improvements.
- e. Regional transportation system improvement and strategy plan. Specific facility or service improvements, transportation system management and demand management strategies will be identified and priorities will be determined.

To comply with ISTEA, the fifteen transportation planning factors to be considered in the regional transportation planning process, will be addressed in the MTP. The fifteen factors include the consideration of freight, as well as people, movement.

2. Public participation and review of the MTP, as well as inter-agency review of the Plan.

## (ii) SEPA/NEPA Review

- 1. Assessment of environmental conditions, at a regional level.
- 2. Environmental review of the proposed MTP, prior to MTP adoption.
- 3. Evaluation of cumulative environmental impacts consistent with ISTEA, Clean Air Act and State requirements, including Clean Air Act conformity analysis.

## (iii) Continuing MTP Development

The MTP will be subject to continuous review to ensure that changing trends, conditions or regulations and future study results are identified and that they will be reflected in the triennial update to the Plan required by ISTEA. The GMA also requires that a biennial review of the MTP takes place. Updating of the MTP will include:

- 1. Re-evaluation of the future regional transportation system to be used in quantifying transportation performance and cumulative environmental impacts consistent with ISTEA, Clean Air Act and State requirements.
- 2. Incorporation of the findings of High Capacity Transit (HCT) studies into the MTP.
- 3. Integration of the findings of the ISTEA management systems and any Major Investment Study results into the MTP.
- 4. Description of any identified Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) to attain and maintain federal clean air standards and evaluation of MTP conformity with the Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA) of 1990.

## (iv) System Monitoring

1. The MTP will be used as the document in which system monitoring is reported on.

## Relationship To Other Work Elements

The MTP takes into account the reciprocal effects between land use, growth patterns and transportation system development. It also identifies the mix of transportation strategies needed to solve future transportation system problems. The MTP for Clark County is interrelated to all other work elements. In particular, the MTP provides planning support for the TIP and will relate to the ISTEA management systems currently being developed. In Transportation Management Areas (TMAs), such as the Clark County region, no federally-funded project which will add capacity for single-occupant-vehicles will be permitted unless it is part of the ISTEA Congestion Management System and transportation alternatives have been considered. The results of the management systems will be incorporated into the MTP as results are forthcoming.

## **FY95 Products**

- 1. MTP for Clark County meeting GMA standards and ISTEA requirements. The MTP will include a description of the proposed regional transportation system including the number of lanes proposed for highway segments so that clean air conformity analysis assumptions are understood.
- 2. Identified level of service standards established to meet the State's Growth Management Act requirements for use in transportation system monitoring and particularly in relation to concurrency requirements.
- 3. Financial plan showing that fiscal constraint was exercised in development of the MTP.
- 4. Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA) conformance documentation.
- 5. Performance monitoring.

FY95 Expenses:		FY95 Revenues:	
	\$		\$
RTC	73,000	FY95 PL	30,000
•		FTA Sec. 8	10,000
		RTPO	19,000
	<u> </u>	Local	14,000
Total	73,000	•	73,000

## B. <u>Transportation Improvement Program</u>

## **Work Element Objectives**

- 1. Development of 1995-1997 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) consistent with ISTEA requirements.
- 2. Further refinement of process to prioritize projects and criteria with which to evaluate projects proposed for federal highway and transit funding for the following three years as required by ISTEA. It is envisaged that the refined project selection criteria will better reflect the multiple policy objectives of the regional transportation system (e.g. maintenance of existing system, reduction of SOVs, capacity improvements, transit expansion and air quality improvement).
- 3. Address programming of Congestion Mitigation/Air Quality (CM/AQ) funds with consideration given to emissions reduction benefits of such projects.
- 4. Development of a realistic financial plan.
- 5. Analysis of air quality impacts and Clean Air Act conformity documentation.
- 6. Opportunity for public input.
- 7. Define the project selection process and carry out project selection.
- 8. Amendment of TIP, where necessary.
- 9. Monitoring of TIP implementation.

#### Relationship To Other Work Elements

The TIP provides the link between the MTP and project implementation. The process to prioritize TIP projects will draw from data from the transportation database, regional travel forecasting model output. It relates to the Public Involvement sub-element described in section III of the FY95 UPWP.

#### FY95 Products

- 1. FY95-97 TIP, as required by ISTEA.
- 2. Programming of ISTEA funds.
- 3. Definition of project selection process and identification of selected projects.
- 4. Clean Air Act conformity analysis and documentation.
- 5. TIP amendments, as necessary.

6. Opportunity for public involvement in TIP development.

FY95 Expenses:	•	FY95 Revenues:	
	\$	·	\$
RTC	38,000	FY95 PL	17,000
	•	FTA Sec. 8	5,000
		RTPO	11,000
·		Local	5,000
Total	38,000	· · · · · ·	38,000

## C. <u>Congestion Management System</u>

ISTEA requires the development of six management systems: (i) Traffic Congestion Management (CMS), (ii) Public Transportation Facilities (PTMS), (iii) Intermodal Transportation (IMS), (iv) Highway Pavement (HPMS), (v) Bridges (BMS) and (vi) Highway Safety (SMS). Work on Phase I of the Congestion Management System was completed by the MPO, with project consultant assistance, in FY93/4. A CMS work plan is to be developed and in place by October 1, 1994 and the System should be fully operational by October 1995 in air quality non-attainment Transportation Management Areas (TMAs) such as Clark County. In ISTEA-designated (TMAs), such as Clark County, no facilities which will add capacity for Single Occupant Vehicles (SOVs) can be built unless identified in a CMS and alternatives should be explored first. The state will take the lead in development of the PTMS but will require locals to

## Work Element Objectives

- 1. Completion of a Traffic Congestion Management system which will include the consideration of multi-modal, intermodal linkages, transit, TDM, and TSM strategies as alternatives to SOV capacity projects. Cooperation with WSDOT and the transit agency in developing Public Transportation Facilities and Intermodal Transportation system management plans.
- 2. Integration of the CMS into the MTP.

## Relationship To Other Work

The development of management systems will draw from the regional transportation database and regional travel forecasting model. Results of work on the management systems will be incorporated into the MTP and identified needs will be implemented with the selection of regional transportation projects in the TIP.

## FY95 Products

- 1. Completion of the Traffic Congestion Management Systems plan which will emphasize development of methodology and tools for performance evaluation and support transportation policy decisions as well as identify transportation strategies to relieve and/or manage congestion. Input to the Public Transportation Facilities and Intermodal Transportation management systems plans.
- 2. Cooperation with DOT on the Highway Pavement, Bridges and Highway Safety management studies.
- Integration of findings from the CMS into the region's MTP in terms of policies, goals and objectives, transportation strategies, system and capital needs.

FY95 Expenses:

FY95 Revenues:

RTC 121,414 Consultant 109,800 Total 231,214

CM/AQ 200,000 Local 31,214 231,214

## D. <u>South/North Transit Corridor Alternatives Analysis/Draft Environmental Impact Statement</u>

The I-205 Bridge LRT Retrofit Study and the Internal Clark County High Capacity Transit Study were completed in FY92. The recommendations from these two "systems planning" studies resulted in the decision to continue the HCT planning process with a pre-AA study, the North/South Transit Corridor Study. The purpose of the pre-AA study was to select a high capacity transit (HCT) priority corridor either on I-5 or on I-205.

Phase I of the study was completed in April of 1993 with the recommendation of a single south/north priority corridor from Clackamas County, Oregon through Portland CBD to Clark County, Washington. The I-5 segment to the north and the Milwaukie segment to the south was selected as the single south/north priority corridor.

Phase II of the North/South Transit Corridor Study continued through June of 1993 and has concentrated on identifying the wide range of mode and alignment alternatives to advance into consideration into Alternatives Analysis (AA). The AA began on July 1 of 1993 and is divided into two tiers as described in the work element objectives. In December 1993 a mode was selected to advance in the AA process. It is anticipated that the AA/DEIS will be completed by March 1996.

The purpose of the South/North AA/DEIS is to select a Locally Preferred Alternative (LPA) from a variety of mode and alignment alternatives to be studied within the South/North Transit Corridor Study. If the LPA is a build alternative, then it could advance into PE/FEIS, Final Design and construction. The AA/DEIS will identify the transportation impacts, the significant environmental impacts, the costs and effectiveness, and the financial feasibility of the alternatives providing the public and decision-makers with the information necessary to make the LPA choice. The decision-making process and the work plan for the South/North AA/DEIS work program is divided into two tiers described below in more detail.

#### Work Element Objectives

The objectives for the South/North AA/DEIS are divided by Tier I and Tier II:

#### Tier One

<u>Purpose</u>: To select a mode and study terminus to advance into Tier II AA. Alignment options will be narrowed and used to make the mode choice, and station location criteria, land use analysis, and station siting options will be initiated.

- 1. Participate in the development and review of evaluation measures and list of mode and terminus options for Tier I as they relate to transportation issues within Clark County and addressing regional transportation needs
- 2. Review and refine draft financial plan for a local funding vote
- 3. Refine and review LRT alternatives and alignments within Clark County, and review for regional consistency in the definition of alternatives

- 4. Complete the conceptual definition of LRT, Transportation Systems Management (TSM) and No-Build alternatives to be considered in Tier II.
- 5. Review and refine regional travel forecasting process for modeling Clark County travel characteristics and Bi-State consistency
- 6. Complete detailed transportation analysis to identify transportation impacts and issues to support the selection of mode, alignment, and study terminus within Clark County. This should be done by July 1, 1994.
- 7. Assist in development and initiation of a public participation process for Clark County Tier One AA activities
- 8. Participate in the other regional study objectives to support Metro Tier One AA/DEIS activities

Tier I activities are scheduled for completion by September 1, 1994.

#### Tier Two

<u>Purpose</u>: To support the preparation of a DEIS and to select an alignment and station locations as the Locally Preferred Alternative and assist in the development of data to prepare a DEIS for the Clark County portion of the corridor as required by the Washington SEPA.

- 1. Participate in the preparation of the Detailed Definition of the Alternatives, including the station locations, other transit facilities, and fixed guideway and bus operations plans
- 2. Assist in development and initiation of a public participation process for Clark County Tier Two AA
- 3. Development of model to provide detailed travel forecasts and analysis to identify transportation impacts that affect the Clark County regional transportation system as well as localized impacts on alignment options. Use of the transportation forecasting model will be coordinated with local jurisdictions to assess transportation impacts.
- 4. Select a Locally Preferred Alternative
- 5. Prepare a Locally Preferred Alternative Report and application to advance the corridor into Preliminary Engineering, if a build alternative is selected

It is anticipated that the South/North AA/DEIS will conclude with the selection of an LPA by September 1995.

#### Local Community Involvement AA

#### Purpose:

To provide MPO support to C-TRAN in conduction the Local Community Involvement AA program. This will augment the regional AA process with a focus more directly to Clark County issues. Transportation planning, analysis and mapping assistance would be provided to the following major tasks.

- 1. Community Participation and Communication
- 2. Station Area Development
- 3. Transit Service and Facility Development
- 4. Financial Planning for High Capacity Transit

## Relationship to Other Work

The South/North AA/DEIS relates directly to Metro's FY95 UWP work element "South/North Corridor Study". Metro is the overall project lead for the AA/DEIS and is the agency primarily responsible for completion of the project. RTC's work element is intended to support the AA/DEIS activities for the region and also recognize that, as the regional MPO for the Clark County portion of the study corridor, it is the lead regional transportation planning agency in supporting the needs of Clark County jurisdictions in the AA/DEIS. On the Clark County side, C-TRAN, WSDOT, RTC, the City of Vancouver and Clark County will be participating in this project and will be receiving revenues.

## **FY95 Products**

- 1. Completion of the Tier One South/North AA.
- 2. The selection of a mode, alignment, and terminus for advancement into Tier Two AA.
- 3. Initiation of Tier Two AA/DEIS.
- 4. Completion of the community involvement program.

RTC Expenses:		RTC Revenues:	
RTC Materials & Services	\$	Metro AA/HCTA C-TRAN HCTA/AA	\$
Total	<del></del>		
Total Project Expenses: The table below is from	Metro's FY95 UPW	Total Project Revenues:	ç
Personal Services Transfers Contingency Materials & Services Computer	1,029,320 352,929 25,988 2,732,050 9,713	South/North AA/DEIS	4,150,000
<i>,</i> '	4,150,000		4,150,000

RTC funding will be set in future. C-TRAN has a separate budget for this study.

## E. <u>Skamania County RTPO</u>

Work by the RTPO on a transportation planning work program for Skamania County began in FY 90. The Skamania County Transportation Policy Committee meets monthly to discuss local transportation issues and concerns. Work in FY95 will focus on review of a Regional Transportation Plan to be adopted during FY94 to cover the Skamania region of the RTPO, in accordance with State guidelines. Further development of the regional transportation planning database for Skamania County will take place and RTC staff will continue to provide technical assistance for Skamania County.

## Work Element Objectives

- 1. Continue regional transportation planning process.
- 2. Review of the Transportation Plan for Skamania County's regional transportation system using regional transportation planning program guidelines formulated by WSDOT for RTPOs. The transportation plan includes the following components:
  - a. Regional transportation goals and policies.
  - b. Identification of regional transportation needs after analysis of relevant traffic and demographic data.
  - c. Identification of revenue sources for necessary regional transportation system improvements.

During FY95 some of the recommendations from the RTP should be implemented.

The transportation database for Skamania County developed since the inception of the RTPO will be used as input to the Transportation Plan.

- 3. Implementation of transportation system performance monitoring program.
- 4. Assistance to Skamania County in implementing ISTEA, including assistance in development of enhancement projects, updating of federal arterial functional classification system, and TIP development.
- 5. Competitive Surface Transportation Program (STP) project selection process.
- 6. Assessment of public transportation needs, particularly specialized transportation, in Skamania County.

## Relationship To Other Work Elements

The RTPO work program activities for Skamania County will be tailored to their specific needs and issues and, where applicable, coordinated across the RTPO. The Skamania Transportation Plan will be integrated into an RTP for the RTPO region.

## **FY95 Products**

- 1. Continue the development of a coordinated, technically sound regional transportation planning process in Skamania County.
- 2. Continue the development of a technical transportation planning assistance program.
- 3. Review and implementation of a Regional Transportation Plan for Skamania County.
- 4. Process for STP project selection.

FY95 Expenses:		FY95 Revenues:	
•			c
RTC	34,900	RTPO	16,900
•		STP	18,000
Total	34,900	_	34,900

## F. Klickitat County RTPO

Work by the RTPO on a transportation planning work program for Klickitat County began in FY 90. The Klickitat County Transportation Policy Committee meets monthly to discuss-local transportation issues and concerns. Work in FY95 will focus on review of a Regional Transportation Plan to be adopted during FY94 to cover the Klickitat region of the RTPO, in accordance with State guidelines. Further development of the regional transportation planning database for Klickitat County will take place and RTC staff will continue to provide technical assistance for Klickitat County.

#### Work Element Objectives

- 1. Continue regional transportation planning process.
- 2. Review of the Transportation Plan for Klickitat County's regional transportation system using regional transportation planning program guidelines formulated by WSDOT for RTPOs. The transportation plan includes the following components:
  - a. Regional transportation goals and policies.
  - b. Identification of regional transportation needs after analysis of relevant traffic and demographic data.
  - c. Identification of revenue sources for necessary regional transportation system improvements.

During FY95 some of the recommendations from the RTP should be implemented.

The transportation database for Klickitat County developed since the inception of the RTPO will be used as input to the Transportation Plan.

- 3. Implementation of transportation system performance monitoring program.
- 4. Assistance to Klickitat County in implementing ISTEA, including assistance in development of enhancement projects, updating of federal arterial functional classification system, and TIP development.
- 5. Competitive Surface Transportation Program (STP) project selection process.
- 6. Assessment of public transportation needs, particularly specialized transportation, in Klickitat County.

## Relationship To Other Work Elements

The RTPO work program activities for Klickitat County will be tailored to their specific needs and issues and, where applicable, coordinated across the RTPO. The Klickitat Transportation Plan will be integrated into an RTP for the RTPO region.

## **FY95 Products**

- 1. Continue the development of a coordinated, technically sound regional transportation planning process in Klickitat County.
- 2. Continue the development of a technical transportation planning assistance program.
- 3. Review and implementation of a Regional Transportation Plan for Klickitat County.
- 4. Process for STP project selection.

FY95 Expenses:		FY95 Revenues:	
	\$	,	\$
RTC	36,700	RTPO	18,700
- ·		STP	18,000
Total	36,700	•	36,700

## G. <u>Clark County Rural Arterial Study</u>

RTC, Clark County, WSDOT, and rural cities and towns in Clark County have recognized the importance of the rural arterial system for the mobility of people and goods within Clark County, Washington. The purpose of this study will be to inventory the existing Clark County rural arterial needs and develop a list of recommended improvements. The inventory of rural arterials will be used to evaluate how these rural arterials connect to the urban arterial system, state routes, interstate system, and the transportation systems of cities and towns in Clark County. The study is due for completion in summer 1994.

#### Work Element Objectives

- 1. RTC will co-manage the Rural Arterial Study with Clark County.
- 2. Inventory of arterials and analysis of arterial needs.
- 3. Analysis of future rural arterial needs.
- 4. Completion of the Rural Arterial Study.
- 5. Integration of study results, along with recommended improvements, into the MTP.

## Relationship To Other Work

The study relates to the overall regional transportation planning program. The analysis of the rural arterial system will allow for identification and prioritizing rural regional transportation needs. Study results should be incorporated into the MTP, and recommended projects into the TIP as funding becomes available.

#### **FY95 Products**

- 1. Report identifying rural arterial needs.
- 2. Prioritization of rural arterial needs.
- 3. Preliminary cost estimates of conceptual solutions.

FY95 Expenses:		FY95 Revenues:	•
Revenues represent	the FY94 UPWP amo	unts:	
	\$		\$
RTC	8,000	Rural STP	47,575
Clark County/	47,000	Local Match	7,425
Consultant	·		•
Total	55,000		55 000

## H. <u>Vancouver Amtrak Station Study</u>

The Washington State Transportation Fund contains an appropriation for rail passenger service improvements. In the Vancouver region, a study was conducted during FY94 to assess the current Vancouver Amtrak depot and to provide recommendations as to the required improvements to the site and structure to accommodate quality passenger service. It is anticipated that some of the improvements may be carried out during FY95.

## **Work Element Objectives**

1. Implement the short-term recommendations presented in the Vancouver Amtrak Station Study carried out during FY94.

## Relationship To Other Work

The provision of rail service within the region, and planning for future improved rail service, is a component of the regional transportation planning process. Future plans for rail are a required component of the Metropolitan Transportation Plan.

## **FY95 Products**

1. Designs for implementation of the recommendations contained in the report documenting study findings and recommendations regarding ownership of the Vancouver Amtrak station, building and site conditions, and intermodal connections.

FY95 Expenses:	FY95 Revenues:
\$ PTC	State Transport d'au
RTC	State Transportation Fund, Rail Branch
Consultant	· -

Funding is anticipated but no funding level has yet been established.

## I. <u>I-205/NE 18th Street Interchange Study</u>

The proposed I-205 and 18th Street Interchange Feasibility Study is a planning/conceptual design study that will investigate the need for an interchange on I-205, in the vicinity of NE 18th Street, in rapidly-growing southeast Clark County. Possible alternatives for an interchange in the vicinity will be investigated.

#### Work Element Objectives

- 1. Investigate potential transportation solutions to meet transportation needs in the rapidly growing South East Clark County area focusing on the potential costs and/or benefits of an interchange at I-205/NE 18th Street. Alternative strategies will also be investigated.
- The study will focus on improvements to the existing system to increase the mobility of people and goods by coordinating plans for transit, auto and freight transportation modes and land use.
- 3. Investigate FHWA's guidelines for new or revised interchanges on the interstate freeway system.
- 4. Analysis of measures to relieve congestion at the I-205 interchanges to the north and south of NE 18th Street.
- 5. Assess improved access to C-TRAN's Evergreen Transit Center and potential future development of I-205 as a regional high capacity transit corridor.
- 6. Assess possible air quality benefits which would help Clark County reach attainment for ozone and carbon monoxide.
- 7. Address impacts on the local economy.
- 8. Address concurrency requirements established by the Growth Management Act..

## Relationship To Other Work

Study report.

Study results will be used in the Metropolitan Transportation Plan.

## **FY95 Products**

1.

FY95 Expenses:		FY95 Revenues:		
RTC	\$	WA STP		\$
Total			•	

Funding is anticipated but no funding level has yet been established.

#### Introduction

Data Management and Travel Forecasting Process work elements include: (A) Regional Transportation Data Base and Travel Forecasting Process, (B) Growth Management Act, (C) Metro Travel Behavior Survey, (D) Commute Trip Reduction and (E) Air Quality Planning.

The Regional Transportation Data Base and Forecasting element includes two sub-elements. Regional Transportation Data Base activities include: transit operations and ridership data, census data, transit/highway networks, population/employment allocations, traffic counts, and origin/destination travel survey data. Regional transportation data activities will include the further application of GIS technology for regional transportation planning purposes. The GIS library of coverages developed by Clark County has been used in GMA planning and has great potential for future transportation applications. Work should emphasize the need to develop more accurate measures of built-up and developable land. The Travel Forecasting Process sub-element will emphasize the continued provision of model access and applications to MPO/RTPO member agencies. In addition, this element will include model update/refinement activities, and methodological improvements for congestion management and air quality analysis.

The Growth Management Act element has been included to emphasize the significance of RTC's role in providing data and model results to local jurisdictions to assist in their planning studies under GMA. Of particular significance during FY95 will be the analysis of model data for use as a tool in assessing transportation system needs to meet GMA concurrency requirements.

The Metro Travel Behavior Survey element will involve a contribution of STP funding from the Washington portion of the Portland/Vancouver region to a region-wide effort to analyze data on travel behavior collected during the Spring 1994 survey. The project is led by Metro.

<u>Commute Trip Reduction</u> (CTR) is likely to play a significant part in providing for future mobility needs of Clark County's population. RTC's role will be in providing local agencies with data to assess the impacts of the CTR program.

State and Federal air quality conformity requirements are major considerations in the development of transportation plans and programs therefore an Air Quality Planning element has been included in the FY95 UPWP. Clark County is currently designated as a marginal non-attainment area for ozone and a moderate non-attainment area for carbon monoxide. The transportation conformity requirements contained in the Federal Clean Air Act Amendments and the State Clean Air Act mandate that transportation plans and programs are to be a part of air quality improvement strategies. RTC will work with Washington and Oregon agencies to coordinate air quality planning for the Clark County portion of the Portland-Vancouver region.

## A. Regional Transportation Data and Regional Travel Forecasting Process

## (i) Regional Transportation Data Base

This sub-element includes the development, maintenance and management of the regional transportation database to support the regional transportation planning program. Use of the data includes measuring system performance, evaluating level of service standards, calibration of the regional travel forecasting model, the functional classification of roadways, routing of trucks, support for studies by local jurisdictions, support for regional HCT studies and air quality analysis. The database will be developed in FY94 with cooperation and work with Metro on a travel Origin/Destination (O/D) survey, update of the transit operations and ridership data, traffic count data and highway/transit network data. Work will proceed on use of the Census Transportation Planning Package data when it becomes available. Work will continue on developing a GIS transportation database and technical assistance will be provided to MPO/RTPO member agencies and other local jurisdictions, as needed.

## Work Sub-element Objectives

- 1. Maintain an up-to-date transportation data base and map file for transportation planning and regional modeling.
- 2. Collection, analysis and reporting of regional transportation data.
- 3. Maintain a comprehensive, continuing, and coordinated traffic count program.
- 4. Analyze growth trends and relate these to future year population and employment forecasts.
- 5. Cooperate with, and participate in, Metro's process to update the region's forecast population and employment data for future years and allocate the region-wide growth total to Clark County's transportation analysis zones.
- 6. Maintain and update the TIGER highway network as necessary.
- 7. Continue to incorporate transportation planning data elements into the Arc/Info GIS system. Use ArcView and ArcCAD to enhance RTC's GIS capabilities which will give the PC-based system similar capabilities to a full work station.
- 8. Continue to collect and analyze transit ridership statistics and provide transit-related data for the development and update of transit plans and reports as needed by C-TRAN..
- 9. Analysis of transportation-related census data including the CTPP data when it becomes available.
- 10. Review designated regional transportation system and functional classification system of highways for currency.

- 11. Assistance to local jurisdictions relating to data and information from the regional transportation data base.
- 12. Collaboration with Metro to analyze travel survey data to be used to enhance the regional transportation database and regional travel forecasting model.
- 13. Update computer equipment.

#### Relationship To Other Work Elements

This sub-element is the key to interrelating all data activities. Output from the database is used by local jurisdictions and supports the development of the MTP, TIP and TDP. The traffic count program is an ongoing data activity that is valuable in understanding existing travel patterns and future travel growth. The program is also a source of county-wide historic traffic data, and is used to calibrate the regional travel forecasting model in EMME/2.

## **FY95 Products**

- 1. Maintenance and update of the regional transportation database.
- 2. Monthly, weekly, and year-to-date transit ridership data, update of ridership survey data and reports and graphs relating to transit use.
- 3. Work on future population and employment forecasts.
- 4. Allocation of future population and employment forecast data to Clark County transportation analysis zones.
- 5. Transportation planning data and GIS Arc/Info data integration.
- 6. Maintenance and update of the geographically correct highway network and local street system in a GIS coverage.
- 7. Integration of CTPP into the regional transportation database.
- 8. Integration of freight traffic data into the regional transportation database.
- 9. Update of traffic count database.
- 10. Further development of traffic count program to automate links with GIS and EMME/2.
- 11. Assistance to local jurisdictions.
- 12. Analysis of results from the travel behavior surveys carried out in collaboration with Metro.
- 13. Purchase of updated computer equipment with RTPO revenues.

FY95 Sub-Element Expenses:		FY95 Sub-Element Revenues:	
	\$		\$
RTC	47,000	FY95 PL	31,000
Computer Equipment	6,000	FTA Sec. 8	6,000
(use of RTPO revenues)		RTPO	6,000 5,000
	· .	Local	11,000
Total	53,000	-	53,000

## (ii) Regional Travel Forecasting Process

The regional travel model serves as the forecasting tool to estimate and analyze future transportation needs. EMME/2 software is used to carry out travel demand and traffic assignment steps. In FY91, the forecasting models used by RTC and METRO were integrated, allowing the Clark County region to carry out mode split analysis of person-trip assignments. Work was undertaken in FY92 to refine and develop the integrated model for local use. Work in FY94 will focus on the provision of increased model access and applications to MPO/RTPO member agencies. In addition, this element will include model update/refinement activities, and methodological improvements for GMA concurrency, congestion management and air quality analysis.

## Work Sub-element Objectives

- 1. Work with local agencies to increase their accessibility to model use and to expand model applications for use in regional plans, local plans, transportation demand management planning and transit planning.
- 2. Continue local Transportation Model Users' Group (TMUG).
- 3. Develop and maintain the regional travel model to include: periodic update and recalibration, network changes, speed-flow relationships, land use changes, and interchange/intersection refinements. Develop model to cover the twenty-year planning horizon required for the MTP.
- 4. Coordinate the utilization, development and refinement of the Clark County regional travel forecasting model with Metro and other local agencies.
- 5. Further develop procedures to carry out post-processing of results from travel assignments.
- 6. Develop data on vehicle miles traveled (VMT) and vehicle occupancy measures for use in air quality and Transportation Demand Management (TDM) planning.
- 7. Incorporate travel behavior survey results into the regional travel forecasting model.
- 8. Assist local agencies by supplying regional travel model output for use in local GMA plans.

## Relationship To Other Work Elements

This sub-element advances work toward the development and maintenance of the regional travel forecasting model which is the most significant tool for long-range transportation planning. It relates to the MTP, TIP, management systems, traffic count, transit planning, and clean air planning.

#### **FY95 Products**

- 1. Continued implementation of interlocal agreement relating to use of model in the region.
- 2. Model Users' Group meetings.
- 3. Refined travel forecasting methodology using EMME/2 program.
- 4. Re-calibration of model as necessary.
- 5. Review and update of model networks.
- 6. Model for use in MTP development.
- 7. Base data for air quality data analysis and documentation.
- 8. Post-processing techniques.
- 9. Enhanced model using results from travel behavior surveys.
- 10. Development of regional model alternative scenarios, running of alternative network assignments and modeled turning movement data, to assist local agencies in their planning studies and concurrency analysis.

F 195 Sub-element Expenses:		FY95 Sub-element Revenues:	
	\$		\$
RTC	53,000	FY95 PL	31,000
	· ·	FTA Sec. 8	6,000
	•	RTPO	5,000
	•	Local	11,000
Total	53,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	53,000

## A. Regional Transportation Data and Regional Travel Forecasting Process

FY95 Element Expenses:		FY95 Element Rev	enues:
	\$		\$
RTC	100,000	FY94 PL	62,000
Computer Equipment	<b>6,000</b>	FTA Sec. 8	12,000
(use of RTPO revenues)		RTPO	10,000
•		Local	22,000
Total	106,000	•	106,000

## B. Growth Management Act

The Washington State Growth Management Act (GMA) was passed in 1990 and since then local jurisdictions, regional and state agencies have been working to adopt plans required by the GMA and implement plan recommendations. The GMA requires that transportation infrastructure is provided concurrent with the development of land. This element defines the role of RTC in assisting local jurisdictions in their efforts to implement a transportation concurrency program.

#### **Work Element Objectives**

- 1. Provide assistance to local jurisdictions in implementing their GMA plans.
- 2. Assist jurisdictions in providing data for the concurrency test and analyzing transportation concurrency needs.

#### Relationship To Other Work Elements

The GMA is fundamental to many of RTC's work activities. The Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP), Regional Transportation Data Base, Regional Travel Forecasting Process and Regional Transportation Program Coordination and Management elements all contain reference to RTC's activities in carrying out the requirements of the GMA. RTC will develop the MTP according to GMA guidelines, will enhance the forecasting model for use in long-range planning and for use as a tool in measuring concurrency needs and RTC will review the transportation elements of GMA local plans to certify that they meet the GMA requirements and that the elements are consistent with the MTP.

#### **FY95 Products**

1. Assistance to local jurisdictions in measuring and testing for concurrency.

FY95 Element Expenses:		FY95 Element Revenues:	
·	\$		\$
RTC	11,000	FY95 PL	2,000
		RTPO	8,000
	<u> </u>	Local	1,000
Total	11,000	·.	11,000

## C. <u>Metro Travel Behavior Surveys</u>

This element will be led by Metro and is closely related to the regional travel forecasting model refinement process.

#### Work Element Objectives

- 1. Analyze metropolitan region travel survey results to better understand travel behavior, trip origin and destinations and travel flow.
- 2. Use of survey results as input to the regional travel forecasting model.

## Relationship To Other Work Elements

This work element relates to Metro's FY95 UPWP element "Travel Forecasting Surveys and Research". The element will enhance the regional travel database and the regional travel forecasting model.

## **FY95 Products**

1. Analysis of travel behavior survey.

FY95 RTC Expenses:

2. Incorporation of survey results in the regional travel forecasting model by Metro.

:			
	\$		\$
Metro	134,509	WA STP	125,000
RTC	10,000	Local	19,509
Total	144,509	•	144,509

FY95 RTC Revenues:

Refer to Metro's FY95 UPWP (Travel Forecasting Surveys and Research element) for full revenues and expenses.

## D. <u>Commute Trip Reduction</u>

In 1991, the Washington State legislature passed the Commute Trip Reduction (CTR) Law requiring that local jurisdictions with major employers adopt a Commute Trip Reduction Ordinance and that employers who have 100 or more employees arriving at work between 6 a.m. and 9 a.m. should establish a commute trip reduction program for their employees. The Law established goals of a 15% reduction in trips by 1995, a 25% reduction by 1997 and a 35% reduction by 1999. All affected Clark County jurisdictions have now adopted CTR ordinances. RTC's role in the CTR program will include providing technical assistance to jurisdictions in implementing and measuring the impacts of their CTR programs. CTR is a form of Transportation Demand Management (TDM).

#### Work Element Objectives

- 1. Provide technical assistance to local jurisdictions in implementing, measuring and evaluating CTR impacts.
- 2. Training of Employer Transportation Coordinators (ETCs).
- 3. Integration of CTR into the regional transportation planning process including MTP, TIP, Transportation Management Systems and Regional Transportation Data Base and Forecasting Model.
- 4. CTR program administration, including coordination with local jurisdictions, participation in the Clark County Regional TDM Planning Team and coordination with Oregon TDM activities, notably the Transportation Planning Rule (TPR) requirements.

#### Relationship To Other Work Elements

CTR is a form of Transportation Demand Management (TDM) and relates to MTP development, the TIP and uses data from the regional transportation database. TDM should be a strategy for reducing trips on the transportation system and will be addressed in the Congestion Management System work required by ISTEA.

## **FY95 Products**

- 1. Review of annual TDM survey results.
- 2. Use of travel model, Transportation Control Measure (TCM) Tools planning software in conjunction with survey results to determine the impacts of employer programs on CTR zone and regional Single Occupant Vehicle (SOV) usage and Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) as well as travel speed impacts and air quality impacts.
- 3. Maps and graphics showing employer distribution, travel patterns, and survey results.
- 4. Participation in the annual training of ETCs from affected employers.

- 5. Integration of CTR into the regional transportation planning process.
- 6. Participate in Clark County Regional TDM Planning Team.
- 7. Quarterly reporting to Clark County, the lead agency for this work activity, on RTC's CTR activities.
- 8. Set up system for monitoring effectiveness of CTR in comparison with Oregon's TPR.

FY95 Expenses:		FY95 Revenues:	
	\$		\$
RTC	20,000	WA State Energy Office	20,000
Total	20,000		20,000

## E. <u>Air Quality Planning</u>

## (i) Air Quality Planning

In an effort to improve and/or maintain air quality, the federal government enacted the Clean Air Act Amendments in 1990. As a result, state and federal air quality conformity requirements are major considerations in the development of transportation plans and programs. Vehicle emissions are a source of air pollution and any measure taken to reduce or prevent an increase in such emissions will contribute to an improvement in air quality.; The MPO will monitor federal activity on the Clean Air Act and seek to implement any necessary transportation measures to maintain or reach attainment of national ambient air quality standards.

Clark County is currently designated as a marginal non-attainment area for ozone and a moderate non-attainment area for carbon monoxide. The transportation conformity requirements contained in the Federal Clean Air act Amendments and the State Clean Air Act mandate that transportation plans and program are to be a part of air quality improvement strategies. To meet these requirements, data and analysis methodologies are required to develop demographic forecasts for attainment years, develop a VMT grid, monitor changes in VMT and analyze air quality implications through the EPA Mobile Emissions model and measure project level air quality impacts.

#### Work Element Objectives

- 1. Monitor federal guidance on the Clean Air Act.
- 2. Monitor state Clean Air Act legislation.
- 3. Identify potential Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) to attain and maintain air quality and relate to the State Implementation Plan (SIP).
- 4. Programming of identified TCMs in the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP).
- 4. Cooperate and coordinate with State Department of Ecology in their research and work on air quality in Washington State.
- 5. Use data and analysis methodologies to meet Federal Clean Air Act requirements.
- 6. Use data and analysis methodologies to meet State Clean Air Act requirements.
- 7. Participate in review and development of the State Implementation Plan (SIP) in integrating appropriate Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) for the region.
- 8. Prepare and provide data for DOE in relation to the car exhaust and maintenance (I/M) program implemented in the urbanized portion of the Clark County region.
- 9. To provide for consistency within the region RTC will provide project level conformity analysis for local jurisdictions.

## Relationship to Other Work Elements

This work element relates to the Metropolitan Transportation Plan, the Transportation Improvement Program, Transit Development Program activities and planning for high occupancy vehicle modes of travel.

#### **FY95 Products**

- 1. Monitoring and implementation activities relating to the Federal and State Clean Air Acts.
- 2. Data and conformity documentation for MTP, TIP and project level analysis as required by the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.
- 3. Coordination with local agencies, South West Washington Air Pollution Control Authority (SWAPCA), the Washington State Department of Ecology (DOE), Metro and Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) relating to air quality activities.

•	\$		\$
RTC	22,000	FÝ95 PL	16,000
		FTA Sec. 8	1,000
•		RTPO	2,000
		Local	3,000
Total	22,000	· •	22,000

FY95 Sub-element Revenues:

## (ii) TCM Evaluation Model

**FY95** Sub-element Expenses:

As a non-attainment area for ozone and carbon monoxide, it is important to have a reliable tool for the evaluation of transportation control measures. This work element will consist of developing analysis software to quantify the travel and emissions reductions of various transportation control measures and their cost-effectiveness for the Puget Sound, Spokane, and Vancouver urban areas. Most of the work in the element was carried out during FY94.

#### **Work Element Objectives**

- 1. To develop sketch planning level emissions analysis software customized to the travel and air shed characteristics of the three urban areas.
- 2. Integration of the TCM analysis capability into SIP Maintenance Plan process.
- 3. Utilization of emissions element of the analysis software to assist in complying with the quantification requirements for CM/AQ project funding.

## Relationship to Other Work

This project draws from the regional transportation database and travel forecasting model to quantify travel and emissions impacts specific to the Vancouver area. The completion of the project will provide the capability to support and enhance a wide range of planning activities. It will provide technical staff and policy officials with technical information to assist in making decisions on criteria for project selection under ISTEA and will quantify the air quality benefits of transportation projects and programs for CM/AQ. This project also supports the federallyrequired air quality maintenance development which will likely require locally-developed TCMs.

#### **FY95 Products**

- . 1. Development and incorporation of travel characteristics for a base and single horizon year specific to the Vancouver region for use in the TCM tool software analysis package.
- 2. Incorporation of Mobile 5A emission factors into emissions module of the TCM analysis software.
- 3. Evaluation of a wide range of TCMs for the Vancouver region including a summary of impacts on speed, VMT, emissions reduction and cost-effectiveness.
- 4. Training sessions on the operation, use, and interpretation of results from the TCM software.

FY95 Regional Expenses:		FY95 State-wide R	FY95 State-wide Revenues:			
		•				
	\$		\$			
RTC	75,000	CM/AQ	242,200			
		Local (State)	37,800			
Total	75,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	280,000			

NOTE: This sub-element is a Puget Sound Regional Council UPWP work element.

## III. TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM COORDINATION AND MANAGEMENT

#### **Introduction**

The third section of the FY95 UPWP includes one main element, the Regional Transportation Program Coordination and Management element with four sub-elements, (i) Transportation Coordination and Management, (ii) Bi-State Coordination, (iii) Public Involvement and (iv) Federal Compliance.

Transportation Program Coordination and Management will include the development of meeting packets, minutes and reports for RTAC and the RTC Board, maintenance and development of the computer system, staff training, development of an annual Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP), production of quarterly and annual progress reports, MPO certification and certification that the local governments' comprehensive land use plans conform with the requirements of Section 7 of the Growth Management Act and that local transportation elements are consistent with the MTP.

The <u>Bi-State Coordination</u> element will include participation with Metro's transportation technical and policy committees as well as coordination of air quality and growth allocation issues.

The <u>Public Involvement</u> sub-element will include activities related to ensuring public input on the MTP, TIP and other major regional transportation planning activities.

The <u>Federal Compliance</u> element will address compliance with Title VI, ADA, competitive services planning and emergency preparedness planning.

## III. TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

## A. Transportation Program Coordination and Management

This work element provides for the overall coordination and management of regional transportation planning program activities. It includes coordination with local transportation planning, studies and committees and relates to coordination required by the following program areas: Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act, Growth Management Act, Transportation Demand Management, High Capacity Transit and Air Quality.

## (i) Transportation Program Coordination and Management

#### Work Element Objectives

- 1. Participate in and coordinate with special purpose state/local transportation committees such as the C-TRAN Board, the Vancouver Chamber of Commerce Transportation Committee, Clark County GMA Committees, WSDOT Committees such as the RTPO/MPO Advisory Committee, Multi-Modal Transportation Program and Project Selection Committee and Transportation Enhancement Advisory Committee (EAC) and others.
- 2. Coordinate local transportation plans and projects.
- 3. Coordinate with State Department of Ecology in their research and work on air quality in Washington State.
- 4. Manage the regional transportation planning program.
- 5. Develop meeting packets, agenda, minutes, and reports/presentations for the RTC Board, Regional Transportation Advisory Committee, Skamania County Transportation Policy Committee and Klickitat County Transportation Policy Committee.
- 6. Monitor new legislative activities as they relate to regional transportation planning and certification requirements.
- 7. Certify that the transportation elements of local governments' comprehensive land use plans conform with the requirements of Section 7 of the Growth Management Act and certify that local transportation elements are consistent with the MTP
- 8. Participate in key transportation seminars and training.
- 9. Certification of the transportation planning process as required by ISTEA.
- 10. Annually develop and adopt a UPWP that describes all transportation planning activities to be carried out in the Washington portion of the Portland-Vancouver metropolitan area.
- 11. Maintain and upgrade the MPO/RTPO computer system, including review of hardware and software needs to efficiently carry out the regional transportation planning program.
- 12. Provide computer training opportunities for MPO/RTPO staff.

## Relationship To Other Work Elements

Regional transportation coordination activities are vital to the success of the regional transportation planning program and interrelate with all UPWP work elements. Program management is interrelated with all the administrative aspects of the regional transportation planning program and to all the program activities. The UPWP represents a coordinated program that responds to regional transportation planning needs.

#### **FY95 Products**

- 1. Coordination efforts and participation in numerous transportation planning programs and committees.
- 2. Management of the regional transportation planning program.
- 3. Organization and administration relating to participation in transportation committees at the regional level.
- 4. Involvement of the business community in the transportation planning process.
- 5. Preparation of documentation for MPO certification and certification review as required by ISTEA. RTC's certification is due before September 30, 1994.
- 6. An adopted FY96 UPWP.

FY95 Sub-element Expenses:

- 7. FY95 UPWP amendments, as necessary and quarterly progress reports on FY95 UPWP work activities.
- 8. Certification that the transportation elements of local governments' comprehensive land use plans conform with the requirements of Section 7 of the Growth Management Act and certify that local transportation elements are consistent with the MTP.
- 9. Efficient and effective use of existing computer system capabilities and research into future needs.

			•
	\$		\$
RTC	64,164	FY95 PL	25,412
		FTA Sec. 8	9,344
		RTPO	16,374
•		Local	13,034
Total	64,164	-	64,164

FY95 Sub-element Revenues:

## III. TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM COORDINATION AND MANAGEMENT

## (ii) Bi-State Coordination

The Bi-State Coordination sub-element will include participation with Metro's transportation technical and policy committees as well as coordination of air quality and growth allocation issues.

#### Work Element Objectives

- 1. Participation in Metro's Joint Policy Advisory Committee (JPACT) meetings.
- 2. Participation in Metro's Transportation Policy Alternatives Committee (TPAC).
- 3. Development of Bi-state ISTEA strategies.
- 4. Liaison with Metro and Oregon Department of Environmental Quality regarding air quality planning issues.
- 5. Participation in Metro's regional growth allocation workshops for future population and employment forecasts.
- 6. Co-ordination with Metro's Region 2040 work activities
- 7. Participation in bi-state transportation studies.

#### Relationship To Other Work Elements

FY95 Sub-element Expenses:

The Bi-State Coordination sub-element relates to regional transportation planning activities and to HCT studies.

## FY95 Products

1. Participation in Metro's regional transportation planning activities.

			•
	\$		\$
RTC	9,530	FY95 PL	5,000
	•	FTA Sec. 8	3,000
•	<u> </u>	Local	1,530
Total	9,530	•	9,530

FY95 Sub-element Revenues:

## III. TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

## (iii) Public Involvement

#### **Work Element Objectives**

- 1. Implement the Public Involvement Program which is to be adopted before July 1, 1994. Any changes to the Program requires that the MPO meet the procedures outlined in the Metropolitan Planning regulations relating to ISTEA.
- 2. Conduct public review process for the MTP.
- 3. Conduct public review process for the TIP.
- 4. Draft press releases to provide a communication link with local media.
- 5. Communications will be mailed to interested citizens, agencies, and businesses.
- 6. Throughout the year requests are consistently received from various groups, agencies and organizations to provide information and give presentations on a series of regional transportation topics. These requests provide an important opportunity to gain public input and discussion on a variety of transportation issues.

#### Relationship To Other Work Elements

This sub-element provides for public participation in the regional transportation planning process. The public's participation in the regional transportation planning process and their input on the MTP and TIP is most valuable.

#### **FY95 Products**

- 1. Increased public awareness and information about regional and transportation issues.
- 2. Public information and input on transport issues and activities affecting the regional transportation system in Clark County and the Portland area.
- 3. Public meetings on the MTP and TIP.

FY95 Sub-element Expenses:

- 4. Information publication and distribution on the regional transportation planning program.
- 5. Public notification and comment period for any proposed changes to the Public Involvement Program.

FY95 Sub-element Revenues:

		1 175 Gao Clomone	Movemues.
•	\$		\$
RTC	25,016	FY95 PL	8,000
	•	FTA Sec. 8	3,000
		RTPO	6,000
		Local _	8,016
Total	25,016		25,016

#### III. TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

## (iv) Federal Compliance

The federal compliance sub-element will address certain issues relating to compliance with ISTEA, the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, the ADA, Title VI, competitive services planning, emergency preparedness planning and other federal requirements.

## **Work Element Objectives**

- 1. Understanding of Clean Air Act Amendments conformity regulations as they relate to development of the State Implementation Plan (SIP). Participation in SIP development process led by the Washington State Department of Ecology (DOE). Development of a strategy for attaining and maintaining clean air standards by such means as analysis of Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) in terms of emissions reductions, identification of long-term TCMs in a maintenance plan and development of an emissions budget.
- 2. In 1990 the federal government enacted the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). The Act requires that mobility needs of persons with disabilities are comprehensively addressed. The MPO/RTPO will undertake planning activities, such as data gathering and analysis, needed to support C-TRAN's implementation of the ADA's provisions.
- 3. Assist C-TRAN in their implementation plans for a wheelchair-accessible fixed route transit service. Assistance will mainly be in provision of data, analysis and maps to help the accessibility program.
- 4. Participate as a staff member of C-TRAN's Special Services Advisory Committee (SSAC). The SSAC makes recommendations for the accessibility and paratransit Plan required by ADA.
- 5. FTA Circular 4702.1 outlines reporting requirements and procedures for transit agencies and MPOs to comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. RTC and C-TRAN will work cooperatively to provide the necessary Title VI documentation, certification and updates to the information. C-TRAN Title VI documentation was updated with the release of 1990 Census data in FY92.
- 6. Consult with private providers and continue to notify them of plans for new transit service.
- 7. Coordination with local agencies in transportation emergency service planning and provision of data from the regional transportation database to assist in planning for routing of hazardous materials, identification of vulnerable transportation links and alternative routes. Development of strategic plans to cope with emergency situations such as earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, flooding, fires and spills of hazardous materials.

#### Relationship To Other Work Elements

This sub-element relates to the overall MPO/RTPO regional transportation planning program. Data to meet with federal requirements is obtained from the regional transportation database and federal requirements are addressed in the MTP and TIP.

#### **FY95 Products**

- 1. Development of strategy for clean air attainment and maintenance in collaboration with the state's Department of Ecology and local agencies.
- 2. Implementation of the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act relating to transportation planning and provision.
- 3. Assistance, particularly in production of maps and data analysis, to C-TRAN in their efforts to implement ADA and Title VI.
- 4. Title VI documentation and certification as required by FTA.
- 5. Coordination with C-TRAN to review opportunities for the private sector to provide public transportation services in the Clark County region and cooperate and coordinate with C-TRAN in organizing and holding a meeting for private sector transportation providers, giving them an opportunity to discuss the region's Transportation Improvement Program.
- 6. TIP competitive services documentation.

FY95 Sub-element Expenses:

FY95 Expenses:

7. Incorporate emergency preparedness provisions into the Metropolitan Transportation Plan.

•		,		
	\$		• .	\$
RTC	5,205	FY95 PL	~	2,000
•	•	FTA Sec. 8		2,000
		Local		1,205
Total	5 205	•		5 205

FY95 Sub-element Revenues:

FY95 Revenues:

## A. Transportation Program Coordination and Management

	<del>-</del> *,		
	\$	•.	\$
RTC	103,915	FY95 PL	40,412
		FTA Sec. 8	17,344
		RTPO	22,374
	• •	Local	23,785
Total	103,915	•	103,915

## IV. TRANSPORTATION PLANNING ACTIVITIES OF STATE AND LOCAL AGENCIES

#### Introduction

Federal ISTEA legislation requires that all transportation planning studies to be undertaken in the region are included in the MPO's UPWP regardless of the funding source or agencies conducting the activities. Section IV provides a description of identified planning studies and their relationship to the MPO's planning process.

## A. <u>Washington State Department of Transportation, District 4</u>

Washington State Department of Transportation, District 4, publishes a FY95 Unified Planning Work Program to document their proposed planning activities for the fiscal year. Development of the MPO and WSDOT UPWPs was coordinated by RTC and WSDOT staff. The Washington State Department of Transportation, District 4, FY95 Unified Planning Work Program provides details of each of their planning elements and describes funding levels for each element.

#### Work Elements

- WSDOT Planning, Coordination and Management: WSDOT includes several elements relating to planning, coordination and management of their local planning program.

The following elements are of particular significance to RTC's MPO/RTPO work program:

- I-205/NE 18TH STREET INTERCHANGE FEASIBILITY STUDY: Coordination with MPO and local agencies to include freeway access issues, transit accessibility and land use impacts.
   The element is described in the MPO UPWP. Funding will be sought from STP state-wide competitive funds.
- SR-14 Management Plan: will be included in WSDOT's UPWP. Funding is already secured for the Plan.

Funding sources have not yet been identified for the following elements so they may be deferred to future work programs:

- SR-14/Camas Slough to Scenic Area Boundary Needs Study
- SR-500/162nd to Camas Corridor Study

## IV. TRANSPORTATION PLANNING ACTIVITIES OF STATE AND LOCAL AGENCIES

## B. <u>C-TRAN</u>

The following FY95 planning elements have been identified by C-TRAN:

- Management Information Study to determine data collection process (Estimated Budget \$10,000)
- Latent Demand Study to determine unmet potential ridership (Estimated Budget \$40,000)
- Marketing Research/Development: for HCT research, focus groups/surveys, executive interviews (Estimated Budget \$82,000).
- Park and Ride Planning: (Fisher's Landing and Central County Park and Ride budgets, to include planning, property acquisition and engineering/design, are \$1,991,000 and \$935,000 respectively).
- Signal Preemption Study (Phase II) to analyze feasibility of implementing traffic signal preemption system to reduce bus travel times. (Estimated Budget \$50,000).
- Commute Trip Reduction Program to provide support in program development for impacted employers to reduce SOV trips. (Estimated Budget \$117,000).
- HCT Study, Tier I and Tier II, is described in Section I of RTC's FY95 UPWP (South/North Transit Corridor Alternatives Analysis/Draft EIS element).

## IV. TRANSPORTATION PLANNING ACTIVITIES OF STATE AND LOCAL AGENCIES

## C. Clark County

The following planning study has been identified by Clark County:

- Felida/West Hazel Dell Sub-Area Planning Study: to analyze local transportation needs in the Felida/West Hazel Dell area of Clark County.

#### GLOSSARY

ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
AQMA	Air Quality Maintenance Area

CAA Clean Air Act

CAAA Clean Air Act Amendments

CO Carbon Monoxide

CM/AQ Congestion Mitigation/Air Quality

CTAC Consolidated Transportation Advisory Committee

CTPP Census Transportation Planning Package

CTR Commute Trip Reduction

DOE Department of Ecology (State)

DOT Department of Transportation (U.S.)

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

FHWA Federal Highways Administration

FTA Federal Transit Administration (formerly UMTA)

FY Financial Year

GMA Growth Management Act (State)

HCT High Capacity Transit
I/M Inspection/Maintenance

IRC Intergovernmental Resource Center

ISTEA Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (1991)

JPACT Joint Policy Advisory Committee, Metro, Portland, Oregon

LMC Lane Mile Congestion
LOS Level of Service
LRT Light Rail Transit

Metro Metropolitan Service District, Portland, Oregon

MPO Metropolitan Planning Organization
MTP Metropolitan Transportation Plan
NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NHS National Highway System

ODOT Oregon Department of Transportation
PTBA Public Transportation Benefit Authority

RTC Southwest Washington Regional Transportation Council

RTP Regional Transportation Plan

RTPO Regional Transportation Planning Organization

SIP State Implementation Plan

SSAC Special Services Advisory Committee
TAZ Transportation Analysis Zone
TCMs Transportation Control Measures
TDM Transportation Demand Management
TDP Transit Development Program

TIP Transportation Improvement Program
TMA Transportation Management Area

TPAC Transportation Policy Alternatives Committee, Metro, Portland, Oregon

TPC Transportation Policy Committee
TPR Transportation Planning Rule
TSM Transportation System Management

UMTA Urban Mass Transportation Administration (now FTA)

UPWP Unified Planning Work Program

VMT Vehicle Miles Traveled

WSDOT Washington State Department of Transportation

	SOUTHWEST WASHINGTON REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COUNCIL  FY95 UNIFIED PLANNING WORK PROGRAM - SUMMARY OF REVENUES/EXPENDITURES BY FUNDING SOURCE (\$000'\$)										
	WORK ELEMENT PL FTA RTPO CM/AQ STP OTHER Funds TOTAL										
	REG	IONAL TRANSPORTATION PLANNING PROGRAM									-
.	Α	Metropolitan Transportation Plan		30,000	10,000	19,000	. 0	0	0	14,000	73,000
∥.	В	Transportation Improvement Program		17,000	5,000	11,000	. 0	0	0	5,000	38,000
	C	Congestion Management System		0	0	0	200,000	0	0	31,214	231,214
	D	South/North Alternatives Analysis/Draft EIS	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l	E	Skamania County RTPO	2	0	0	16,900	0	18,000	0	0	34,900
H	F	Klickitat County RTPO	2	0	. 0	18,700	0	18,000	0	, 0	36,700
	G	Clark County/RTC Rural Arterial Study	3	0	0	0	0	47,575	7,425	0	55,000
•	H	Vancouver Amtrak Station Project	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	$oxedsymbol{\perp}$	I-205/NE 18th St. Interchange Study	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
<u> </u>		Sub-Total Sub-Total		47,000	15,000	65,600	200,000	83,575	7,425	50,214	468,814
lu 💮	DAT	A MANAGEMENT AND TRAVEL FORECASTING P	RO	CESS							
II.	Α	Reg. Transp. Data Base and Forecasting	- 1	62,000	12,000	10,000	0	0	. 0	22,000	106,000
ll l	i	Regional Transportation Data Base		31,000	6,000	5,000	o	o	. 0	11,000	53,000
	ii	Regional Travel Forecasting Process		31,000	6,000	5,000	0	0	0	11,000	53,000
1	В	Growth Management Act		2,000	0	8,000	0	0	0	1,000	11,000
	င	Metro Travel Behavior Survey	1	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ll l		Commute Trip Reduction	5	0	0	0	0	0	20,000		20,000
	Е	Air Quality Planning		16,000	1,000	2,000	0	0	75,000	3,000	97,000
	i	Air Quality Planning	- 1	16,000	1,000	2,000	0	0	0	2,750	21,750
łl –	ï	TCM Evaluation Model	6	0	0	0	0	0	75,000	. 0	75,000
ļ		Sub-Total		80,000	13,000	20,000	0	0	95,000	26,001	234,001
111		NSPORTATION PROGRAM COORDINATION AND	ΜĄ	NAGEMENT		<del> </del>					
	Α	Reg. Transp. Program Coord. & Management		40,412	17,344	22,374	0	0	0	23,785	103,915
	i	Reg. Transp. Program Coord. & Management		25,412	9,344	16,374	o	٥	o	13,034	64,164
	ii	Bi-State Coordination	1	5,000	3,000	٥	o	٥	0	1,530	9,530
<b> </b>   .	iii	Public Involvement	- [	8,000	3,000	6,000	o	o	o	8,016	25,016
	lv	Federal Compliance	_	2,000	2,000	0	0	0	0	1,205	5,205
		Sub-Total	4	40,412	17,344	22,374	0	이	0	23,785	103,915
Tota	18			167,412	45,344	107,974	200,000	83,575	102,425	100,000	806,730

Feb. 9, 1994

NOTES: PL and FTA Allocations (WSDOT Memo, 12/1/93); RTPO Allocation per 2/9/94 telephone call from B. Wiebe, WSDOT HQ)

Numbers may not add due to rounding in the spreadsheet program

- 1 Funding will be set in next UPWP draft
- 2 Local match for STP will be provided from RTPO funds
- 3 Clark County is providing match (see Other column)

- 4 Funding anticipated, but amount unknown
- 5 Washington State Energy Office funding through Clark County
- 6 Puget Sound Regional Council UPWP Element

#### STAFF REPORT

CONSIDERATION OF RESOLUTION NO. 94-1916 FOR THE PURPOSE OF APPROVING THE FY 1995 UNIFIED WORK PROGRAM AND RESOLUTION NO. 94-1917 CERTIFYING THAT THE PORTLAND METROPOLITAN AREA IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH FEDERAL TRANSPORTATION PLANNING REQUIREMENTS

Date: February 28, 1994 Presented by: Andrew C. Cotugno

#### FACTUAL BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

The FY 1995 Unified Work Program (UWP) describes the transportation planning activities to be carried out in the Portland-Vancouver metropolitan region during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1994. Included in the document are federally-funded studies to be conducted by Metro, Regional Transportation Council (RTC), Tri-Met, the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT), the City of Portland and local jurisdictions. Major commitments continue to the Clean Air Act, Demand Management, Urban Growth Management, the Westside Corridor project, Hillsboro FEIS, the South/North Alternatives Analysis (AA) and High Capacity Transit studies. Also of major priority are the Southeast Corridor Study, the response to Rule 12, and the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (ISTEA) and the Travel-Forecasting Surveys and Research.

In the past, regional Interstate Transfer or FAU funds have been allocated toward work elements in the UWP. This practice is continued with an allocation from the region's Surface Transportation Program (STP), the replacement for FAU.

Federal transportation agencies (Federal Transit Administration (FTA)/Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)) require a self-certification that our planning process is in compliance with certain federal requirements as a prerequisite to receiving federal funds. The self-certification documents that we have met those requirements and is considered yearly at the time of UWP approval.

The UWP matches the projects and studies reflected in the proposed Metro budget submitted by the Metro Executive Officer to the Metro Council and is subject to revision in the final Metro budget. In addition, it funds one of the "add" packages submitted by the Executive Officer. Through an allocation of \$70,000 of Regional STP funds, it restores a Travel-Forecasting position.

Approval will mean that grants can be submitted and contracts executed so work can commence on July 1, 1994, in accordance with established Metro priorities.

#### PROPOSED ACTION

This resolution would: 1) approve the Unified Work Program (UWP) continuing the transportation planning work program for FY 1995; 2) allocate an additional \$70,000 of Regional STP funds; 3) authorize the submittal of grant applications to the appropriate funding agencies; and 4) certify that the Portland metropolitan area is in compliance with federal transportation planning requirements.

TPAC recommended approval of the FY 95 Unified Work Program with the following condition:

That further TPAC review be scheduled to discuss the implementation work program for Region 2040 and the Regional Framework Plan, maintenance of and access to RLIS, and Metro's new direction for public outreach.

## **EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION**

The Executive Officer recommends approval of Resolutions numbered 94-1916 and 94-1917, respectively.

# FY 94-95 Unified Work Program Grant Adjustments

<u>Grants</u>	Current	<u>Change</u>	Proposed
PL Sec. 8 STP E-4	\$687,481 217,000 633,333 0	-35,535 - 8,637 +95,000 +34,052 +14,880	\$651,946 208,363 728,333 34,052
Tasks	Current	Change	Proposed
Technical Assistance Willamette Crossing Study Surveys & Research	\$145,800 221,000 747,000	+25,000 -10,120 +70,000 +84,880	\$170,800 210,880 \$817,000

## PLANNING COMMITTEE REPORT

CONSIDERATION OF RESOLUTION NO. 94-1916, APPROVING THE FY 94 UNIFIED WORK PROGRAM

Date: March 22, 1994 Presented by: Councilor Monroe

<u>Committee Recommendation:</u> At the March 17 meeting, the Planning Committee voted unanimously to recommend Council adoption of Resolution 94-1916. Voting in favor: Councilors Kvistad, Gardner, Devlin, Gates, Monroe, Moore and Washington. Absent: Councilor McLain.

Committee Issues/Discussion: Richard Brandman, Assistant Planning Director for the Transportation Planning Division, presented the staff report. He explained the resolution, which describes the transportation planning activities to be carried out in the region, is necessary because of federal deadlines for funding applications. The usual practice is to adopt the Unified Work Program (UWP) and then make a series of amendments as various policy decisions are made. New this year, is the request from the federal government to identify major planning efforts in the region that are not federally funded.

Assisted by Keith Lawton, Assistant Planning Director for Technical Services Division, Mr. Brandman reviewed the various programs contained in the UWP. During discussion of the RLIS database, Mr. Lawton explained that the database is now becoming a real tool, rather than just something that Metro has been building.

Mr. Brandman explained the need for the three additional pages being added to the UWP at JPACT's request. The pages reference the Travel Forecasting Surveys and Research program. JPACT voted to support release of \$70,000 from STP funds to support this program which is not presently part of the FY 1994-95 proposed budget. Inclusion of the program, complete with funding, in the Unified Work Program will make it unnecessary to consider the program as a separate "add" decision package during budget discussions.