WHIPPLE CREEK RESTORATION

A GREENSPACES RESTORATION PROJECT

1996-1998

Vancouver School District

Submitted jointly by:

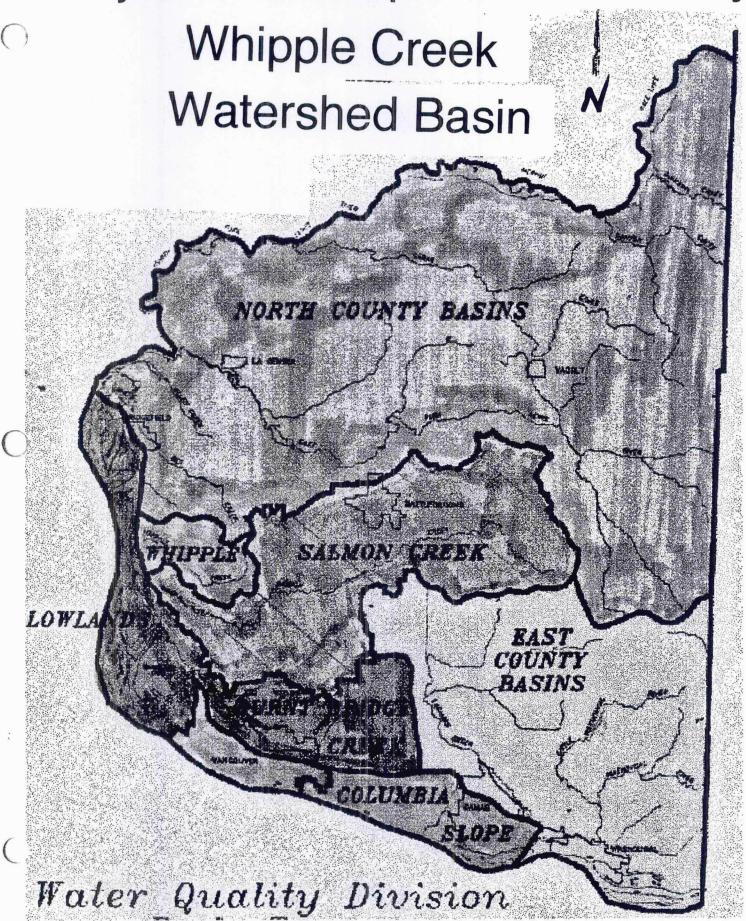
Ray Peterson Syreece Mclean

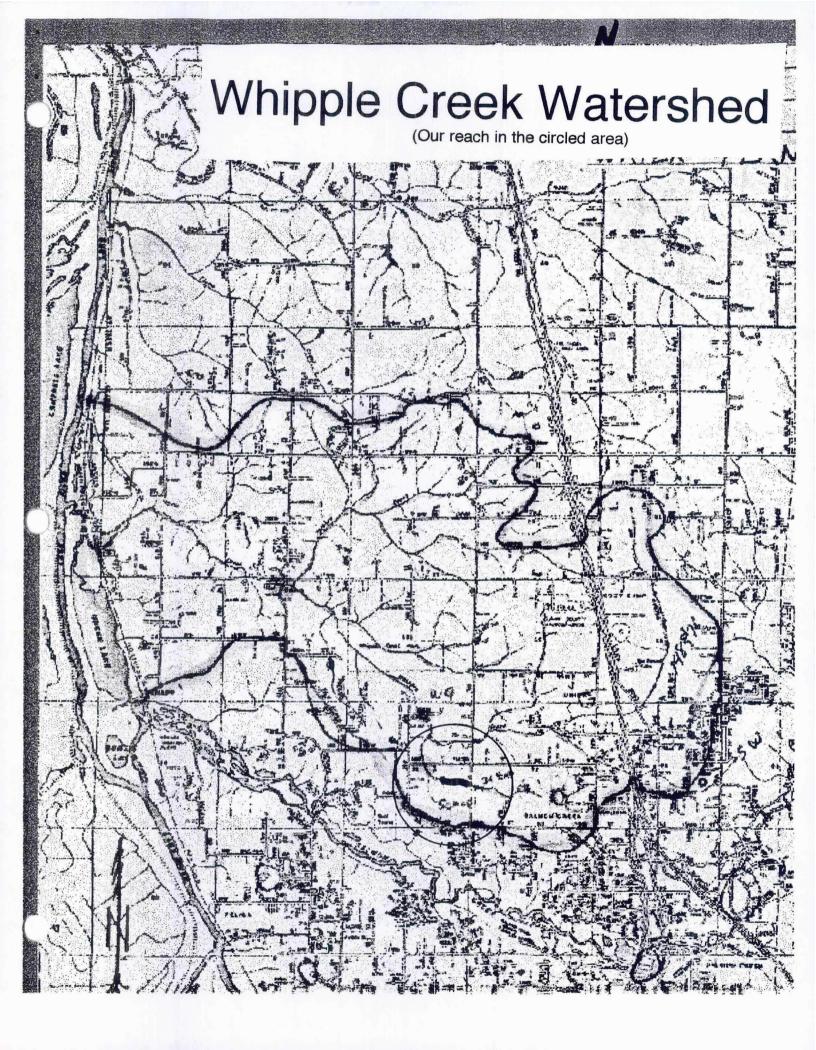
June 30, 1998

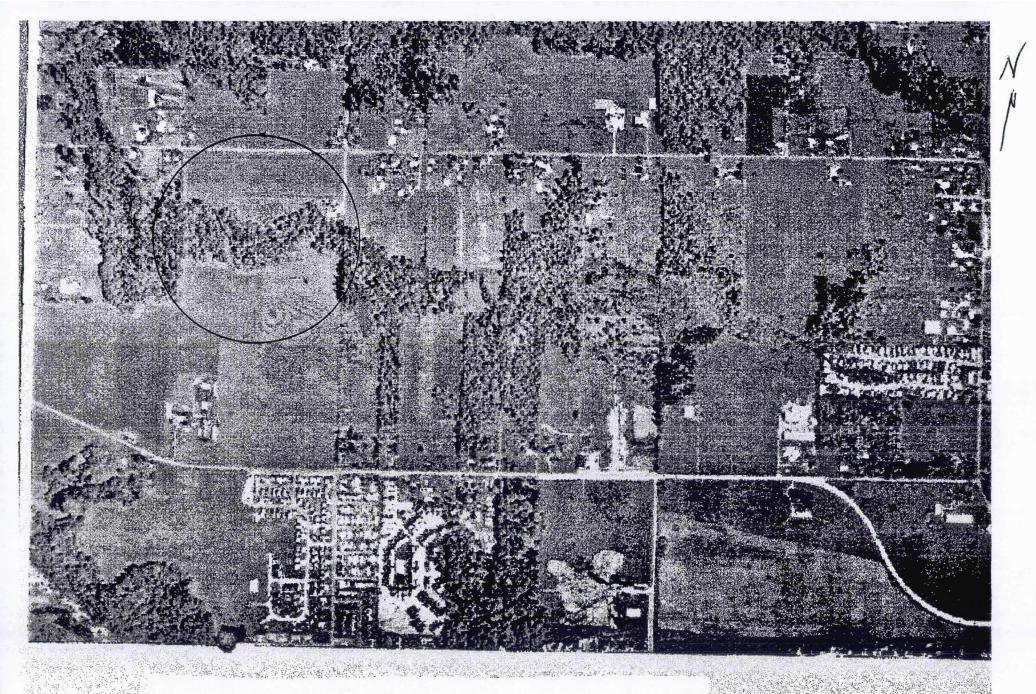
Date	Activity	Match		
11/11-14/96	students/parents mapping/surveying	24 hrs x 3 x \$4.75 = \$342		
1 2/9,11,12,13/96	students/teacher water quality testing	â		
1 2/14/96	8 adults and 186 students planting firs	4 hrs x 8 x \$4.75 = \$152		
1 2/18-19/96	students/teacher assess macro's/fish			
9/25/97	students/teacher mark sensitive zones			
11/11-14/97	parent/teacher/students update mapping	24 hrs x 1 x \$4.75 = \$114		
1/7,9/97	2 adults and students improve trail	2 hrs x 2 x \$4.75 = \$19		
1/14,16/97	2 adults and students improve trail	2 hrs x 2 x \$4.75 = \$19		
1/21,22/97	1 adult and students repair bridge	2 hrs x \$4.75 = \$9.50		
2/4/97	1 adult and students install bridges	1 hr x \$4.75 = \$4.75		
2/11,12/97	1 adult and students develop trail	3 hrs x \$4.75 = \$14.25		
2/18,20/97	2 adults and students install deterrants	2 hrs x 2 x \$4.75 = \$19		
2/25,27/97	2 adults and students build steps	2 hrs x 2 x \$4.75 = \$19		
3/4,6/97	2 adults and students build steps	2 hrs x 2 x \$4.75 = \$19		
3/20/97	1 adult and students pick up litter			
4/21-24/97	3 volunteers and students map/survey	24 hrs x 3 x \$4.75 = \$342		
5/5,6,9,12/97	teacher and students test water			
5/20/97	teacher and students plant trees	2 hrs x \$4.75 = \$9.50		
5/27,28/97	teacher and students assess macro's			
1/8,9/98	teacher and students assess macro's			
1/6,7,12,14/98	teacher and students test water			
3/11,12/98	teacher and students plant trees			
3/25,27/98	4 teachers and students plant trees			
4/15,16,17/98	4 teachers and students plant trees	y e e		
3/26,27/98	teacher and students plants herbs			
4/22/98	teacher and students pick up litter	Total \$1083		

1.) Project Area Map

Project Area Map - Clark County

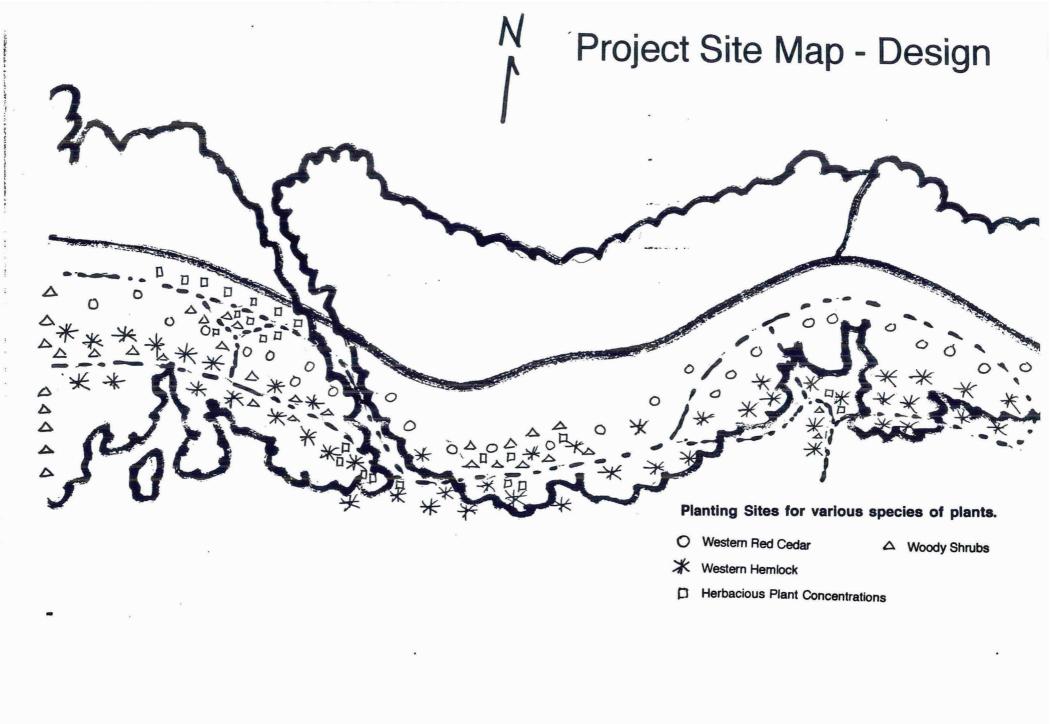




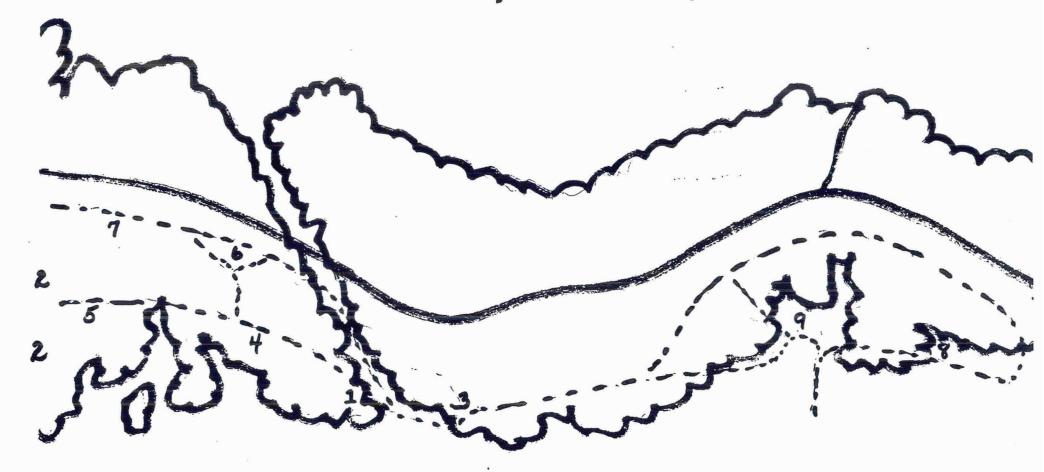


Aerial view of our 1/4 mile reach

2.) Project Site Map



Project Site Map - Photo Points

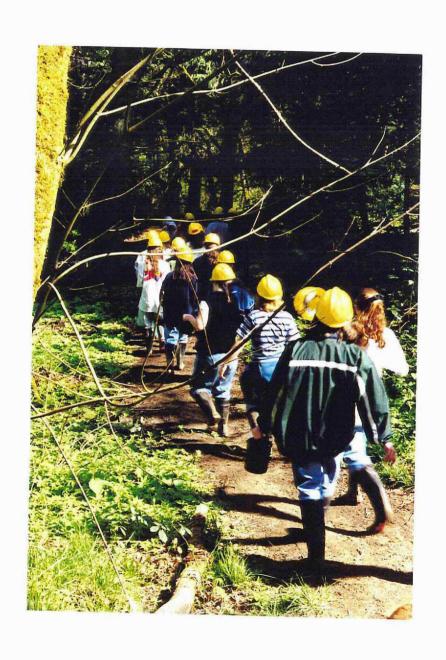


3.) Photos and site map with photo points

Photo Record - 1996-1998



Photo Record - Before Planting





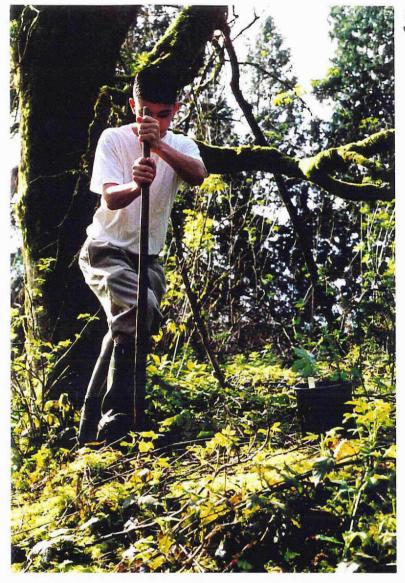


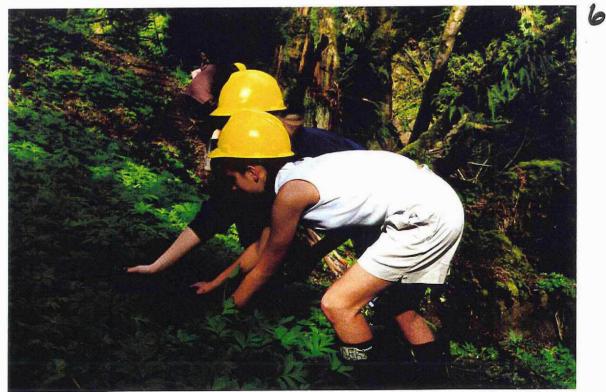










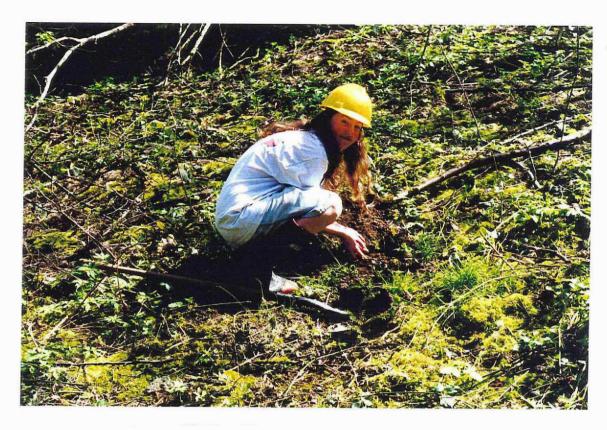






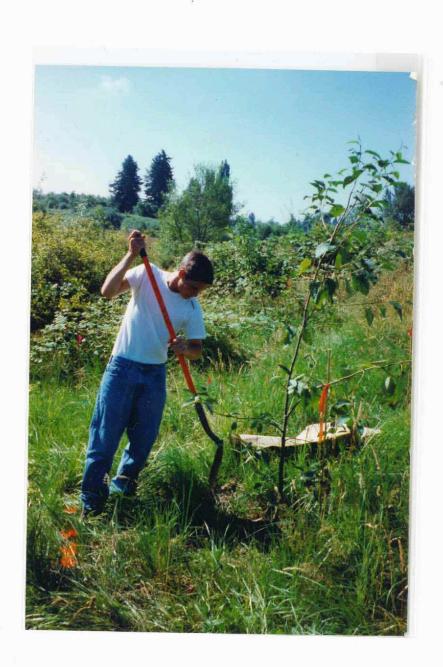
Larger trees were rescued from home for our site





Our teams concentrated on woody plants in this area. Red current was a favorite.



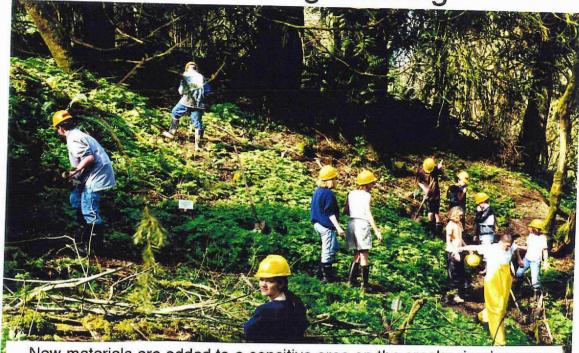


Oconba Crade After

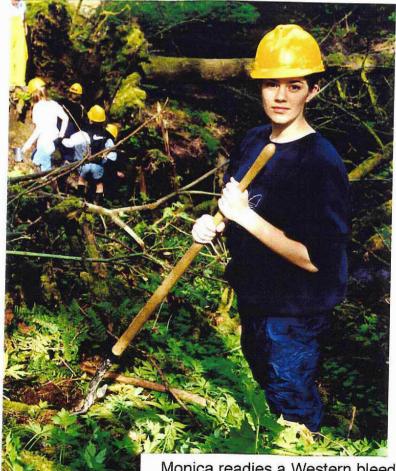


We cover no cover areas with forest duff to foster top soil formation.

Photo Record - During Planting



New materials are added to a sensitive area on the creeks riparian zone. Students were careful to not do too much damage to surrounding native plant materials.



Monica readies a Western bleeding heart for an area surrounded by water leaf.

Photo Record - After Planting





Red Current doing well along the upper trail

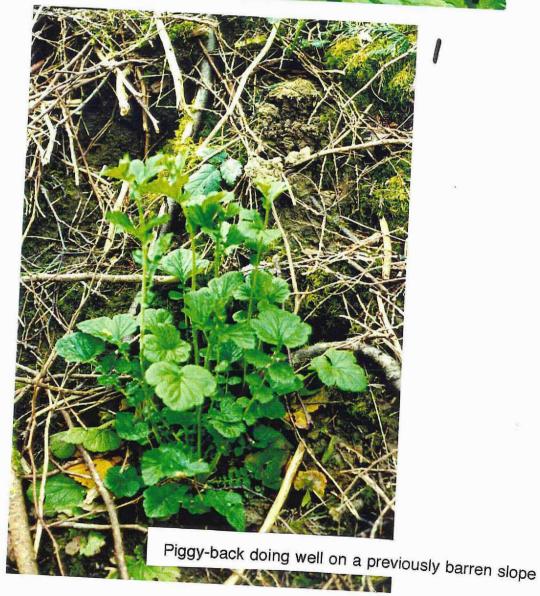


Hooker's Fairy-bell



Ocean Spray is furishing





4.) Project Description

The Whipple Creek Restoration Project was created to restore the habitat for all wildlife on the South Fork on the Whipple Creek in Clark County, Washington. The team envisioned returning the site to its former natural state. In addition, the project is seen as a way to develop community awareness of and enlist community support for restoration of the local natural habitat.

For Ray Peterson and Margaret Russell, the lead teachers working on the Whipple Creek project, the efforts to restore the creek afforded a unique opportunity to develop real-life science curriculum for middle school and high school students. Student involvement with this curriculum and with hands-on experience and personal investment in the restoration of the creek leads to future adults who are stewards of natural areas. 5.) Goals and Benefits of Project

The goals and associated benefits of the project are as follows:

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- -restore the habitat for all wildlife on the South Fork of Whipple Creek
- -return the South Fork of Whipple Creek to its former natural state
- -develop community awareness of and enlist community support for restoration of the local natural habitat
- -develop a unique curriculum focused on student as steward and environmentally matched to the Whipple Creek Watershed and Salmon Creek community

6.) Work Tasks and Timelines

Work Tasks and Timelines

1996-97 - This was a period of time when Alki's Environmental Club worked extensively on the trail system. The purpose was to provide activities for the more outdoor oriented student along with maintaining protection for the thin skin of topsoil forming on the riparian zone along the South Fork of Whipple Creek.

December 1996 - Many students and a local Boy Scout Troop worked at establishing a nursery of Douglas Fir on site for future transplanting.

1996-7 School Year - During the Fall and late Spring classes of eighth grade students work in the field surveying the progress of the site, doing water quality exercises, accessing fish populations, and evaluating macroinvertebrate populations. Litter pickup proceeds year round. Lots of garbage is swept downstream during high water.

1997-8 School Year - Continued accessment of our reach site on the South Fork of Whipple Creek by eighth grade students.

Spring 1998 - Several days are devoted to planting coniferous (Western Hemlock) and many other herbacous plant material that is native to the local area. Because of earlier damage by cattle for many years, several plant species had to be reintroduced, such as, piggy back, bleeding hear, Hooker Fairy Bells, snowberry, etc. Litter pickup continues to be enforced.

Spring 1998 - Students cover an area with no cover with forest duff. Piggy back, fringe cup, and water leaf are introduced to the area. All introductions are doing well.

Spring 1998 - Students design and place in the field signs to remind other students to stay on the trail and protect sensitive areas, be careful of plant material that could be easily harmed by careless students and not to enter marsh areas that have populations of skunk cabbage.

Spring 1998 - Students review the street drains in the area. Grates are sprayed to keep harmful chemicals out of the ecosystem along Whipple Creek.

Spring 1998 - The students are introduced to designing techniques that will lead to a trifold pamphlet for depersal within the Whipple Creek Watershed for interested people living here.

Spring 1998 - Students survey the creek so as to keep a lane of water open to migratory fish. Flooding tends to block the flow of water that would make the migration of searun stock available.

7.) Project Budget - local share + Metro Grant

Project Budget

1. Clark County Conservation Service

40 Oregon Ash

Red Flowering Current

20 Kousa Dogwood

50 Red Osier Dogwood

50 Blue Elderberry

20 Honeysuckle

50 Mock Orange

20 Ocean Spray

37 Oregon Grape

31 Snowberry

30 Western Red Cedar

300 Western Hemlock

Total number of plants ordered - 770 Cost \$546.61

2. Robson Botanical Consultants

Deer fern

Sword Fern

Western bleeding heart

Hooker's fairy-bell

Yellow monkey flower

Piggy-back

Tall Oregon Grape

Red Osier Dogwood

Hazelnut

Western wahoo

Oregon ash

Ocean spray

Cascara

Salmonberry

Thimbleberry

393.06 Cost \$350.00?

-3. Chemical Test Kit-

Cost 7

Metro Grant Field Activities

Description of the activity. Reinforcing selected plant materials so as existing selected	to all diversity to
Dates conducted. March 26 and 27 12 hm.	, 1998

Individuals involved in the activity.

Ray	Petus	en C		_			
372	84	grade	Student	over	a	2 day of	recio
		<i>U</i>		-			
				_			
	*.						

Metro Grant Field Activities

Description of the activity. We planted 300 Western Hembek in the upper riparian along the South Fork by Whyple Cruk. Bates conducted.
March 11 and 12, 1998 12 hs.
Individuals involved in the activity

Bay Peterson 392 8th grade students over a 2 day specied

Develop a nursery in the field at the west enhance to Whippell Ck. Zehund Olki Hildle School. Journ hours were needed to complete the activity from 941 19 M Dates conducted. 800 Donglas Fies Well planted.

December 14, 1994

4 M.

Individuals involved in the activity.

Scort leady & LDS West Stake Boy Scort Troop

15 Boy Scouts

6 adult helpors

Tom Mc Conethy

Ray Peterson

4 studit from alki MS

Imprope trail conditions at Reach 56 on whipple Cruk behind alki M. S.
Dates conducted. January 4 and 9, 1997 One hour each evening
Ray Peterson Tom McConathy 16 8th grade studiets

Description of the activity. Surprive trail conditions on at Read on Whypels Creek behind alkie MS.
Dates conducted. January 14 and 16, 199 7 One M. each evening
Individuals involved in the activity.
Lay Petuson
Iom Mc Conathy
15 8 th grade studiets

Description of the activity. Retrieve and repair would budges for controlling sittation Cruse	Injed on Why
January 21 and 22, 1997 one Su. each ingst	
Ray Petuser 6-84 grade students	



Lavi School Beaund New Mest - View of Upland View Apartmets

Description of the activity.
Install bridges over new areas of
rangf.
Dates conducted.
Feb. 4, 1997
1-h.
Individuals involved in the activity.
Ray Pitusm
7 8th grale studit
i and the second se

Develop a new trail to control studits taking short outs in the on steeps stopped
Dates conducted. Oub 11 and 12, 1997 3 hrs.
Individuals involved in the activity. Reg Peterson 4 - 8 + 9 grade Studiets

Description of the activity. Justall diversionary mater per studies of sensitive a
Dates conducted.
Jub. 18-20, 1997
2 nomo
Individuals involved in the activity.
Ray Piterson
Jon Mc Conathy
Tom Mc Conathy 12 8th grade students

Develop steps in strep trail areas to help control slipping during extra wet day.
Dates conducted.
Feb. 25 and 27, 1997 May 4 and 4
Mar 4 and 6
4 nows
Individuals involved in the activity.
Lay Petusin
Vom Mc Conathy - 2 Sessions
9-8th grade shuluts
U .

Description of the activity. Plant 800 Dongles Fir plant

Dates conducted.

Mar 25 and 27 apr 15,16, and 17 30 hrs.

Individuals involved in the activity.

Darren Gray 7th Science teacher Mr. Duncan 7th Screwe teacher

Ray Peterson

Kathy Kirkland 6 th Grade teacher

186 8th grade studiet

300 744 grade students
30 644 grade students

Description of the activity. Mapping and surveying	Whipple	O
Dates conducted. Nov. 11-14, 1996 24 Two -		
Individuals involved in the activity.		

Ray Petusen.
Bernie Bachelor
2 other parent
186 Students

Description of the activity. Mapping and surveying	Whyple	Creek
Dates conducted. Apr 21-24, 1997 24 M.		

Individuals involved in the activity.

Ray Petusm	
3 assisting	adulto
186 84h g	jade Student
U	

Description of the activity. Water quality testing
Dec. 9, 11, 12, and 13, 1996 24 hrs.

Individuals involved in the activity.

Ray	Petu	Sow	
186	8th	studuts	
		-	

Description of the activity. Water guelity-testing
Dates conducted.
May 5,6,9, and 12, 199 24 hrs.
Ray Petusw
186th 8th Studies

Description of the activity. Water quality testing	
Dates conducted. January 6, 7, 12, and 14, 199 24 hrs.	8

Individuals	involved	l in the	activity
Illulviuuais	IIIVOIVEC	יווו נוופ	activity.

Ray	Peter	LW	
186	849	stylut	
		A STATE OF THE STA	

Description of the activity. Mapping and Surv	egung	Whype	Cuk
Dates conducted. Nov. 11-14, 199\$7			

Individuals involved in the activity.

24 Ars.

Ray Peterson
Bernie Berchelor
186.8th studit

Descri	ption	of	the	activity.

Dates conducted.

<u>Individuals</u>	involved	in the	activity.

Ray	Litusm	
	8th Student	

Description of the activity.
Litter pickup
Dates conducted. March 20, 1997 6 Am.
Individuals involved in the activity. Ray Putusm 186 8th Studut
186 8th Students

Description of the activity. Mark with fined signs all marshy areas sensitive zones, and reaches for student research
Dates conducted. Sept. 25, 1997 april 14, 1998 2 MM.
Individuals involved in the activity.
\cap
Kay Peterson
2-8th studuts - TA's

Description of the activity.
assess macroinvertibrate and Jish
assess macroinveilibrate and Jish populations
Dates conducted.
Dec. 18-19, 1996 May 27-28, 1997 Jan. 8-9, 1998 42 hours
1/2 hours
ndividuals involved in the activity.
Ray Lituson
186 8th Student

Description of the activity. Offer school true	planting Dongles F	-w,
Dates conducted. May 20, 1997 2 hours		
Ray Pulusur		
3-8th Students		

8.) Project Staff -Workers-Volunteers



Upstream from bridge 12/14/96 Post-project

Dolch Creek Andrson Affer **Project Staff**

Syreece McLean, Project Manager

Ray Peterson, Lead Middle School Teacher

Margaret Russell, Lead High School Teacher

Project Workers (on school time)

186 - 8th Grade Students at Alki Middle School

20 - 10th Grade Students at Skyview High

School

300 - 7th Grade Students at Alki Middle School

3 other middle school teachers

Project Volunteers: (after school times)

Ray Peterson - lead teacher

Scout Leader + 15 Scouts

Tom McConathy - Local Environmental Activist

Bernie Bachelor - parent

9.) How Project Relates to the Greenspaces Program

The Whipple Creek Restoration Project relates to the Metro Greenspaces Program in several ways. First and foremost in answering this question is the recognition that Whipple Creek and all of the other surrounding creeks that make up the entire watershed in Clark County are a part of bigger picture - the Columbia River and the land, water, and riparian plants and animals on both sides of the river - Vancouver and the Portland-Metro Area. Ultimately, efforts on Whipple Creek effect the health of the entire natural system.

The Greenspaces Program mirrors our local efforts on Whipple Creek in the many other metro projects of similar nature.

10.) What Worked/What Didn't/Helpful Hints

What Worked / What Didn't / Helpful Hints

What Worked

- 1. Planting hemlock trees on the riparian zone during the months February/March was very successful. The students were ready for field work after a long layover in the classroom. Since the introduction of the Western Hemlock to the riparian zone and the consequential growth of native species this Spring, one does not notice the tree at this phase of its life. A careful eye finds them growing and doing well in sunny locations, partial shade, and darker areas. Very little mortality has been experienced.
- 2. Woody plant material has done very well in the sunnier locations.
- 3. Herbacious plant materials have been successful along the riparian zone.

What Didn't Work

 In planting some of the plant materials several students were less than careful in helping protect sensitive steep slopes. The student left large open wounds to the topsoil layer. It is obvious how a herd of cattle can ruin the land very quickly.

Helpful Hints

- 1. It is paramount that the student know exacting what is expected of them. They need to train for the experience or there physical efforts and field procedures may go askew.
- 2. Success is more apparent with properly equipped students in the field. Eighth graders tend to turn off and on with their listening skills and constant reminders keep them on task in the field.

Monitoring and Maintenance Plan

Monitoring Program

Our eighth grade student population at Alki Middle School will be involved in a physical survey program along the South Fork of Whipple Creek which will include:

- 1. Surveying of the physical environment twice a year. This includes:
 - a. plant populations
 - b. bank analysis; vertical and undercut features
 - c. litter
 - d. wetland locations
 - e. sand and gravel in the creek
 - f. riffle and pool locations
 - g. current changes in the creek
 - h. accessment of organic debris
 - i. trail conditions in the area along the creek
 - j. location of springs
 - k. accessment of urban development in the area
 - I. accessment of human interventions
 - m. wildlife: reptilia, mammalia, ave
 - n. creep; pistil butting
 - o. hints from the environment that tell of the past
 - p. production of maps of individual reach assignments
- 2. Discharge and velocity calculations This phase of the program involves measuring the width of the creek, checking its depth, and timing a floating object. The student learns that the right velocity dictates how efficiently a chemical spill is cleared from the water. It also has bearing on how well a specie of fish takes water through its mouth and passes it out the gills.
- 3. pH This activity allows the student to observe chemically how many free wandering hydrogen ions are in the water on the creek. It is the presence of hydrogen ions that dictate the acid/base relationship of our area. Salmon and trout occupy and very narrow corridor in the environment and the student check charts to indicate how viable the system is in our backyard.
- 4. DO Levels The student uses test kits and charts to determine the percent of dissolved oxygen. A 90% reading indicates that there is enough oxygen in the creek to support a small anadromous salmon or trout for its first year of growth.
- 5. Fish accessment We construct fish traps out of 2 liter bottles to determine the species of fish in the South Fork of Whipple Creek. The traps are



SEPT 176 Dolch

Balch Creek-Andredon Befre