

# Council work session agenda

Tuesday, July 23, 2024

10:30 AM

Metro Regional Center, Council Chamber, https://zoom.us/j/615079992 Webinar ID: 615 079 992 or 888-475-4499 (toll free) https://www.youtube.com/live/3dsXSA2yg q0?si=uz59iLvPAQFPfU2x

This meeting will be held electronically and in person at the Metro Regional Center Council Chamber. You can join the meeting on your computer or other device by using this link: https://zoom.us/j/615079992 (Webinar ID: 615 079 992)

#### 10:30 Call to Order and Roll Call

#### 10:30 Work Session Topics:

10:35 City of Portland planning for Montgomery Park <u>24-6101</u> redevelopment and Metro UGMFP Title 4 land use

restrictions in the area

Presenter(s): Glen Hamburg (he/him), Associate Regional Planner, Metro

Patricia Diefenderfer, Chief Planner, City of Portland

Attachments: Staff Report

Attachment 1
Attachment 2
Attachment 3

11:05 Recycling Modernization Act update

Presenter(s): Marta McGuire (she/her), WPES Director, Metro

Thomas Egleston (he/him), Policy and Program

**Development Manager Metro** 

Jill Hrycyk (she/her), Program Manager, Metro

Attachments: Staff Report

24-6103

11:35 2025 State Legislative Transportation Priorities

24-6104

Presenter(s): Anneliese Koehler (she/her), State Legislative Affairs

Advisor, Metro

Jenna Jones (she/her), State Legislative Affairs Advisor,

Metro

Catherine Ciarlo (she/her), PDR Direction

Attachments: <u>Attachment 1</u>

**Staff Report** 

## 12:35 Chief Operating Officer Communication

#### 12:40 Councilor Communication

#### 12:45 Adjourn

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ថ្លៃធ្វើការ មុនថ្លៃប្រជុំដើម្បីអាចឲ្យគេសម្រូលតាមសំណើរបស់លោកអ្នក ។

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January 2021

### City of Portland planning for Montgomery Park redevelopment and Metro UGMFP Title 4 land use restrictions in the area Presentations

Metro Council Work Session Tuesday July 23rd 2024

# CITY OF PORTLAND PLANNING FOR MONTGOMERY PARK REDEVELOPMENT AND METRO UGMFP TITLE 4 LAND USE RESTRICTIONS IN THE AREA

Date: July 5, 2024

Department: Planning, Development &

Research

Meeting Date: July 23, 2024

Prepared by: Glen Hamburg, Associate

Regional Planner, Metro

(glen.hamburg@oregonmetro.gov)

Presenters: Glen Hamburg, Associate Regional Planner, Metro; Patricia Diefenderfer, Chief Planner, City of

**Portland** 

#### **ISSUE STATEMENT**

The City of Portland is considering an extension of streetcar service through, and associated land use changes in, the roughly 74-acre Montgomery Park area south of NW Nicolai St, north of NW Vaughn St, and west of Hwy 30. The City's land use proposal, known as the "Montgomery Park Area Plan" (MPAP), seeks to transition the area around the former ESCO steel foundry into a new transit-oriented, mixed-use district that supports job growth and housing development with a focus on equity and affordability. These City efforts follow from Federal Transit Administration (FTA) funded Metro grants to study the impacts of possible transit system expansions. More information about the streetcar service extension proposal and MPAP are provided by the City in Attachment C and will be addressed during the July 23 work session.

Metro regulations in Urban Growth Management Functional Plan (UGMFP) Title 4, *Industrial and Other Employment Areas*, require the City to prohibit/limit certain public, recreational, commercial, and service uses in the Montgomery Park area. However, such uses, if allowed by Metro, may be supportive of future residential land uses and facilitate the development of transit-oriented complete communities in an underdeveloped but central area of the region, and advance other Regional Framework Plan (RFP) policies.

Removing Metro's Title 4 prohibitions/limitations would require an ordinance of the Metro Council amending the "Title 4 Map" (Attachment A) to no longer designate the Montgomery Park area as a "Regionally Significant Industrial Area" (RSIA) or "Employment Area".

#### **ACTION REQUESTED**

Metro staff are seeking direction from the Metro Council on whether to propose an ordinance later this year to amend the Title 4 Map. The possible amendments would allow the City to permit land uses in the Montgomery Park area that would otherwise be prohibited or limited by Title 4, including:

 Schools, places of assembly (e.g., community centers and places of worship), and parks; and  Retail commercial and professional service uses, such as grocery stores, medical and dental offices, and banks.

#### **IDENTIFIED POLICY OUTCOMES**

If the City were to extend streetcar service through the Montgomery Park area and permit residential land uses in the area, amending the Title 4 Map and allowing the City to also permit schools, places of assembly, parks, retail commercial, and professional service uses in the area could help advance the following RFP policies:

- 1.1.1 Ensure and maintain a compact urban form within the UGB.
- 1.1.3 Facilitate infill and re-development [...] to use land and urban services efficiently, to support public transit, to promote successful, walkable communities, and to create equitable and vibrant communities.
- 1.1.7 Promote excellence in community design.
- 1.1.8 Promote a compact urban form as a key climate action strategy to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
- 1.8.1 Identify and actively address opportunities for and obstacles to the continue development and redevelopment of existing urban land using a combination of regulations and incentives to ensure that the prospect of living, working, and doing business in those locations remains attractive to a wide range of households and employers.
- 1.10.1 Support the identity and functioning of communities in the region through:
  - c. Ensuring that incentives and regulations guiding the development and redevelopment of the urban area promote a settlement pattern that:
    - ii. Makes biking and walking the most convenient, safe, and enjoyable transportation choices for short trips, encourages transit use, and reduces auto dependence and related greenhouse gas emissions.
    - iii. Provides access to neighborhood and community parks, trails, schools, walkways, bikeways, and other recreational and cultural areas and public facilities.
    - iv. Reinforces nodal, mixed use, neighborhood-oriented community designs to provide walkable access to a mix of destinations to support meeting daily needs, such as jobs, education, shopping, services, transit and recreation, social, and cultural activities.

- v. Includes concentrated, high-density, mixed-use urban centers developed in relation to the region's transit system.
- vi. Is responsive to needs for privacy, community, sense of place, and personal safety in an urban setting.

#### **POLICY QUESTIONS**

- **1.** Does the Council have concerns about the City authorizing schools, places of assembly, parks, retail commercial, and professional service uses in the Montgomery Park area?
- **2.** If the City were to extend streetcar service through and authorize residential land uses in the Montgomery Park area, does the Council believe that allowing the above-listed land uses in the area could better achieve certain polices of the RFP?
- **3.** Should Metro staff draft an ordinance for Council consideration this year to amend the Title 4 Map in order for the City to authorize the above-listed land uses in the Montgomery Park area?

#### POLICY OPTIONS FOR COUNCIL TO CONSIDER

Metro council can direct staff to propose an ordinance removing Title 4 prohibitions/limitations (e.g., on the above-listed land uses) in the Montgomery Park area in order to better achieve certain polices of the RFP. They could also request additional information.

#### STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS

No recommendation at this time.

#### STRATEGIC CONTEXT & FRAMING COUNCIL DISCUSSION

### • How does this advance Metro's climate action goals?

According to the RFP, the outcomes and characteristics of a successful region include: people living, working, and playing in vibrant communities where their everyday needs are easily accessible; people having safe and reliable transportation choices that enhance their quality of life; and the region being a leader in minimizing contributions to global warming. As noted above, Metro's RFP also contains land use policies that aim to promote a compact urban form, as well as walking, biking, and transit use, to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Similarly, Metro's Climate Smart Strategy includes policies to make transit convenient, frequent, accessible, and affordable and make biking and walking safe, reliable, and connected.

## • Known Opposition/Support/Community Feedback

Metro staff are awaiting Metro Council direction before proposing an ordinance to amend the Title 4 Map. An ordinance would require a public hearing preceded by

consultation with the Metro Technical Advisory Committee (MTAC) and the Metro Policy Advisory Committee (MPAC).

The City's MPAP proposal, however, followed years of community engagement activities led by the City, including in-person and virtual open houses, surveys, printed mailers, and dedicated outreach to Community Based Organizations and representatives of underserved communities. The City's Planning Commission held a public hearing on the plan on May 23, 2024. The hearing saw a range of testimony, including from property owners and business operators in the area, and other interested parties. While the opinions expressed in the testimony were varied, testimony included advocacy for any residential uses in the area to be paired with certain retail commercial uses (e.g., a grocery store), a community center, and a park, particularly a park serving the wider Northwest Portland area. The Planning Commission is scheduled to vote on a recommendation to the City Council in July.

# • Explicit list of stakeholder groups and individuals who have been involved in policy development.

As noted above, Metro staff are awaiting Metro Council direction before proposing an ordinance to amend the Title 4 Map. If the Metro Council supports such an ordinance being proposed, it would be formally considered by MTAC and MPAC before a public hearing with the Metro Council.

#### • Legal Antecedents

UGMFP Title 4 seeks to: provide and protect a supply of sites for employment by limiting the types and scale of non-industrial uses in designated Regionally Significant Industrial Areas (RSIAs), Industrial Areas, and Employment Areas; provide the benefits of "clustering" to those industries that operate more productively and efficiently in proximity to one another than in dispersed locations; and protect the capacity and efficiency of the region's transportation system for the movement of goods and services. Per Subsection 3.07.450(a), the Title 4 Map is the official depiction of RSIAs, Industrial Areas, and Employment Areas.

The Title 4 Map is not a static document. It has been amended on more than a dozen occasions in the last few decades by different Metro Code authorized processes applicable in different circumstances. Subsection 3.07.450(g) states that the Metro Council may amend the Title 4 Map by ordinance at any time to make corrections in order to better achieve the policies of the RFP.

Approximately 42 acres of the MPAP area are currently designated RSIA on the Title 4 Map. Section 3.07.420 has requirements for local governments to include measures in their land use regulations that limit in RSIAs the size and location of new buildings for retail commercial uses and professional services that cater to daily customers "to ensure that they serve primarily the needs of workers in the area." The section also requires local governments to restrict certain land uses in RSIAs, including: retail commercial uses that occupy more than 3,000 square feet of

sales or service area in a single outlet, or multiple outlines that occupy more than 20,000 square feet of sales or service area in a single building or in multiple buildings that are part of the same development, with some exceptions; and schools, places of assembly larger than 20,000 square feet, and parks intended to serve people other than those working or residing in the RSIA.

In addition, approximately 17 other acres of the MPAP area are designed Employment Areas on the Title 4 Map. Section 3.07.440 has requirements for local governments to limit new and expanded commercial retail uses in Employment Areas to those that are "appropriate in type and size to serve the needs of businesses, employees and residents of the Employment Areas." It also requires restrictions on certain land uses in Employment Areas, including retail commercial uses with more than 60,000 square feet of leasable area in a single building, or with a total of more than 60,000 square feet of retail sales area on a single lot/parcel, or on contiguous lots/parcels, including those separated only by right-of-way.

### Anticipated Effects

If so directed by the Metro Council, Metro staff would prepare an ordinance to amend the Title 4 Map in order to remove Metro's prohibitions/limitations on certain non-industrial uses in the Montgomery Park area in order to better achieve certain polices of the RFP.

### Financial Implications (current year and ongoing)

There is no significant budget impact. Metro staff would prepare the necessary legislation and associated materials, and present them to MTAC, MPAC, and the Metro Council.

#### **BACKGROUND**

This work session will be the first time the topic of amending the Title 4 Map to align with the City's streetcar serve extension and MPAP projects is brought before the Metro Council.

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

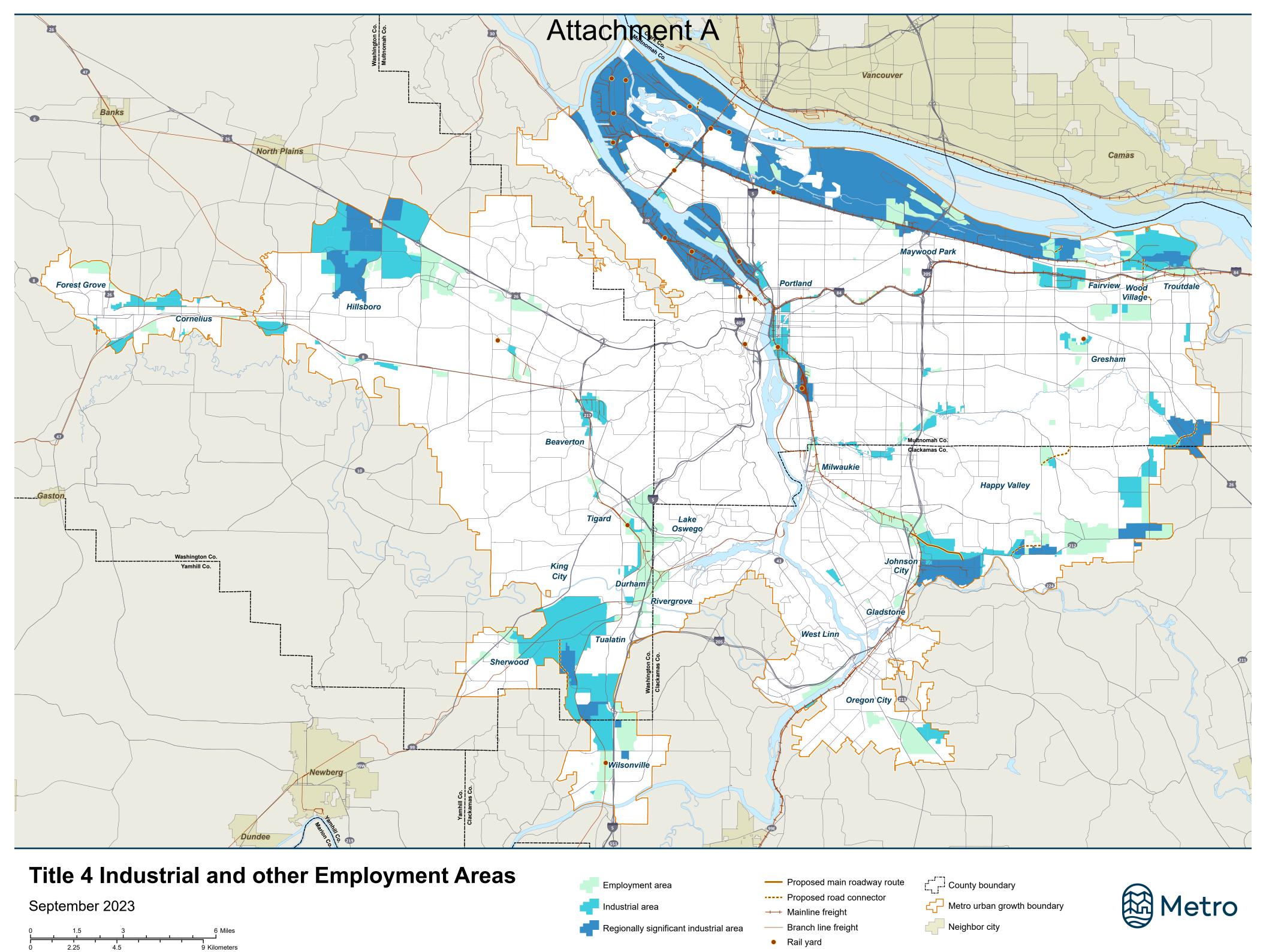
A. UGMFP Title 4 Map

B.	Aerial close-up of Title 4 Map designations in MPAP Area
C.	July 5, 2024 Memo from City of Portland Bureau of Planning & Sustainability (BPS)

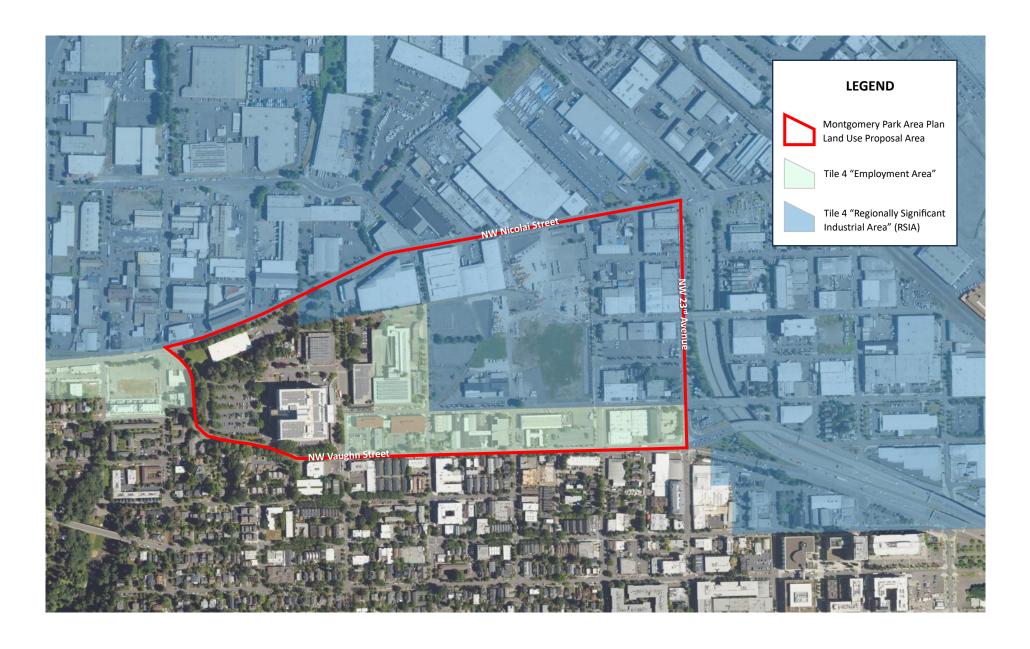
• **Is legislation required for Council action?** ⊠ Yes □ No

An ordinance will be needed to amend the Title 4 Map. That legislation will be drafted only if so directed by the Metro Council at this work session.

- If yes, is draft legislation attached? ☐ Yes ☒ No
- What other materials are you presenting today? Metro staff will show a PowerPoint at the work session.



# Attachment B



# Attachment C



## **MEMO**

**DATE:** July 5, 2024

**TO:** Metro Council

**FROM:** Ryan Singer, Barry Manning, Kiel Jenkins, Joan Frederiksen, BPS

cc: Patricia Diefenderfer, Chief Planner, BPS

Mauricio Leclerc, Supervising Planner, PBOT Shawn Canny, Transportation Planner PBOT

**SUBJECT:** Montgomery Park Area Plan- Plan Overview

The Montgomery Park Area Plan (MPAP) is currently under review by the City of Portland Planning Commission. The plan includes five volumes, as indicated below:

- MPAP Proposed Draft Volume 1: Proposed Plan
- MPAP Proposed Draft Volume 2: Regulatory Tools
- MPAP Proposed Draft Volume 3: Transportation Plan
- MPAP Proposed Draft Volume 4: Amendments to NW District and Guild's Lake Industrial Sanctuary plans
- MPAP Proposed Draft Volume 5: Appendix (including <u>MPAP Draft Public Benefits Terms Sheet –</u> April 2024)

## 1. Project Background, Vision, Objectives

#### **Background**

The Montgomery Park Area Plan is an outcome of the Montgomery Park to Hollywood Transit and Land Use Development Strategy (MP2H) undertaken from 2019-2023. The study -- a collaboration between the Bureau of Planning and Sustainability (BPS) and the Portland Bureau of Transportation (PBOT), funded in part by a Federal Transit Administration (FTA) grant administered by Metro -- evaluated opportunities to create an equitable development plan for transit-oriented districts in Northwest



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Portland and Northeast Portland. Work in the Northeast was a preliminary evaluation of opportunities and has concluded. Work in the Northwest has resulted in the proposed Montgomery Park Area Plan (MPAP).

#### Vision

The Montgomery Park Area Plan (MPAP) establishes a new transit-oriented, mixed- income, mixed-use district in Northwest Portland west of Highway 30 between NW Vaughn and NW Nicolai streets. The Plan seeks to transition the area from an underutilized industrial and employment-focused district to a mixed-use employment district that will support both job growth and housing development. To achieve this outcome, the MPAP includes a suite of proposed land use changes to promote equitable and transit-oriented development and complement the planned extension of the Portland Streetcar. The land use changes include amendments to Portland's Comprehensive Plan Map, Zoning Map, Zoning Code, and design guidance for future projects.

#### **Key Objectives**

- Create a new equitably developed, mixed-use, transit-oriented neighborhood in this high opportunity area.
- Provide opportunities for new housing, with additional requirements for affordable housing beyond the inclusionary housing provisions.
- Retain existing and create new opportunities for middle-wage jobs.
- Create opportunities for both for-sale and for lease affordable commercial spaces to serve a variety of households and provide wealth-building opportunity.
- Provide broader access to amenities, including access to nature and recreation.
- Build low-carbon transportation options supported by land use allowances for intensive mixed-use development.
- Encourage and support opportunities for green, climate-resilient and -responsive development.

### 2. Elements of the Montgomery Park Area Plan

The MPAP Proposed Draft includes elements designed to facilitate change in the area, over time, to create a transit-oriented mixed-use area. These include:

#### Comprehensive Plan and Zoning map Changes

The plan includes changes to existing Industrial Sanctuary and Mixed Employment-focused Comprehensive Plan land use and zoning designations (IHk, IG1k, EG1/2 zones), to Central Employment and Mixed Employment Comprehensive Plan designations (EX and EG1 zones) that allow employment, but also include a broader array of uses and more development intensity. The plan would also apply the Design (d) overlay zone to EX zoned areas.

#### Streetcar Extension

The plan includes the locally preferred alternative recommendation, Transportation System Plan updates and other transportation strategies to realize and complement a .65 one-way route mile extension of the

existing Streetcar North/South (NS) Line from its existing terminus at NW 23rd Avenue and NW Northrup Street to NW 26th Avenue between NW Roosevelt and NW Wilson streets. The route would include a two-way north/south movement on NW 23rd Avenue and a parallel one-way one-block couplet on NW Roosevelt Street, NW Wilson Street and NW 26th Avenue. The project includes multimodal improvements and accessibility upgrades in the project area. NW 23rd Avenue would be reconstructed and portions of NW 25th Avenue, and NW Roosevelt and NW Wilson streets will be built out, extending the grid in the plan area.

#### **Equitable Development Approach**

The plan includes elements designed to achieve more equitable development and better balance the public and private benefits that could result from public policy actions such as changes in land use designations and investments in transportation infrastructure, including the potential extension of the Portland Streetcar to serve this area. The plan seeks to achieve the following public benefits:

- Jobs and Employment. Create ongoing opportunity for employment in the plan areas, including an emphasis on creation of middle-wage jobs, including a commitment to create 800 middlewage jobs on-site or to make a payment on a per-job basis to fund job training and workforce development.
- Housing/Affordable Housing. Create opportunity for housing, including affordable housing at a higher level or nearer timeframe than may be achieved by the standard regulatory framework.
- Commercial Space. Create opportunity for wealth building and community-serving uses requiring creation of affordable commercial space in some forms of new development.
- Public Open Space. Create opportunity for a public park or open area that will serve future residents and workers in the area.

The plan will employ both regulatory and non-regulatory means to achieve this. A Public Benefits Agreement is being developed in tandem with the other plan elements to support the plan and its public benefits goals. The agreement would be adopted by City Council. The tenets of this future agreement are detailed in the Draft Public Benefits Terms Sheet.

#### Zoning Code Amendments

In addition to the future public benefits agreement, the plan is implemented through regulatory measures that work independently and with the agreement to achieve plan objectives. These include Zoning Code amendments, including creating a new plan district with the following:

- Requirements for nonresidential floor area to support jobs.
- Height, floor area, and density standards to support transit-oriented development.
- Bonuses to achieve affordable housing beyond Inclusionary Housing, and encourage retention and expansion of industrial service, wholesale sales, industrial office employment uses.
- Requirements for affordable commercial spaces.
- Buffering between residential areas and industrial/employment focused areas.
- Standards to support active uses on the main street and minimize auto-orientation near the

streetcar.

- Required "green features" to support climate resilience.
- Requirements for outdoor areas in residential development; incentives for public open space.

#### **Design Character Statement**

The plan includes a new Montgomery Park Area Character Statement that articulates key features of the area and provides guidance for the design of future development when subject to design review.

#### Amendments to the Guild's Lake Industrial Sanctuary Plan and Northwest District Plan

These plan amendments are largely focused on amending maps to remove the portions of the MPAP area from these two plans where there is overlap. The purpose is to provide clarity that the MPAP and related regulations, approaches and design guidance will apply in the plan area in the future.

#### Recommended Transportation Improvements and Policy Changes

The transportation elements of the Plan focus on improvements to the local transportation network including extending high-capacity streetcar transit, completing the local multimodal street grid, and addressing transportation impacts resulting from increased trip demand in the Montgomery Park Area, as well as to the adjacent Guild's Lake industrial and Northwest District areas. To support these improvements, policy updates to area street classifications and transportation district boundaries are recommended.

### 3. MPAP Relationship to the UGMFP and Metro Regional Framework Plan

A portion of the area proposed for zoning changes from industrial to employment and mixed-use zones is currently designated as Regional Significant Industrial area on the Title 4 Map in the Metro Urban Growth Management Functional Plan (UGMFP). The Title 4 Employment and Industrial Areas Map provides an inventory of the region's supply of employment and industrial land, and the associated regulations provide guidelines for uses on lands with a Title 4 designation.

## 4. Outreach and Engagement

Information about the proposed plan is posted on the BPS web site along with a project Map App, and information was included in regular BPS project updates. City staff, and project partners, conducted outreach and engagement, deploying a variety of methods throughout the plan development process. A summary of prior project engagement is provided below.

<u>Neighborhood and Other Group Meetings.</u> Project staff attended numerous meetings of neighborhood and business associations in the study area to inform them of the project and collect initial feedback.

<u>Kickoff Open House.</u> A public in-person open house to share information about the project and collect early public feedback was held in March 2020.

<u>Community-Based Organization (CBO) Outreach.</u> As part of the Federal Transit Administration grant for the MP2H Study, <u>community-based organizations (CBO) were funded</u> to conduct

outreach to under-served communities in the study areas. Organizations selected to participate in the effort were: Friendly House, Inc; Northwest Industrial Business Association and Columbia Corridor Association; Hollywood Senior Center and Urban League of Portland; Micro Enterprise Services of Oregon.

<u>Urban Design Concept Virtual Open House.</u> A Montgomery Park to Hollywood Land Use Development Strategy (MP2H) <u>Urban Design Concept Virtual Open House</u> was held during Summer 2020 to capture public preferences for the Northwest Portland land use development scenarios being studied.

<u>Northwest Project Working Group.</u> A <u>Project Working Group</u> (PWG) representing a variety of viewpoints (local neighborhood and business groups, transportation advocates, and property owners) was composed. The PWG met seven times during 2020-2021. The group acted as a communication liaison to organizations, and "sounding board," and provided feedback to the project team.

MP2H-NW Plan Discussion Draft. The MP2H-NW Plan Discussion Draft was published in December 2021. This draft plan was the first formal and complete plan proposal presented to the community for feedback of the Northwest study area. Staff received dozens of comments which are captured in the MP2H Northwest Plan Public Comments on the December 2021 Discussion Draft. These comments, among others, helped inform the proposed draft plan.

<u>York Street Work Group.</u> The Portland Harbor Community Coalition (PHCC) elevated the voices and perspectives of members of the York Street Work Group, whose members include Black Portlanders and allies with interest in commemorating the legacy of York, an enslaved member of the Lewis and Clark Expedition, for whom NW York Street in the study area is named. The group explored commemoration of York and equitable development and community benefit opportunities in the Northwest study area.

<u>Design Character Statement.</u> A survey and workshop focused on developing the <u>Design Character Statement</u> was held in 2023. A focus group to hear further about Black, Indigenous, and Communities of Color perspectives on the character of the area was also held in early 2024.

Additional Engagement. The project team met with property owners in the area to discuss potential for realizing public benefits as a value capture strategy to ensure the City and the greater public derive benefits from the potential land value created by the proposed land use changes and streetcar investment. The goal of this approach is to ensure more equitable outcomes in future development. The public benefits sought through the process, as described in the public benefits terms sheet and the plan, reflect the aspirations for the area as expressed by a variety fo individuals and groups who participated in the process.

In addition, project staff met with the Northwest District Association Planning Committee and the Northwest Industrial Business Association several times, to share information and collect feedback.

## 5. For More Information

Website: Montgomery Park Area Plan (MPAP) Proposed Draft Overview – April 2024 | Portland.gov

Video: Portland Streetcar Montgomery Park Extension.

Contact project staff: Barry Manning (BPS) – <u>Barry.Manning@portlandoregon.gov</u>

Joan Frederiksen (BPS) – <u>Joan.Frederiksen@portlandoregon.gov</u>
Cassie Ballew (BPS – Design) – <u>Cassie.Ballew@portlandoregon.gov</u>

Shawn Canny (PBOT) – <u>Shawn.Canny@portlandoregon.gov</u>

# **Recycling Modernization Act Update** *Presentations*

Metro Council Work Session Tuesday July 23rd 2024

# WASTE PREVENTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES: RECYCLING MODERNIZATION ACT UPDATE

Date: July 1, 2024

Department: Waste Prevention and

**Environmental Services** 

Meeting Date: July 23, 2024

Prepared by: Jill Hrycyk jill.hrycyk@oregonmetro.gov

Presenter(s):

Marta McGuire, Waste Prevention and Environmental Services Director, Tom Egleston, Policy Program and

Development Manager and Jill Hrycyk, Program Manager

Length: 30 minutes

#### **ISSUE STATEMENT**

Waste Prevention and Environmental Services staff are working closely with Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ), cities and counties, service providers, community partners and the proposed producer responsibility organization, Circular Action Alliance, to prepare for implementation of the Recycling Modernization Act. This includes rulemaking, providing feedback on the proposed Producer Responsibility Organization Program Plan and preparing for an expansion of recycling options in greater Portland.

This informational session is a follow-up from the October 2023 work session and will include updates on Recycling Modernization Act implementation and ties to goals of the Garbage and Recycling System Facilities Plan.

#### **ACTION REQUESTED**

No Council action is requested at this time.

#### STRATEGIC CONTEXT & FRAMING COUNCIL DISCUSSION

The Recycling Modernization Act was passed by the Oregon State Legislature in 2021, and recycling program changes will begin in July 2025. The Act is an exciting step forward for Oregon as it will make it easier for people across the state to recycle and put shared responsibility on producers to ensure that recyclable materials are sent to environmentally and socially responsible end markets.

Producer responsibility is a big part of what makes the Recycling Modernization Act so impactful. The Act brings businesses that produce and sell packaging, paper products and food serviceware into the recycling system as partners, requiring that they share recycling costs alongside local governments, recycling facilities and people who pay garbage and recycling fees.

Metro is a collaborator on the Recycling Modernization Act. While contributing to the Act's development, Metro staff advocated for Council's priority targets for meeting climate and resilience goals as well as growing a resilient economy for all. The Recycling Modernization Act supports Metro's priority targets and 2030 Regional Waste Plan goals through efforts to reduce plastic pollution, ensure recyclable materials are sent to responsible end markets with proven environmental benefits, and create more jobs with living wages. Waste Prevention and Environmental Services staff are currently participating in the rulemaking process and working with producer responsibility organization, Circular Action Alliance, on program planning.

#### What's next.

Circular Action Alliance is conducting a needs assessment with local governments and service providers this summer. The needs assessment, called the Oregon Recycling System Optimization Project, will gather data through an online questionnaire to identify regional waste system expansion needs. WPES staff are submitting information on our existing transfer facilities, household hazardous waste collection events and contamination reduction programming. Since Metro Central and Metro South are existing recycling depots, staff will soon begin negotiations with Circular Action Alliance for reimbursement of eligible collection costs for Recycling Modernization Act covered materials such as polystyrene (Styrofoam), single-use pressurized propane cylinders and plastic film.

Additionally, staff are coordinating with internal teams and local government partners to ensure future programs and service offerings supported by the Recycling Modernization Act align with Council's direction on the Garbage and Recycling System Facilities Plan and future and existing extended producer responsibility programs.

2025 State Legislative Transportation Priorities Presentations

Metro Council Work Session Tuesday July 23rd 2024

#### 2025 State Legislative Transportation Priorities

Date: 07/03/2024

Department: GAPD and PDR Meeting Date: 07/23/2024

Prepared by: Jaye Cromwell

(jaye.cromwell@oregonmetro.gov) and

Anneliese Koehler

(anneliese.koehler@oregonmetro.gov)

Presenter(s) (if applicable): Anneliese Koehler (she/her), Catherine Ciarlo

(she/her) Length: 60 min

#### **ISSUE STATEMENT**

This work session is the second opportunity to discuss Metro Council's objectives for a possible 2025 state legislative transportation package. Staff and guest presenters will present information on the regional perspective, national trends in transportation funding, and transit funding as outlined in HB 2017. At this work session, Councilors will have a high-level discussion of a draft set of transportation priorities.

Staff will be before Council again in September and October for further discussion and development of Council's transportation priorities.

#### **ACTION REQUESTED**

The Council may wish to discuss draft priorities for a possible 2025 State Legislative Transportation Package and direct staff to change or develop additional transportation priorities.

#### **IDENTIFIED POLICY OUTCOMES**

- Councilors understand the current political dynamics and conversations surrounding a state legislative package in 2025.
- Metro Councilors receive approximately the same information that JPACT has received over the past 6 months to help inform their input on JPACT and Council draft transportation priorities.
- Eventual approval and adoption of Metro Council state legislative transportation funding priorities (anticipated in December 2024).

## POLICY QUESTION(S)

- Do the proposed set of transportation priorities resonate with Councilors? What is missing?
- Are there additional topics or presentations that Council wishes to see to help develop their transportation priorities?

#### POLICY OPTIONS FOR COUNCIL TO CONSIDER

Included in the packet is a draft of the JPACT staff recommendation of priorities. Councilors received this initially in the packet for the 7/16 meeting and will be able to discuss this draft in the  $2^{nd}$  work session on 7/23, as well as subsequent drafts at September and October work sessions.

#### STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS

N/A

#### STRATEGIC CONTEXT & FRAMING COUNCIL DISCUSSION

In advance of the state transportation package in 2017, JPACT and the Metro Council developed a legislative agenda for the 2017 state transportation package. Metro staff are working with JPACT and Metro Council in 2024 to determine funding priorities for the 2025 package.

#### **BACKGROUND**

#### Transportation package history and framing

Historically, the Oregon Legislature passes a large transportation package every decade. These packages focus on solving issues of that decade; in 2009, coming out of the Great Recession, the package focused on jobs and growing the economy. In 2017, among other issues, the package focused on solving critical statewide congestion and investing in transit operations for the first time. As we approach a possible transportation package in 2025, early framing is back to basics: solving for state and local transportation agencies' fiscal cliffs, addressing operations and maintenance, finding an ongoing source of sustainable revenue, and finishing unfinished projects from HB 2017.

#### Legislative dynamics

Transportation packages have a long history in Oregon of being bipartisan packages. Unlike other issue areas, the need for transportation investment is often an agreed upon priority for both Republicans and Democrats. In addition, revenue raising measures require a super majority for passage, and it is uncommon for a party to have the required super majority in both chambers. As a result, staff anticipates that discussions will be framed around the necessity of a bipartisan vote.

Revenue raising measures in the Legislature have the potential to be referred to voters through referendum. Similar to other past transportation packages, staff anticipates that discussions will also be framed around preventing a referral. In the past, this has limited the amount of funding in the package and ensured that certain components be a part of the package.

The Governor, the Senate President and the Speaker of the House have all indicated support for a transportation package in 2025. As is common with large scale packages like this, the Joint Transportation Committee has developed a statewide tour to learn and listen from constituents about their transportation concerns. With thirteen stops, the Committee

will be traveling throughout the state until the end of September. Three of the thirteen stops are in our region and staff anticipates that Metro will participate in all three.

### JPACT and Metro Council priority development process

Staff is proposing a concurrent process at JPACT and the Metro Council to develop transportation legislative priorities. The process includes multiple informational sessions at both bodies and ample time for discussion and development of the priorities. Final adoption of priorities is slated for November and December 2024. Concurrently, Metro Council is also developing their 2025 State Legislative Agenda. Staff anticipates that the transportation priorities will be folded into the State Legislative Agenda before final adoption.

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

Attachment A- Draft JPACT priorities from staff

[For work session:]

- Is legislation required for Council action? ☐ Yes X No
- If yes, is draft legislation attached? ☐ Yes X No
- What other materials are you presenting today? [INSERT]

# Memo

Metro

600 NE Grand Ave.
Portland, OR 97232-2736

Date: June 21st, 2024

Subject: JPACT Priorities for the 2025 State Transportation Package

**Purpose:** A shared position statement that describes Metro and the Joint Policy Advisory Committee on Transportation (JPACT) transportation values and priorities. This statement will be the foundation for our comments and engagement in processes leading up to a 2025 State transportation funding package.

**Background:** JPACT's 2025 State Transportation Package values and priorities are rooted in visioning conversations to date with regional partners and the 2023 update to the Regional Transportation Plan, which is a blueprint to guide investments for all forms of travel – motor vehicle, transit, bicycle and walking – and the movement of goods and freight throughout the Portland metropolitan region. The Regional Transportation Plan identifies current and future transportation needs and investments, and outlines what funds the region expects to have available over the next 25 years. The plan is updated every five years with input from community members, business and community leaders and governments as an opportunity to work together towards a complete transportation system.

#### **JPACT Priorities for a State 2025 Transportation Package:**

The Greater Portland metropolitan area wants a safe, reliable and equitable transportation system that supports our quality of life, environment and economic prosperity. We aim to build and operate a system that connects people to places that matter, gets products to their destination locally and across the globe, and gives families reliable and affordable options to move and contribute to the long-term health of our region.

Our region needs continued investment to achieve these goals. The Portland metro region accounts for more than 40 percent of the State's population and is the epicenter of Oregon's economy. As our region continues to evolve to support growing industries, housing and community centers, commerce, and tourism, we need expanded transportation options and solutions that prepare our entire State for a brighter future.

The 2025 State transportation package provides an opportunity for all levels of government and community to work together and deliver a better transportation system for the future. Our region is focused on preparing for future disruptions in technology, the urgency of climate action and resiliency and an expected Cascadia Subduction Zone earthquake. Economic vitality and recovery depend very much on the efficiency and reliability of our transportation system, and we lack the funding at the state and local level to respond to these opportunities and challenges. We are at a pivotal moment and seek partnership and leadership from the State.

#### Our communities need:

- <u>Short-Term Funding Solutions</u>. Stabilize our existing state and local transportation system funding sources so we can prioritize the operations and maintenance of our existing facilities. <u>Retain the existing 50/30/20 State Highway Fund revenue split.</u>
- <u>Long-Term Sustainable Funding</u>. Invest in developing long-term, sustainable revenue solutions to provide much needed state and local operations and maintenance dollars for multi-modal investments into the future. Ensure local agencies maintain taxing authority for new types of funding and continue to receive a proportional local share of all applicable revenues.

#### Attachment A

- <u>To Finish What We Started.</u> Build government trust and accountability by ensuring the successful completion and leveraging of federal funds available for the major bottleneck projects identified for the Portland Metro Region in HB 2017.
- <u>Safe Urban Arterials and Main Streets.</u> Increase investment in safety-focused state programs like Great Streets that prioritize complete solutions to improving the most dangerous urban arterials through a single program. These investments should prioritize safety on major travel corridors where developing housing and job opportunities compound the disrepair.
- <u>Transit.</u> Increase state funding options for transit capital and operations, to improve and expand transit service statewide. Access to reliable, affordable, and convenient transit is vital to ensuring that Oregon's transportation system is equitable and reduces its climate impacts.
- Resiliency. Ensure that our critical transportation infrastructure like airports and bridges are able to withstand large scale, known and unknown, climate and natural disasters and adapt infrastructure for the needs of future generations.

The Greater Portland metro area is committed to advancing robust and meaningful programs that support these priorities. Together we can create legislation that responds to the evolving economic and environmental needs across the state and our region.





# MONTGOMERY PARK AREA PLAN

# Metro Council Work Session

July 23, 2024

Patricia Diefenderfer, BPS





# **MPAP Vision**

The Montgomery Park Area Plan envisions a dynamic, low-carbon, mixed-use neighborhood with equitable access to housing and economic opportunity.



Housing & Affordability



**Job Opportunities** 



Low-Carbon/ Transit-Served

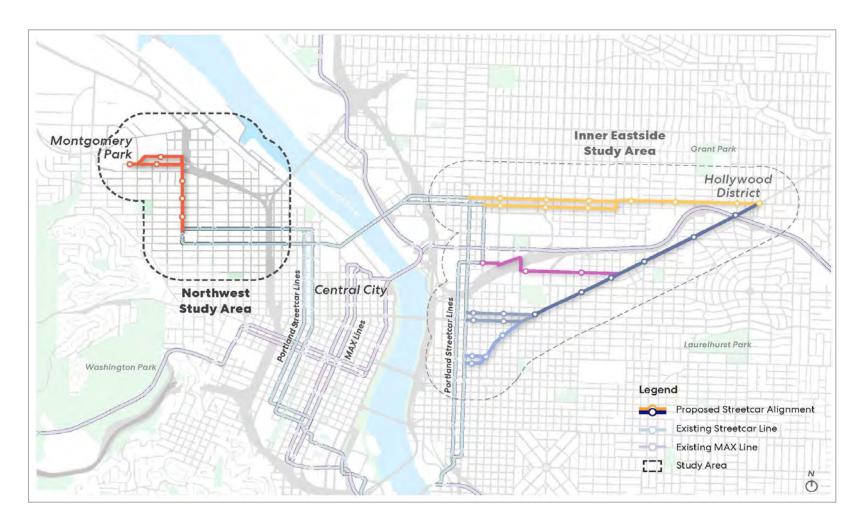


# **MPAP Vision**

Key plan objectives – middle-wage jobs, affordable housing, affordable commercial space, climate resilience, and public open space – would be achieved through public policy changes and actions that leverage private investment.

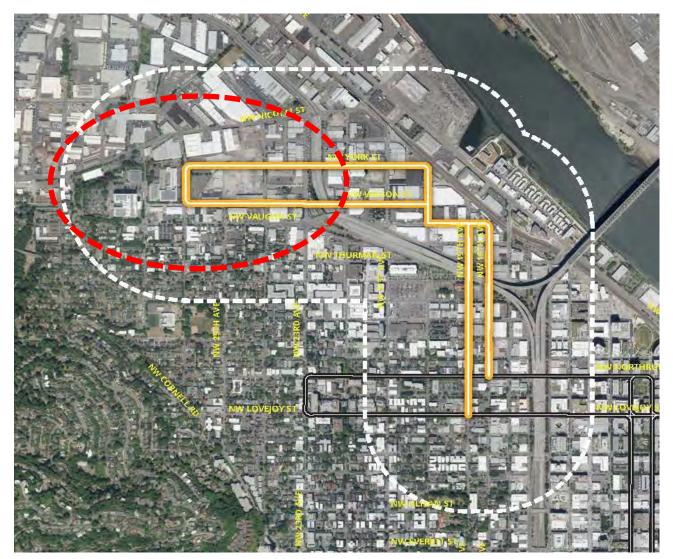


# **Background – MP2H study**





# **Refined MPAP Plan Area**





# **NW Scenarios Considered**

#### Public Review Droft, June 25, 2020 Scenario 1 Scenario 2 **Industrial Employment** High Density Mixed Use Medium Density Mixed Use Medium Density Mixed Use High Density Employment\* Medium Density Employment Medium Density Employment Light Industrial & Creative Office Light Industrial & Creative Office /// Industrial Main Street Overlay\* 777, Main Street Overlay\*\* Historic/Cultural Building Preserved Historic/Cultural Building Preserved Heavy Industrial Heavy Industrial Proposed Transit Alianment Proposed Transit Alignment === Existing Streetcar Office, retail, and residentia == Existing Streetcar [ ] Plan District Boundary on Montgomery Park and on Montgomery Park and [ ] Plan District Boundary American Can sites American Can sites \* Industrial Main Street Overlay considers additional development standards and \* Allows housing as a conditional use. Adaptive reuse to activate Medium density mixed use \*\* Main Street Overlay considers additional the historic building redevelopment in the area development standards and guidelines. Adaptive reuse to activate supported by Comprehensive Plan the historic building Corporate compus on ESCO site Office center on ESCO site SCENARIO 1: INDUSTRIAL **SCENARIO 2: EMPLOYMENT** Public Review Draft, June 25, 2020 Public Review Droft, June 25, 2020 Scenario 4 Scenario 3 Hybrid 1+3 Mixed-Use (preferred) High Density Mixed Use Medium Density Mixed Use Medium Density Mixed Use High Density Employment Medium Density Employment Medium Density Employment Light Industrial Historic/Cultural Building Preserved ////. Industrial Main Street Overlay\* ---- Notings Heavy Industrial Historic/Cultural Building Preserved Proposed Transit Alignment Heavy Industrial == Existing Streetcar Proposed Transit Alignment [ ] Plan District Boundary == Existing Streetcar Office, retail, and residential on Plan District Boundary Montgomery Park, American Montgomery Park, American

\* Industrial Main Street Overlay considers additional development standards and

Can and ESCO sites

Adaptive reuse to activate

**SCENARIO 3: MIXED USE** 

redevelopment in the grea

Can and ESCO sites

Adoptive reuse to activat

the historic building

# **Planning Goals**

- Support Portland 2035
   Comprehensive Plan and Climate Action goals.
- Expand opportunities for both housing and jobs
- Focus growth in centers and corridors served by transit.
- Improve access to affordable housing, middle-wage jobs, nature/recreation through transit or multi-modal options.
- Advance equitable, sustainable outcomes by developing value capture strategies.
- Ensure that under-served communities
  have an opportunity to meaningfully
  participate in the planning process, and
  benefit from project outcomes.





# **Community Engagement**

# **Community Based Organizations – MP2H Grant**

- Friendly House, Inc. (NW focus)
- Northwest Industrial (NIBA)/Columbia Corridor Assn. (NW focus)
- Hollywood Senior Center/Urban League (NE focus)
- Micro Enterprise Solutions of Oregon (NE focus)

# **Neighborhood, Community Groups and Other Stakeholders**

- NW District Assn, NW Active Streets, NW Industrial (NIBA), others
- NW Project Working Group (PWG) 7 meetings
- York Street Work Group/PHCC
- Large property owners

# **Public/Community Meetings**

- MP2H Kickoff Open House March 2020
- MP2H Urban Design Scenarios July 2020
- MP2H NW Project Working Group 7 meetings, 2020-21
- MP2H-NW Plan Discussion Draft Open House February 2022
- Design Character Workshop June 2023
- Design Focus Group (BIPOC-centered) Feb 2024

MP2H – NW Plan Discussion Draft (2022)

**MPAP Proposed Draft – Commission Reviews (2024)** 















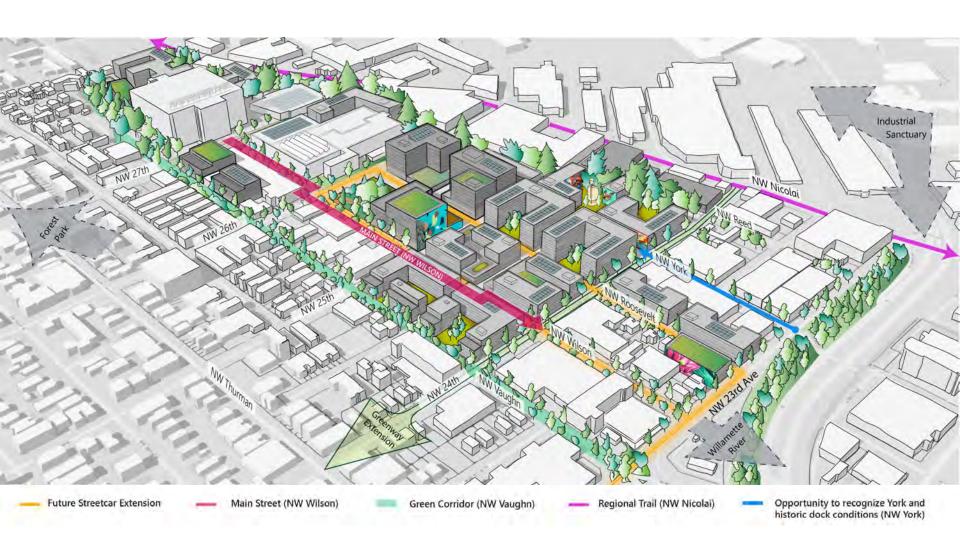
# **MPAP – Plan Concept**

- Create a new mixed-use neighborhood west of Highway 30 served by an extension of Portland Streetcar.
- Change land use designations from industrial and employment to facilitate a broader mix of uses.
- Create potential for 2,000+ new housing units with 200+ affordable units.
- Incentivize jobs in the area including middle-wage jobs.
- Retain an employment buffer along NW Nicolai Street to reduce conflicts.
- Retain industrial zoning and preserve industrial land east of US 30.





# **Future Urban Design Vision**





## **Equitable Economic Development**

## **Dynamic Employment Area**

In the larger MP2H NW Study Area:

- 44% of jobs are in Office
- 28% of jobs are Production and Distribution
- Manufacturing, production and distribution are declining

## **Future Opportunities with MPAP**

- 500K sq. ft. of Employment Uses
- 4,000+ new jobs in a wide array of types
- 800 middle wage jobs.



Table 6: Businesses		
Sector	MP2H NW	Portland
	Study Area	
Total	1,115	34,401
Production & Distribution	19%	18%
Education & Healthcare	10%	11%
Office Services	45%	35%
Retail & Related Services	26%	36%

Table 7: Jobs		
Sector	MP2H NW	Portland
	Study Area	
Total	16,860	455,478
Production & Distribution	28%	22%
Education & Healthcare	10%	24%
Office Services	44%	30%
Retail & Related Services	17%	24%



## **Equitable Housing Development**

# High opportunity area with relatively low household displacement risk

- Lower non-white population than Citywide:
  - Northwest 20% vs City 29%
- More educated: 65% 4-year+ degree
- Fewer children: 8% under 18 years
- Housing tenure: 71% renter
- Housing type: 80%+ multi-dwelling
- Streetcar extension not expected to increase market pressure in broader area as streetcar is already present in area
- Few existing homes in MPAP area

#### **Future with MPAP:**

Capacity for 4,420+ new residents

Realizing this would be a **30%** growth in population.

The **200** income restricted units would be a **77%** increase in the number of income restricted units in the broader area.

NW Area Race and Ethnicity			
Persons	NW Area	Portland	
% White	80%	71%	
% Asian	10%	10%	
% Black	2%	7%	
% Native American	2%	2%	
% Other	1%	3%	
% Nat. Hawaiian/Pac Is	0%	1%	
% Hispanic	8%	10%	

Population & Income	NW Area	Portland
Persons	6,735	630,331
Families	1,108	135,543
Median Household Income	\$68,834	\$63,032
Per Capita Income	\$64,295	\$37,382



# MPAP Objectives and Approach

- Create opportunity for new affordable housing and middle-wage jobs in a high opportunity area with good access to jobs, services and amenities.
- Enhance multimodal street system and extend transit network.
- Achieve public benefits, through regulatory and non-regulatory tools
  - Employment/Jobs
  - Housing/Affordable Housing
  - Open space and Placemaking
  - Green Features and Quality Design







# **Employment/Jobs**

## **Objectives:**

<u>A true mixed-use neighborhood</u> – commercial and employment uses are an essential part of the future of the Montgomery Park Area;

Middle wage jobs – Defined as a starting salary at or greater than 50% of area median income for a family of four, not requiring a college degree and in a priority industry;

<u>Wealth-building opportunities for priority communities</u> – affordable commercial space with a focus on priority communities.

# Housing/Affordable Housing

## **Objectives:**

<u>Up Front Affordable Housing</u> – building the affordable housing first provides a significant benefit; 10% if built first or 15% project-by-project (at 60% MFI)

<u>Inclusionary Housing as the minimum</u> – leverage opportunities to produce more income restricted housing than inclusionary housing would alone;

<u>Incentivize with the zoning code</u> – the zoning code complements a Public Benefits Agreement with floor area bonuses for additional income restricted units or compliance with the agreement.



# **Open Space and Placemaking**

## **Objectives:**

<u>Creation of a substantial park</u> – The park should be centrally located in the plan area, provide passive recreation, and be accessible to all;

The park gets built with the rest of the neighborhood – planning and completion of the park is tied to other development in the area;

<u>Commemoration of York</u> – features that commemorate York, an enslaved member of the Lewis and Clark Expedition, are an important element of the plan area, in the park (option) or prominent location elsewhere on site.

# **Green Features and Quality Design**

### **Objectives:**

<u>Sustainable transportation modes and options</u> – pairing housing and job growth with a streetcar extension supports the development of a complete neighborhood, resiliency and a low carbon future;

#### Employ enhanced standards -

- Apply the Design overlay, drawing upon Design Standards or Citywide Design Guidelines and proposed Montgomery Park Area Character Statement
- Require urban green features such as ecoroofs, landscaping and room for large trees to support resiliency

<u>Complement transportation planning</u> – judiciously apply active use requirements, height limits and design standards to correspond with street classifications and transportation infrastructure.



# **MPAP Implementation Tools**

#### **Comprehensive Plan Amendments**

- Comprehensive Plan Map Amendment
- Town Center Extension
- Amend Northwest District and Guild's Lake Industrial Sanctuary plans
- Amend Employment and Industrial Lands Map

#### **Zoning Map and Zoning Code Amendments**

- Zoning Map Amendments
- Establish the Vaughn Nicolai Plan District
- Amend the NW Plan District and Guilds Lake Industrial Sanctuary Plan District
- Minor technical amendments

### **Design Character Statement**

New guide for design of future buildings subject to design review.

### <u>Transportation Plan Elements</u>

- Transportation System Plan changes.
- Local Improvement District (LID).

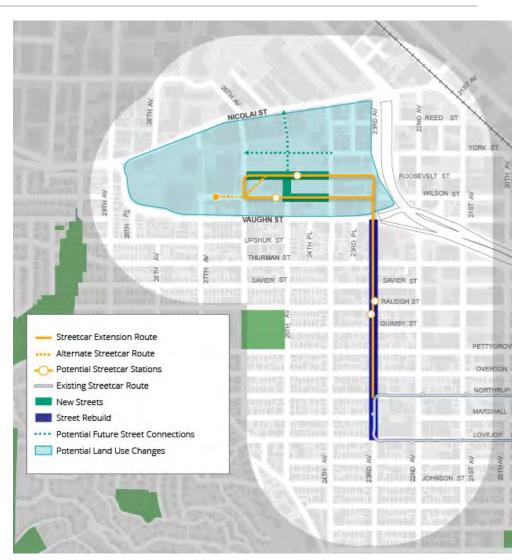
## **Public Benefits Agreement**

- Middle Wage Jobs
- Affordable Housing
- Open Space
- Infrastructure



## **Proposed streetcar extension** (Big Move)

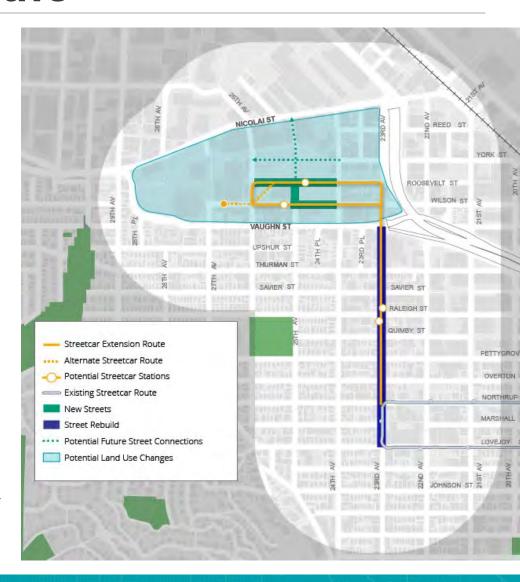
- Extension of Portland Streetcar to Montgomery Park office building
- 100% off-wire extension due to upfront and ongoing cost savings and reduced impacts
- New multimodal local streets (extensions of NW Roosevelt, NW Wilson, and NW 25<sup>th</sup> Ave)
- A complete rehabilitation of NW 23<sup>rd</sup> Avenue from NW Lovejoy Street to NW Vaughn Street
- Projected 3000+ new daily riders, half of whom are expected to be transit dependent



## **Preferred transit alternative**

- .65 one-way route mile extension of existing Streetcar North/South (NS) Line from its existing terminus at NW 23<sup>rd</sup> Avenue and NW Northrup Street
- Two-way north/south movement on NW 23<sup>rd</sup> Avenue to a parallel oneway one-block couplet on NW Roosevelt Street, NW Wilson Street, and NW 26<sup>th</sup> Avenue
- Station locations:\*
  - NW 23<sup>rd</sup> Avenue and Raleigh (NB and SB)
  - NW 25<sup>th</sup> Avenue and Roosevelt
  - NW 26<sup>th</sup> Avenue and Wilson

\*Station locations to be finalized as part of formal Project Development process and will include public input.



## Recent Streetcar Extension Engagement (Spring 2023 - Winter 2023/24)

- Meetings with Neighborhood Groups (5)
- Postcards sent to area addresses (7000+)
- Online Open House and survey (179 respondents)
- Northwest Parking District Open House (50 attendees)
- Canvassing businesses along the proposed alignment (42 conversations)
- Tabling and intercept surveys (127 conversations)
- Phone calls and emails





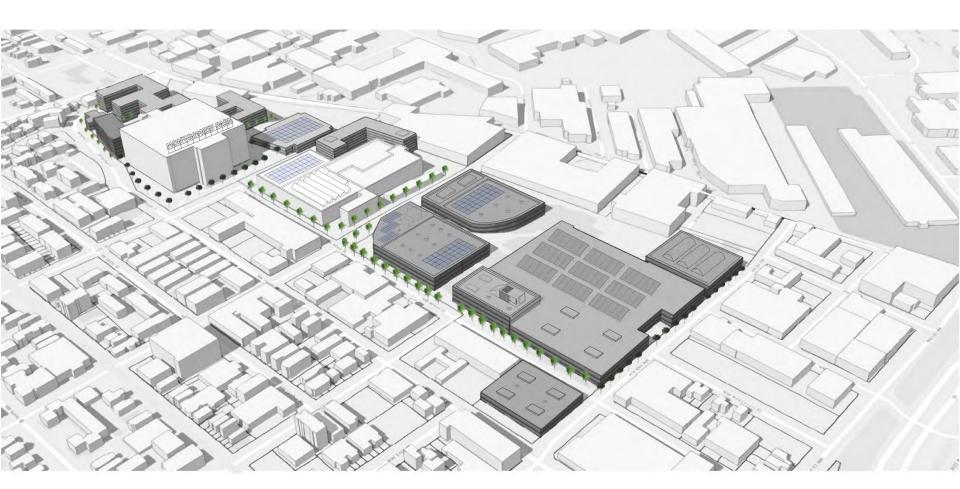
## **Thank You**

**Questions?** 



## **Current allowances**

Example of the type development allowed under current Industrial and Employment land use designations.





## **Proposed allowances**

Example of the possible type and scale of development allowed under proposed future land use designations that allows a mix of uses.





# **Implementation Approach**

## **MPAP Objectives and Benefits**

Housing/Affordable Housing
Employment/Jobs
Open Space and Placemaking
Green Features and Quality Design

## **Regulatory Tools**

- Comprehensive Plan Map
- Zoning Map (EXd and EG1)
- Zoning Code (plan district)
- Design Character Statement
- Transportation System Plan



- Middle-wage jobs target
- Affordable housing target
  - Park/public open space
- Commemoration of York
- Affordable commercial
- Transportation funding



# **Housing/Affordable Housing**

## **Objectives:**

<u>Up Front Affordable Housing</u> – building the affordable housing first provides a significant benefit; 10% if built first or 15% project-by-project (at 60% MFI)

<u>Inclusionary Housing as the minimum</u> – leverage opportunities to produce more income restricted housing than inclusionary housing would alone;

<u>Incentivize with the zoning code</u> – the zoning code complements the Public Benefits Agreement with floor area bonuses for additional income restricted units or compliance with the agreement.

Zoning Code	Public Benefits Agreement
Standard Inclusionary: 10% of units affordable to families making 60% Area Median Income built first;	Up Front Affordable Housing: 200 units in the first building(s) affordable to families making 60 Area Median Income. Serves as a bank for
Floor Area Incentive: 15% of units affordable to families making 60% of Area Median Income; or	standard inclusionary housing requirement for up to 2,000 units.
Compliance with Public Benefits Agreement	



# **Open Space and Placemaking**

## **Objectives:**

<u>Creation of a substantial park</u> – The park should be centrally located in the plan area, provide passive recreation, and be accessible to all;

<u>The park gets built with the rest of the neighborhood</u> – planning and completion of the park is tied to other development in the area;

<u>Commemoration of York</u> – features that commemorate York, an enslaved member of the Lewis and Clark Expedition, are an important element of the plan area, in the park (option) or prominent location elsewhere on site.

Zoning Code	Public Benefits Agreement
A per dwelling unit outdoor area requirement; or	Creation of a centrally located 40,000 square foot park
Incentive to consolidate some of the per unit open space requirements into a public park or open space per the Public Benefits Agreement	Park will be constructed at the time of the completion of 1,000 market rate units or within 10 years, whichever comes first
	Commemoration of York, an enslaved member of the Lewis and Clark Expedition, in the area



# **Green Features and Quality Design**

## **Objectives:**

<u>Sustainable transportation modes and options</u> – pairing housing and job growth with a streetcar extension supports the development of a complete neighborhood, resiliency and a low carbon future;

## Employ enhanced standards -

- Apply the Design overlay, drawing upon Design Standards or Citywide Design Guidelines and proposed Montgomery Park Area Character Statement
- Require urban green features such as ecoroofs, landscaping and room for large trees to support resiliency

<u>Complement transportation planning</u> – judiciously apply active use requirements, height limits and design standards to correspond with street classifications and transportation infrastructure.



## **Montgomery Park Area Transportation Plan** (Vol. 3)

- Recommendations for multimodal transportation projects
  - Centerpiece streetcar extension
- Recommended Transportation System Plan (TSP) updates
  - Modal and design street classifications
  - Proposed Master Street Plan for area
- Implementation strategies
  - Parking and Transportation Demand Management
  - Pilot projects to support non-driving modes
  - Potential funding sources



## **Project recommendations**









Connections within the Montgomery Park Area itself



Neighborhood Connections

Connections that stitch the Montgomery Park Area together with the rest of the Northwest District



**Big Move** 

The extension of Portland Streetcar to Montgomery Park, which improves connections at all of the above scales



City and Regional Connections

Connections for movement to and from destinations across Portland and the region

# **Timeline/Next Steps**

July 2024 Planning Commission and Design

**Commission Decisions and** 

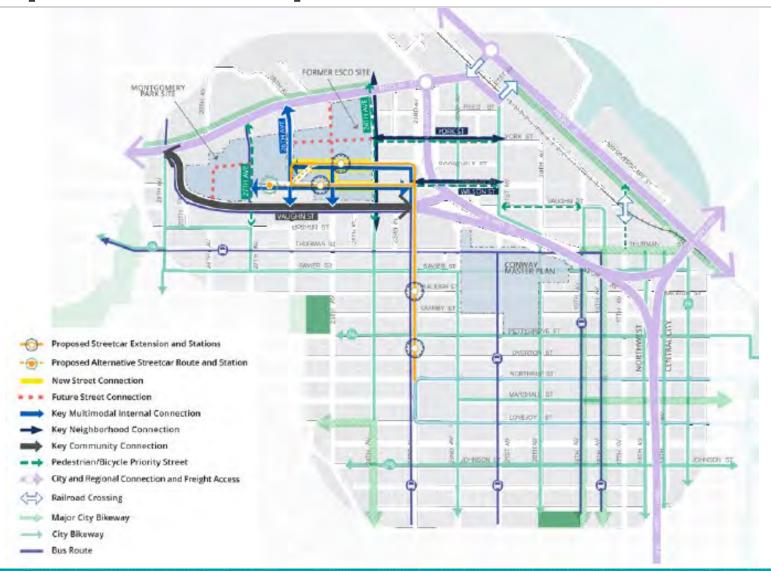
Recommendations to City Council

September 2024 Publish Recommended Draft Plans

Fall 2024 Portland City Council Public Hearing

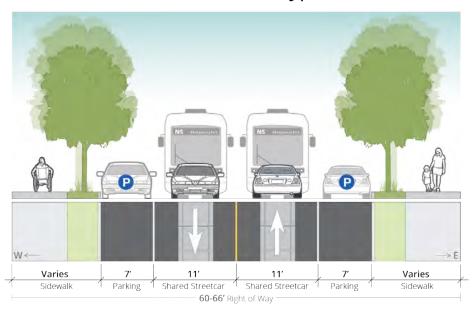


## **Transportation Concept**



## **Proposed cross sections**

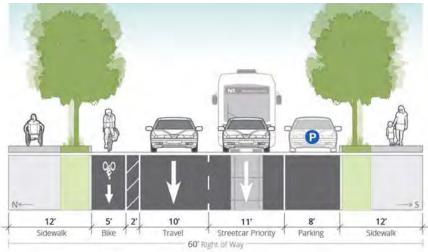
## **NW 23<sup>rd</sup> Avenue** (typical)





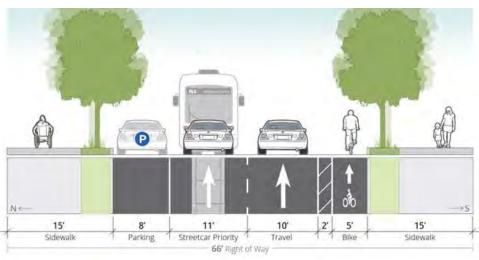
## **Proposed cross sections**

#### **NW Roosevelt Street**





#### **NW Wilson Street**





## **Considering transit alternatives**

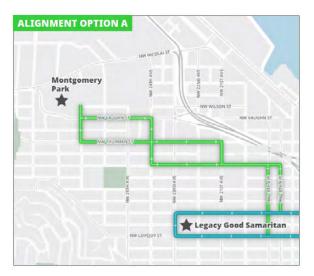








## Other alignments considered





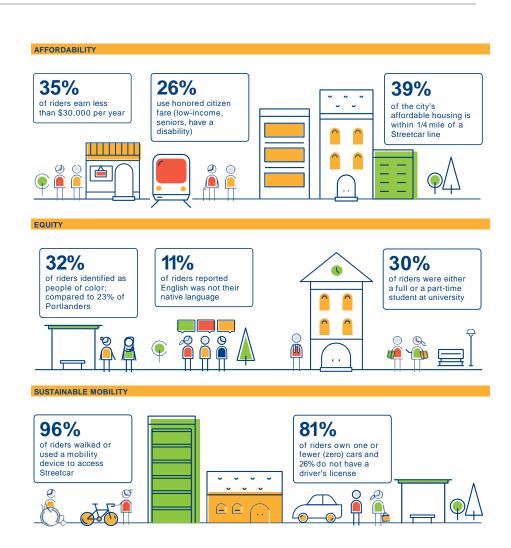






## Why streetcar?

- Streetcar is a proven tool for equitable and sustainable development in Portland.
- The area's transition presents an opportunity to deliver on previous planning efforts identifying an extension to Montgomery Park.
- Streetcar offers climate benefits as a carbon-neutral mass transit mode that supports vibrant mixed-use neighborhoods.
- Streetcar serves diverse riders, many of whom rely on transit to meet their daily needs.



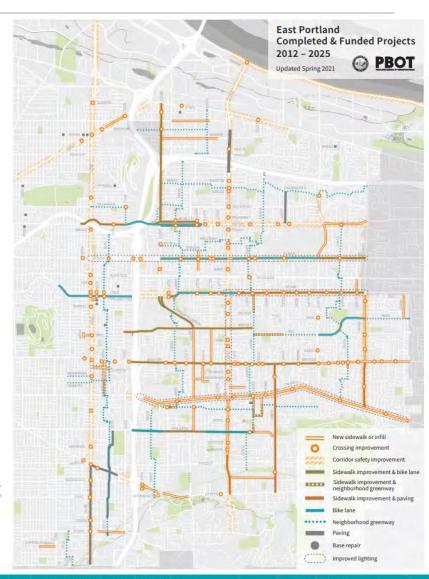
## **Investment considerations**

### Why here?

- Potential for thousands of new housing units and hundreds of new jobs
- Expanding transit mode that serves diverse riders and transit-dependent households
- A neighborhood extension with **improved mass** transit connections to critical destinations
- Leveraging federal transit investment to address substandard assets (NW 23<sup>rd</sup> Ave)

#### What about elsewhere?

- **PBOT is committed to addressing needs** of underserved communities throughout Portland
- Areas with highest need continue to receive robust investments, including East Portland
- This project is primarily using federal and local nondiscretionary sources of funds, thus minimizing City discretionary funding



## Streetcar project funding and sources

## **Project Cost: ≈\$120m**

(planning level estimate; to be refined during Project Development)

#### Includes:

- Streetcar project elements
- New streets and street elements
- Rehabilitation of NW 23<sup>rd</sup> Avenue

#### **Potential sources**

(to be finalized during Project Development\*)

#### Likely to include:

- Federal Small Starts CIG Grant (50%)
- Various local sources (likely to include):
  - Right of Way (ROW) dedication
  - A Local Improvement District (LID)
  - Additional private contributions
  - Others

\*Will include opportunities for community/stakeholder input

## **Streetcar extension next steps**

- Review and Deliberation of the Montgomery Park Area Transportation Plan
- Finalization and deliberation of Locally Preferred Alternative (LPA) at City Council
- Planning for Project Development (FTA)
- Formally enter Project Development (includes environmental review, design, and engineering)
- Finalizing funding strategy/local funding commitments
- More community engagement to come

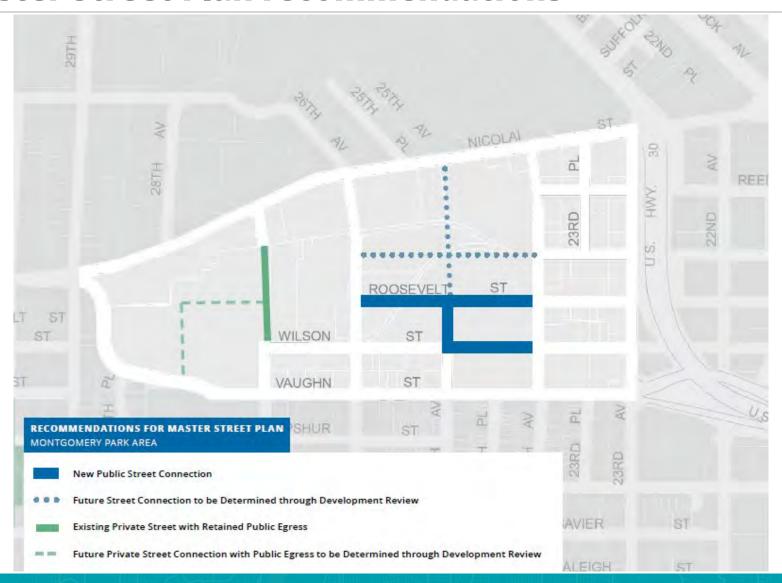


## **Policy recommendations (TSP updates)**

- Recommended classification updates for following modes/elements during next TSP update process:
  - Pedestrian
  - Bike
  - Transit
  - Street Design
  - Traffic
  - Freight
  - Emergency Response



## **Master Street Plan recommendations**



## **Proposed implementation strategies**

#### Plan District Transportation Elements

Parking ratios and off-street parking rules

#### Parking Management

Potential parking permit zone or district

#### Transportation Demand Management (TDM)

Incentives to support non-auto travel and reduce travel demand



#### Exploring Pilot Projects

Various ways to reduce drive-alone trips in the district

#### Pursuing Federal and other Funding Sources

- FTA Small Starts funding
- Creation of Local Improvement District

# Recommended Planning Commission Actions

Recommend, to City Council, adoption of the Montgomery Park Area Plan, including:

- Volume 1: Adopt the plan and amend the Comprehensive Plan map designations, the Zoning Map, Comprehensive Plan Figure 6-1: Industrial and Employment Districts; and the NW District Town Center boundary, as shown in the plan.
- Volume 2: Amend the Portland Zoning Code as described herein, including the Vaughn-Nicolai Plan District (33.590), and amending the Guild's Lake Industrial Sanctuary Plan District (33.531) and Northwest Plan District (33.562).
- Volume 3: Transportation elements; see following slide
- Volume 4: Amend the maps and texts of the existing area plans as described to address areas of overlap with the Montgomery Park Area Plan.



## **Planning Commission Actions - Transportation**

#### Volume 3:

### Streetcar Extension to Montgomery Park

- This is the Locally Preferred Alternative (LPA) for the Project, to be considered for adoption by City Council by Resolution
  - Planning Commission may choose to advise City Council on LPA consistency with the Comprehensive Plan
- Already in the Regional Transportation Plan Constrained/Near-Term Project List (11319)
  - Already in the Transportation System Plan (60035)
  - TSP to be updated to be consistent with RTP as part of next TSP update
  - No action on this needed by Planning Commission

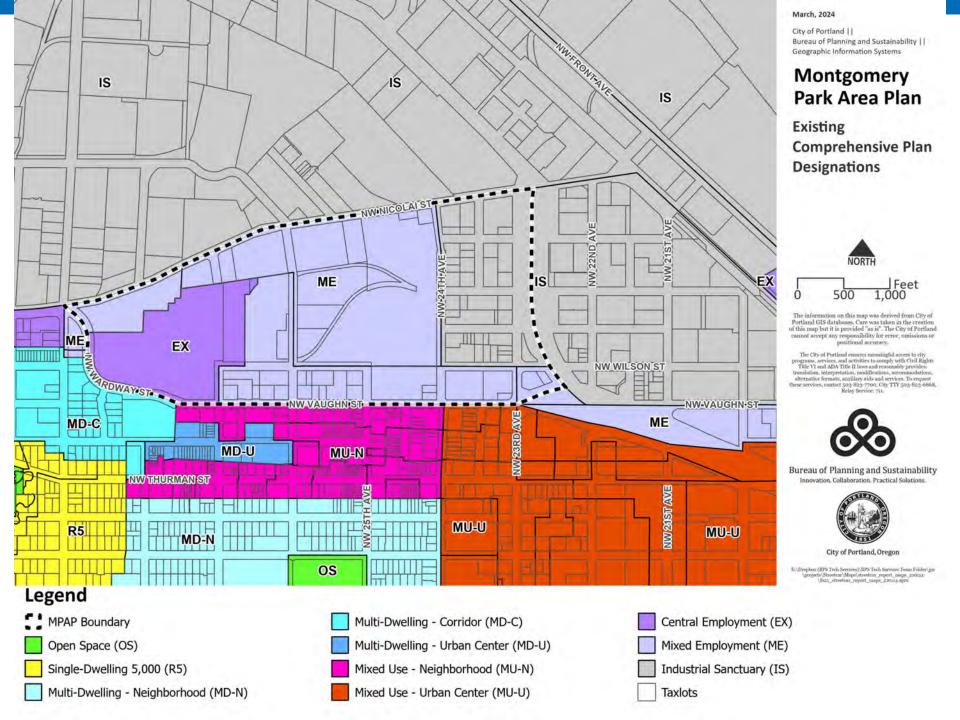
### Recommended Transportation System Plan Changes

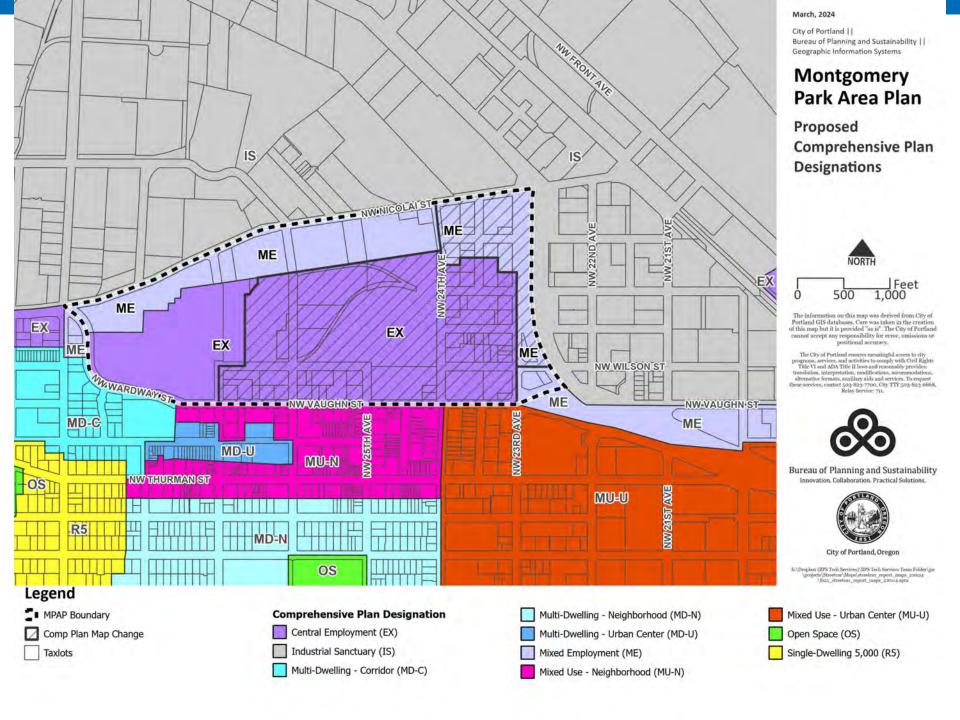
- Adopted with the plan as recommendations to City Council for consideration as future amendments to the TSP
  - Includes: Street Classifications, Master Street Plan, and Project List
- To return to Planning Commission for formal deliberation as part of the next TSP update

# Recommended Design Commission Actions

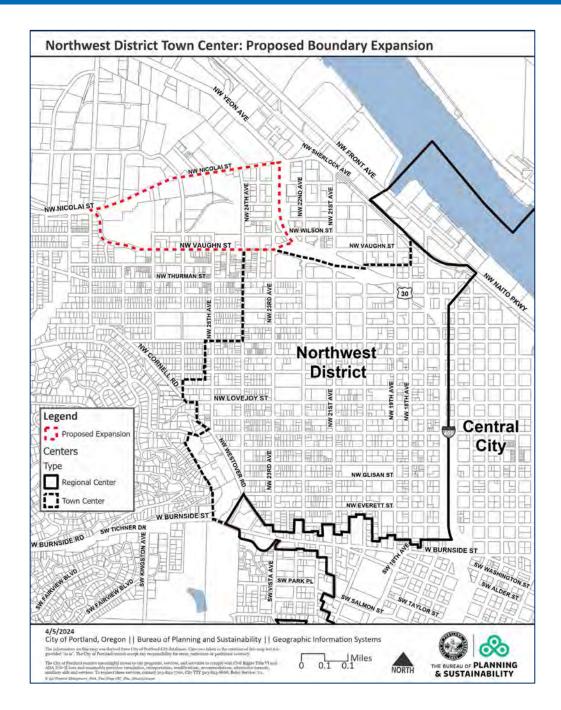
- Recommend, to Planning Commission, application as proposed of the Design overlay zone to areas zoned Central Employment (EX) in the plan.
- Recommend, to Portland City Council, adoption of the Montgomery Park Area Character Statement and related updates to the Citywide Design Guidelines as shown and described in Volume 2 of the plan.







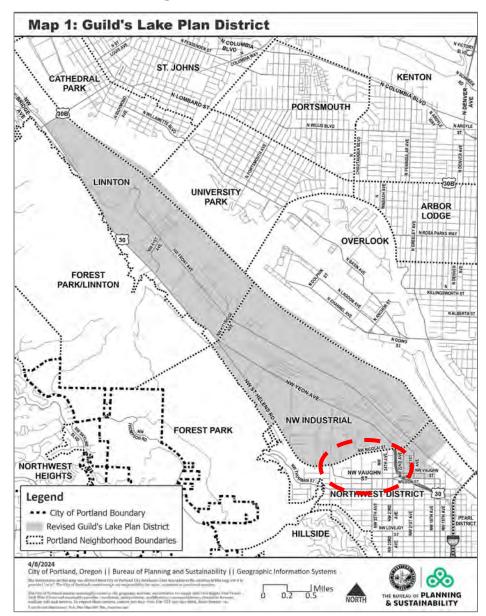
# **Expand NW Town Center**





# **Guild's Lake Industrial Sanctuary Plan Amendments**

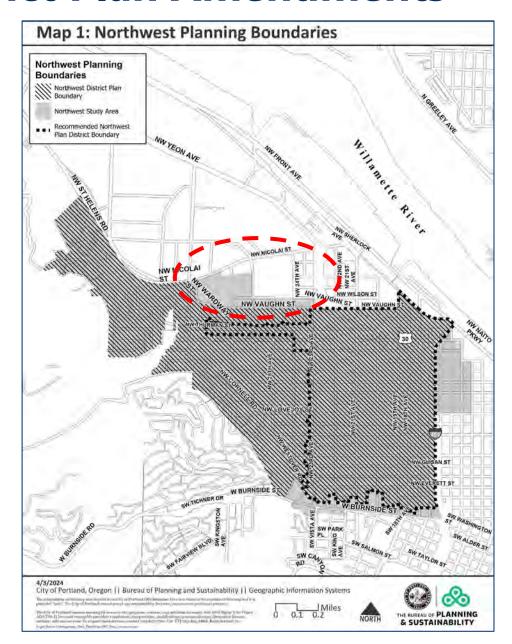
- GLIS Plan boundary will be amended to conform to new MPAP boundary.
- Minor text amendments to the GLIS Plan are proposed.





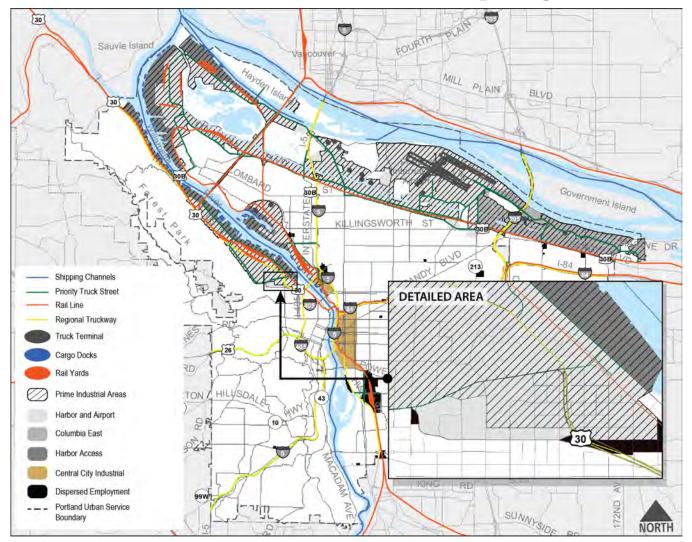
### **Northwest District Plan Amendments**

- NW District Plan boundary will be amended to conform to new MPAP boundary (several plan maps and UD character area map).
- Minor text amendments to the NW District Plan are proposed.



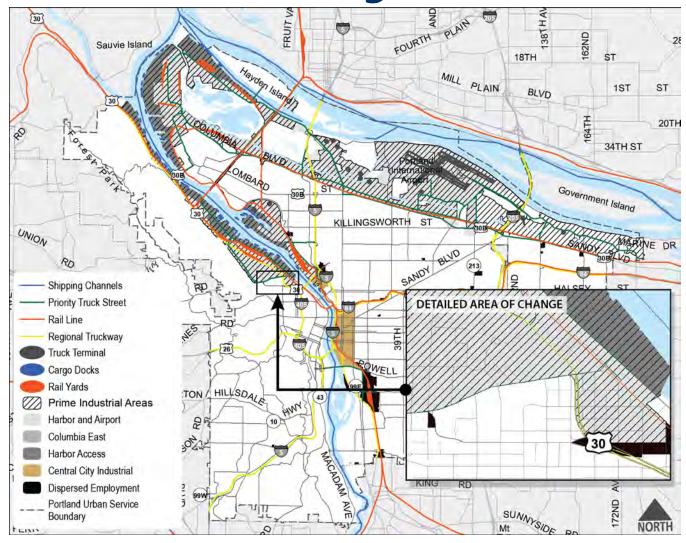


# Figure 6.1 Industrial and Employment Land





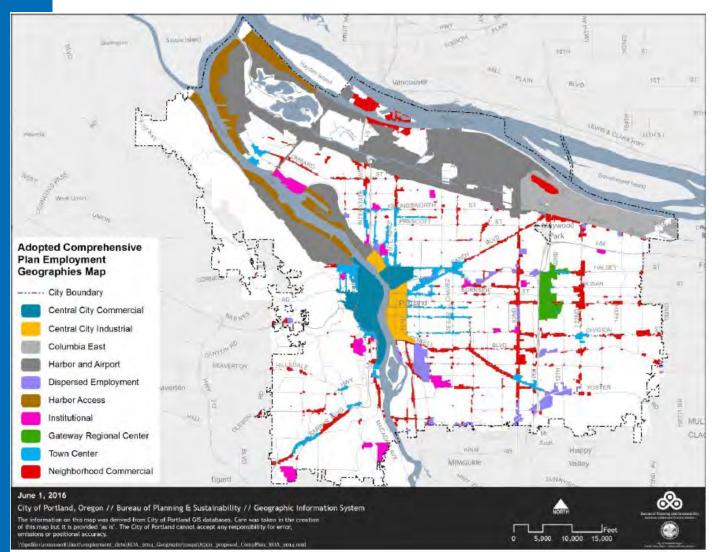
# **Revised Figure 6.1**





# **Economic Opportunities Analysis (EOA)**

- The EOA is an analysis of the 20-year supply and demand for employment land in the city.
- Portland's 2035 Comprehensive Plan and EOA were adopted in 2016.
- The City of Portland is now updating the EOA to align 2045 growth expectations with current market trends and community choices.





# **2016 EOA Industrial Land Demand and Development Capacity**

Employment Geography	2010-35 Land Demand	Land Supply	Surplus/Deficit
Harbor & Airport Districts	1,013	1,067	54
Harbor Access Lands	192	167	-25
Columbia East	350	416	66
Dispersed Employment	130	146	16
Total Industrial	1,685	1,796	111



### **MPAP Impact on the 2016 EOA**

- Proposed MPAP plan amendments would convert 34 acres of industrial/employment land to mixed use (EX) land
- Represents 0.2 percent of total industrial/employment land base of 13,175 acres.
- Represents 3 percent of the 1,067 acres of buildable land in the Harbor & Airport Districts
- Represents 10 percent of the large (10-20 acre) industrial sites



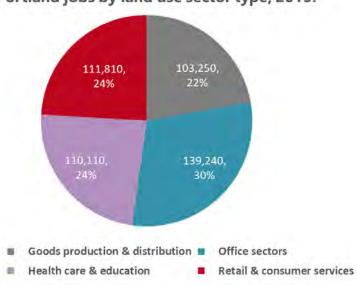
## **Large Industrial Sites**

	2016 EOA Land Supply		
Site Size (acres)	Gross (acres)	Constrained (acres)	
10 to 20	362	184	
20 to 50	615	375	
50+	1,239	666	
Total	2,216	1,225	



### **Balanced Economy**

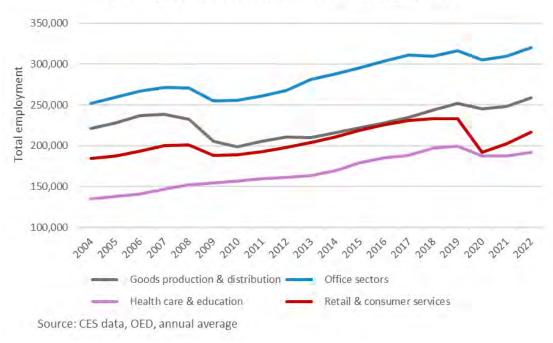
#### Portland jobs by land use sector type, 2019:





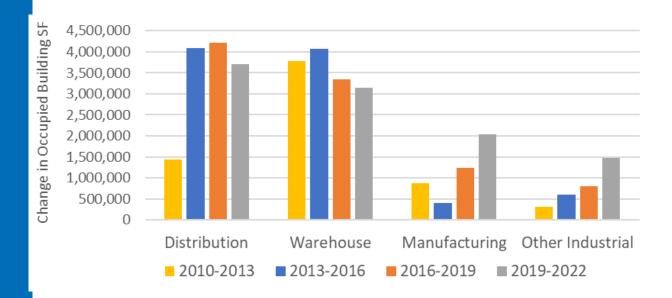
### **Employment Trends**







### **New Industrial Buildings**





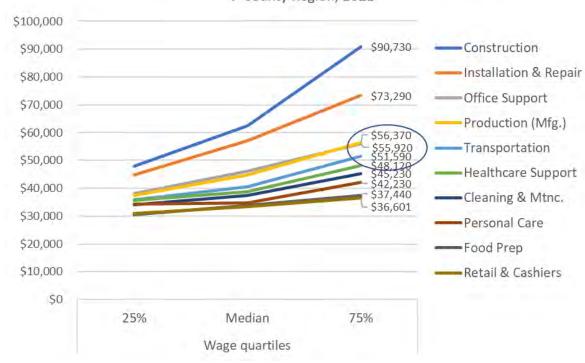
## **Employment Density**

Land Use Type	Average	Jobs per
	FAR	Acre
Warehouse and Distribution	0.21	9.7
Manufacturing and Production	0.28	14.4
Industrial Service	0.29	16.2
Total Industrial	0.25	12.2
Hospitals and Colleges	0.37	13.9
Retail Sales & Service	0.52	29.4
Office	2.14	275



### **Access to Opportunity**

Upward income mobility in low- and middle-wage occupations, 7-County Region, 2022





### **Access to Equitable Opportunity**

34 acres of employment land

**Industrial Uses Sector** (12.2 jobs per acre)

Total Jobs 415 jobs

Middle Wage Jobs (70%) 290 jobs

**Office Sector** (275 jobs per acre)

Total Jobs (30% of space) 2,805 jobs

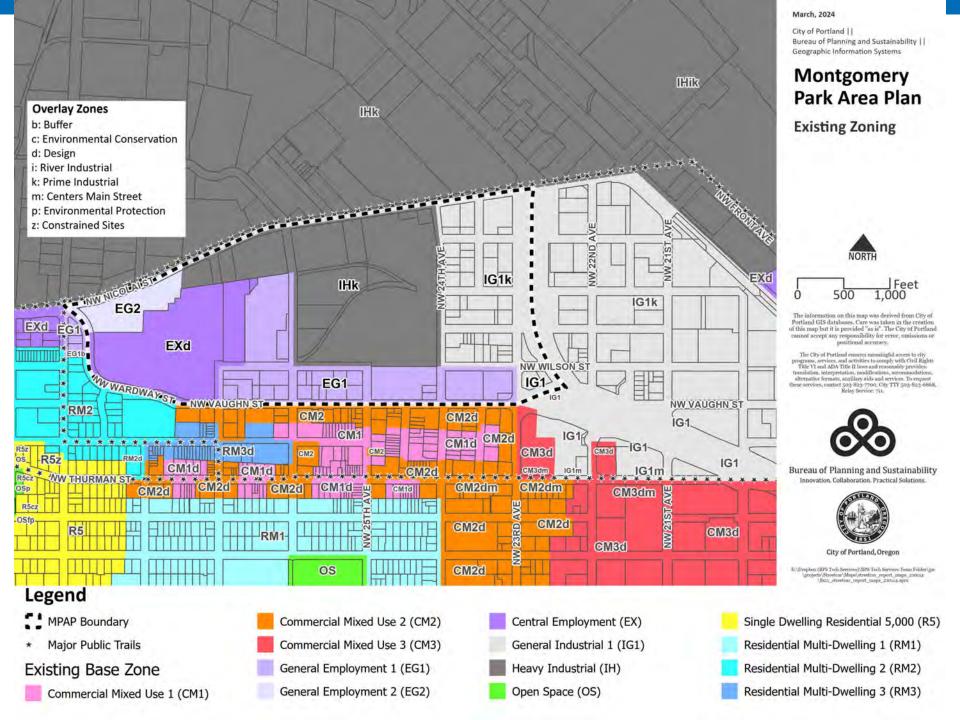
Middle Wage Jobs (18%) 505 jobs

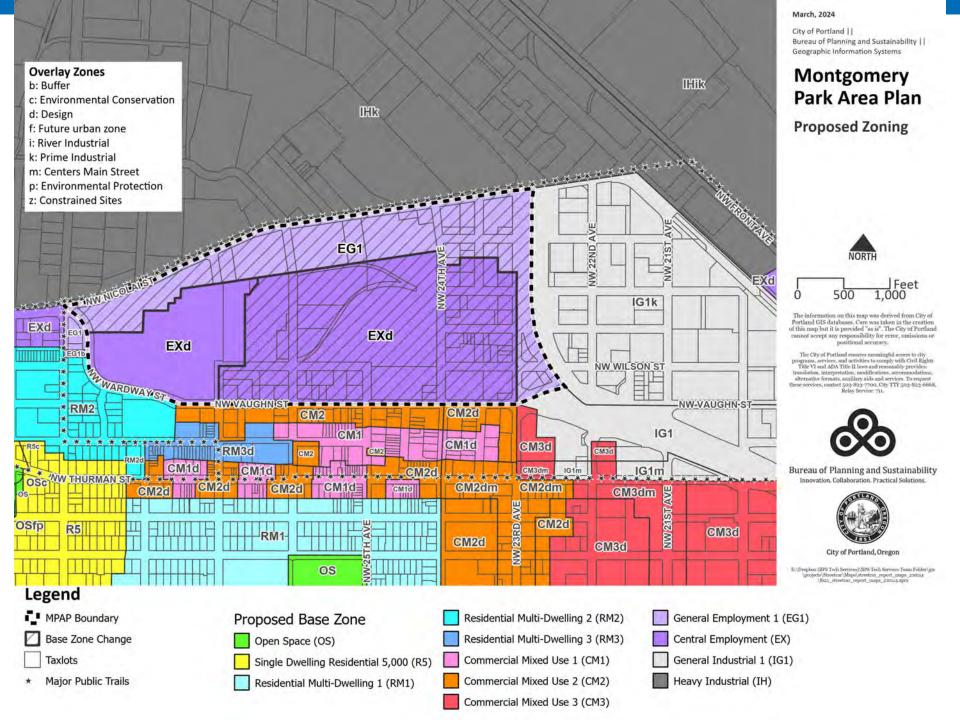


### **EOA Update Approach**

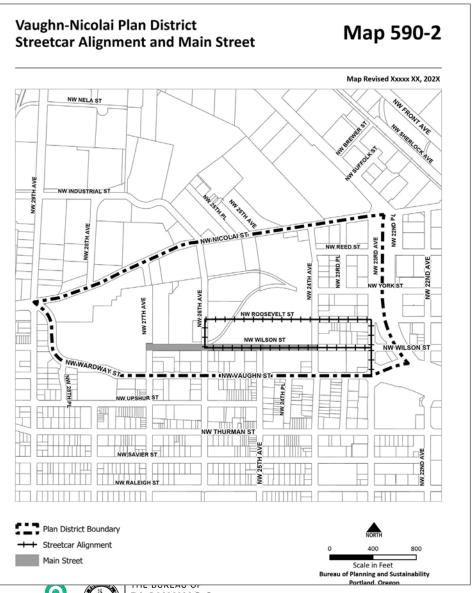
- Solve for multiple policy objectives economic development, natural resource protection, livability, sustainability.
- Recognize that industrial land supply is tight and getting tighter.
- Invest to create more industrial capacity.
- Align with Advance Portland strategies.
- Support our economic strengths.
- Explore workforce and business development in other middle-wage sectors.
- Working on discussion draft with CWG, then wider community engagement.







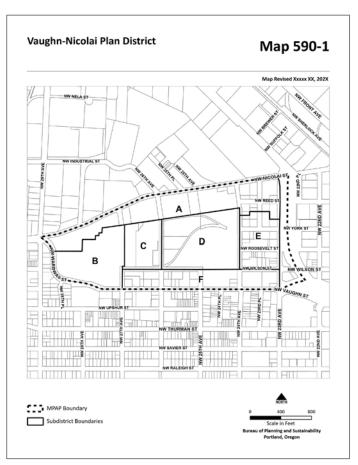
# **Proposed Vaughn-Nicolai Plan District**

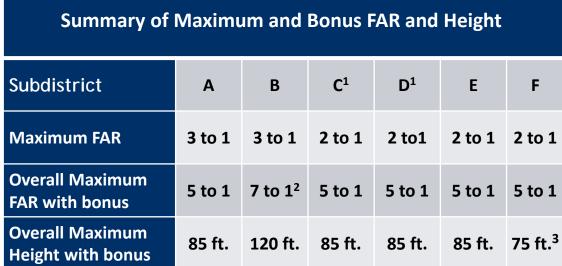


### **Key features include:**

- **Bonus FAR and Height**
- **Non-Residential Space Requirement**
- **Active Use Areas on Main Street**
- **Affordable Commercial Space** Requirement
- **Urban Green Features**
- **Outdoor Areas for Residential Uses**
- **Residential-Employment Buffer**
- **TDM and Parking limits**

# **Proposed Vaughn-Nicolai Plan District**





#### **FAR & Height Bonuses:**

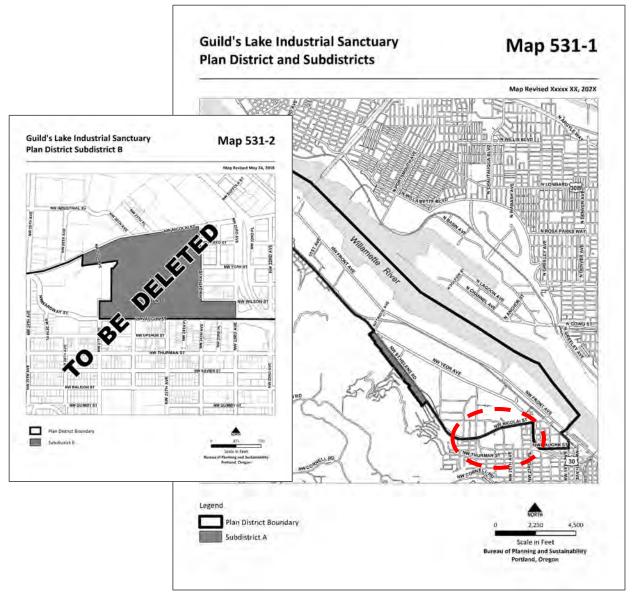
- Inclusionary Housing
- Additional Affordable Housing (15% @ 60% MFI)
- Employment Opportunity
- 1 FAR in Subdistrict C and D linked to provision of IH/affordable housing and Public Benefits Agreement. After 200 units of IH, within 7 years, Max FAR is 3:1 and IH bonus is 2:1.
- 2 FAR of 7:1 allowed through transfer or demonstration of services.
- 3 Height reduced to 45 feet maximum near NW Vaughn.



# **Proposed GLIS Plan District Changes**

**Amend GLIS** Plan District boundary (Map 531-1)

Delete GLIS Subdistrict B (Map 531-2)

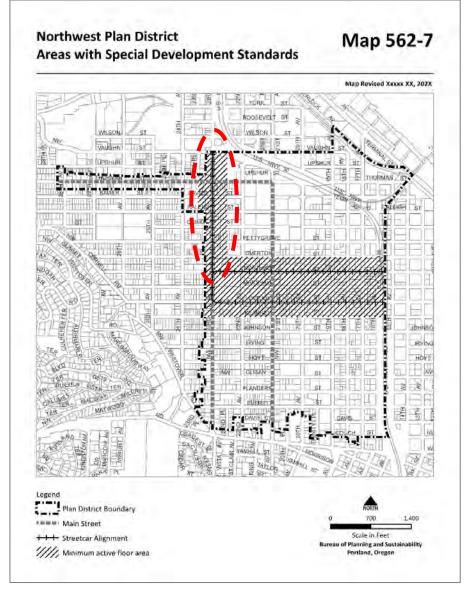




# **Proposed NW Plan District Changes**

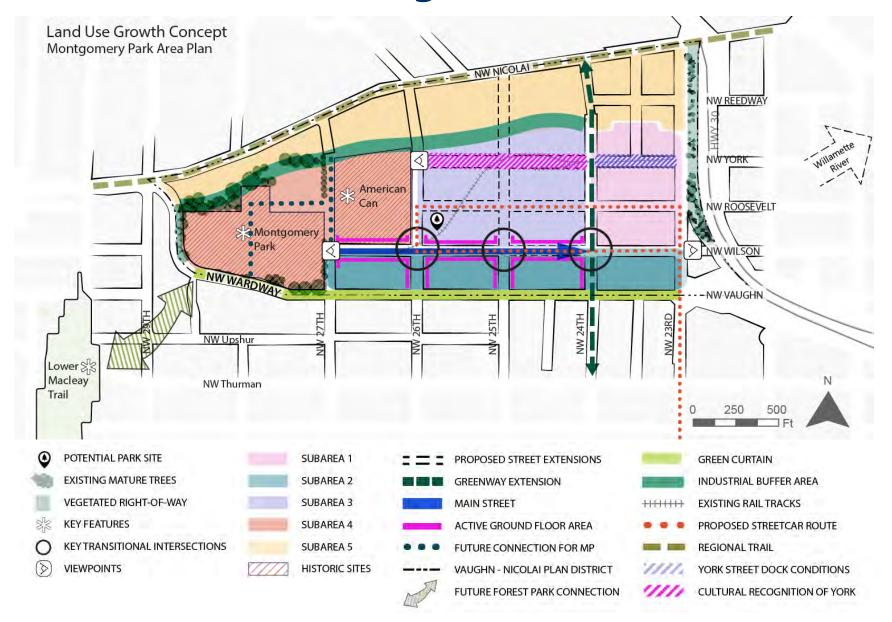
Apply "Streetcar" development regulations within 200' of NW 23rd Avenue.

- Adds active floor area requirement (includes residential)
- Prohibits Drive thrus (already prohibited)





# **Urban Design Framework**















#### **Urban Form**

Direct the majority of growth to centers, corridors, and transit station areas.

#### **Jobs and Economic Opportunity**

- Expand and improve economic opportunity.
- Provide supply of employment land sufficient to meet short-term and long-term employment growth.

#### Housing

- Support fair, equitable, healthy, resource efficient, and physicallyaccessible housing for a diverse population.
- Establish ways to mitigate gentrification and displacement.

#### Climate Resilience

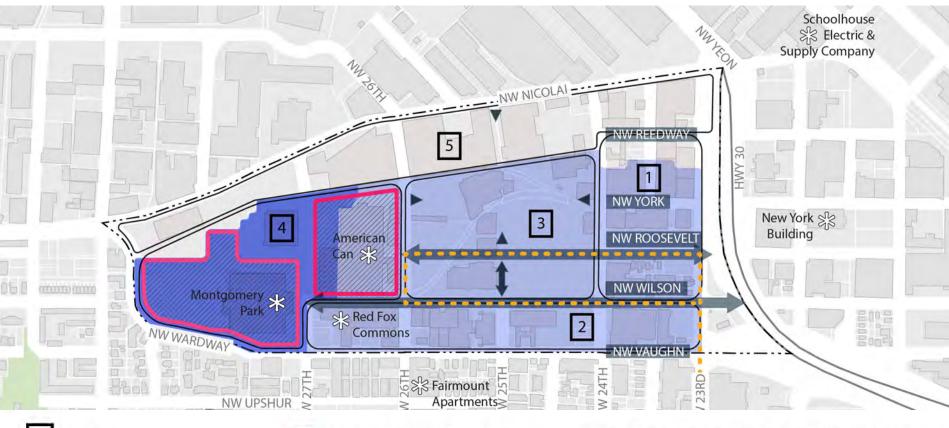
- Support actions that address and mitigate climate change.
- Reduce urban heat island effects, minimize carbon, and provide long term resilience.

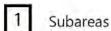
#### **Equity / Equitable Development**

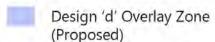
- Increase access to housing and jobs in high opportunity areas.
- Support equity and creation of public benefits when planning and making public investments.



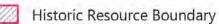
# **Expansion of the Design 'd' Overlay**

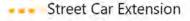




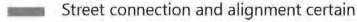


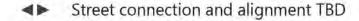
Design 'd' Overlay Zone (Existing)

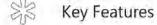




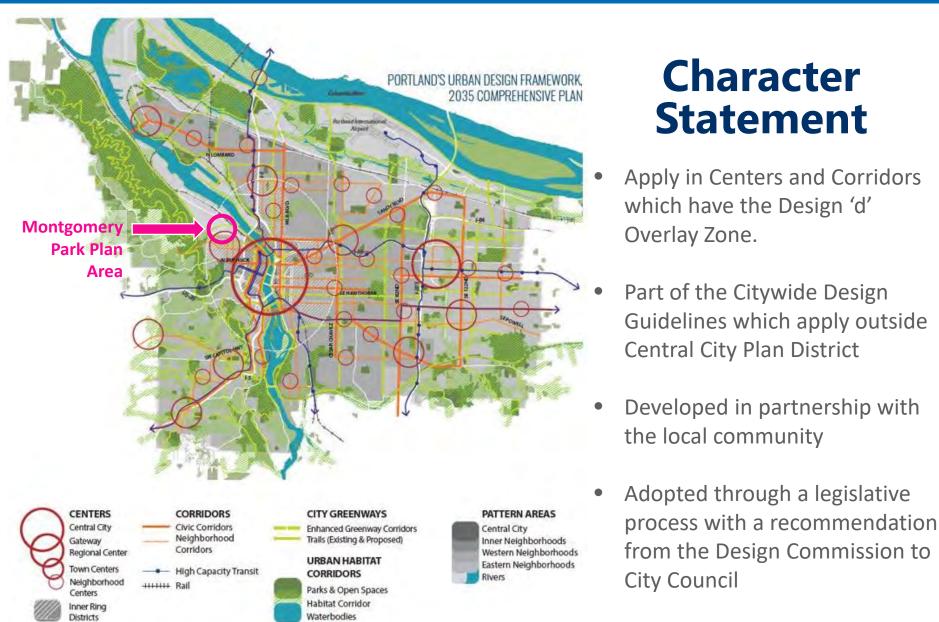
···- Vaughn-Nicolai Plan District





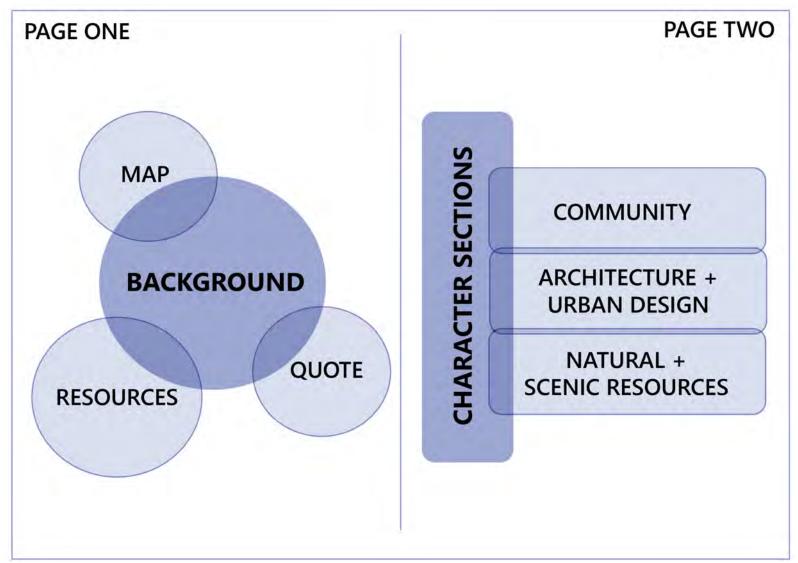






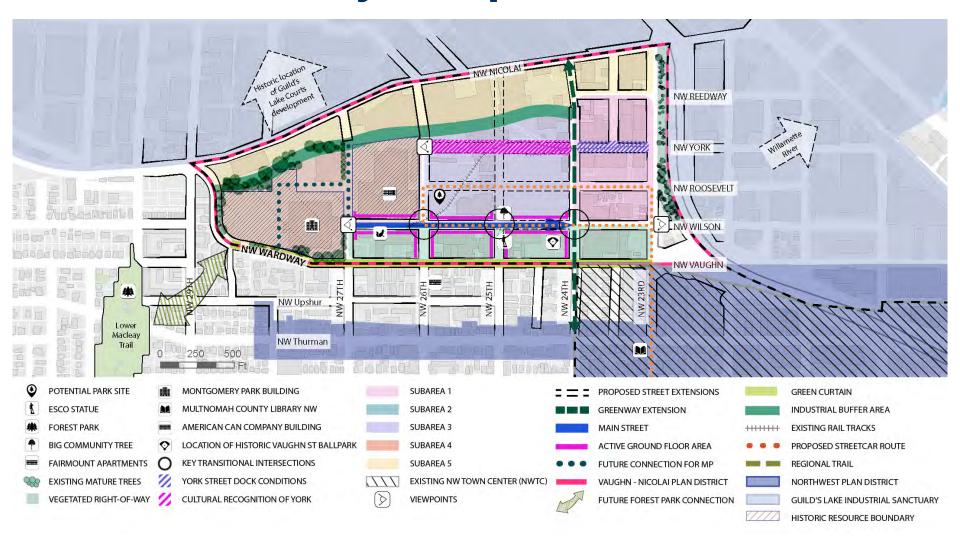


### **Parts and Structure**





# **Key Components**





# **Displacement Risk**

Changes that increase entitlements coupled with transportation investments and related amenities have the potential to displace existing residents and businesses by encouraging new development and increasing rents over time.

#### Housing risk within plan area:

• Eight residences, mostly owner occupied. Limited Risk.

#### Housing risk in nearby area:

- Units could be vulnerable to rent increases following investment.
- Area is already served by streetcar; not clear that a modest extension would create significant additional market pressure.
- In NW, lower quality and amenity housing may already attract premium rents.

#### **Housing mitigation:**

Bonuses and incentives for affordable housing in EX zone.



# **Displacement Risk**

Changes that increase entitlements coupled with transportation investments and related amenities have the potential to displace existing residents and businesses by encouraging new development and increasing rents over time.

#### Jobs risk within plan area:

- Existing industrial uses could get priced out of area.
- Vacant/underutilized industrial sites (former ESCO) will redevelop with different mix of uses.

#### Jobs mitigation:

- Requirement for non-residential floor area in EX zone.
- Bonus structure/incentives for employment uses.
- Additional affordable housing required at higher FAR.



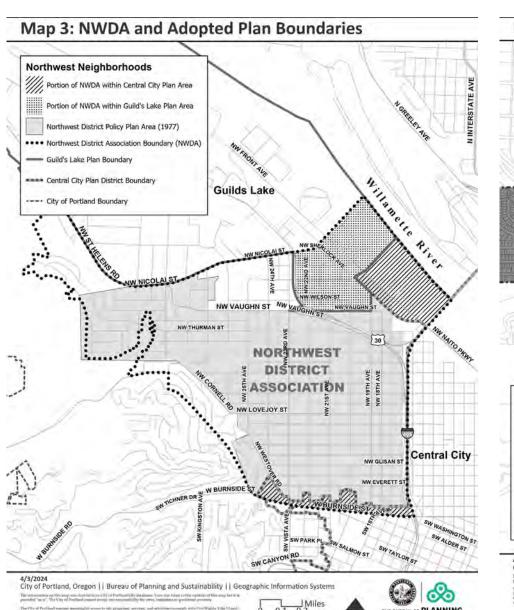
# **Proposed Vaughn-Nicolai Plan District**

In addition to Comprehensive Plan and zoning map changes, a new plan district is proposed to support an urban transit-oriented district. Key features include:

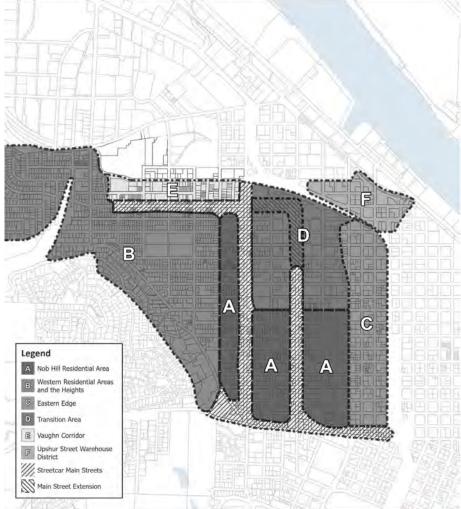
- **Additional Affordable Housing:** Higher % required for additional floor area.
- Non-Residential Space: Minimum floor area requirement.
- Active Use Areas: NW Wilson "main street" active ground floor uses and enhanced ground floor windows.
- **Affordable Commercial Space:** Requires 1K SF when 10K+ SF Retail or Office is developed. Also, a Non-Res floor area incentive.
- **Urban Green Features:** Requirements to "green" the urban environment and address climate - options: landscaping; space for large trees; ecoroofs.
- **Outdoor Areas:** Residential uses are required to provide outdoor area.
- **Residential-Employment Buffer:** Landscape setback between EX-EG zones.
- **Transportation Demand Management (TDM):** Residential developments (10+ units) required to develop a TDM plan or meet program standards.
- **Parking:** Limit the amount of on-site and surface parking near streetcar.



## **NW Plan Amendments**



Map 4: Urban Character Areas



City of Portland, Oregon || Bureau of Planning and Sustainability || Geographic Information Systems





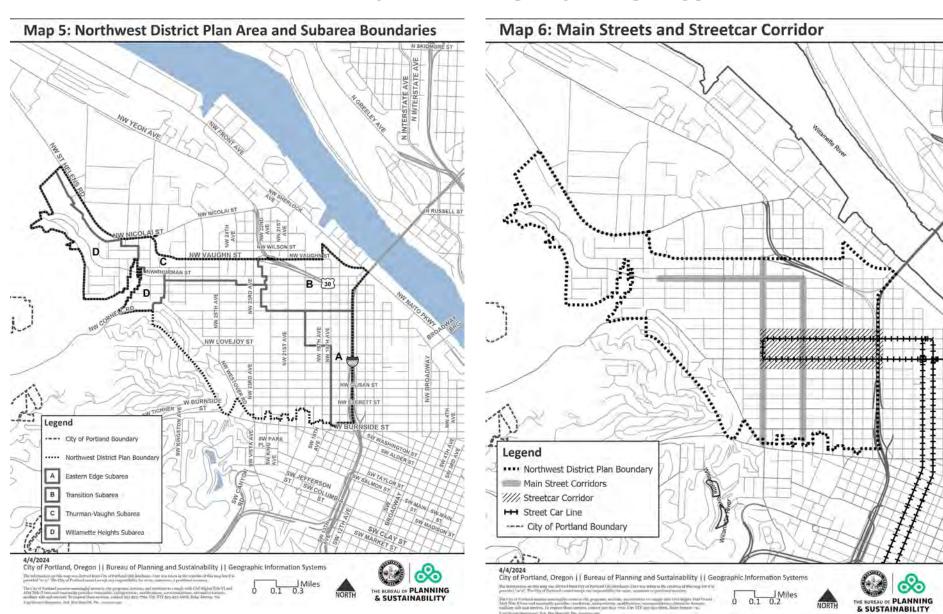








## **NW Plan Amendments**



### **Draft Public Benefits Terms**

Agreement with owners of Montgomery Park and American Can; 1535/former ESCO

**Middle wage jobs**: Target of 800 net new middle wage jobs on site within 10 years. If not met, per-job penalty payment into workforce development and training programs.

**Affordable housing units**: Provide early AH/IH units: 200 units at 60% MFI prior to or with market rate units within 7 years. Until met, projects must include 15% of units at 60% MFI to receive greater floor area bonus.

**Public open space/park:** Minimum 40,000 square feet to be developed in area. Offsets to Outdoor Area zoning requirement and SDCs.

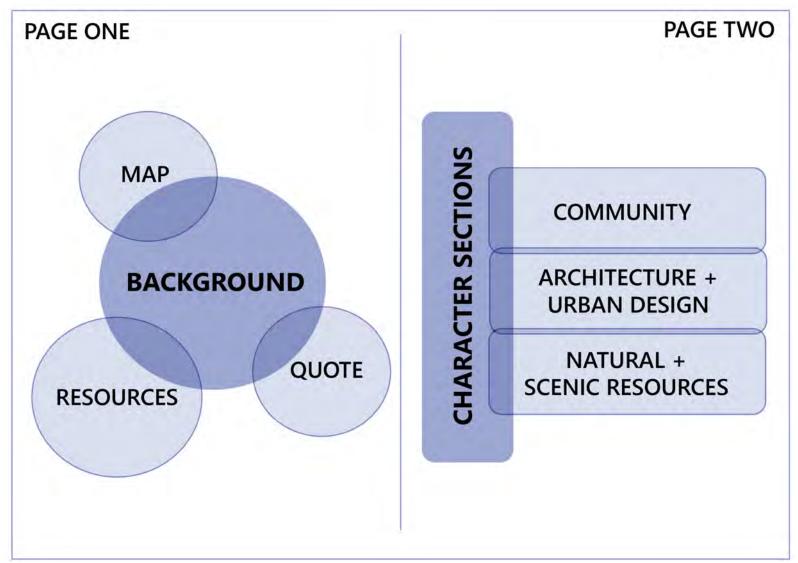
**Commemoration of York:** Feature in a significant publicly accessible location.

**Funding a portion of the public streetcar extension:** Funding through dedication of ROW, construction of streets, and Local Improvement District contributions.

Wealth building support: Option for affordable commercial space ownership.



### **Parts and Structure**





## **Key Components**

### Community Character

- Provide views into maker spaces along NW Roosevelt
- Reference and continue historic dock conditions on NW York
- Recognize the history of York on NW York Street (art, sculpture or historic markers)
- Incorporate color, patterns and/or artwork by Black, Chinese or Indigenous artists.
- Incorporate spaces for recreation within new parks or open spaces
- Integrating intimate, multi-functional and accessible gathering spaces

# Architectural and Urban Design Character

- Incorporate a buffer from pollutants along HWY 30 and NW Nicolai
- Reference and/or repurpose existing industrial buildings, materials and features.
- Support NW Wilson as an active main street
- Improve urban heat island conditions (climate-responsive design approaches)

### Natural and Scenic Resources

- Incorporate public views (Mt. Hood, Fremont Bridge, Montgomery Park)
- Reference connections to Forest Park ( 'Green Curtain' on NW Vaughn)
- Preserve and plant more trees



### **Character Statement**

### CHARACTER STATEMENT: Montgomery Park



#### BACKGROUND

#### HISTORY & EXISTING CONDITIONS

C LOCATION OF HISTORIC VALIGHN ST BALLPAR

VALUE OF MAN DESTRUCT

YORK STREET DOCK CONDITIONS

KEYTHANSITIONAL INTERSECTIONS

Framed by the Guild's Lake Industrial District to the North, and the vibrant mixed-use communities of the Northwest District to the South, the Montgomery Park Area Plan (MPAP) is an eclectic mix of land uses and building types. The designated Vaughn Nicolai Plan District (VNPD), within the expanded Northwest Town Center, has been an area of continual transition and transformation. The area's variety of lot sizes, building types, and history of industrial and manufacturing uses created a dynamic built environment but have also resulted in a disconnected, difficult to navigate, street grid resulting in an urban heat island with little trees or green space.

Once home to a lush marshland and the low-lying Guild's Lake, this area was part of a larger ecosystem which contributed to the vibrancy of nearby Indigenous villages on Sauvie Island and across the Willamette River. Before significant changes to the landscape began in the late 1800s Chinese immigrants lived and farmed on land around the lake. Plans for industrialization led to their displacement and to the filling of the lake in the 1920s to create a robust industrial center. Today, hints of this wild landscape remain in the nearby hills of Forest Park, Balch Creek watershed, and Williamette River. Connected to this legacy are Portland's extant Indigenous and Chinese communities, though little acknowledgment of them or the natural environment in this location.

The area was also the site of the 1905 Lewis and Clark Exposition which showcased Portland's community, industry, and innovation. Industry and innovation was later carried on in the Montgomery [Ward] office building (1920), the American Can Company complex (1921), and the former ESCO steel foundry. Portland's Black community have strong ties to this area, including connection to the since-demolished WWII era housing development Guild's Lake Courts (1940s/50s) and the Portland Rosebuds, a minor league baseball team that was part of the short-lived West Coast Negro League, and played one season (1946) at the Vaughn Street Park. More recently, NW York St was named in honor of York, the enslayed man who was an essential member of the Lewis and Clark Expedition. Despite this, other recognition of the Black Community's contributions to NW Portland has been limited.

#### CURRENT POLICY FRAMEWORK

Portland's Comprehensive Plan identifies the Montgomery Park Area Plan as part of Portland's Industrial/ Employment Areas and illustrates its proximity to several desirable amenities such as transportation (Streetcar), recreational areas (Forest Park) and commercial/retail (Pearl District/Central City). Set within the VNPD and an expanded Northwest Town Center, the MPAP leveraged this proximity to support the creation of a low-carbon mixed-use neighborhood served by an extension of the Portland Streetcar. The Plan's goals and actions encourage the preservation of the district's identity as a thriving empoyment hub, with expanded public benefits to foster a vibrant mixed-use neighborhood.

### RESOURCES

(2) VIEW POINTS

PROPOSID STREETCAR BOUTE

NORTHWEST PLAN DISTRICT

HISTORIC RESOURCE BOUNDARY

REGIONAL TRAIL

- NW District Plan
- · Guild's Lake Industrial Sanctuary Plan.
- · Montgomery Park District Transportation
- · Proliminary Racial Equity Analysis
- Indicates terms featured within the MPAP Plan, Vol.1, Pgs. 45 & 46
- Cregon Historical Society, Photo Essay. Guild's Lake Industrial Change over Time.

...celebrate proxim-'Steel Curtain'...

- Community Members, 2023

The following sections align with, and are derived from, content in the Portland Citywide Design Guidelines, specifically Guideline 01. They each focus on characteristics specific to this Town Center.

#### COMMUNITY CHARACTER



The use of color, art and outdoor gathering spaces provides sense of creative energy and vitality.

ARCHITECTURE +

**URBAN DESIGN** 

CHARACTER

Home to a mix of residents, businesses and institutions, this district takes immense pride in its industrial heritage and variety of uses. Physically accessible public spaces, that acknowledge the contributions of Portland's Black, Chinese and Indigenous communities, are needed to support these various communities and reflect the multitude of histories of the area. Future development, should honor the District's rich industrial character and provide spaces which allow for a true mix of uses, reflecting a history of ingenuity and innovation.

A few ways to address these goals include:

- Celebrating the area's industrial character by designing ground floors with views into maker spaces along NW Roosevelt, incorporating neon signage along NW Wilson as a nod to the neon Montgomery Park sign or providing historic markers indicating the history and sites of the 1905 Lewis and Clark Exposition.
- Showcasing the terminating vistas of Montgomery Park on NW Wilson St. and A century of transition has created a diverse

landscape of urban forms and uses in this Center,

dividing it into five distinct subareas. Perhaps

most distinct is Subarea 47, home to the historic

Montgomery Park and American Can sites, whose

American Can on NW Roosevelt and NW York,

- Referencing historic dock conditions on NW York by preserving and/or continuing them westward of NW 24th.
- Integrating remnants of the historic railroad tracks, in Subareas 1 and 31, within, or as a connection between, open spaces.
- Integrating intimate, multi-functional and accessible gathering spaces to encourage intergenerational community gathering, especially in Subareas 21 and 31
- Acknowledging and celebrating contributions of Portland's Communities of Color, Consider incorporating color, patterns and/or artwork by Black, Chinese or Indigenous artists.
- Recognizing the history of York on NW York Street through physical elements like art, sculpture or historic markers.
- incorporating spaces for recreation, including playgrounds and flexible green spaces, within new parks1 or open spaces.

and roofing materials, and green features such as eco-roofs.

- Buffering development from noise pollution, particularly on sites near Hwy 30 and in the buffer area along Subarea 5. Consider the utilization of sound absorbing materials. landscaping and careful building orientation.
- Providing accessible pedestrian connections on sites within Subarea 31 to improve access to the NW 24th Greenway, NW Wilson, NW Vaughn and destinations like Montgomery Park, Forest Park and the Willamette Riverfront.
- Supporting NW Wilson as a main street! with large, flexible openings at the ground floor with views into active uses, set-back frontages with hardscaped areas to accommodate large crowds, as well as trees and weather protection near transit stops.
- Supporting NW Vaughn, Roosevelt, and York as multi-modal, pedestrian-oriented streets by incorporating inclusive and accessible seating and weather protection, especially at key intersections, and by locating utilitarian uses toward and along NW 24th, 25th, and 26th.
- Reducing heat island impacts and easing stormwater system demand by preserving and adding large canopy trees, native vegetation and open spaces on sites within Subareas 1,
- Designing prominent surface stormwater facilities that are functional, attractive and enhance the nearby Balch Creek Watershed.
- Orienting shared spaces and pedestrian pathways to provide access to natural and scenic resources, parks and open spaces, including views of Mt. Hood and Fremont Bridge along NW 26th, and of Forest Park along NW Vaughn.
- Mitigating impacts from pollution by utilizing a landscaped buffer? and setbacks, particularly on sites along NW 23rd and Subarea 5.
- Incorporating elements referencing the former ecological and argricultural landscape of Guild's Lake. Consider utilizing water, native flora and first foods into landscape designs.

### ADDITIONAL

ACTIVE GROUND FLOOR AREA

. . . FUTURE CONNECTION FOR MP

FUTURE FOREST PARK

- District: The Process of

ity to Forest Park by extending trees and open space into the neighborhood, Green Curtain' instead of the

Development on NW Wilson which repurposed an existing industrial building with an updated form and new materials.

#### NATURAL + SCENIC RESOURCES



Large, mature trees and vegetation along the public right-of-way on NW Wardway offer links to nature and relief from heat,

size, in combination with the former ESCO Steel site in Subarea 3, creates a challenging, disconnected street network between NW 24th and NW 26th. The arrival of the Portland Streetcars on NW Wilson and NW Roosevelt provides an opportunity for each subarea to preserve, emulate and celebrate its rich industrial context, while fostering a vibrant, safe and resilient mixed-use center. A few ways to support these goals include: Referencing industrial character, by emulating the longer, rectangular facades and roof forms of industrial warehouses, incorporating large-

scale operable windows and brick detailing, and using materials like concrete and steel, Consider also repurposing existing industrial buildings, materials and features. Improving urban heat island conditions, in Subareas 11, 21 and 31, with climate-responsive

design approaches, like lighter building colors

At first glance, this transitioning industrial district offers no connection to nature. Yet, a maturing tree canopy in the western Subarea 5, an abundance of scenic views (West Hills, Mt. Hood and the Fremont Bridge), and rich natural history. provide this district with a foundational framework of natural and scenic resources. New development should reference, preserve, and build on this framework and address the community's desire for a more verdant district- one with easy access to its own green spaces, as well as improved and direct connections to nearby Forest Park and the River. A few ways to address these goals include:

- Signaling Forest Park through the preservation of trees around Montgomery Park and widening sidewalks through building setbacks to support the planting of trees and development of green spaces to create a "Green Curtain" along NW Vaughn.
- Strengthening opportunities, particularly on NW Wilson, to connect to and reference the Willamette Riverfront

## **Proposed Vaughn-Nicolai Plan District**

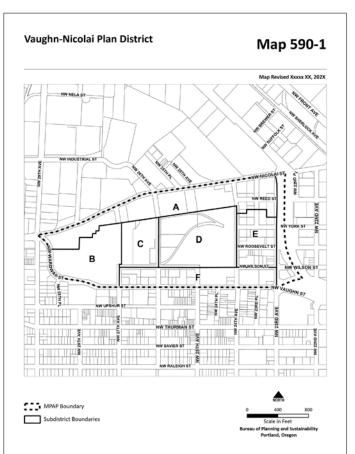


Table 590-1 Summary of Maximum and Bonus FAR and Height								
		Sub A	Sub B	Sub C*	Sub D*	Sub E	Sub F	
Maximum FAR		3 to 1	3 to 1	2 to 1	2 to1	2 to 1	2 to 1	
Overall Maximum FAR with bonus		5 to 1	7 to 1	5 to 1	5 to 1	5 to 1	5 to 1	
Overall Maximum Height with bonus		85 ft.	120 ft.	85 ft.	85 ft.	85 ft.	75 ft.	
Maximum Increment of Additional FAR and Height Per Bonus								
Inclusionary Housing	FAR Height	1 to 1 20 ft.	2 to 1 55 ft.	1 to 1 20 ft.	1 to 1 20 ft.	2 to 1 20 ft.	2 to 1 10 ft.	
Additional Affordable Housing	FAR Height	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	2 to 1 None	2 to 1 none	1 to 1 none	1 to 1 none	
Employment Opportunity	FAR Height	1 to 1 20 ft.	n/a n/a	1 to 1 20 ft.	1 to 1 20 ft.	1 to 1 20 ft.	n/a n/a	
Service Adequacy	FAR Height	n/a n/a	2 to 1 none	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	

<sup>\*</sup> Base and bonus FAR in Sub C and D linked to provision of IH/affordable housing and Public Benefits Agreement. After 200 units of IH, within 7 years, Max FAR is 3:1 and IH bonus is 2:1.



## **Public Benefits Implementation**

Benefit	Zoning Code	Benefits Agreement		
Quality Jobs / Industrial Land Offset	<ul> <li>Require minimum non-residential floor area in development</li> <li>Allow for transfer/consolidation</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Middle wage job creation targets</li><li>Penalties for non-compliance</li></ul>		
Affordable Housing	<ul> <li>FAR and height bonuses</li> <li>Higher % of affordable units req'd for bonus until 200 units built</li> </ul>	• Build 200+ affordable @ 60% AMI units first; meets IH for initial 2,000 units		
Affordable Commercial	•Require and incentivize in code	• Additional provisions in agreement		
Park / Open Space	<ul> <li>Require outdoor area and provide a reduction in exchange for publicly accessible open space</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Publicly accessible parameters, features, space requirements, etc;</li> </ul>		
Green / Environment	<ul> <li>Require urban green features in new development</li> </ul>	• N/A		
Wealth Building	<ul> <li>Affordable Commercial space requirements and incentives</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Contracting goals/targets</li><li>Potential down payment fund</li></ul>		
Cultural / Placemaking	<ul><li>Encourage via Character Statement</li><li>Include in action tables</li></ul>	• Require York commemoration feature		



## **Public Benefits Terms - Summary**

- **Middle Wage Jobs**: A target of 800 net new middle wage jobs to be provided on site. If the job goal is not met within 10 years from the effective date of agreement, a proportionate per-job payment will be required into workforce development and training programs up to a maximum payment of \$4M.
- Minimum affordable housing units: 200 units at 60% MFI prior to or concurrent with any market rate units and within seven (7) years of the effective date of agreement or each market rate project must include 15% of its units at 60% MFI.
- Pursue creation of a homeownership down payment assistance fund for priority-communities of \$5M, if the fund can be offset by a reduction in other fees and charges.
- **Commemoration of York** in a significant publicly accessible location within the development.
- Compliance with a required open area allocation based on each new residential unit, which may be aggregated into common public open space within Subareas B, C and D.
- Commitment of private property owners to fund a portion of the public streetcar extension project through dedication of right of way, construction of streets and formation of and payment to a Local Improvement District.



## **York Village Concept – Areas of Alignment**

### **York Street Cultural District**

• Acknowledge and commemorate York through city's Design Character Statement as well as actions in the potential benefits agreement.

### **Variety of Affordable Housing Choices**

• Developer to produce 200 affordable housing units early on in process. If the initial units are not produced, the percentage of required affordable housing units will be increased from 10% to 15% of the units (a 50% increase).

### **Building Generational Wealth through Ownership**

- Affordable commercial space the plan and agreement include incentives and requirements for both rental and ownership affordable commercial space.
- Down payment assistance fund under development. Potential fund would provide down payment assistance to low-income future homeowners

### **Urban Green and Open Space**

- Plan calls for "urban green features" which provide climate responsive elements, reduce heat island impacts and support community resilience: on-site landscaping, provision of space for larger trees/tree canopy, or ecoroofs on new buildings.
- Pursuing a publicly accessible open space or public park. Zoning regulations will require a minimum amount of on-site private open area in new development.



## **York Village Concept – Areas of Alignment**

### **Quality Jobs/Industrial Land Offsets**

- A requirement for 800+ new middle-wage jobs via benefits agreement.
- Plan district regulations will also require non-residential square footage as part of development to provide space for jobs.

### **Anti-Displacement Strategies**

- Redevelopment in the plan area is expected to result in little direct displacement of residents or employees.
- Zoning regulations will include affordability features for housing and commercial uses.

### **Environmental and Climate Resiliency**

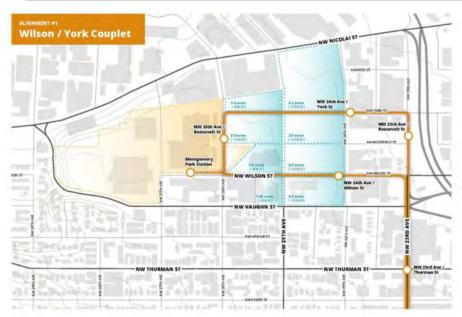
Zoning regulations require "urban green features."

### **Transit and Street/Transportation Improvements**

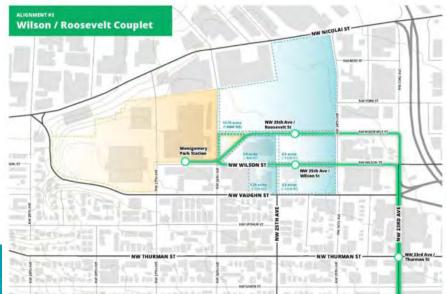
- Transition of the area into an urban mixed-use district with a high level of housing and job opportunities is closely linked to transit investments.
- Transit access is critical to advancing climate and resiliency goals
- Without streetcar, many of the shared goals would be difficult to achieve.



### **Couplet/Terminus Alignments Considered**

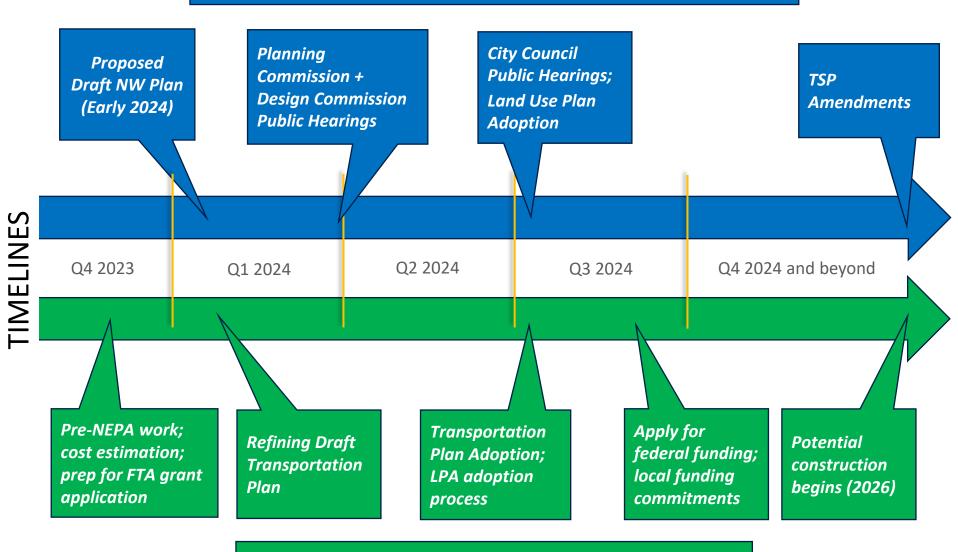








### LAND USE PLAN & TRANSPORTATION POLICY



TRANSPORTATION PLAN & STREETCAR PROJECT



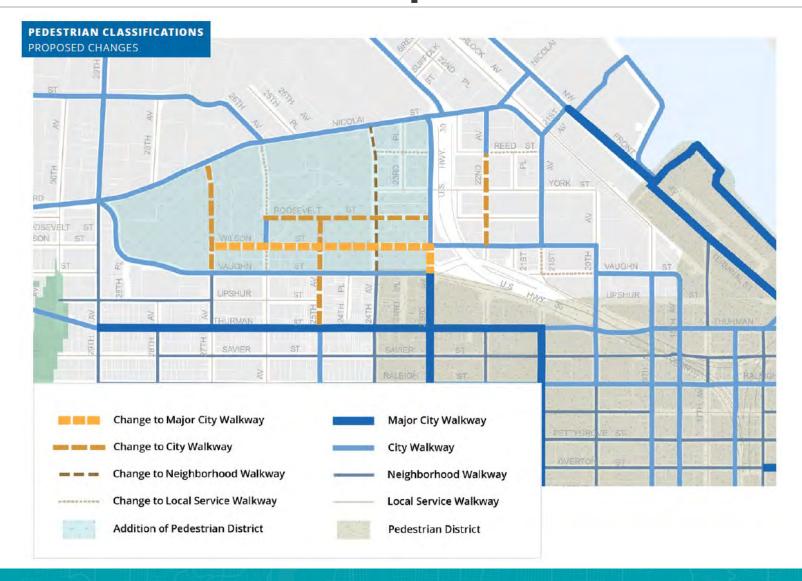
## **Proposed Zoning Plan District**

Housing	Jobs	Transportation	Open Space/ Resiliency	Quality Design
Inclusionary Housing	Space for jobs: Non-Residential Use Requirement	Height and density align with transportation	Outdoor area requirement for residential	Development must meet design standards or undergo design review
Incentive to Build Up-Front Affordable Housing	Incentive for job- intensive uses: office, industrial, light industrial	Coordinated Land Use and design treatment along streetcar corridors	Incentive to consolidate and construct public open space	Active uses required along NW Wilson Street.
Incentive for exceeding minimum Inclusionary Housing requirements	Affordable Commercial space requirement	Transportation and parking demand management	Green features options: landscaping, space for large trees; ecoroofs.	Building heights respond to context

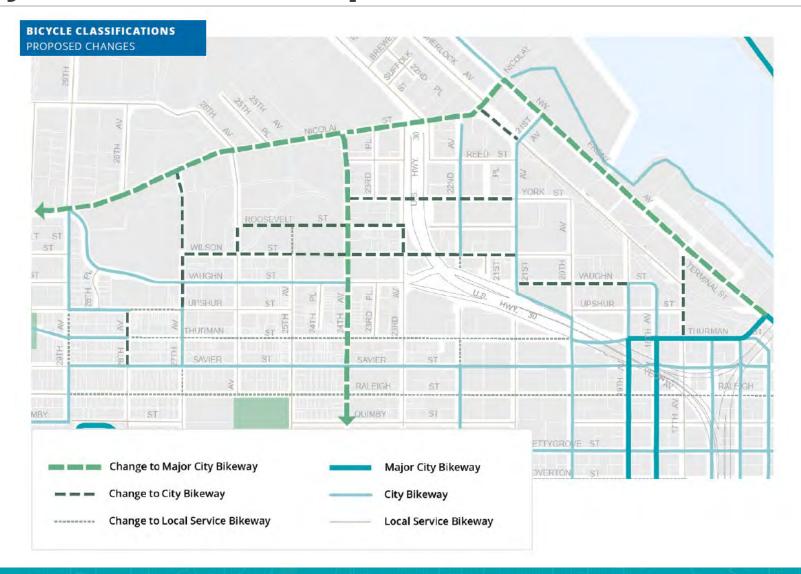
- The provisions of the zoning code are crafted to complement and are coordinated with the public benefits agreement to achieve policy priorities.
- Use, density and height provisions are appropriate for a town center with high quality transit and proximity to existing jobs, regional open space, and other urban services.
- Urban Design provisions are supported by a Character Statement.



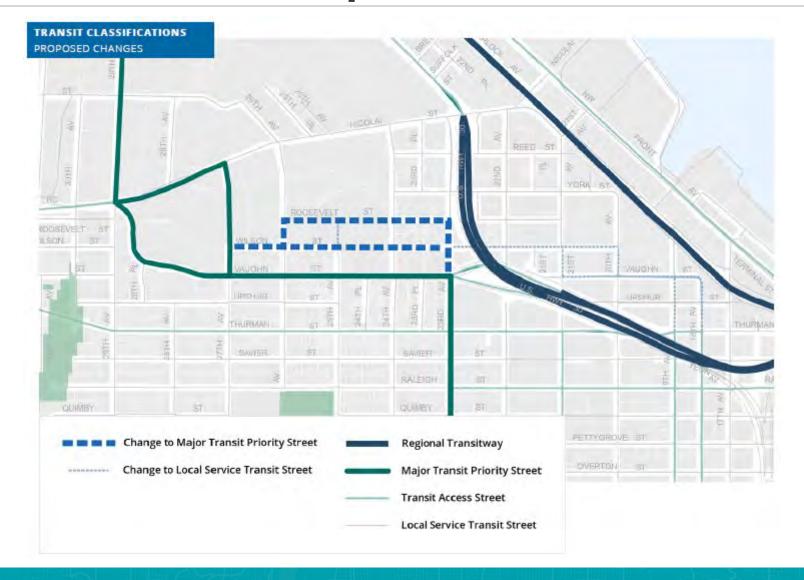
### **Pedestrian classifications updates**



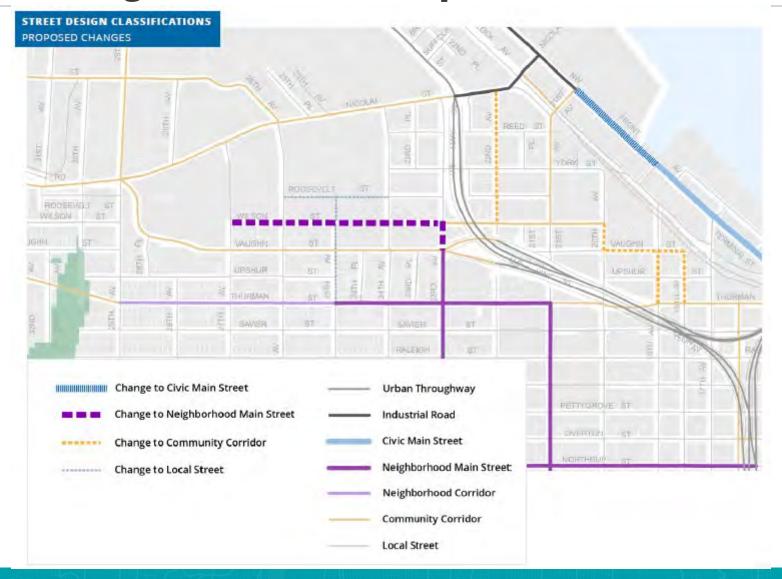
### **Bicycle classifications updates**



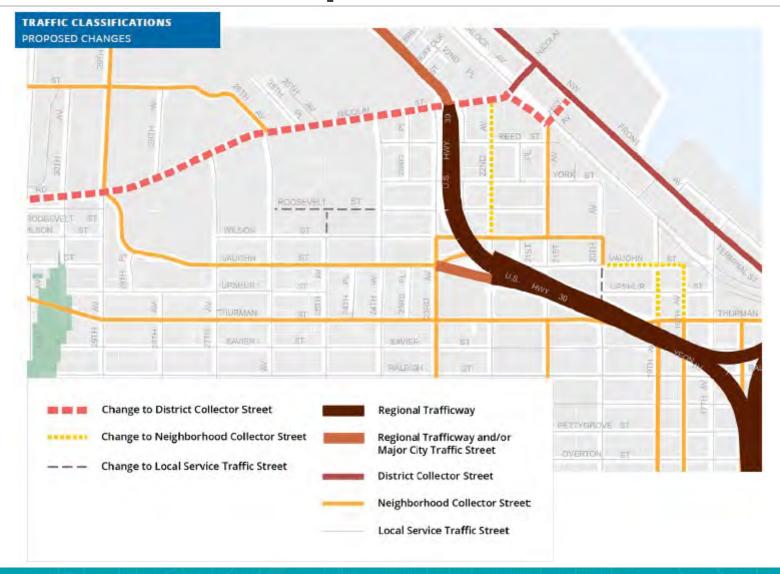
### **Transit classifications updates**



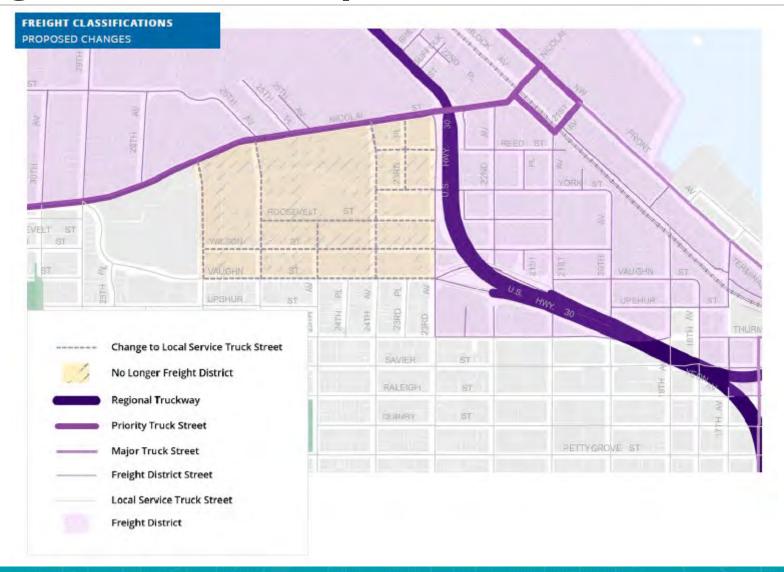
### Street design classifications updates



### **Traffic classifications updates**



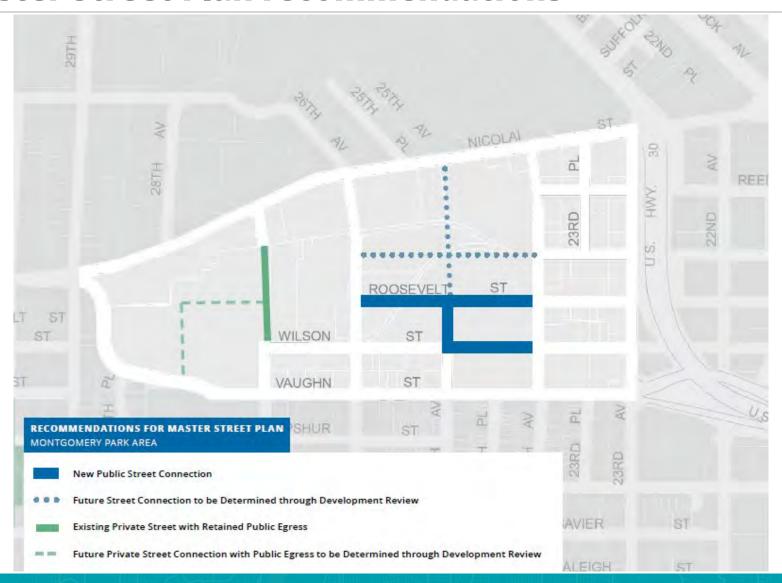
### **Freight classifications updates**



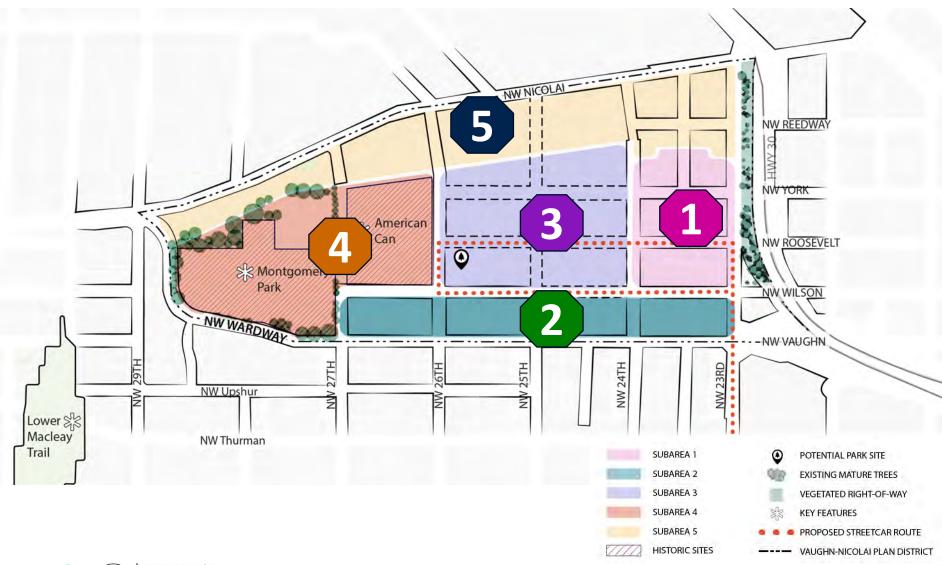
### **Emergency response classifications updates**



### **Master Street Plan recommendations**



### **The Plan Area**



## Subarea 1: NW 23<sup>rd</sup>-24<sup>th</sup>





- Area transitions from NW 23<sup>rd</sup> & Hwy 30
- Low-rise Industrial buildings & warehouses
- Distinct loading dock conditions (NW York)
- Small businesses and residences



MPAP - Proposed Plan PC+DC Hearing | 05/21/2024 | 102

## Subarea 1: NW 23<sup>rd</sup>-24<sup>th</sup>



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## Subarea 2: NW Vaughn-Wilson



- NW Vaughn transitional street: employment, commercial
- NW Wilson small business; former ESCO
- Gabled-roof warehouses & ESCO HQ
- Former Vaughn Street Ballpark (east)



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- NW Wilson small business; former ESCO
- Gabled-roof warehouses & ESCO HQ
- Former Vaughn Street Ballpark (east)



MPAP - Proposed Plan PC+DC Hearing | 05/21/2024 | 105

## **Subarea 3: Former ESCO site**



- Former ESCO Steel Foundry site
- Largely vacant
- Views of Mt. Hood, Fremont Bridge & MP
- Disconnected street grid



MPAP - Proposed Plan PC+DC Hearing | 05/21/2024 | 106

### **Subarea 3: Former ESCO site**



- Former ESCO Steel Foundry site
- Largely vacant
- Views of Mt. Hood, Fremont Bridge & MP
- Disconnected street grid

## **Subarea 4: Historic Resources**



- Historic Landmarks:
  - Montgomery Park (office/retail)
  - American Can (parking)
- Verdant areas on site and in right of way



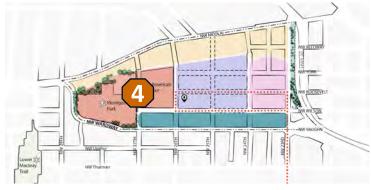
MPAP - Proposed Plan PC+DC Hearing | 05/21/2024 | 108

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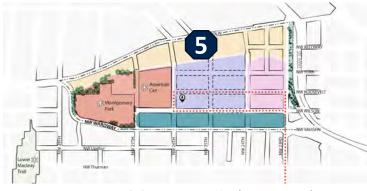
MPAP - Proposed Plan PC+DC Hearing | 05/21/2024 | 109

**Subarea 5: Employment Buffer** 





- Mix of industrial and employment uses
- Large/long building frontages, few windows
- Regional Pacific Greenway Trail(NW Nicolai)

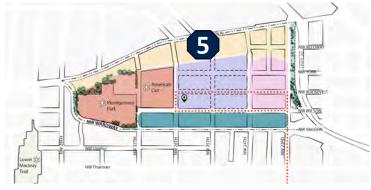


MPAP - Proposed Plan PC+DC Hearing | 05/21/2024 | 110

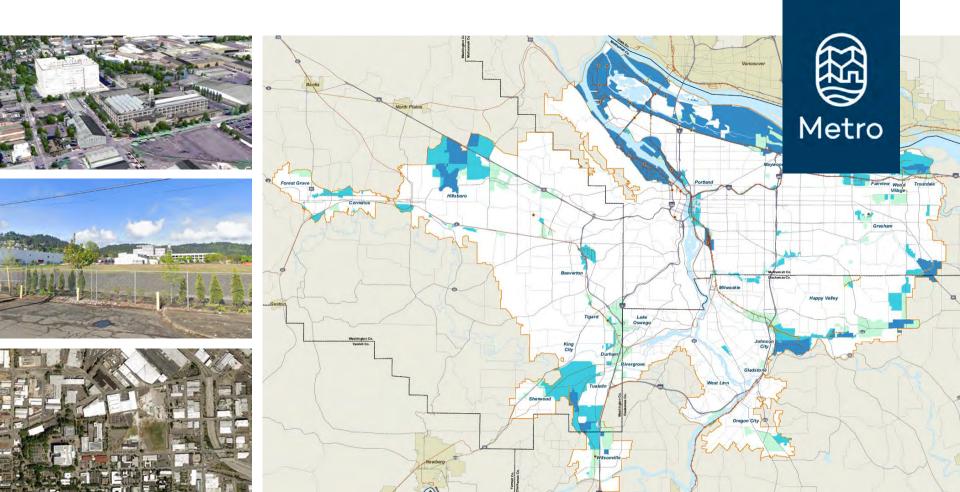
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- Mix of industrial and employment uses
- Large/long building frontages, few windows
- Regional Pacific Greenway Trail(NW Nicolai)



MPAP - Proposed Plan PC+DC Hearing | 05/21/2024 | 111



## Montgomery Park and Metro's Title 4 Map

Metro Council Work Session: July 23, 2024

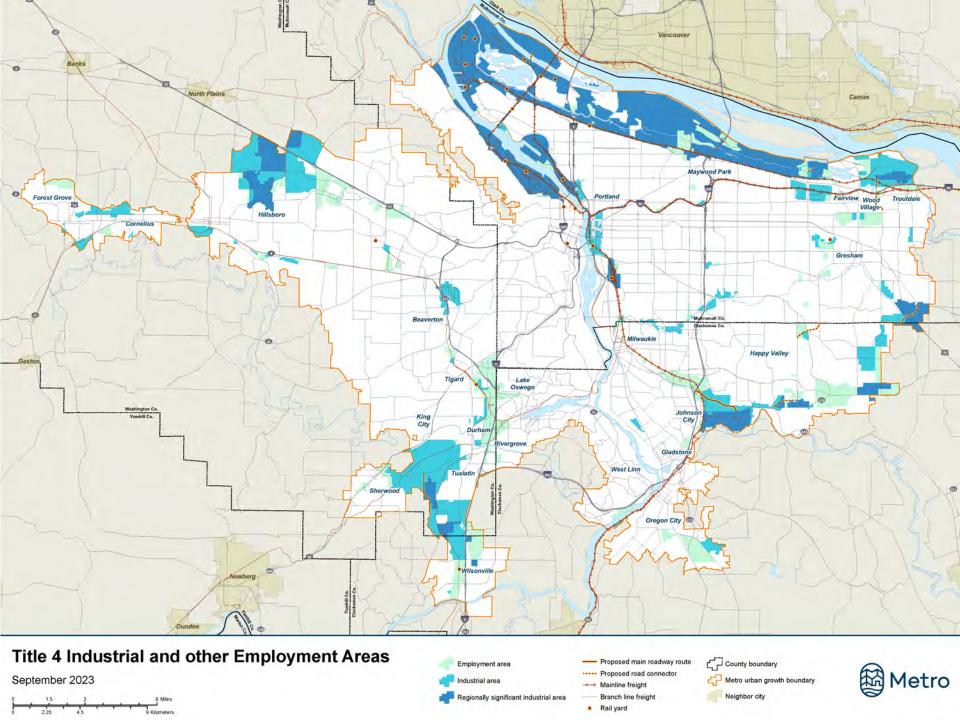
## **UGMFP Title 4**

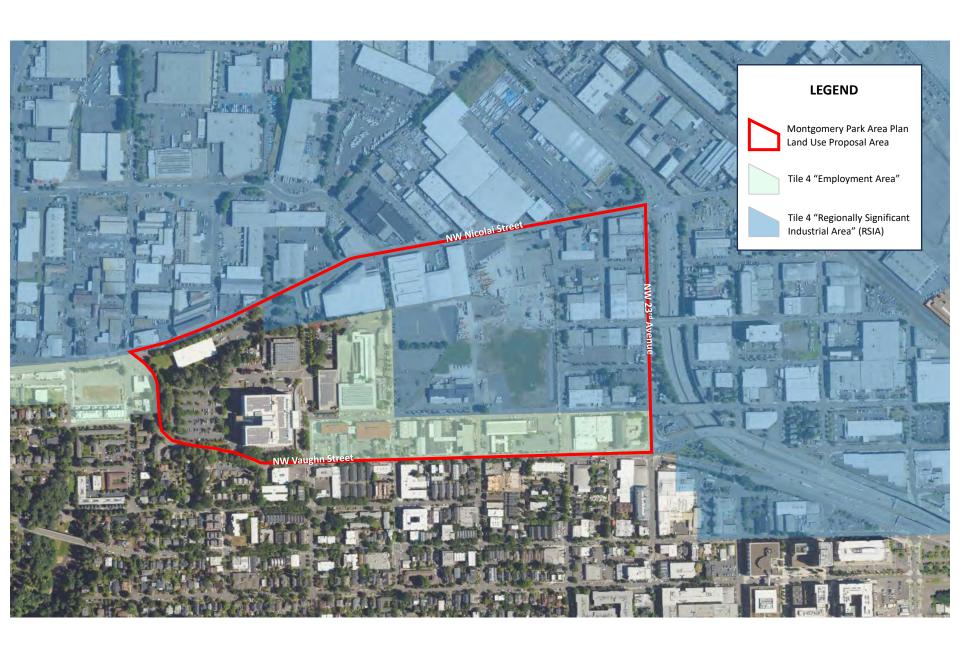
### **Prohibitions/limitations on:**

- Schools and parks
- Places of assembly (community centers, places of worship)
- Retail commercial uses (grocery stores)
- Medical/dental offices









## **Community Feedback**

# Comments and testimony expressing interest in:

- A park that could serve the larger Northwest Portland area
- Grocery store
- Community center
- Developing a walkable, transitoriented community



## Regional Policies

### **Promote:**

- Compact urban form as climate action strategy
- Infill and re-development
- Biking, walking, and transit use
- Access to parks, schools, and public facilities
- High-density, mixed-use, transit-oriented urban centers

#### Questions

#### **For Councilors:**

- Are there concerns with the City authorizing schools, places of assembly, parks, retail commercial and professional service uses in the Montgomery Park area?
- Could allowing these uses, in conjunction with streetcar extension and residential uses, help advance regional policies?
- Should staff draft an ordinance that would remove Title 4 restrictions from the Montgomery Park area?

## Thank you!



# Recycling Modernization Act update

Thomas Egleston, Policy & Program Development Manager

Jill Hrycyk, Program Manager

July 23, 2024





### Today's discussion

## Informational progress update on Recycling Modernization Act

- Brief overview
- Latest on recycling acceptance list
- Timeline
- What this means for Metro
- Next steps and discuss





# Plastic Pollution and Recycling Modernization Act (RMA)

Signed into law 2021, changes go into effect 2025 Packaged items, paper products and food serviceware



## Why Recycling Modernization Act

Unstable global **Public confusion over** what can be recycled markets Unequal access to **Erosion of** recycling collection public trust Lack of **Costs borne by** ratepayers transparency



## Recycling the Oregon Way



#### **Shared Responsibility**

Producers, governments, service providers and community members all play an important role.





## Statewide collection list One recycling list for all of Oregon eliminates

confusion.



#### **Expanded recycling services**

Funding for new services and programming, infrastructure, and transportation.



#### **Assurance**

that materials are recycled responsibly.



#### **Education and outreach**

to help customers understand what can be placed in their bins.

### Communities around the world



Photo: Megan Ponder

Oregon commits to recycling better



## New partners, new roles



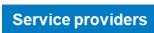
Producers

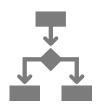


Producer responsibility organization









Recycling facilities



Responsible end markets

**Oversight and integration** 





## New statewide recycling lists

Local Government Acceptance List

- Uniform Statewide Collection List (materials that can be commingled)
- A few other materials

- PRO Recycling Acceptance List
  - Materials PRO must collect
  - Harder to recycle materials





## Local Government Acceptance List:

#### **Uniform Statewide Collection List**

































## PRO Acceptance List















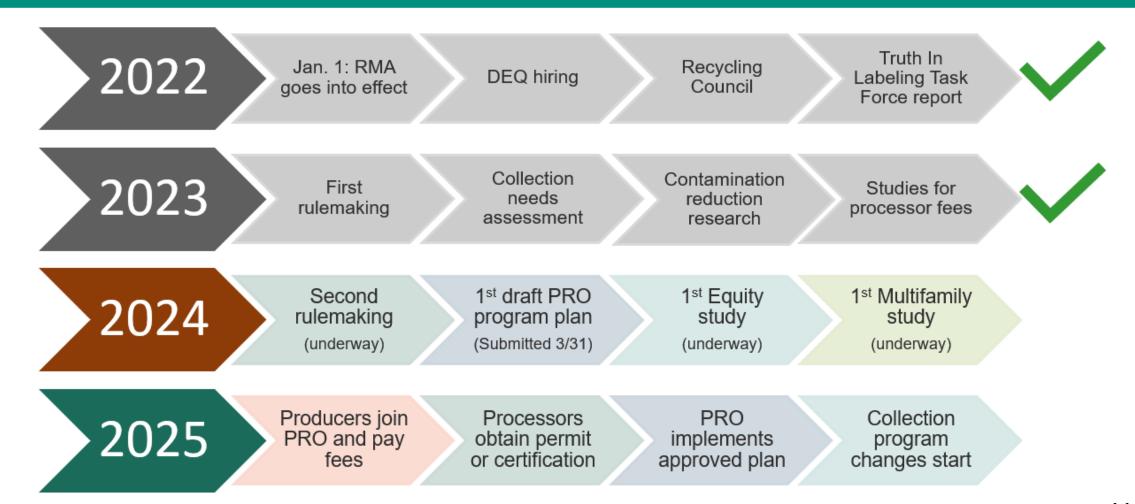








## Implementation Progress





# What does this mean for Metro?

## Oregon currently has six extended producer responsibility programs

1971 – Oregon's Bottle Bill

2007 – Oregon E-cycles (recently modernized in 2023)

2009 - PaintCare

2019 – Drug Take-Back

2021 – Recycling Modernization Act

2022 – Mattress Stewardship









Safe Medicine Drop

Consumer Drug Take-Back Program





# Advancing Council priority targets

The Recycling Modernization Act supports many Metro priority targets and 2030 Regional Waste Plan goals, including:

- Reducing plastic pollution
- Ensuring recyclable materials are sent to responsible end markets
- Creating more jobs with living wages



## Advancing community drop-off depots

- Producer responsibility organization to establish depot network.
- Collect items on Producer Responsibility
   Organization acceptance list.
- Existing facilities have first opportunity to participate (including Metro's).
- Complements community drop-off depots envisioned in system facilities plan that will collect materials beyond paper and packaging.



State and regional coordination and collaboration

- Statewide Recycling Council (convened hybrid meeting at Metro in June)
- Rulemaking Advisory Committees
- City and county partner coordination
- Community partners
- Solid waste facilities
- Producer Responsibility Organization



June 2024 Recycling Council meeting in room 375

## Metro's participation and next steps

	July-Sept	Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-June	July 1, 2025
Rulemaking	Written comments due	Enviornmental Quality Commission vote			
Extended Producer Responsibility Coordination	Needs assessment due, preliminary negotiat ions begin	Review and provide feedback on revised program plan		Finalize negotiations, prepare for RMA collection at Metro facilities	RMA program starts. Start collecting RMA mat erials
Education and communication		Review producer's educational materials		First round of producer- developed collateral	Producer launches awareness campaign

#### **Discussion**

- Any questions about the status of Recycling Modernization Act implementation?
- Any questions about how Recycling Modernization Act will directly impact Metro?



## Thank you.







# 2025 State Transportation Package

July 23, 2024



## Agenda

- Informational Presentation
  - Transit Funding Overview
    - Miles Pengilly, Director of Government Affairs, TriMet
  - National Landscape of Transportation Funding
    - Beth Osbourne, Executive Director, Transportation for America
- Discussion on Draft Council Priorities





	January-June	July	September	October	November	December	
	Information sessions	Discussion on draft priorities			Transportation package priorities adoption		
ı		T2025 Information work sessions		sions on JPACT riorities			
	Metro Cour	ncil Legislative Ag disc	on and Council	Metro Council Legislative Agenda adoption	0		



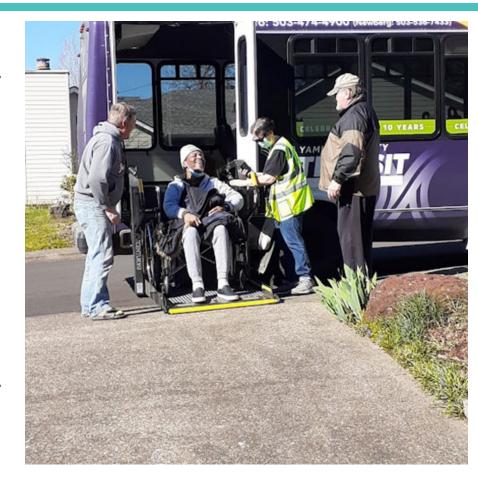
# Transit Funding Overview Miles Pengilly, Trimet

## STIF Program Overview

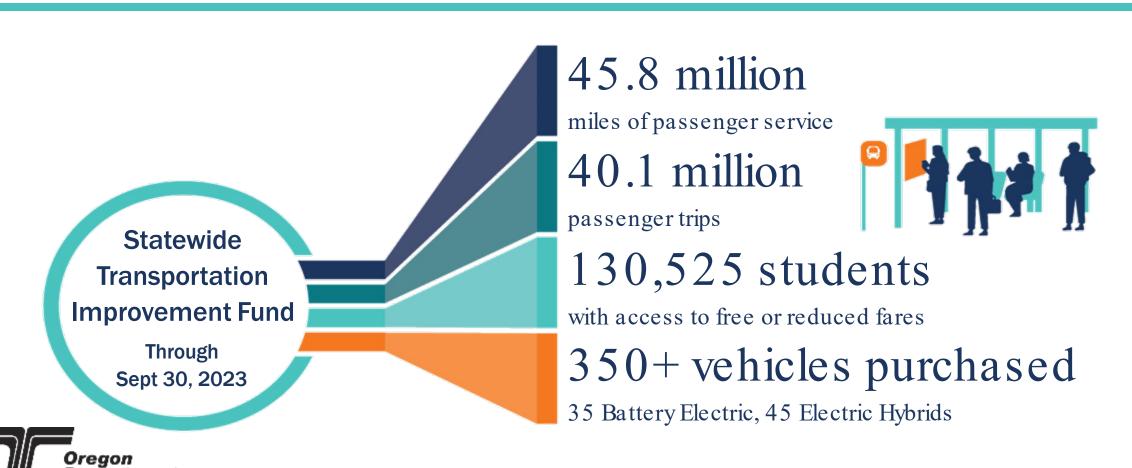
HB 2017 created the Statewide Transportation Improvement Fund, Oregon's first dedicated funding for public transportation.

- Instituted a 0.10% employee payroll tax.
- Allocated across four programs:
  - 90% formula to qualified entities
  - 5% intercommunity competitive
  - 4% discretionary competitive
  - 1% for a Technical Resources Center
- STIF 2023-25 Formula plans have over \$50M in elderly and disabled projects up from \$22M per biennium prior to STIF.

STIF tripled ODOT's funding to transit providers.



# Expanding and Enhancing Oregon's Transit System



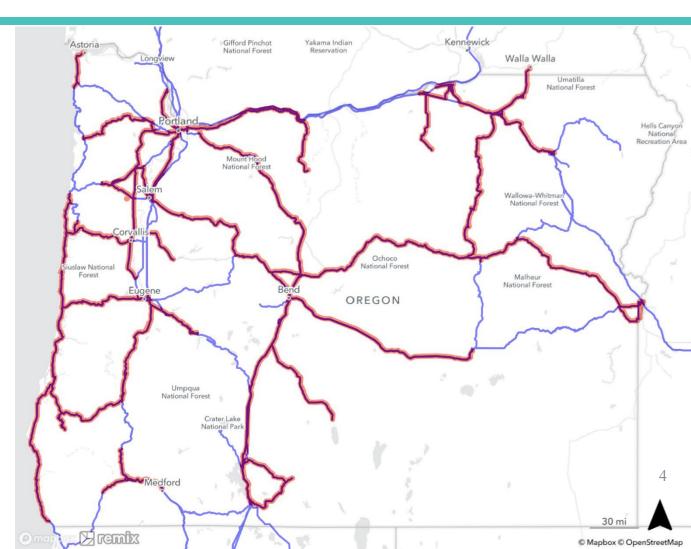
# Transit Routes Made Possible with STIF Funding



Oregon Intercity Transit Network FY 2023 - 2025



**STIF Funded Routes** 



### STIF Spotlight: Harney County

STIF enhanced livability for rural communities in Harney County.

- Provides free transit service in Burns, Hines, and the Burns Paiute Reservation.
- Harney Hub and the Burns-Paiute Tribe partnered in 2023 to provide free transit outside of Tribal transit service hours.
- Created a free fare transit connection to Bend.
- Replaced older fleet vehicles experiencing mechanical issues and higher mileage.



### **Ridership Recovery and STIF**

#### **OREGON TRANSIT RIDERSHIP**



## Transit Funding and Ridership Landscape



Ridership Changes



Equity



**Buses and Capital** 



Climate Goals

# TriMet STIF Investments

Equitable, safe & green transit



### Fare subsidy programs

- Income-Qualified Honored Citizen Fare
  - Over 64,000 Oregonians signed up since 2018
- High School Programs
  - High School Grant Program
  - Youth Summer Pass
  - Portland Public Schools Program
- Access Transit Progams
  - • Fare Relief
  - • Fare Assistance

• •

Honored Citizen Fare

Half the cost of Adult fare

\$28 per-month cap with Hop

People who qualify based on income

Seniors age 65+

People on Medicare

People with disabilities,

**Veterans and active-duty military** 



### **Improving Bus Service**

+100,000 people near service running on the weekend.

+45% more jobs reachable by the median resident.

+50% more people and jobs near Frequent Service.

+50,000 more residents near service.

New routes serving new areas in all 3 counties.

#### **Zero-Emission Bus Transition**

- TriMet takes 348k cars off the road annually
- Goal: 100% zero-emission fleet by 2040
- 24 ZEBs arriving this year
- Clean Corridor deployment





### **Need for Additional State Funding**

#### Service Expansion

- 82<sup>nd</sup> BRT Project
- TV Hwy Project
- HCT FX Plan
- Zero-Emission Fleet Transition
  - \$2 billion est. cost
- State of Good Repair
  - Impact of inflation
  - \$150 million annual maintenance and equipment need





### **2025 Transportation Package**



#### Equity

- Car ownership costs \$12k/year avg
- 1 in 4 Oregonians don't drive
- Service to newly constructed affordable housing

#### Safety

Transit travel 10x safer than car travel

#### Climate

 Can't achieve Oregon's emissions targets w/o mode shift to transit







Metro Council Beth Osborne, Director July 23, 2024



## How States Fund Transportation Making the case Working with USDOT

## Snapshot of transportation funding (2016)

Revenue Type	Federal	Share	State	Share	Local	Share	Total	Share
User Charges <sup>1</sup>								
Motor Fuel Taxes	\$29.1	32.5%	\$35.4	28.9%	\$1.0	1.7%	\$65.5	24.1%
Motor Vehicle Taxes and Fees	\$5.7	6.4%	\$29.9	24.4%	\$2.0	3.3%	\$37.7	13.8%
Tolls	\$0.0	0.0%	\$12.2	10.0%	\$2.3	3.8%	\$14.5	5.3%
Subtotal	\$34.8	38.8%	\$77.5	63.3%	\$5.4	8.8%	\$117.7	43.2%
Other Revenue								
Property Taxes and Assessments	\$0.0	0.0%	\$0.0	0.0%	\$12.7	21.3%	\$12.7	4.7%
Other Taxes and Fees	\$0.4	0.5%	\$10.6	8.7%	\$8.4	14.0%	\$19.4	7.1%
Bond Issue Proceeds	\$0.0	0.0%	\$14.9	12.2%	\$5.8	9.7%	\$20.7	7.6%
Investment Income and Other Receipts <sup>3</sup>	\$0.3	0.3%	\$12.2	10.0%	\$6.3	10.5%	\$18.8	6.9%
General Fund Appropriations <sup>2</sup>	\$54.1	60.4%	\$7.2	5.9%	\$21.5	35.8%	\$82.8	30.4%
Subtotal	\$54.8	61.2%	\$44.9	36.7%	\$54.8	91.2%	\$154.5	56.8%
Total Revenues	\$89.6	100%	\$122.4	100%	\$60.1	100%	\$272.1	100%
Net Intergovernmental Transfers from (or to) Other Levels of Government	(\$44.2)		\$28.7		\$15.5			
Funds Drawn From (or Placed in) Reserves	(\$42.4)		(\$6.6)		\$0.0		(\$49.0)	-18.0%
Total Direct Expenditures	\$3.0	0.1%	\$144.6	64.8%	\$75.6	33.9%	\$223.2	82.0%

## Examples (2018): Missouri, New Jersey

### TABLE 28: MISSOURI HIGHWAY REVENUE SOURCES CATEGORIZED BY STRENGTH OF USERS-PAY

Sources	Amount FY20 (\$'000)	Percentage	Assigned Value	Score
Gasoline and Special Fuels Tax	\$708,455	69%	1	0.69240505
Vehicle Registration Fee	\$300,665	29%	0.5	0.14692674
Vehicle Sales Tax	\$14,060	1%	0	0
TOTAL	\$1,023,180	100%		0.83933179

## TABLE 33: NEW JERSEY HIGHWAY REVENUE SOURCES CATEGORIZED BY STRENGTH OF USERS-PAY

Sources	Amount FY20 (\$'000)	Percentage	Assigned Value	Score
Motor Fuel Tax	\$435,500	49%	1	0.48753456
Motor Vehicle Registration Fee	\$404,700	45%	0.5	0.22652725
Motor Vehicle Operator's Fee	\$53,070	6%	0.5	0.02970546
TOTAL	\$893,270	100%		0.74376728

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Sources	Amount FY20 (\$'000)	Percentage	Assigned Value	Score
Land Sales	\$8,045	0.072%	0.0	0.00000
Court Costs	\$177	0.002%	0.0	0.00000
Judgments and Settlements	\$21,021	0.187%	0.0	0.00000
Fees for Copies or Filing of Records	\$33	0.000%	0.5	0.00000

Sources	Amount FY20 (\$'000)	Percentage	Assigned Value	Score
Equipment Lease to County Automated Registration and Titling System	\$299	0.003%	0.5	0.00001
Civil Penalties	\$772	0.007%	0.5	0.00003
Fees for Administrative Services	\$60,556	0.538%	0.0	0.00000
Returned Check Fees	\$1	0.000%	0.0	0.00000
Credit Card and Electronic Services Related Fees	\$4,400	0.039%	0.0	0.00000
TOTAL	\$11,246,995	100%		0.66036

#### – General, Non-Program

Interest Other – General, Non-Program	\$6,791	0.060%	0.0	0.00000
Assigned Vehicle Identification Number Fees	\$5	0.000%	0.5	0.00000
Motor Vehicle Complaints/Protests	\$19	0.000%	0.5	0.00000

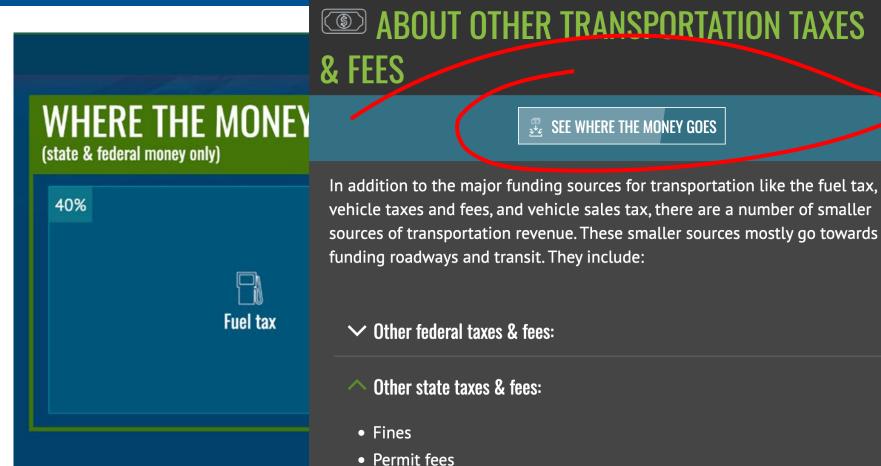
## Ways to fund transit



#### Thinking Outside the Farebox Creative Approaches to Financing Transit Projects



## Example: Minnesota



• Sale of land or equipment

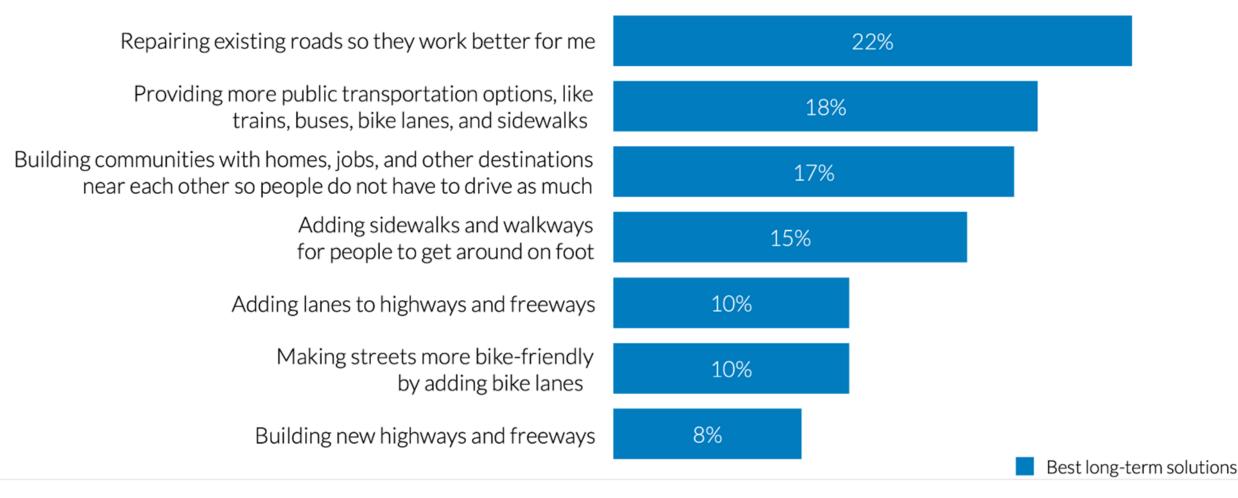
• Earned interest on transportation accounts



# How States Fund Transportation Making the case Working with USDOT

## Public Opinion

Which of the following approaches would be the best and worst long-term solutions to reducing traffic in your area?



## Climate Leaders—Colorado, Minnesota



**FACT SHEET** 

#### Colorado's New Greenhouse Gas Standard for Transportation Planning

#### **OVERVIEW**

The Colorado Transportation Commission has approved a new standard to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from the transportation sector, improve air quality, reduce smog and provide more travel options. The standard requires CDOT and the state's five metropolitan planning organizations to determine the total greenhouse emissions expected from future transportation projects and reduce emissions by set amounts. This standard recognizes that the projects we build have an impact on how Coloradans travel and will help bring about a transportation system that provides more choices for travelers across the state.

#### KEY PROVISIONS OF THE NEW STANDARD

- Requires CDOT and the state's five metropolitan planning agencies to create transportation
  plans that provide more travel choices, resulting in reduced GHG emissions. The agencies
  must use sophisticated travel models to make this determination for different years in the
  future, and the emission goals differ for each agency and metro region.
- The modeling applies to "regionally significant projects," which are those projects that result in a fundamental change to the way people travel (e.g. new highway lanes).
- If an agency can't meet the greenhouse gas reduction levels, it can choose one or more
  mitigation measures as needed to meet the standard. These can include more public transit,
  more walking and bicycle trails, more medium- and heavy-duty electric vehicle charging
  stations, cleaner construction policies, carpool programs and smarter land use policies.

## THE HIDDEN CLIMATE SUCCESS IN MINNESOTA'S NEW TRANSPORTATION LAW

Minnesota lawmakers passed a substantial transportation bill that includes dedicated funding for public transit and incorporates climate-smart targets into transportation planning.

By Kiley Kroh

May 24, 2023

## Measuring Induced Demand—California

California Induced Travel Calculator

Calculator FAO About

#### Overview

This calculator allows users to estimate the VMT induced annually as a result of adding general-purpose lane miles, high-occupancy vehicle (HOV) lane miles, or high-occupancy toll (HOT) lane miles to publicly owned roadways, like those managed by the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans), in one of California's urbanized counties (counties within a metropolitan statistical area (MSA)). The calculator applies only to facilities with Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) functional classifications of 1, 2 or 3. That corresponds to interstate highways (class 1), other freeways and expressways (class 2), and other principal arterials (class 3).

#### **?** How to Use

To obtain an induced VMT estimate for a roadway capacity expansion project, enter the project length (in lane miles added), the geography (MSA for additions to interstates; county for additions to other Caltrans-managed class 2 or 3 facilities), and the base year (2016, 2017, 2018, or 2019). The base year indicates which year of VMT and lane mile data will be used to estimate the induced VMT.

More about this calculator

#### **⊞** Calculator

1. Select Year

Select Year



#### SHIFT Calculator

State Highway Induced Frequency of Travel

#### Calculator

The calculator applies to roads with Federal Highway Administration functional facility classifications of 1, 2 or 3, corresponding to interstate highways, other freeways and expressways, and other principal arterials, respectively. The calculator generates a reasonable estimate for induced vehicle miles traveled at the appropriate order of magnitude for a given area. It is not intended as a substitute for more granular traffic modeling or simulations—but rather as a tool that can effectively translate well-established induced travel demand elasticities to analysis of roadway capacity expansion impacts.

#### 1. Select a state

Select State	~
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#### 2. Choose a type of road

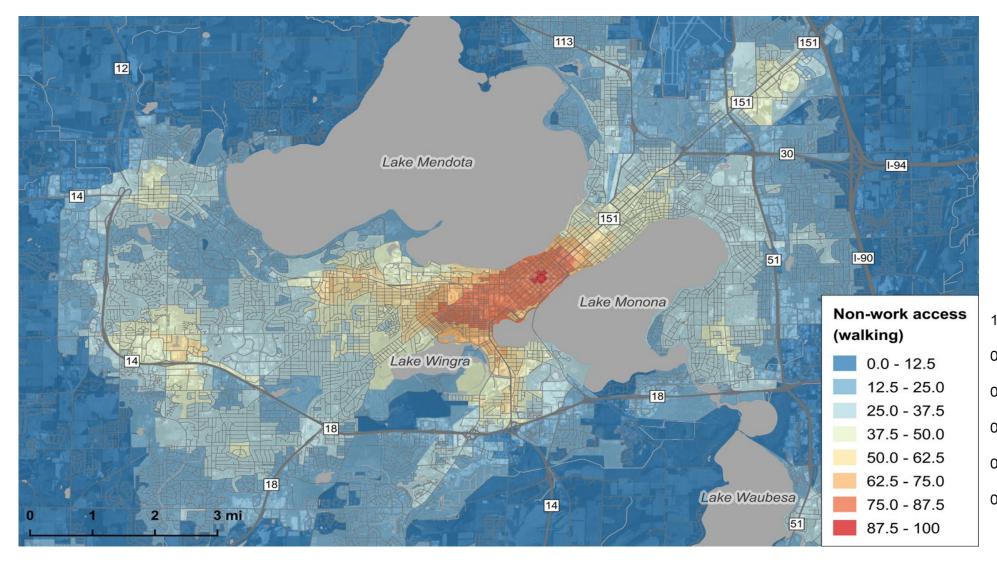
- Interstate Highways (Class 1 Facility)
- Other Freeways & Expressways OR Other Principal Arterials (Class 2 or 3 Facility)

## Project Prioritization—Virginia

SMART SCALE	Funding the Right Transportation Projects in Virginia

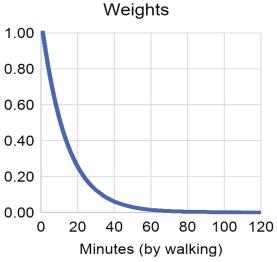
SMART   Funding the Right   Transportation Projects   in Virginia	F											& English			
	Category A	100 No. of the last of the las	estion gation	Sa	fety		Accessibilit	ty	Econo	mic Develo	pment	Enviro	nment	Land	d Use
<b>☆</b> Smart Scale Home		uo	lay		Crash		-io	lodal	cial and Supported			lity	۸,	ŧ	zient
SMART	Measure	Peak Period Person	Reduction in Peak Period Delay	Reduction in Fatal and Injury Crashes	Fatal and Injury	Access to Jobs	Increase in Access to Jobs for Disadvantaged Populations	Access to Multimodal	of Commer	Tons of Goods Impacted	rt to Travel Time	Improve Air Quality	r Values Scaled by reage Impacted	Future Transportation-Efficient Land Use	Increase Transportation-Efficient Land Use
SMART SCA		put put	n in	n i	n in	.⊆	in A	, i	Feet al De	900	men ty	5	Other Factor Potential Acr	rans	e Tra
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transportati	on	= -	ш.	Е О	ш. ш	-	= 0	= -	0) =		= 11		0 11	ш	= -
how they im	pro Measure	583.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	153.4	127.8	1,749.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	119.8	66.1	65.9
increase ac		persons	person hrs.	EPDO	EPDO/100M VMT	jobs per resident	jobs per resident	adjusted users	thousand adj. sq. ft.	thousand adj. daily tons	adj. buffer time index	adjusted points	scaled points	access * pop/emp	access * pop/emp
developmen														density.h	density change
	Normalized														
the environ	Wedadie	31.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.9	6.5	71.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	100.0	100.0
The anticipa	atec Value (0-100)	31.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	11.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.5	100.0	100.0
projects are															
used by the															
to help guid	Weight	50%	50%	70%	30%	60%	20%	20%	60%	20%	20%	100%		50%	50%
to help guid	(% of Factor)			200 (2000)	1900000000	2000200000	2.007 (100 (100)	W. C.	01100000000	3.500.00	1000000				100000000000000000000000000000000000000

## Measuring Access to Jobs & Services—Virginia



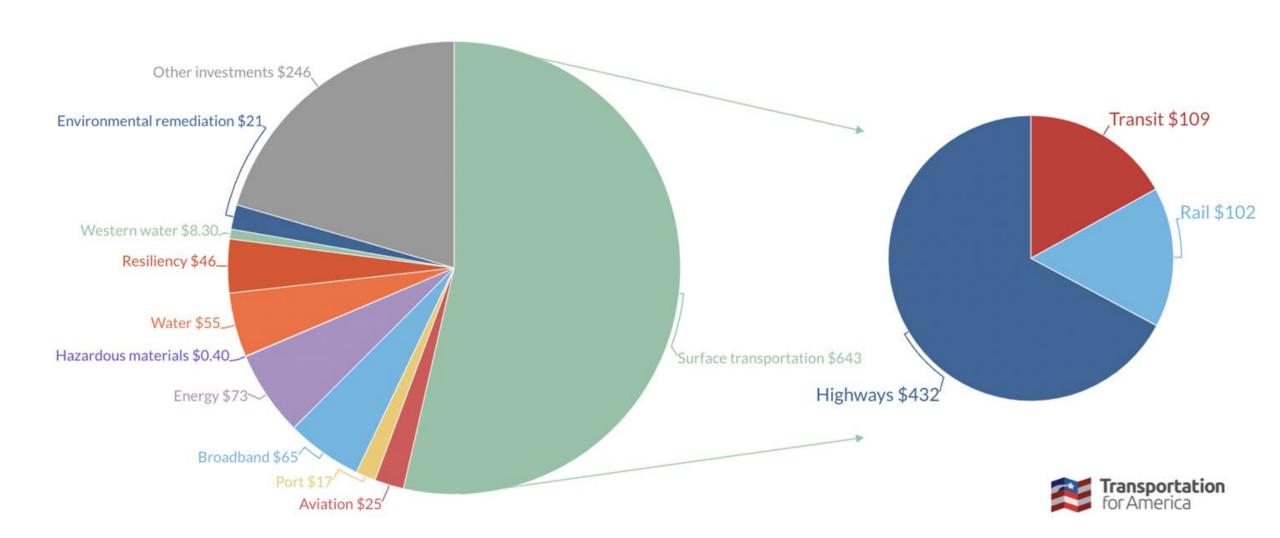
#### Access to:

- Schools
- Shopping
- Entertainment
- Grocery stores
- Food and drink
- Recreation
- Healthcare
- Public services
- Banks and ATMs

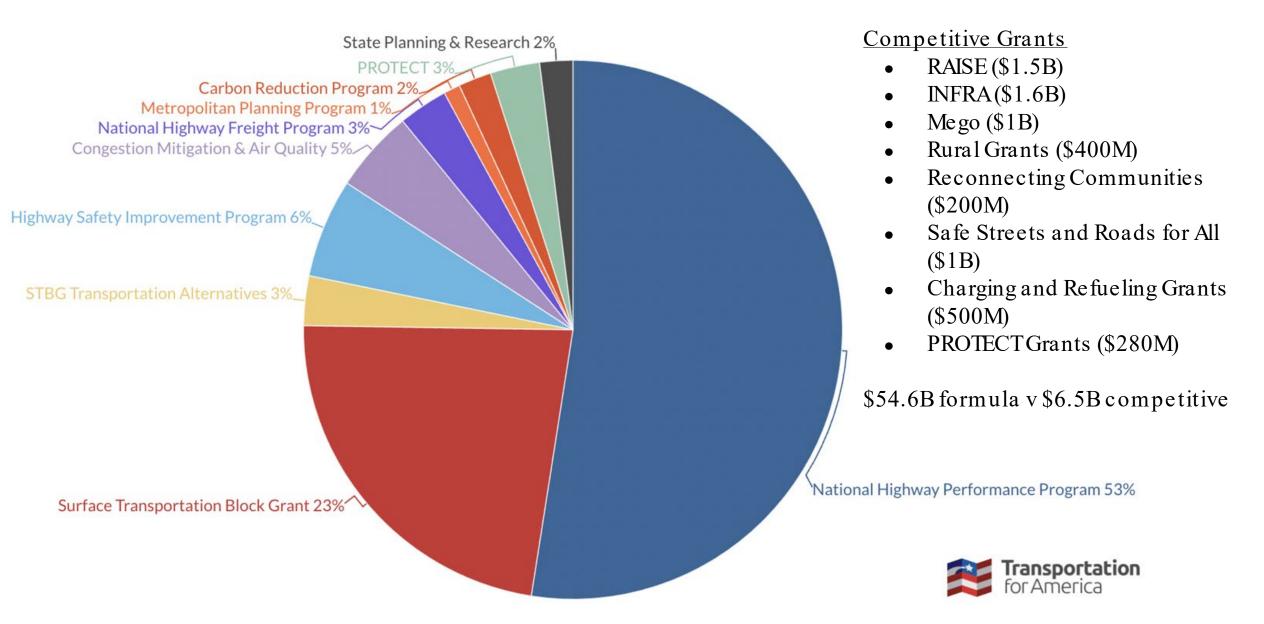


# How States Fund Transportation Making the case Working with USDOT

## Infrastructure Law (IIJA) 2021



## IIJA Highway Funds



## Talking about projects to USDOT

- Almost all money goes to state DOTs, MPOs and transit agencies through formula to spend.
- If you apply for <u>competitive grants</u>, make sure all elected leaders know about it. Also have your Congressional delegation call USDOT in support.
- If you want an <u>earmark</u>, talk to Congress and leave USDOT out of it.
- If you are struggling with an ODOT or a federal rule, explain how it is harming your project or efforts—and know which is which.
- History is to fund capital costs and leave operating to state and locals. Local electeds have cosigned that.

## Understanding the program

**Community Connectors: Tools for advocates** 













## beth.osborne@t4america.org



at4america



www.t4america.org

## Discussion on Council Priorities





## Draft JPACT priorities

- Short-Term Funding Solutions
- Long-Term Sustainable Funding
- Finish What We Started
- Safe Urban Arterials and Main Streets
- Transit
- Resiliency

## Discussion Questions for Council

- Which of the draft priorities particularly resonate with you?
- Are any of the draft priorities concerning to you?
- Are there any pieces missing from the draft priorities?





## Next Steps

- September: JPACT and Council discussion on refined priorities draft
- October: JPACT and Council discussion on refined priorities draft
- November: JPACT priorities adoption
- December: Metro Council priorities adoption

## oregonmetro.gov



Name *	Sophia Nguyen
Email *	sophia.truc@gmail.com
Address	12778 SW Winterlake Drive Portland, Oregon 97223 United States

#### Your testimony

For the record my name is Sophia Nguyen and I thank you council president and members of council for your time. I support the legislative measure to expand the Urban Growth Boundary and the Sherwood West proposal because it would allow for more houses to be built and jobs to take place which will help combat the housing crisis that Oregon is currently going through. Expanding the Urban Growth Boundary allows for more houses to be built that can be affordable because Oregonians are in need of affordable housing, not just more housing. Although I support the Sherwood West proposal, you must also consider making sure that the proposal is more environmentally conscious and increases their green infrastructure. Please discuss making sure that there is housing affordability that the land developers have to work with to ensure that the expansion doesn't contribute to the crisis of lack of affordable housing. There needs to be more support for high density and mid density housing to make the best use of the land that is available and provide more options for the population. Please ensure that there is livability and access within the area including public transit access and community spaces, and planning for accessibility for the disability community. I have a friend who lives in Portland that uses a cane and has a sibling who is wheelchair bound and their experience of living in Portland is constantly struggling with the lack of wheelchair accessible sidewalks and sidewalks large enough and without cracks for them to use safely. I'm urging you to vote YES on this issue. Thank you for your time.

s your testimony related to an item	Yes
on an upcoming agenda? *	